

THIRTY-EIGHTH REPORT
OF THE
INSPECTORS-GENERAL
ON THE
GENERAL STATE OF
THE PRISONS OF IRELAND,

1859;

WITH APPENDICES.

Presented to both Houses of Parliament by Command of Her Majesty.



DUBLIN:
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FOR HER MAJESTY'S STATIONERY OFFICE,
1860.

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INSPECTORS- { NORTH and DUBLIN DISTRICTS, ...	J. CONRY CONNELLAN.
GENERAL FOR { SOUTH DISTRICT, ...	FELTON P. W. HERVEY.

OFFICE OF INSPECTORS-GENERAL OF PRISONS,
DUBLIN CASTLE,
April, 1860.

SIR,

We have the honour to transmit our Report on the progress of Prison Discipline, and on the state of the Gaols in Ireland, for the year ending 31st December, 1859.

We have the honour to be,

SIR,

Your most obedient, humble Servants,

J. CORRY CONNELLAN, } *Inspectors-General*
FELTON F. W. HERVEY, } *of Prisons.*

To the Right Honourable

EDWARD CARDWELL, M.P.,

Chief Secretary to the Lord Lieutenant of Ireland,
&c., &c.

THIRTY-EIGHTH REPORT

OF THE

INSPECTORS-GENERAL OF PRISONS IN IRELAND.

THE decrease in crime recorded in these Reports every year since 1850 has continued in the year 1859. It could not be expected that the extraordinary reduction in the number of prisoners which had latterly taken place should be equalled in amount during the past year, inasmuch as the stock of criminals had been, in previous years, so much diminished that many believed a *minimum* had been reached; and this belief was caused by the small proportion borne by the criminal to the general population in this country, as compared with most others. An examination of the subjoined tables will, however, prove that, even from the greatly reduced amount of crime, a considerable reduction has again occurred. The decrease in crime has been general, with two exceptions. Aggravated assaults committed by males have increased largely, as have also the committals of females for drunkenness; on the other hand, trifling assaults have diminished extensively, and there has been a material decrease in felonies.

In 1857, the decrease in crime was almost entirely confined to females; in 1858, it was nearly equally divided between the sexes; in 1859, it was much larger amongst males than females. It will, also, be observed, with gratification, that juvenile crime has decreased to an even greater extent than adult, and that we may, therefore, confidently look forward to a progressive decrease in ensuing years. We proceed to submit and comment upon the various tables:—

NO. 1.—NUMBER OF PRISONERS IN GAOLS.

On 1st January, 1850, .	10,967	On 1st January, 1856, .	3,561
Do. do. 1851, .	10,084	Do. do. 1857, .	3,419
Do. do. 1852, .	8,803	Do. do. 1858, .	3,265
Do. do. 1853, .	7,604	Do. do. 1859, .	2,844
Do. do. 1854, .	5,755	Do. do. 1860, .	2,535
Do. do. 1855, .	5,080		

NO. 2.—RETURN OF THE NUMBERS IN GAOLS ON THE 1st day of each Month in the Years—

Month.	1851.	1852.	1853.	1854.	1855.	1856.	1857.	1858.	1859.
January, .	10,084	8,803	7,604	5,755	5,080	3,561	3,419	3,265	2,844
February, .	11,032	9,187	8,154	6,168	5,273	3,686	3,559	3,323	2,928
March, .	11,444	9,971	8,141	6,423	4,788	4,022	3,477	3,193	2,847
April, .	10,689	8,944	7,510	5,978	4,768	3,665	3,298	2,908	2,799
May, .	11,066	8,890	7,881	5,686	4,560	3,690	3,262	2,932	2,602
June, .	12,217	9,527	7,924	5,977	4,897	3,646	3,432	3,047	2,606
July, .	12,223	8,854	7,084	5,816	4,582	3,492	3,373	2,867	2,740
August, .	10,669	7,521	6,243	5,686	4,235	3,599	3,354	2,910	2,699
September, .	9,405	7,589	6,039	5,487	4,148	3,495	3,272	2,933	2,621
October, .	8,435	7,403	5,823	5,280	3,753	3,537	3,224	2,779	2,534
November, .	8,247	7,104	5,471	4,930	3,747	3,454	3,323	2,787	2,666
December, .	8,461	7,592	5,781	5,100	3,844	3,516	3,295	2,760	2,585

Thirty-
eighth
Report.

Thirty-eighth Report of

No. 3.—COMPARATIVE STATEMENT of the NUMBER of COMMITTEES to, and the

COUNTY AND TOWN GALES.	NUMBER OF COMMITTEALS.								Number of Prisoners in Goal at Lockings on 31st Dec.				Total Number Confined during the year.			
	Criminals.				Debtors.				1857.		1858.		1859.		1860.	
	1856.		1857.		1858.		1859.									
	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.
Auburn, ...	1,474	1,250	1,380	1,414	104	9	118	11	180	61	153	72	1,720	1,840	1,681	1,407
Armagh, ...	485	304	372	281	17	2	21	1	50	33	37	25	457	307	439	300
Carlow, ...	250	81	247	88	7	1	12	1	17	12	8	7	243	94	267	92
Carrig, ...	401	174	344	368	23	1	11	2	39	11	29	25	303	196	384	194
Clare, ...	289	184	182	114	6	1	8	1	22	13	24	14	308	168	213	129
Cork County, ...	736	531	688	340	33	2	32	4	119	53	143	44	882	496	808	335
" City, ...	467	431	324	474	33	2	35	3	71	46	59	44	575	732	417	321
Down, ...	411	119	336	103	11	1	1	1	46	20	42	17	462	162	503	132
Dublin County, ...	394	237	311	282	31	2	32	2	80	40	80	20	435	279	493	302
" City, ...	539	341	339	611	37	10	47	10	58	50	27	58	634	601	604	439
Dublin City : Richmond B. Grangegorman P. Farrington, Galway County, " Town, ...	2,537 4,250 362 279 235	2,602 4,301 124 101 328	2,602 4,301 911 223 287	2,602 4,301 1,085 161 313	2,602 4,301 30 11 9	2,602 4,301 1 1 2	2,602 4,301 20 3 10	2,602 4,301 1 1 1	277 296 31 44 10	241 214 15 17 11	2,834 2,834 45 24 10	2,834 2,834 12 8 10	2,834 2,834 130 334 230	2,834 2,834 308 106 332	2,834 2,834 308 106 332	2,834 2,834 151 106 332
Kerry, ...	476	808	349	131	14	1	8	1	30	2	34	10	329	329	411	300
Kildare, Naas, " Athy, ...	230 262	268 250	268 179	226 154	2 2	1 0	2 2	2 1	14 31	12 7	10 26	10 11	329 246	329 246	411 219	300 167
Kilkenny County, " City, ...	204 320	72 280	179 284	154 327	2 11	1 1	2 10	2 1	31 14	7 2	26 10	11 5	246 381	246 282	219 312	167 332
King's, Lestrin, ...	277 204	125 89	290 292	164 190	11 12	4 1	1 2	1 2	42 21	18 8	26 17	10 10	331 233	331 233	441 30	332 112
Limerick County, " City, ...	314 1,329	172 846	344 1,337	123 1,032	13 30	1 0	13 9	3 02	43 62	33 61	44 20	20 100	100 208	450 450	214 214	214 214
Londonderry, " City, ...	441 577	328 126	307 239	351 87	15 6	15 1	15 1	15 1	69 23	10 11	24 22	23 8	1,462 466	1,462 147	1,886 339	1,076 30
Longford, Louth, ...	254 158	351 185	231 38	216 109	12 0	1 1	10 11	10 1	21 8	23 5	16 4	16 3	238 172	238 194	272 103	232 189
" Drogheda, Moy, ...	678 284	219 144	700 181	268 113	11 5	1 5	15 5	15 5	69 21	34 9	58 24	30 8	750 291	750 138	842 214	238 194
Monaghan, ...	329	163	337	111	18	7	7	7	33	21	38	21	370	184	367	192
Queen's, Roscommon, ...	619 233	31 114	361 270	89 140	5 11	1 7	2 7	2 7	39 37	15 18	38 23	3 19	363 311	107 130	406 279	92 120
Sligo, Tipperary, Nenagh, " City, ...	322 449 1,134	75 193 488	262 473 600	30 121 291	3 9 12	1 5 3	12 8 10	1 8 1	83 74 84	8 26 68	39 35 28	4 20 29	331 502 1,280	130 139 341	279 237 871	120 141 531
" City, ...	150 645	89 311	127 220	35 250	4 12	2 1	6 9	1 1	33 17	40 18	43 11	21 184	493 101	239 101	432 163	189 67
Westmeath, ...	468	170	371	183	12	1	4	4	44	52	59	13	374	225	247	417
Wexford, ...	338	209	278	169	14	11	2	2	57	26	47	63	394	230	326	197
Wicklow, ...	213	43	292	57	5	4	4	4	25	9	19	9	240	55	268	66
Total Males, ...	12,504	17,345	697	685	2,615	1,813	22,016	20,333	15,981	15,372	15,981	15,372	15,981	15,372	15,981	15,372
Total Females, ...	14,696	14,297	58	53	1,200	1,025	22,016	20,333	15,981	15,372	15,981	15,372	15,981	15,372	15,981	15,372
Total M. & F., ...	27,200	31,642	755	718	3,815	2,838	44,032	40,666	31,962	30,744	31,962	30,744	31,962	30,744	31,962	30,744

Inspectors-General of Prisons in Ireland.

ix

Number of Deaths in the Gaols of Ireland, in the Years 1858 and 1859.

CRIMINAL PRISONERS.																COUNTY AND TOWN GAOLS.	
Daily Average Number.				Highest Number at any one time.				Lowest Number at any one time.				Number of Deaths.					
1858.		1859.		1858.		1859.		1858.		1859.		1858.		1859.			
M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.		
120-6	70-78	116-3	83-5	197	77	145	103	25	37	29	51	3	2	1	Antrim.		
47-23	27-03	33-56	24-48	62	33	61	35	24	13	25	17	1	1	1	Armagh.		
11-41	8-29	12	5-27	20	13	10	9	8	6	6	4			1	Carlow.		
30	27	34	21	50	25	35	23	15	22	17	23		1	1	Cavan.		
26	18	20	14	42	22	30	21	17	10	18	10				Clare.		
115	57	117	53	151	71	178	81	102	50	82	44	2	3	2	Cork County.		
53	27	34	26	70	35	50	30	45	23	27	19		1		" City.		
43	18-8	34-78	10-2	50	21	37	21	27	8	18	9	1			Donegal.		
43	26	40-5	35	59	42	64	44	35	14	35	22		1	2	Down.		
44-07	40-18	38-57	29-59	74	51	42	40	15	25	14	13		1	1	Dublin County.		
220		197		284		203		150		154		8		8	Dublin City:		
	340		228		270		231		197		174		2		Richmond B.		
59	11	87	10	40	20	55	17	15	8	22	6	1		14	Grangegorman P.		
33	17	39	15	54	20	62	23	25	8	19	11	2		2	Permanagh.		
18-1	13-2	20-00	13-07	31	36	27	31	12	8	11	4			1	Galway County.		
															" Town.		
10-28	17-25	41-46	8-24	39	29	53	19	21	11	26	4				Kerry.		
11-23	9-27	23-78	12-13	19	14	38	13	5	5	14	10			1	Kildare, Naas.		
24-17	13-27	24-71	8-57	43	20	21	32	21	8	14	7				" Athy.		
32	13	32	7-5	39	13	46	15	17	7	29	3			1	Kilkenny County.		
15	7	9	11	23	19	18	21	13	5	8	4			1	" City.		
30	15	34	12	49	20	37	21	20	8	15	5			1	King's.		
22-03	8-05	18-71	6-09	50	15	31	15	6	3	20	2	1			Lestrin.		
50-71	23-58	36-74	10-29	73	33	51	20	39	14	20	12				Limerick County.		
50-15	32	40-2	31	81	43	55	33	28	30	31	23	1			" City.		
51-58	21-21	50-53	14-11	71	34	49	31	39	23	28	7	1			Londonderry.		
27-33	8-38	20-47	7-34	49	10	35	7	13	8	9	6		1		Longford.		
21-5	19-3	18-07	14-21	24	30	27	20	18	19	11	11			1	Louth, Dundalk.		
4-5	7-03	4-25	6-77	9	16	5	12		5	1	2				" Drogheda.		
51	21	68-17	22-35	75	27	91	27	35	17	44	20		1	1	Mayo.		
23-3	11-0	17-42	5-48	55	21	34	18	11	5	19	3			1	Meath.		
31	21	27	16	49	22	44	21	18	10	24	9	1	2		Monaghan.		
30	11	22	7	49	23	39	11	19	3	10	3	1			Queen's.		
40-1	13-7	52-33	17-11	40	33	47	27	27	13	22	8	1			Roscommon.		
32-2	7-2	38-37	9-48	50	14	42	11	21	6	26	5				Silgo.		
32-1	22-1	57-04	18-06	62	38	75	28	48	18	39	9	3		7	Tipperary, Nenagh.		
60-3	41-4	63-56	25-23	102	65	80	50	47	29	54	22	2		1	Tipperary, Clonmel		
40-06	23-03	36-73	21-25	60	30	32	27	39	18	23	16		1		Tyrene.		
25-12	15-5	19-5	6-78	49	23	31	15	59	5	11	8				Waterford County.		
50	21	15	19	33	33	27	35	5	4	8	4			1	" City.		
50-8	24-5	29-5	14-5	46	31	47	24	21	17	19	6				Westmeath.		
45-12	23-43	37-22	27-03	31	45	30	40	33	23	41	17	1		2	Wexford.		
20	9	17	3	25	13	27	10	11	3	10	8	1		2	Wicklow.		
1780-52		1837-43		2,571		2,323		1,320		1,063		31		37	Total Males.		
	1113-34		977-02		1,580		1,439		784		510		11		23	Total Females.	
2894-87		2815-28		4,151		3,762		1,999		1,573		42		60	Total M. and F.		

No. 4.—COMMITTEES (exclusive of Debtors) in the last Seven Years.

Years.	Number of Committees.	Daily Average No. of Prisoners.	Years.	Number of Committees.	Daily Average No. of Prisoners.
1853, .	73,619	6,841.5	1857, .	39,666	3,275.4
1854, .	69,443	5,700.9	1858, .	33,999	2,894.27
1855, .	48,436	4,418.3	1859, .	32,142	2,603.38
1856, .	43,713	3,580.6			

No. 5.—COMPARATIVE TABLE, showing the Number of Prisoners Committed to the several County and Town Gaols in Ireland, from the 1st of January to the 31st of December, in each of the years 1858 and 1859, distinguishing the Sexes and Crimes.

CLASS OF OFFENCE.	1858.			1859.		
	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
CONVICTED.						
Felony, ...	831	663	1,494	659	498	1,157
Misdemeanor, ...	639	164	1,053	1,023	195	1,218
Criminal Lunatics, ...	7	3	10	17	4	21
Offences under Larceny Act, ...	1,639	1,577	3,216	1,417	1,222	2,639
Misdemeanor, ...	6,029	3,271	11,300	5,514	3,177	10,691
Dangerous Lunatics, ...	519	296	815	439	246	685
Under Revenue Laws, ...	125	72	197	114	41	155
Under Poor Law Act, ...	194	131	325	168	110	278
By Courts Martial, ...	127	.	127	129	.	129
Deserters, ...	764	.	764	592	.	592
Under Vagrant Acts, ...	559	991	1,440	463	892	1,355
Drunks, ...	4,066	3,965	7,031	3,930	4,013	7,943
TOTAL, ...	15,793	12,796	28,589	14,496	12,456	26,952
NOT CONVICTED.						
Felony (Acquitted), ...	235	165	400	211	139	350
(No Bill, or no Prosecution), ...	173	159	332	141	109	250
Misdemeanor (Acquitted), ...	207	62	269	179	63	242
(No Bill, or no Prosecution), ...	825	101	926	212	56	268
For further Examination, ...	2,342	1,293	3,635	2,137	1,348	3,485
For Trial, ...	319	133	452	259	146	405
TOTAL, ...	3,691	1,867	5,558	3,439	1,841	5,280
GENERAL TOTAL, ...	19,484	14,663	34,147	17,935	14,297	32,232
Average daily number Confined, ...	1,799.63	1,113.94	2,913.57	1,627.46	977.62	2,605.08
Highest number at any one time, ...	2,571	1,369	4,131	2,526	1,459	3,985
Lowest ditto ditto, ...	1,235	764	1,999	1,093	640	1,733
Average daily number in Hospital, ...	97.07	60.31	157.38	95.47	63.33	158.80
Debtors, ...	697	30	727	693	63	756

Table 1 shows the progressive decrease in the numbers in custody on the 1st of January in every year since 1850, the year in which crime and pauperism reached their acme in Ireland.

Table 2 shows that the number in custody on the first day of each month in 1859 was, in every instance, less than on the corresponding day in 1858.

Table 3 shows in what counties and towns crime has risen or fallen. The greatest decrease, as regards both sexes, has occurred in the cities of Cork and Waterford, the counties of Armagh, Clare, Donegal, Kerry, Kildare, Longford, Louth, Meath, Tyrone, Water-

ford, Westmeath, and Wexford, and the town of Drogheda. Male crime diminished very largely in the South Riding of Tipperary, and to a considerable extent in the city of Kilkenny and the counties of Antrim, Down, Fermanagh, Galway, Kilkenny, Londonderry, and Sligo; and female crime in the counties of Limerick, Monaghan, and North Riding of Tipperary. There was a large increase in crime, as to both sexes, in the city of Limerick; as to males, in the town of Galway and counties of Mayo and Queen's; and as to females, in the counties of Antrim, Galway, Leitrim, Londonderry, and the city of Kilkenny.

Table 4 shows the progressive decline in the number of committals, and the daily average number confined for the last seven years. The committals of 1859 were less than those of 1858 by 1857, or $5\frac{1}{2}$ per cent.; and the daily average by 289, or 10 per cent.

The decrease under both these headings is numerically less than in 1858, or in any of the last nine years; but it must be remembered that the amount of crime in the country is now so small, in proportion to the population, that any diminution in it may be looked upon as satisfactory, and that we can not expect the same reduction from what may be almost termed a *minimum* as has taken place of late years from the *maximum* of 104,469 committals, and 11,496 daily average, attained in 1850.

Table 5 classifies the committals by sexes and crimes. The decrease in the committals of 1859, as compared with those of 1858, was, as before stated, 1857 or $5\frac{1}{2}$ per cent., viz.:—1459, or $7\frac{1}{2}$ per cent., in the male, and 398, or $2\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. in the female.

The committals of females were 44 per cent. of the whole against 43 per cent. in 1858.

The decrease in the general daily average was 289, or 10 per cent., viz.:—153, or 8 per cent. in that of males, and 136, or 12 per cent. in that of females.

It thus appears that, although the decrease in the committals of females was much less than in those of males, yet the decline in their daily average was much greater. So that, whilst female crime did not diminish in amount to the same extent as male, in nature it made more improvement—the greater reduction in their daily average than in the number of their committals proving that their terms of imprisonment were shorter in 1859 than in 1858, and inferentially were inflicted for less serious offences.

With respect to the nature of crime, as classified in the above Table, it is to be observed that there is a large reduction in the number of offenders of both sexes convicted of felony, larceny, misdemeanours disposed of summarily, and vagrancy. The decrease in male misdemeanants and vagrants was much larger than in female, the contrary being the case with regard to those convicted of Larceny. Male drunkards diminished by 118, whilst female increased by 263. Military deserters decreased by 182. Under two headings only was there an increase, viz.:—Misdemeanants convicted at Assizes or Quarter Sessions, and lunatics.

Table 6 is deserving of attention, as showing the number of individuals included in the committals.

The total number of individuals committed was 25,549, representing 32,142 committals; 16,046 male individuals represented 17,845 committals; 9,503 female individuals represented 14,297 committals; it thus being apparent that the recommittals of females were threefold more numerous than those of the other sex. Moreover, it appears that, of the 16,046 male individuals, 12,303 were, as far as could be ascertained, committed to prison for the first time in 1859, whilst out of 9,503 female individuals, only 5,232 were first committals. No less than 4,271 females, or 44 per cent. of the total number of prisoners of that sex, were old offenders; and the proneness of females to recur to prison is still more strikingly exemplified by the fact that 344 females were committed *five times and upwards* against only 38 males.

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No. 7.—SENTENCES OF DEATH and PENAL SERVITUDE of Prisoners of all Ages in 1859.

		Males.	Females.	Total.	Total, 1858.
Death,		1	—	1	4
Penal Servitude for Life,		1	—	1	5
„	15 years and above 10 years,	2	—	2	5
„	10 „ „ 6 „	41	6	47	51
„	6 „ „ 4 „	17	6	23	22
„	4 years,	85	47	132	143
„	3 years and under,	61	46	107	124
Total in 1859, . . .		209	105	313	—
Total in 1858, . . .		247	107	—	354

No. 8.—SENTENCES OF FINE only, Unlimited or Indefinite Periods, and Sentences respited and not passed in 1859.

	Males.	Females.	Total.	Total, 1858.
Fine only, ...	40	2	42	63
Unlimited,*	1,016	309	1,325	1,520
Sentences respited and not passed, ...	906	21	927	155
Total in 1859, ...		1,962	332	1,594
Total in 1858, ...		1,417	321	—
				1,738

No. 9.—SENTENCES of PRISONERS of all Ages for all Terms of Imprisonment in 1859.

		Males.	Females.	Total.	Total in 1858.
3 years	} all above	—	1	1	5
2 „		42	13	55	43
18 months		48	11	59	73
12 „		225	79	304	337
9 „		85	32	117	120
6 „		488	320	808	938
3 „		781	595	1,377	1,571
2 „		1,287	714	2,001	2,202
1 month		2,770	1,668	4,438	5,124
14 days		1,780	1,971	3,751	3,533
7 „	} all below	1,663	2,824	4,587	4,974
48 hours,		2,372	1,800	4,072	3,704
24 „		1,706	2,003	3,709	4,056
Total in 1859, ...		13,147	12,102	25,249	—
Total in 1858, ...		14,246	12,507	—	26,753

* Including 538 deserters, and 456 male and 302 female inmates.

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No. 10.—SENTENCES of PRISONERS of all Ages for Short Terms of Imprisonment in 1859.

	Males.	Females.	Number of days of 24 hours represented.	
1 month and above 14 days,	2,770	1,608	=	77,560 and 46,704
14 days " 7 "	1,780	1,971	=	24,920 and 27,594
7 " " 48 hours,	1,603	2,924	=	11,641 and 20,468
48 hours, ...	2,272	1,890	=	4,544 and 3,600
24 "	1,708	2,003	=	1,708 and 2,003
Total in 1859, .	10,191	10,366	=	120,371 and 100,369
	20,557			220,740
Total in 1858, .	10,943	10,321	=	134,193 and 105,234
	21,464			240,427

Average in 1859: 10 days, 17 hours.

Table 7 shows that in 1859 one male was sentenced to death, whose sentence was commuted to transportation for life, and in 1858, four males were sentenced to death, all of whom were executed. The number of sentences to penal servitude for life decreased from 5, in 1858, to 1, in 1859, and those for from 10 to 15 years, from 5 to 2. The remaining sentences to penal servitude sank from 340, in 1858, to 309, in 1859.

Table 9 shows a decrease of 1,504, viz., 1,099 as to males, and 405 as to females, in the sentences of prisoners to ordinary terms of imprisonment in the gaols under our inspection in 1859, as compared with 1858—the decrease in the *aggregate* of sentences being thus nearly in the same proportion as in the committals; but less in the male and larger in the female sentences than in the committals.

Sentences to terms of imprisonment exceeding one month decreased by 597, viz., 347 in the male and 250 in the female; and sentences to one month and under by 907, viz., 752 in the male and 155 in the female.

Out of the 25,249 sentences included in Table 9, only 2,956 males and 1,736 females, in all 4,692, or less than one-fifth of the whole, were sentenced to longer terms of imprisonment than one month; whereas 10,191 males and 10,366 females, in all 20,557, were under sentences varying from twenty-four hours to one month; and Table 10 shows that the average length of imprisonment undergone by each of these 20,557 prisoners was only 10 days and 17 hours.

No. 11.—SUMMARY of AGES, EDUCATION, and RELIGIOUS PROFESSION of the PRISONERS committed from 1st January to 31st December, 1859.

	AGES.		Total.	Total in 1858.
	Males.	Females.		
10 years and under, . . .	45	29	74	88
10 to 16 years, ...	1,212	349	1,561	2,358
17 to 20 "	3,446	2,356	5,802	5,311
21 to 30 "	7,096	6,944	14,040	15,642
31 to 40 "	2,982	2,571	5,553	5,814
41 and upwards, . . .	2,830	1,997	4,827	4,545
Not ascertained, . . .	234	51	285	346
Total, 1859, ...	17,843	14,297	32,142	
Total, 1858, ...	19,804	14,695		33,999

EDUCATION ON COMMITTAL.

	Males.	Females.	Total.	Total in 1858.
Read and Wrote, ...	6,454	2,098	8,552	9,493
Read imperfectly, ...	2,890	3,465	6,355	6,662
Knew Spelling, ...	1,001	607	1,608	1,718
Knew Alphabet, ...	620	351	971	1,214
Wholly illiterate, ...	6,612	7,600	14,212	14,498
Not ascertained, ...	268	116	384	414
Total, 1859, ...	17,845	14,297	32,142	
Total, 1858, ...	19,304	14,695		33,999

SCHOOLS—January 1st to 31st December, 1859.

	Males.	Females.
No. of individual prisoners who attended School during 1859, ...	4,800	2,624
Average daily number of Pupils, ...	525.77	236.11
No. of Teachers, ...	50	30

RELIGIOUS PROFESSION.

	Males.	Females.	Total.	Total in 1858.
Protestant, ...	1,749	1,596	3,345	3,793
Presbyterians, ...	497	200	757	799
Roman Catholics, ...	15,290	12,383	27,673	29,027
Not ascertained, ...	309	55	364	378
Total, 1859, ...	17,845	14,297	32,142	
Total, 1858, ...	19,304	14,695		33,999

In comparing the ages of the prisoners committed in the last two years, it is necessary to take the second and third terms collectively, 16 years having been substituted for 17, in consequence of the former age having been introduced into the Reformatories' Act as the maximum at which prisoners can be sent to those institutions. It appears that males decreased under all the headings, except the last, viz.: 41 years and upwards; and the largest decrease was in those of from 21 to 30 years of age. Females increased considerably under the first three and last headings, and decreased under the fourth and fifth—the largest decrease in this sex being under the same heading as in the other, and the greatest increase in the term of from 11 to 20 years of age.

There has been scarcely any change in the state of education of the prisoners on committal in the last two years. Of the males committed in 1859, 36 per cent. could read and write well, and 87 per cent. were wholly illiterate, against 37 and 85 per cent., respectively, in 1858. Of the females, only 14 per cent. could read and write well, whilst 53 per cent. were wholly illiterate, against 15 and 52 per cent., respectively, in 1858.

Of the prisoners committed in 1859, 10.4 per cent. belonged to the Established Church; 2.3 per cent. were Presbyterians; 86.1 per cent. were Roman Catholics; and the religion of 1.1 per cent. was not ascertained.

JUVENILE OFFENDERS.

The persons treated of in the subjoined tables have already been taken into account in the foregoing statistical tables, and are now considered separately, as composing that portion of the criminal population about which the greatest solicitude is felt.

The following returns afford very full information as to the

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numbers, ages, offences, state of education, and social condition of juvenile prisoners. In every respect, improvement has taken place, and the numbers have been so reduced that a large number of Reformatories will not be required to accommodate all those who are fit subjects for such institutions.

It will also be perceived that nearly one-third of the boys and upwards of one-half of the girls were *wholly illiterate*; and that a fifth of the juvenile offenders were orphans, and two-fifths had lost either father or mother, and consequently were, in great measure, left their own masters, and the more likely to fall or to be led into vice. Reformatory Schools alone can provide for this class, for short detentions in gaol cannot have any reformatory effect upon them; and the brand of "gaol-bird" prevents them from obtaining honest employment when again turned loose upon the world at the expiration of their sentences. Tables 23 and 24 give information as to the numbers sentenced to these institutions during 1859, and the periods for which they were sentenced, in the first instance to gaols, and subsequently to reformatories; and Table 25 gives a list of such Reformatory Schools as have, up to the present time, been certified under 21 & 22 Vic., cap. 103.

No. 12.—OFFENCES OF JUVENILES, 1859.

Classes of Offences.	10 Years old and under.		Above 10 and not exceed- ing 16 Years.		Total.			Total in 1859.
	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M. & F.	M. & F.
CONVICTED AT ASSIZES AND QUARTER SESSIONS.								
Felons, ...	4	.	89	27	93	27	120	139
Misdemeanants, ...	1	.	41	8	42	8	50	39
SUMMARY CONVICTEDS.								
Misdemeanants, ...	20	15	830	239	850	254	1,104	1,338
Vagrants, ...	15	11	41	30	56	41	97	139
Courts Martial and Deserters,	.	.	5	.	5	.	5	8
ACQUITTED.								
Felons, ...	1	1	41	5	42	6	48	64
Misdemeanants, ...	.	.	23	5	23	5	28	30
For further Examination, and Untried, ...	4	2	142	35	146	37	183	238
Totals, { M. F. M. & F.	45 29 74	29 23 52	1,212 349 1,561	349 35 384	1,257 378 1,635	378 35 413	1,635 413 2,048	2,048 443 2,491

WORKHOUSE OFFENDERS, included in above.

	10 Years old and under.		Above 10 and not exceed- ing 16 Years.		Total.			Total in 1859.
	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M. & F.	M. & F.
Workhouse Offenders, . .	1	.	30	8	31	8	39	103
On leaving Workhouse, .	.	.	30	.	30	.	30	47
Totals, { M. F. M. & F.	1 . 1	. . .	60 . 60	8 . 8	61 . 61	8 . 8	69 . 69	150 . 150

The committals, in 1859, of persons whose ages did not exceed 16 years were 1,635, viz.—1,257 males, and 378 females; of whom 1,561, viz.—1,212 males, and 349 females, were between the ages of 10 and 16 years; and 74, viz.—45 males, and 29 females, were 10 years old and under.

The committals of *adults* in 1858, were—males 17,407; females, 14,277. In 1859—males, 16,588; females, 13,919.

The decrease in *adult* male crime in 1859, therefore, was 819, or $4\frac{1}{2}$ per cent.; and in female, 358, or $2\frac{1}{2}$ per cent.

The committals of *juveniles* in 1858, were—males, 1,897; females, 418. In 1859—males, 1,257; females, 378; as shown above.

The decrease in *juvenile* male crime in 1859, therefore, was 640, or $33\frac{1}{2}$ per cent.; and in female, 40, or $9\frac{1}{2}$ per cent.

It thus appears that the decrease in *juvenile* crime was much greater than in *adult*, and much larger amongst males than females.

The total of committals of juveniles of both sexes being 1,635, and of juvenile females 378, the females were 23 per cent., or nearly one-fourth of the whole; so that there were rather more than three boys for one girl in the gaols during 1859.

In the re-committals, as shown in Table 13, there was a considerable improvement in both sexes.

Table 4 shows that the 1,257 committals of males were represented by 1,119 individuals, and the 378 committals of females by 303 individuals.

As to the nature of juvenile crime, it is to be observed that there has been a large reduction in the number of boys, and a small one in that of girls convicted summarily of trifling misdemeanours; that the number of boys committed for workhouse offences has much decreased; and that 4 boys whose ages did not exceed ten years were convicted of felony.

No. 15.—SENTENCES of Penal Servitude of Juveniles in 1859.

	Above 10 and not exceeding 16 Years of age.		Total.
	Males.	Females.	
For 6 years and above 4, ...	1	—	1
„ 4 years, ...	5	2	7
„ 3 years and under, ...	7	—	7
Total in 1859, ...	13	2	15
Total in 1858, ...	24	1	25

No. 16.—SENTENCES of JUVENILES to Unlimited or Indefinite Terms of Imprisonment in 1859.

	Males.	Females.	Total.
Above 10 and not exceeding 16 years, ...	14	4	18
Sentence respited and not passed, ...	1	—	1
Total in 1859, ...	15	4	19
Total in 1858, ...	11	5	16

No. 17.—SENTENCES of JUVENILES for all Definite Terms of Imprisonment in 1859.

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TERMS OF IMPRISONMENT.	10 Years old and under.				Above 10 and not exceeding 16 Years.				Total.		
	Criminals.		Vagrants.		Criminals.		Vagrants.		Criminals and Vagrants.		
	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	N. & C.
2 Years and above 18 months, ...	2	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	3	.	3
18 Months and above 12, ...	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	1	.	1
12 Months and above 9, ...	1	.	.	.	13	1	.	.	14	1	15
9 Months and above 6, ...	.	.	.	.	8	.	.	.	5	.	5
6 Months and above 3, ...	.	.	.	.	32	13	.	.	30	12	42
3 Months and above 2, ...	2	1	.	.	95	24	.	.	97	25	122
2 Months and above 1, ...	.	4	.	.	89	17	.	.	80	21	101
1 Month and above 14 days, ...	2	3	1	2	247	60	7	7	257	68	325
14 Days and above 7, ...	4	6	6	1	219	89	22	12	251	108	359
7 Days and above 48 hours, ...	10	1	8	8	100	62	12	11	120	72	192
48 Hours, ...	2	.	.	.	57	17	.	.	59	17	76
24 Hours, ...	2	.	.	.	33	.	.	.	35	.	35
Total Males, ...	23	.	15	.	937	.	41	.	1,018	.	.
Total Females, ...	.	15	.	11	.	268	.	30	.	324	.
Total Males and Females, ...	40	.	26	.	1,205	.	71	.	.	.	1,342
Total, 1858, ...	43	.	23	.	1,691	.	135	.	.	.	1,802

No. 18.—SENTENCES of JUVENILES for Short Terms of Imprisonment in 1859.

	Males.	Females.	Total.	No. of Days of 24 hours represented.
1 Month and above 14 days, ...	257	68	325	9,100
14 Days and above 7, ...	251	108	359	5,026
7 Days and above 48 hours, ...	180	72	252	1,764
48 Hours, ...	59	17	76	192
24 Hours, ...	35	.	35	35
Total in 1859, ...	782	265	1,047	18,077
Total in 1858, ...	1,152	251	1,403	23,081

The sentences of penal servitude passed upon male juveniles decreased from 24, in 1858, to 13, in 1859; but two such sentences were passed upon girls in 1859, against one in 1858.

The decrease in the sentences of juvenile offenders to imprisonment in the gaols under our inspection was nearly in the same proportion as in the committals. The sentences to periods exceeding one month amounted to 236 for boys, and 59 for girls—showing a decrease, as compared with 1858, of 163 in the one sex, and of 31 in the other. The sentences to terms of imprisonment ranging from twenty-four hours to one month amounted to 782 for boys, and 265 for girls—showing a decrease of 236 in the one sex, and an increase of 14 in the other.

The average length of imprisonment for each of the 1,047 juveniles included in Table 18 was 15 days and 9 hours. It is to be remarked that two boys under ten years of age were sentenced to *two years' imprisonment*—one at Enniskillen, the other at Londonderry.

No. 19.—PARENTAGE of JUVENILES in 1859.

	10 Years old and under.				Above 10 and not exceeding 15 Years.				Totals.				Total in 1858.
	Criminals.		Vagrants.		Criminals.		Vagrants.						
	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.&F.	M.&F.	
Having both parents living, ...	21	8	7	3	457	112	8	3	493	126	619	821	
Having both parents dead, ...	1	1	1	1	240	70	14	11	256	83	339	594	
Having father dead, ...	5	8	7	6	287	83	11	11	310	110	420	578	
Having mother dead, ...	3	1	.	1	182	50	8	4	193	56	249	293	
Not ascertained, ...	.	.	.	.	5	2	.	1	6	3	8	31	
Total Males, ...	30	.	15	.	1,171	.	41	.	1,257	.			
Total Females, ...	.	18	.	11	.	319	.	30	.	378	.		
Total M. and F., ...	48		26		1,490		71				1,636	2,315	

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	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.&F.	M.&F.	
Having stepfather, ...	3	1	.	.	46	15	2	1	51	17	68	68	
Having stepmother, ...	1	1	.	.	49	31	3	3	53	35	87	84	
Abandoned by parents, ...	2	.	.	.	49	10	3	.	55	16	63	57	
Abandoned from parents, ...	.	.	.	.	35	21	0	3	41	24	65	107	
Illegitimacy, ...	1	.	.	.	11	5	2	.	14	5	19	30	

No. 20.—RESIDENCE of JUVENILES Previous to Committal in 1859.

County or borough to which they belong, Other localities, Not ascertained, .	10 Years old and under.				Above 10 and not exceeding 15 Years.				Totals.				Total in 1858.
	Criminals.		Vagrants.		Criminals.		Vagrants.						
	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.&F.	M.&F.	
	28	18	10	5	947	307	22	8	1,007	399	1,306	1,785	
	2	.	5	0	220	50	10	22	240	78	314	615	
	.	.	.	.	4	2	.	.	4	2	6	13	
Total Males, .	30	.	15	.	1,171	.	41	.	1,257	.			
Total Females, .	.	18	.	11	.	319	.	30	.	378	.		
Total M. and F.,	48		26		1,490		71				1,636	2,315	

No. 21.—STATE of EDUCATION of JUVENILES on Committal in 1859.

	10 Years old and under.				Above 10 and not exceeding 15 Years.				Totals.				Total in 1858.
	Criminals.		Vagrants.		Criminals.		Vagrants.						
	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.&F.	M.&F.	
Read and wrote, ...	3	2	.	.	373	32	11	5	387	39	426	615	
Read imperfectly, ...	6	.	.	.	233	72	7	7	246	79	325	516	
Knew spelling, ...	0	2	.	1	159	32	3	3	165	38	206	297	
Knew alphabet, ...	.	2	1	1	87	21	4	2	92	26	118	163	
Wholly illiterate, ...	15	12	14	9	319	163	18	13	364	190	554	789	
Not ascertained, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	11	
Total Males, ...	30	.	15	.	1,171	.	41	.	1,257	.			
Total Females, ...	.	18	.	11	.	319	.	30	.	378	.		
Total M. and F., ...	48		26		1,490		71				1,636	2,315	

No. 22.—RELIGIOUS PROFESSION OF JUVENILES in 1859.

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	10 Years old and under.				Above 10 and not exceeding 15 Years.				Totals.				Total in 1859.
	Criminals.		Vagrants.		Criminals.		Vagrants.						
	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	under.	over.	
Protestant, ...	4	1	.	.	100	31	2	3	106	35	141	167	
Presbyterian, . . .	.	.	.	.	31	1	.	.	31	1	32	34	
Roman Catholic, . .	26	17	15	11	1,049	287	39	27	1,128	342	1,470	2,113	
Not ascertained, . .	.	.	.	.	2	.	.	.	2	.	2	11	
Total Males, . . .	30	.	15	.	1,171	.	41	.	1,257	.			
Total Females, . .	.	18	.	11	.	319	.	30	.	378			
Total M. and F., .	48		26		1,490		71				1,635	2,315	

Table 19 shows that 20 per cent. of the juveniles had lost both parents; 25 per cent. had lost their fathers; and 15 per cent. their mothers.

Table 20 that 19 per cent. of them were *travellers*, or strangers to the locality in which the gaol to which they were committed is situated.

Table 21, that 30 per cent. of the boys and 10 per cent. of the girls could read and write well when committed to gaol, and that 29 per cent. of the boys and 51 per cent. of the girls were wholly illiterate.

And Table 22, that 8.2 per cent. of them belonged to the Established Church; that 1.3 per cent. were Presbyterians; and 90 per cent. Roman Catholics.

No. 23.—REFORMATORY RETURNS.

Gaols to which parties sentenced to Reformatories were committed.	TO BE COMMITTED IN GAOL FOR A PERIOD																	
	Of 14 days.								Not exceeding 1 Month.									
	DETENTION IN REFORMATORY.																	
	1 Year.		2 Years.		3 Years.		4 Years.		5 Years.		2 Years.		3 Years.		4 Years.		5 Years.	
	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.
Antrim, ...	.	.	.	.	1	1	.	.	14	6	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	1
Clare, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Dublin County, . .	1	.	.	2	3	.	3	.	1	.	.	.	8	.	.	.	.	
City:	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Richmond B., . . .	1	.	2	.	23	.	14	.	6	.	.	.	13	.	1	1	.	.
Grangegorman P., .	.	.	.	6	.	7	.	4	.	4	.	.	.	4	.	2	.	.
Kilkenny City, . .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.
Limerick County, .	.	.	.	2	.	1	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
City, ...	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	2	.	.
Louth, Drogheda, .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.
Monaghan, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Tipperary, Nenagh,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Clonmel, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Tyrone, ...	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Wexford, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Total Males, . . .	2	.	2	.	27	.	19	.	22	.	1	.	20	.	3	2	.	.
Total Females, . .	.	.	11	.	9	.	4	.	17	.	.	.	4	.	3	2	.	.
Total M. and F., .	2		13		36		23		39		1		24		6		4	
	113																	
	35																	

* Inclusive of one sentence of "1 to 5 years."

No. 23.—REFORMATORY RETURNS—continued.

Gaols to which parties sentenced to Reformatories were committed.	TO BE CONFINED IN GAOL FOR A PERIOD															Total.
	Not exceeding 2 Months.		Not exceeding 3 Months.				Not exceeding 4 Months.		Not exceeding 6 Months.		12 Months.					
	DETENTION IN REFORMATORY.															
	3 Years.		4 Years.		5 Years.		3 Years.		4 Years.		3 Years.		3 Years.		3 Yrs.	
	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.
Antrim, ...							3	2							18	10
Clare, ...															1	1
Dublin County, ...															10	4
" City:										1						
Richmond B., ...	4		1			1								1		72
Grangegorman P., ...						1										33
Kilkenny City, ...			2												2	1
Limerick County, ...															1	3
" City, ...			2												5	2
Louth, Drogheda, ...															1	
Monaghan, ...															1	
Tipperary, Nenagh, ...	1					1						3			1	
" Clonmel, ...						1									2	
Tyrone, ...										1					1	1
Wexford, ...									1					1	1	
Total Males, ...	5		5		2	1	3		1	1	1		2		110	
Total Females, ...				1			2	1		1			2		1	33
Total M. and F., ...	5		5		3		3		2		1		3		1	
	10		6		3		3		3		3		3		174	

SUMMARY of No. 23.

Confinement in Gaol for a period of	Detention in Reformatory.										Total		
	1 Year.		2 Years.		3 Years.		4 Years.		5 Years.				
14 Days, ...	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M. & F.
1 Month and above 14 days, ...	2	.	2	11	27	9	19	4	23	17	72	41	113
2 Months and above 1, ...	.	.	.	1	20	4	3	3	2	2	25	10	35
3 " and above 2, ...	.	.	.	.	5	.	6	.	.	.	10	.	10
4 " and above 3, ...	.	.	.	.	2	1	1	.	3	2	0	3	0
5 " and above 4, ...	.	.	.	.	1	1	1	.	.	.	2	1	3
6 " and above 5, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
8 " and above 6, ...	.	.	1	.	2	.	.	.	.	.	3	.	3
12 Months, ...	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	1
Total Males, ...	2	.	3	.	28	.	29	.	27	.	119	.	
Total Females, ...	.	.	.	12	.	15	.	7	.	21	.	55	
Total Males and Females, ...	2		15		73		36		48				174

No. 24.

COUNTY AND TOWN GAOLS.	AGES AND SEXES.																		TOTAL.	
	Above 16 Years.		18 Years.		19 Years.		20 Years.		21 Years.		22 Years.		23 Years.		24 Years.		25 Years.			
	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.		
Antrim, ...	.	.	9	5	2	2	2	.	1	1	3	1	.	.	1	1	.	.	18	10
Clare, ...	.	.	.	.	.	1	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	1
Dublin County, ...	.	.	1	.	1	1	4	2	1	.	.	.	2	.	.	1	1	.	10	4
Dublin City:	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Richmond B., ...	5	.	17	.	18	.	12	.	10	.	4	.	6	.	1	.	.	72	.	
Grangegorman P., ...	1	.	5	.	8	.	4	.	8	.	1	.	3	.	2	.	1	2	33	
Kilkenny City, ...	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	1	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	1	
Limerick County, ...	1	.	.	.	2	1	1	1	2	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	6	2	
City, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	1	
Louth, Drogheda, ...	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	1	
Monaghan, ...	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	2	.	
Tipperary, Nenagh, ...	.	.	.	.	1	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	2	1	
" Clonmel, ...	.	.	3	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	
Tyrone, ...	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	2	.	
Wexford, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	2	.	
Total Males, ...	5	.	31	.	25	.	25	.	10	.	7	.	7	.	2	.	1	110	.	
Total Females, ...	.	2	.	10	.	13	.	8	.	10	.	3	.	4	.	4	.	1	55	
Total M. and F., ...	5	2	31	10	25	13	25	8	10	3	7	4	7	4	2	4	1	110	55	
	7		41		38		33		26		10		11		6		2			
	174																		174	

COUNTY AND TOWN GAOLS.	Whether sent to Reformatory.								Religious Profession.				Whether Sentenced by Judge of Assize, at Quarter or Petty Sessions, or by Police Magistrate.											
	Sent.		Referred at Reformatory.		Good Sentences not expired.		Dis- charged by Order of Exe- cutive.		Protes- tant.		Roman Catho- lic.		Judge of Assize.		Quarter Sessions.		Petty Sessions.		Police Magi- strate.					
	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.
Antrim, ...	12	0	1	.	5	0	.	.	3	2	15	8	.	.	.	.	18	10	.	.	.	.	.	.
Clare, ...	1	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	1	.	.	1	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Dublin County, ...	10	4	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	10	3	.	1	.	3	.	.	7	3	.	.	.	.
Dublin City:	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Richmond B., ...	02	.	7	.	2	1	.	2	.	70	.	1	.	12	.	.	.	60	.	.	.	.	.	.
Grangegorman P., ...	.	32	.	.	1	.	.	3	.	30	.	.	.	.	6	.	.	.	26	.	.	.	.	.
Kilkenny City, ...	.	1	.	.	2	.	.	.	.	2	1	1	.	1	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Limerick County, ...	1	3	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	3	.	1	.	1	1	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.
City, ...	5	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	5	2	.	.	.	.	.	5	2	.	.	.	.	.	.
Louth, Drogheda, ...	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Monaghan, ...	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Tipperary, Nenagh, ...	2	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	2	.	2	.	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
" Clonmel, ...	2	1	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	2	1	2	1	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Tyrone, ...	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Wexford, ...	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	2	.	2	.	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Total Males, ...	68	.	8	.	12	.	1	.	5	114	.	7	.	22	.	24	.	66	.	.	.	.	.	.
Total Females, ...	.	49	.	6	.	.	.	.	.	49	.	.	.	.	8	.	13	.	31	.	.	.	.	.
Total M. and F., ...	68	49	8	6	12	1	.	.	5	163	49	7	22	30	24	13	66	31						
	147		8		18	1			11	163		10		30		27		97						
	174								174				174											

No. 25.—RETURN of CERTIFIED REFORMATORY SCHOOLS on the 15th March, 1860.

No.		
1.	Rehoboth, South Circular-road, Dublin, . . .	For Protestant Males.
2.	"Malone" Reformatory, Belfast, co. Antrim, . . .	do. do.
3.	103, Cork-street, Dublin, . . .	do. Females.
4.	St. Kevin's, Glencree, Bunsickerry, co. Wicklow, . . .	do. Roman Catholic Males.
5.	High Park, county Dublin, . . .	do. Females.
6.	St. Joseph's, Convent of the Good Shepherd, Limerick, . . .	do. do.
7.	Golden Bridge, county Dublin, . . .	do. do.
8.	"Sparks Lake," Monaghan, . . .	do. do.

DIETARY FOR ALL THE GAOLS.

Prison Dietary.—Class 1, Males.—Breakfast—8 oz. meal, in stirabout, and half pint new milk. Dinner—14 oz. bread, 1 pint new milk.

Class 2, Females.—Breakfast—7 oz. meal, in stirabout, and half pint new milk. Dinner—12 oz. bread and $\frac{3}{4}$ pint new milk.

Class 3, Males and females under fifteen years.—Breakfast—5 oz. oatmeal, and half pint new milk. Dinner—Not less than 8 oz. brown bread, and 1 pint of soup. Supper—4 oz. brown bread.

Dietary for prisoners whose term of imprisonment shall not exceed one Calendar Month.—Class 1, Males.—Breakfast—8 oz. meal in stirabout, and half pint new milk. Dinner—14 oz. bread, and 1 pint oatmeal gruel, or vegetable soup.

Class 2, Females.—Breakfast 7 oz. meal, in stirabout, and half pint new milk. Dinner—12 oz. bread, $\frac{3}{4}$ pint oatmeal gruel, or vegetable soup.

Class 3, Males and Females under fifteen years.—Breakfast—5 oz. meal, in stirabout, and half pint new milk. Dinner—not less than 8 oz. brown bread, and 1 pint soup. Supper—4 oz. brown bread.

The prisoners included in Class 1, if committed for not less than two months, may, in cold weather, and if employed in exhausting labour (should it be certified as proper by the medical officer), receive for breakfast $9\frac{1}{2}$ oz. meal, and for dinner, 1 lb. of bread, or an equivalent portion of potatoes.

The meal may be Indian meal, or oatmeal, or rye meal. Rice may be used instead, but only in conjunction with meal, and then in the proportion of 2 oz. of rice to 6 of meal. Instead of new milk, buttermilk may be used, in the proportion of half a pint of new milk to one pint of buttermilk.

The bread shall consist of either of the following substances:

1. Seconds flour.
2. Half seconds flour and half Indian meal.
3. Whole wheat meal.
4. Rye.
5. Rye and barley meal.

Provided that if rye or rye and barley bread be used, the equivalents shall be 16 oz. of rye or rye and barley bread for 14 oz. of wheaten or Indian meal, and also in proportion for the other quantities.

Potatoes may be substituted for the stirabout or bread, in each meal, in the following proportions:—

	Class 1.	Class 2.	Class 3.
Breakfast, ...	3 lbs.	2 $\frac{1}{2}$ lbs.	3 lbs.
Dinner, ...	4 lbs.	3 $\frac{1}{2}$ lbs.	3 lbs.
Supper, ...			1 lb.

It is strongly recommended that, as to preserve the health, variety of food is as necessary as a full supply, the substitution of potatoes for bread at dinner may be made whenever practicable, twice or three times in each week.

HEALTH.

The gaols have generally been healthy and free from epidemic disease; but it is to be remarked that, notwithstanding the decrease in the daily average number confined, the deaths increased from 38, or 1 in 1,000, in 1858, to 65, or 1 in 549, in 1859.

We find, however, that, of the 65 prisoners who died, 31 were lunatics; and we would take this opportunity of reiterating emphatically the protest we have continually made in our reports

upon the several gaols against the existing state of the law, under which great numbers of insane persons are confined for lengthened periods in gaols which are not furnished with appliances suited to, or with officers experienced in, the treatment of lunacy.

*Thirty-
eighth
Report.*

DEATHS.

Years.	Total confined in Gaols.	Daily Average.	No. of Deaths.
1850, . . .	115,871	11,496	578, or 1 in 200
1851, . . .	113,554	10,746	494, or 1 in 233
1852, . . .	92,638	8,578	213, or 1 in 435
1853, . . .	83,895	6,841	157, or 1 in 534
1854, . . .	73,733	5,704.1	102, or 1 in 723
1855, . . .	54,531	4,418.3	98, or 1 in 556
1856, . . .	48,060	3,660.6	61, or 1 in 788
1857, . . .	43,838	3,273.4	61, or 1 in 719
1858, . . .	37,997	2,694.57	38, or 1 in 1,000
1859, . . .	35,895	2,605.38	65, or 1 in 549

NO. OF PERSONS CONFINED IN BRIDEWELLS.

Years.	No. of Persons confined.	Years.	No. of Persons confined.
1850 . . .	88,899	1855 . . .	38,002
1851 . . .	85,080	1856 . . .	33,534
1852 . . .	60,860	1857 . . .	31,504
1853 . . .	58,563	1858 . . .	27,424
1854 . . .	48,356	1859 . . .	25,298

TOTAL EXPENDITURE OF BRIDEWELLS.

Years.	£	s.	d.		Years.	£	s.	d.
1849 . . .	10,634	4	10		1850 . . .	2,460	11	9
1850 . . .	8,173	13	1	decrease,	1851 . . .	773	17	1
1851 . . .	7,390	16	0	decrease,	1852 . . .	810	9	6
1852 . . .	6,569	6	6	decrease,	1853 . . .	479	16	7
1853 . . .	6,109	9	10	decrease,	1854 . . .	25	17	2
1854 . . .	6,133	7	1	increase,	1855 . . .	488	16	1½
1855 . . .	5,644	11	0	decrease,	1856 . . .	687	16	4½
1856 . . .	6,342	7	4½	increase,	1857 . . .	178	14	5½
1857 . . .	6,165	12	10½	decrease,	1858 . . .	193	5	3½
1858 . . .	5,970	7	7	decrease,	1859 . . .	288	9	0½
1859 . . .	5,681	18	6½	decrease,				

TOTAL EXPENDITURE OF GAOLS.

Years.	£	s.	d.		Years.	£	s.	d.
1849 . . .	128,630	12	0		1850 . . .	25,667	5	1
1850 . . .	102,963	6	11	decrease,	1851 . . .	7,469	12	9
1851 . . .	95,462	14	2	decrease,	1852 . . .	8,614	7	9
1852 . . .	86,848	6	5	decrease,	1853 . . .	202	5	10
1853 . . .	86,666	0	7	decrease,	1854 . . .	3,324	16	7
1854 . . .	89,991	19	2	increase,	1855 . . .	7,155	18	0
1855 . . .	82,736	1	2	decrease,	1856 . . .	2,567	13	4
1856 . . .	80,168	7	10	decrease,	1857 . . .	3,112	1	6
1857 . . .	77,066	6	4	decrease,	1858 . . .	3,222	1	5
1858 . . .	73,834	4	11	decrease,	1859 . . .	1,667	6	5
1859 . . .	72,186	18	6	decrease,				

Net expenditure in 1858, deducting Profit on Works, 71,067 6 3½
Do. do. in 1859, 69,941 0 11½

Decrease in 1859, . . . 1,146 5 4½
Total cost of each Prisoner in 1858, . . . 23 18 9.60
Do. do. 1859, . . . 25 16 8.48
Cost of diet of each Prisoner in 1858, . . . 3 19 11.83
Do. do. 1859, . . . 3 16 11.68

EXPENDITURE.

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Report.

In this respect there has not been much change. The expenses of gaols have decreased, during the past year, by £1,146 5s. 3½d.; of bridewells, by £288 9s. 0¾d.

The total cost of each prisoner, in 1859, exceeds that in 1858 by £2; but the great reduction in the aggregate confined naturally increases the average cost of each individual prisoner, whose share of the general expenses, including salaries of officers, is the larger in proportion as the numbers in gaols are smaller; for it is evident that, if due discipline and supervision are to be maintained, the officers cannot be reduced in proportion to the decrease in the prisoners, and that, therefore, the establishment charges are very little diminished, although the individuals amongst whom such charges are to be distributed are much fewer.

CONDITION OF GAOLS.

We abstained last year from publishing a tabular synopsis of the prisons under our inspection, on the ground that the alterations had been of so trifling a description and amount that it would have been little more than a reprint of that for the preceding year; but, in 1859, some improvements, important in character, although few in number, having been either completed or initiated, we resume the publication of the Forms, and we would invite attention to the headings of "complete," "partial," and "approximative" separation. By "complete" we understand the maintenance of it throughout all the criminal classes in its integrity, according to the prescriptions of the 3rd and 4th Vic., cap. 44; by "partial," the establishment of it under similar regulations in one or more sections; the remainder of the gaol being administered on the plan of "association;" and by "approximative," we signify that measures are adopted to prevent intermixture and undue communication, such as keeping each prisoner apart, not only at night in a single cell, but during meals, and at the periods allocated to punitive and industrial labour, by attaching separate compartments to the treadmill, and by constructing stalls in the yards, workshops, laundries, and lavatories. The summary stands thus—"complete separation" is already enforced in six gaols, viz.:—those of Antrim, Armagh, Richmond Bridewell (in the city of Dublin), Kilkenny county, Louth, and Wexford, and is about to be carried out in the amalgamated prisons of Kildare and of Waterford (county and city); "partial" exists in nine, viz.:—those of Carlow, Down, King's, Londonderry, Queen's, Roscommon (*very imperfectly*), Tyrone, Westmeath, and Wicklow, and will be shortly in operation in three more, viz.:—those of Dublin county, Galway county, and Longford; while "approximative" is to be found in nine also, viz.:—those of Clare, Cork county, Cork city, Donegal, Grangegorman Penitentiary (in the city of Dublin), Fermanagh, Kerry, Limerick county, and Nenagh (in the North Riding of Tipperary). In the remainder, the classification prescribed in the "Prisons Act" (the 7th of Geo. IV. cap. 74), which, at best, even when stringently fulfilled, is unequal in its application, and inadequate to prevent contamination,

is observed with more or less accuracy. Upon this latter subject we have in successive former Reports fully expressed our opinions, which remain unchanged, and do not, therefore, require repetition.

We next approach the heading of Education, and here we have to state, with great regret, that in three prisons, viz.:—those of Carlow, Kilkenny city, and Waterford city, there is *no provision whatever for instruction*; that in four, viz.:—those of Galway county, Galway town, Longford, and Roscommon, there is a similar want with regard to the *females*, and that, in a large majority, not only are prisoners of the latter sex very imperfectly taught, but that the schools for males are on an unsatisfactory footing—their direction being intrusted, not to trained masters, but to turnkeys, selected without any consideration of their aptitude for tuition.

The same objection unhappily prevails in another department of discipline and reformation, viz.:—Industrial Employment—the local authorities but too frequently neglecting, in their choice of officers, to prefer those, who are capable of imparting the rudiments of such trades and handicrafts, as can be conveniently carried on within the walls of a prison, and turned to advantageous account on their discharge, by those who have become proficient in them.

For these evils, however, as well as for defects in structure and accommodation, and in the primary requirements of sewerage, supply of water, ventilation in gaols and bridewells, a remedy, and, we trust, a speedy one, will be supplied by legislation—the present Government having adopted the County Prisons Bill, which was introduced in the early part of last year by their predecessors, and which fell to the ground, upon the dissolution of Parliament, and a consequent change of administration. As the Bill now prepared has merely been re-cast in form, and has undergone some alterations in minor details only (the principles of the former one remaining intact), we do not think it necessary to reproduce the analysis of the measure, which we submitted in our last Report, seeing, as we do, no reason for modifying our views with regard to the proposed means of relief.

But while we thus look confidently forward to those powers of improvement to be conferred by the Legislature, we lament that no prospect of a similar relief from the pressure of lunatics presents itself; and that for a considerable period at least we shall be compelled to deal as best we may with these unfit occupants of our gaols, which are unprovided with proper means, restrictive or curative; and that we shall have to lament, not only the infringement of discipline caused by the necessity of finding attendants (a difficulty greatly enhanced by the progressive diminution in the number of sane prisoners), but the destruction of all chances of recovery on the part of these unfortunate beings, many of whom, such is the want of discrimination evinced in committing them, belong to the category of idiocy, rather than of lunacy, and are thus wholly exempt from moral responsibility.

TABLES SHOWING THE

Gaols.	Accommodation.		Hospital.	Laundry.
	Males.	Females.		
Antrim, . . .	Ample.	Ample.	Rather small.	Adequate.
Armagh, . . .	Ample.	Adequate.	Inconveniently situated.	Good: but not partitioned.
Carlow, . . .	Sufficient.	Sufficient.	Commodious.	Adequate.
Cavan, . . .	Sufficient.	Very limited.	Very defective.	Small.
Clare, . . .	Sufficient.	Insufficient.	Adequate.	Sufficient: but requiring partitioning.
Cork County, . .	Generally sufficient.	Generally sufficient.	Adequate.	Defective.
" City, . . .	Improved.	Improved.	Adequate: but without water-closets or baths.	Defective.
Donegal, . . .	Adequate.	Adequate.	Adequate.	Requiring partitions.
Down, . . .	Ample.	Ample.	Adequate.	A new one in progress.
Dublin County, .	Adequate.	Miserably defective as yet.	Will be adequate.	Tolerable.
Dublin City: . .	Adequate.	—	Adequate.	Adequate.
Richmond Bridge, .	—	Adequate.	Adequate.	Adequate: but undivided.
Grangegorman P. .	—	Adequate.	Adequate.	Requiring partitions.
Fermanagh, . . .	Adequate.	Adequate.	Adequate.	Very defective.
Galway County, .	Generally sufficient.	Wholly inadequate.	Sufficient: but without a water-closet.	None.
" Town, . . .	Insufficient.	Very defective.	Inconveniently placed and defective.	None.
Kerry, . . .	Adequate.	Defective.	Limited and defective.	Adequate.
Kildare, . . .	Adequate.	Defective.	Limited and defective.	Adequate.
Kilkenny County, .	Ample.	Ample.	Good.	Adequate.
" City, . . .	Very defective.	Wholly defective.	None.	None.
King's, . . .	Adequate.	Adequate.	Sufficient.	Partitioned.
Leitrim, . . .	Ample.	Defective.	Adequate.	Small.
Limerick County, .	Adequate.	Adequate.	Very limited: inconvenient.	Small.
" City, . . .	Barely adequate.	Inadequate.	Fair.	Small.
Londonderry, . .	Ample.	Adequate.	Adequate.	Requiring partitions.
Longford, . . .	Adequate.	Adequate.	Adequate.	Insufficient.
Louth: . . .	Ample.	Ample.	Adequate.	Adequate.
Dundalk, . . .	Insufficient.	Wholly inadequate.	Very inadequate.	None.
Drogheda, . . .	Ample.	Adequate.	Adequate.	Partitioned.
Mayo, . . .	Ample.	Insufficient.	Adequate: but defective in the separation of the sexes.	Ill-conceived.
Meath, . . .	Ample.	Insufficient.	Adequate in size: but without water-closets.	Small.
Monaghan, . . .	Ample.	Insufficient.	Good.	Commodious.
Queen's, . . .	Ample.	Insufficient.	Insufficient.	Small and inconvenient.
Roscommon, . . .	Ample.	Insufficient.	Adequate.	Adequate: but not partitioned.
Sligo, . . .	Ample.	Adequate.	Adequate.	Commodious: but not divided.
Tipperary: . . .	Ample.	Barely adequate.	Sufficient: but without water-closets.	Commodious: but not divided.
Kenagh, . . .	Ample.	Barely sufficient.	Good: but without water-closets.	Sufficient.
Clenamel, . . .	Sufficient.	Adequate.	Defective.	Insufficient.
Tyrone, . . .	Ample.	Very inadequate.	Sufficient.	Sufficient.
Waterford County, .	Insufficient.	Insufficient.	Insufficient.	None.
" City, . . .	Ample.	Adequate.	Adequate.	Adequate: but undivided.
Westmeath, . . .	Ample.	Adequate.	Sufficient: but without baths or water-closets.	Good: but undivided.
Wexford, . . .	Adequate.	Adequate.	Sufficient: but without water-closets.	Good: but undivided.
Wicklow, . . .	Adequate.	Adequate.	Sufficient: but without water-closets.	Good: but undivided.

CONDITION OF GAOLS.

Drying-rooms.	Improvements completed in 1859.	Improvements in Progress.	Sewerage.	Gaols.
<i>Barly adequate.</i>	A steam-engine for pumping water, together with a small house enclosing it, has been erected.	A wall in process of sinking.	Effective.	Antrim.
Good.	None.	None.	Effective.	Armagh.
Adequate.	None.	None.	Effective.	Carlow.
<i>None.</i>	None.	None.	Effective.	Cavan.
<i>Defective.</i>	None.	None.	Effective.	Clare.
<i>Defective.</i>	A reception room for males, with a bath, exercise, and twenty-two cells in the male prison house.	None.	Effective.	Cork County.
Small.	None.	None.	Defective.	" City.
Sufficient.	A new board-room completed.	A laundry, dressing-room, a reception-room, and bath for females in course of erection.	Generally effective.	Down.
Tolerable.	None.	Proceeding for improving the whole gaol.	Effective.	Dublin County.
Adequate.	None.	None.	Effective.	Dublin City.
Adequate.	A large water-tank built.	Gas fitting.	Effective.	Richmond Bridge.
Incomplete.	None.	None.	Effective.	Grangegorman P.
<i>Very defective.</i>	None.	The adaptation of half the prison to "separation" in progress.	Effective.	Fermanagh.
<i>None.</i>	None.	None.	Good.	Galway County.
Adequate.	Water-closets and lavatories erected.	None.	Effective.	" Town.
Adequate.	None.	Large alterations and extension.	Improved.	Kerry.
Adequate.	None.	None.	Effective.	Kildare.
<i>None.</i>	None.	None.	Effective.	Kilkenny County.
<i>None.</i>	None.	None.	Fair.	" City.
<i>Defective.</i>	Tread-wheel; and school-room partitioned.	None.	Imperfect.	King's.
Adequate.	None.	None.	Effective.	Leitrim.
<i>Defective.</i>	None.	None.	Improved.	Limerick County.
<i>None.</i>	Female prison partially adapted to separation.	None.	Effective.	" City.
Inadequate.	None.	None.	Imperfect.	Londonderry.
<i>Defective.</i>	None.	None.	Improved.	Longford.
<i>None.</i>	None.	None.	Effective.	Loath.
<i>None.</i>	None.	Prison about to be adapted to separation.	Defective.	Dundalk.
Adequate.	None.	None.	Defective.	Drogheda.
Adequate.	None.	None.	Effective.	Mayo.
<i>None.</i>	None.	None.	Effective.	Meath.
Adequate.	None.	None.	Indifferent.	Monaghan.
<i>None.</i>	None.	None.	Effective.	Queen's.
Sufficient.	None.	None.	Defective.	Rosecommon.
<i>Fratched.</i>	None.	None.	Effective.	Sligo.
Adequate.	None.	None.	Effective.	Tipperary.
Good.	None.	One section of the male and one of the female prison about to be adapted to separation.	Sufficient.	Donagh.
Sufficient.	None.	None.	Effective.	Clonmel.
<i>Very defective.</i>	None.	None.	Slightly defective.	Tyrone.
Sufficient.	None.	None.	Defective.	Waterford County.
<i>None.</i>	None.	None.	Defective.	" City.
Adequate.	A section of the male prison has been adapted to separation, and assigned to females.	None.	Effective.	Westmeath.
Sufficient.	None.	None.	Improved.	Wexford.
Good.	None.	Laundries and water-closets for the females are in process of erection.	Effective.	Wicklow.

TABLES SHOWING THE CONDITION OF GAOLS—continued.

Gaols.	Ventilation.	Water.	Bedding.	Clothing, &c.
Antrim, . . .	New effective.	Abundant.	Ample.	Ample.
Armagh, . . .	Excellent.	Abundant.	Ample.	Ample.
Carlow, . . .	Fair.	Abundant.	Sufficient.	Sufficient.
Cavan, . . .	Good.	Abundant.	Defective.	Defective.
Clare, . . .	Good.	Abundant.	Adequate.	Adequate.
Cork County, . .	Good.	Abundant.	Adequate.	Adequate.
" City, . . .	Imperfect.	Adequate.	Adequate.	Adequate.
Donegal, . . .	Good.	About to be conveyed in pipes.	Sufficient.	Sufficient.
Down, . . .	Improved.	Abundant.	Sufficient.	Sufficient.
Dublin County, .	Good.	Abundant.	Sufficient.	Sufficient.
Dublin City:				
Richmond Bridge.	Improved.	Abundant.	Adequate.	Sufficient.
Grangegorman P.	Good generally.	Abundant.	Adequate.	Sufficient.
Fermanagh, . . .	Good.	Abundant.	Sufficient.	Defective.
Galway County, .	Good.	Ample.	Defective.	Sufficient.
" Town, . . .	Good.	Ample.	Sufficient.	Sufficient.
Kerry, . . .	Good.	Ample.	Sufficient.	Sufficient, except as to shoes for fe- males.
Kildare, . . .	Sufficient.	Sufficient.	Sufficient.	Sufficient.
Kilkenny County,	Fair.	Good, but not abund- ant.	Ample.	Sufficient.
" City, . . .	Very defective in some quarters.	Ample.	Inadequate.	Inadequate.
King's, . . .	Good.	Insufficient for fresh- ing.	Ample.	In good condition.
Leitrim, . . .	Good.	Sufficient.	Adequate.	Sufficient.
Limerick County, .	Good.	Sufficient.	Ample.	In good condition.
" City, . . .	Good.	Abundant.	Warm.	Insufficient.
Londonderry, . .	Generally good.	Abundant.	Sufficient.	Sufficient.
Longford, . . .	Good.	Abundant.	Sufficient.	Defective in shoes.
Louth:				
Dundalk, . . .	Improved.	Generally adequate.	Adequate.	Fair.
Drogheda, . . .	Defective in some cells.	Occasionally inade- quate.	—	—
Mayo, . . .	Improved.	Generally abundant.	Adequate.	Scanty for females.
Meath, . . .	Good.	Abundant.	Adequate.	Adequate.
Monaghan, . . .	Good.	Abundant.	Adequate.	Adequate.
Queen's, . . .	Good.	Abundant.	Sufficient: but some blankets worn.	Sufficient.
Roscommon, . . .	Good.	Generally abundant.	Adequate.	Defective.
Sligo, . . .	Good.	Abundant.	Adequate.	Adequate.
Tipperary:				
Newry, . . .	Good.	Abundant.	Ample.	Ample.
Clonsilla, . . .	Good.	Abundant.	Sufficient.	Sufficient.
Tyrone, . . .	Good.	Adequate.	Sufficient.	Sufficient, except in shoes.
Waterford County,	Very imperfect in the female department.	Sufficient.	Sufficient.	Sufficient.
" City, . . .	Imperfect.	Ample.	Sufficient.	Scanty and bad.
Westmeath, . . .	Good.	Abundant.	Ample.	Sufficient, except in shoes.
Wexford, . . .	Good.	Abundant.	Adequate.	Adequate.
Wicklow, . . .	Good.	Abundant.	Sufficient.	Sufficient.

TABLES SHOWING THE CONDITION OF GAOLS—continued.

Gaols.	Complete Separation.	Partial Separation.	Approximative Separation.	Classification according to Prisons Act.
Antrim, . . .	With all criminal classes.	—	—	—
Armagh, . . .	With all criminal classes.	—	—	—
Carlow, . . .	None.	Carried out in 15 cells for females, except when nursing.	Carried out at meals and at night.	Correct with regard to males.
Cavan, . . .	None.	None.	Carried out at meals and at night with males.	Correct as to males; defective as to females.
Clare, . . .	None.	None.	Carried out with the males and females.	Imperfect.
Cork County, . . .	None.	None.	Carried out with all the males and most of the females.	Correct as to both sexes.
" City, . . .	None.	None.	None.	Correct.
Dougal, . . .	None.	None.	At night with all.	Imperfect as to females.
Down, . . .	None as yet.	Established for females.	Carried out at meals and at night with males.	Correct as to males.
Dublin County, . . .	None.	None.	None.	Imperfect as to males; very defective as to females.
Dublin City: Richmond Bw. . .	Sanctioned.	—	— [able extent.	— [as yet.
Grangegorman P. . .	None.	None.	Carried out to a considerable extent.	Imperfect.
Fermanagh, . . .	None.	None.	Carried out at meals and at night.	Correct as to males; defective as to females.
Galway County, . . .	None.	None.	None.	Correct as to males; very defective as to females.
" Town, . . .	None.	None.	None.	Imperfect as to males; wholly inadequate as to females.
Kerry, . . .	None.	None.	Carried out to a limited extent.	Imperfectly carried out.
Kildare, . . .	About to be carried out.	—	—	—
Kilkenny County, . . .	With all criminal classes.	None.	None.	Most defective, especially as to females.
" City, . . .	None.	None.	None.	Imperfect as to females.
King's, . . .	None.	Carried out in 8 cells for females.	All sleep and take meals in single cells.	Correct as to males; inadequate as to females.
Lestrin, . . .	None.	None.	Carried out to a limited extent.	Correct as to males; defective as to females.
Limerick County, . . .	None.	Carried out in 17 cells for males and juveniles.	Carried out at night with both sexes.	Correct as to males; defective as to females.
" City, . . .	None.	None.	Occasionally applied to male juveniles.	Very imperfect.
Londonderry, . . .	None.	Carried out with females.	Carried out to a considerable extent with males.	Correct as to males.
Longford, . . .	None.	About to be applied to females.	All sleep singly.	Correct with males; very defective with females as yet.
Louth: Dundalk, . . .	With all criminal classes.	—	—	—
Drogheda, . . .	None.	None.	None.	Miserably defective with both sexes.
Mayo, . . .	None.	None.	Both sexes sleep and take their meals singly.	Defective.
Meath, . . .	None.	None.	Carried out at meals and at night.	Correct as to males; defective as to females.
Monaghan, . . .	None.	None.	Carried out at meals, and at night with all males and a portion of the females.	Correct as to males; defective as to females.
Queen's, . . .	None.	Carried out strictly with all the females.	Carried out with regard to the males.	—
Roscommon, . . .	None.	Carried out in 16 cells for females.	Carried out at meals and at night with males.	Correct as to males; defective as to females.
Sligo, . . .	None.	None.	Carried out at meals and at night in the malesheds.	Correct as to males; defective as to females.
Tipperary: Nenagh, . . .	None.	None.	Carried out with both sexes at meals and at night.	Correct as to both sexes.
Chamuel, . . .	None.	None.	Carried out with regard to the males.	Correct as to males.
Tyrone, . . .	None.	For females.	None.	Correct as to males.
Waterford Co., . . .	None.	None.	All sleep singly.	Correct as to males; defective as to females.
" City, . . .	None.	None.	None.	Imperfect.
Westmeath, . . .	None.	Carried out for females.	Carried out at meals and at night as to males.	Correct as to males.
Wexford, . . .	With both sexes except at school and in chapel.	—	—	—
Wicklow, . . .	None.	None.	Carried out with both sexes.	—

TABLES SHOWING THE CONDITION OF GAOLS—continued.

Gaols.	Education.	Labour.	
		Penitive.	Industrial.
Antrim, . . .	Satisfactory for both sexes.	Crank-pump, now rarely used.	Carried on with great activity.
Armagh, . . .	Satisfactory for both sexes.	None.	Actively maintained.
Carlow, . . .	None.	Tread-wheel.	(hands. Limited from paucity of
Carra, . . .	Satisfactory.	Tread-wheel.	Very limited for both sexes.
Clare, . . .	Satisfactory.	Tread-wheel.	Reduced from paucity of hands.
Cork County, . .	Satisfactory for both sexes.	Tread-wheel, capstan-mill, and pumps.	Actively maintained.
" City, . . .	Satisfactory for both sexes.	Tread-wheel, shot-drill, crank, and stone-breaking.	Fairly maintained.
Donegal, . . .	Satisfactory for males; defective for females.	None, properly so called.	Inefficient for males.
Down, . . .	Satisfactory for males; defective for females.	Shot-drill and stone-breaking.	Actively maintained.
Dublin County, .	Suspended.	Suspended.	Suspended in consequence of the works in progress.
Dublin City: Richmond Bridge.	Satisfactory.	Tread-wheel.	Actively maintained.
Grangegorman P.	Tolerable.	—	Fairly maintained.
Fermanagh, . .	Satisfactory.	Crank-pump.	Fairly maintained.
Galway County, .	Fairly maintained as to males: as to females none.	Tread-wheel.	Limited from paucity of hands, and shortness of sentences.
" Town, . . .	Imperfect as to males: as to females none.	Tread-wheel and stone-breaking.	Very little for males: springing for females.
Kerry, . . .	Satisfactory.	Tread-wheel, capstan, and pump.	Satisfactory.
Kildare, . . .	Schoolmaster appointed.	Suspended.	Suspended in consequence of building.
Kilkenny County, .	Satisfactory.	Tread-wheel, shot-drill, and stone-wheel pump.	Limited.
" City, . . .	None.	Stone-breaking.	None.
King's, . . .	Satisfactory for males; defective for females.	Crank-mill, stone and bone-breaking.	Fairly maintained.
Leitrim, . . .	Fair.	Tread-wheel and pump.	Limited from paucity of hands.
Limerick County, .	Defective as to females.	Tread-wheel.	Fairly maintained.
" City, . . .	Fairly maintained.	Tread-wheel and stone-breaking.	Limited.
Londonderry, . .	Satisfactory for both sexes.	None.	Fairly maintained.
Longford, . . .	Good for males: none for females.	Tread-wheel and crank-mill.	Limited for males from paucity of hands: still more for females.
Louth: Dundalk, . .	Suspended.	Crank-pump: breaking stone.	Inconsiderable.
Drogheda, . . .	None.	None.	None.
Mayo, . . .	Satisfactory for males; defective for females.	Tread-wheel and shot-drill.	Very limited.
Meath, . . .	Satisfactory for males.	Tread-wheel.	Limited from paucity of hands.
Monaghan, . . .	Fair.	Tread-wheel.	Limited from paucity of hands.
Queen's, . . .	Tolerable.	Tread-wheel and stone-breaking.	Actively maintained.
Roscommon, . .	Tolerable for males: none for females.	Tread-wheel and shot-drill.	Very limited.
Sligo, . . .	Fair.	Tread-wheel and shot-drill.	Reduced from paucity of hands.
Tipperary: Nenagh, . .	Fair.	Grinding corn, force-pump, tread-wheel, and shot-drill.	Actively maintained.
Clonmel, . . .	Defective.	Tread-wheel.	Actively maintained.
Tyrone, . . .	Satisfactory.	Tread-wheel.	Actively maintained.
Waterford County, .	Fair.	Tread-wheel.	Actively maintained.
" City, . . .	None.	Tread-wheel and shot-drill.	Tolerably maintained.
Westmeath, . . .	Satisfactorily conducted: defective in inspection.	Shot-drill.	Fairly maintained.
Wexford, . . .	Satisfactory for both sexes.	Pampering and carding.	Fairly maintained.
Wicklow, . . .	Satisfactory.	None.	Fairly maintained.

In conclusion, we deem it proper to call attention to another subject, which imperatively demands legislative amendment, viz., the case of Reformatory Schools. These institutions have now taken root in the country (as evidenced by Table No. 25), and are likely to exercise an influence, which cannot be overestimated, upon the status of juvenile offenders; and it is, therefore, of the highest importance that some defects in the statute (the 21st and 22nd Vic., cap. 103), under which they are established, should be amended, and that some difficulties, which occur in the operation of certain sections, should be obviated. We must not be understood to desire to disturb the reformatory principle in its integrity, or to interfere with the administration of the schools, which are not placed under our inspection; but we should deem it a dereliction of duty, if we failed to notice imperfections, which, if allowed to remain uncorrected, would tend to endanger that very principle—to stultify the dispensers of the law, and to frustrate its application, and, finally, to throw back on our prisons unpunished, or after a wholly inadequate punishment, the worst class of juvenile criminals. The following are the Sections to which we refer, viz.: Sections VII., VIII., IX.

VII. Whenever after the passing of this Act any person shall be convicted of any offence punishable by law (except the offence of vagrancy) before any judge of assize or judges sitting under a Commission of Oyer and Terminer, or before any court of quarter sessions, or before the divisional justices of the Dublin Metropolitan Police District, or before any justice or justices of the peace at petty sessions, under the provisions of the sixth section of "The Summary Jurisdiction (*Ireland*) Act, 1851," whose age shall not, in the opinion of such judge or court, exceed the age of sixteen years, then and in every such case it shall be lawful for the judge or court, or the divisional justices, or the justices at petty sessions as aforesaid, before or by whom such offender shall be so convicted, in addition to the sentence then and there passed as a punishment for his or her offence, to direct such offender to be sent, at the expiration of such sentence, to some one of the aforesaid reformatory schools the directors or managers of which shall be willing to receive such offender, and to be there detained for a period not less than one year and not exceeding five years; and such offender shall be liable to be detained pursuant to such direction: Provided always, that no offender shall be directed to be so sent and detained as aforesaid unless the sentence passed as a punishment for his offence at the expiration of which he is directed to be so sent and detained shall be one of imprisonment for fourteen days at the least; and provided also, that no such offender shall be liable or directed to be sent to any such reformatory, except to some one reformatory under the exclusive management of persons of the same religious persuasion as that professed by the parents or guardians of such juvenile offender; and in all cases in which the religion of the parents or guardians of such juvenile offender is unknown, the said juvenile offender shall be considered as belonging to that religious persuasion in which he or she shall appear to have been baptized, or of which he or she shall profess to be a follower: Provided also, that in case the court which shall order such offender to be so sent and detained as aforesaid shall think it right to sentence such offender to a previous term of imprisonment to which such offender shall have been sentenced as a punishment for his or her offence, such term of imprisonment shall be

directed to be carried out and spent, as far as is practicable, in strict separation.

VIII. It shall not be necessary, at the time of passing sentence, for any such judge or court to name the particular school to which such offender is to be sent, but it shall be sufficient for such judge or court to direct that such offender be sent to such school (being a school duly certified under the Act, and the directors or managers of which may be willing to receive him,) as may thereafter, and before the expiration of the term of imprisonment (if any) to which such offender has been sentenced, be directed by one of the judges or by the justices of the court before whom such offender shall be so convicted.

IX. Any such court, having made an order under the authority of this Act for sending any offender to any reformatory, may make a supplemental order, if the court shall so think fit, at any time thereafter, and before the expiration of the term of imprisonment (if any) to which such offender has been sentenced, exchanging the name of such reformatory for the name of any other reformatory to which such offender might in the first instance legally have been sent, provided the directors or managers of such reformatory be willing to receive such offender, and such offender shall be sent to such last-mentioned school accordingly.

It is to be observed that a conflict exists between sections VII., VIII., and IX., the former prescribing a term of *imprisonment of at least fourteen days* as a necessary preliminary to the sending of juveniles to a reformatory; and the two latter containing the words "*if any*," in reference to such imprisonment. We fear, if the judge or court, relying on these *conditional* sections, were to send an offender *direct* to a reformatory, that such a direction would be held to be illegal; and that, moreover, there would be no warrant for detaining the prisoner in gaol after the issuing of the order. There seems to be no doubt that those words, "*if any*," were permitted to remain by inadvertence, having been struck out of section VII. when passing through Committee, and that they ought, therefore, to be expunged from all.

Secondly, great inconvenience has been experienced in consequence of the judge or court being bound *before the expiration of the imprisonment*, when of the very short duration prescribed as the *minimum*, to name a particular reformatory. Vacancies in the reformatory so named may be known to exist, and the authorities are thus led to believe that no indisposition will be shown on the part of the manager to receive the offender, whereas in practice it appears that exceptions are *frequently* taken, no less than *ten* out of *seventy-two* juveniles in the single prison of Richmond Bridewell (in the city of Dublin) having been rejected in the course of last year, on the several grounds of inaccuracy in measuring their ages, of the shortness of the term of detention ordered (the managers being universally of opinion that no permanent results can be obtained in *one* year), and of bodily infirmities. In other gaols, moreover, instances have occurred of refusal on similar grounds, and on the score of the magnitude of the crime of which the offenders were convicted, as being by such rendered unfit associates for those, who had been found guilty of only minor delinquencies; and in one locality the judge omitted to name any reformatory. *In all these cases* the juveniles were absolutely discharged, and turned loose upon the

community immediately after the completion of the very brief and inadequate imprisonment, which had been awarded as a mere preliminary, and solely for the purpose of fulfilling the required antecedent qualification. We submit, therefore, that these difficulties, and those of a similar character which might arise, would be removed by enacting that all sentences should be passed in the *alternative*, i.e., that the judge or court should pronounce such sentence of imprisonment as would have been awarded *if no reformatories existed*, with the proviso attached, that in the event of the manager of any duly certified reformatory (*without specification*) being willing to receive the offenders, a detention therein should be substituted for a portion of such imprisonment, leaving it in the hands of the Inspector of Reformatories and of the Inspectors-General of Prisons to determine the best mode of obtaining the requisite information as to the age, health, and character of the persons to be dealt with, and as to the amount of accommodation procurable in the several schools.

Thirdly, there is one other section, which, in our judgment, involves an anomaly, and unjustly affects the county and borough prisons.

XIV. And whereas it is expedient that some provision should be made for the punishment of any juvenile offender so directed to be detained as aforesaid in any such reformatory school who shall abscond therefrom, or wilfully neglect or refuse to abide by and conform to the rules thereof: Be it enacted, that it shall and may be lawful to and for any justice of the peace or magistrate in petty sessions, or police magistrate, acting in and for the county, city, borough, riding or division wherein the said offender shall actually be at the time he or she shall so abscond, or neglect or refuse as aforesaid, upon the proof thereof made before him upon the oath of one credible witness, by warrant under his hand and seal to commit the party so offending for every such offence to any gaol or house of correction for the said county, city, borough, riding, or division, with or without hard labour, for any period not exceeding six calendar months, such period of imprisonment to be passed, as far as is practicable, in strict separation; and such offender shall, at the termination of such imprisonment, be transmitted to the same reformatory to which he or she was originally sentenced, if the directors or managers shall be then willing to receive such offender, there to complete the full term of his or her original sentence.

We are unwilling to discuss the vexed question of penal reformatories; but we conceive it to be a matter of regret that no legal power whatever is now vested in the managers of the schools to punish even the most trifling violations of the rules; and that it is, consequently, imperative on them to take cognizance of such cases through magisterial intervention, the result of which is, the transmittal of the offender to the *common* gaol of the locality, in which the reformatory stands, for a term of imprisonment not exceeding six months, "to be passed, as far as is practicable, in strict separation."

Now, we have shown above, that in *six* only of the *forty-one* gaols under our supervision is "individual separation" for both sexes already established, and we apprehend, therefore, that, if a juvenile were withdrawn from the advantages of reformatory treatment, and consigned to a prison on the "associative principle,"

such advantages would be entirely nullified in this interval, and that the managers in the exercise of their discretionary powers would, naturally enough, be unwilling to receive back one, who had been exposed to the action of the contaminating influences, which we have reported to prevail, where no means of isolation are provided. Further, the knowledge of this unwillingness would probably soon be found to operate as an inducement to juveniles *under direction to be detained* for the full term of five years, to commit such offences as would lead to imprisonment, which, at the utmost, would endure but for six months, while, on the other hand, the element of parental responsibility and liability to contribution (one of the most valuable in the Act) would be destroyed, inasmuch as such contribution would cease immediately upon the removal of the offender to prison.

Lastly, on behalf of the authorities of the gaols over which our inspection extends, we would point out the hardship which they suffer under this enactment; for we have ascertained, by inquiry in the proper quarter, that for juveniles thus imprisoned for offences perpetrated in reformatories, neither the weekly subsidy allocated to these institutions, nor the contribution to the cost of the maintenance, &c., of convicted prisoners (under the late Sir Robert Peel's grant), from the Consolidated Fund, nor a repayment on the part of the county, *from* which the offenders were originally committed, would be obtained, but that the sole expense of such maintenance would fall upon the *local* rate-payers, and we would particularly instance the county of Wicklow, within the boundary of which is situated the sole reformatory (viz., that of Glencree) which has hitherto been certified for Roman Catholic *males* in this kingdom. We venture, therefore, to throw out for consideration that either a penal ward should be annexed to each reformatory, or that a *central* penal reformatory should be established, or that quarters should be prepared in a convict prison for juveniles, to be subjected to special discipline, and that in the latter two cases the principle of parental liability should be retained, as well as the subsidy referred to above. These suggestions we, of course, intend to apply solely to those, whose offences are not of such a character as to efface all hope of reformation; for even at the early age, to which the Act is limited, there are to be found precocious criminals of so deep a dye, and so thoroughly depraved, and hardened, as to be wholly beyond the reach of the slight coercion, and of the gentler influences of the reformatory system, and to be fit subjects only for the severest forms of penal discipline.

We have to express our confident expectation that, if by the remedies submitted, or by any others, which may be considered preferable, the obstructions to the free and salutary action of the reformatory principle enumerated above, shall be removed, the schools will be placed on a more satisfactory and permanent basis, and will be rendered more valuable adjuncts to, or substitutes for, our county and borough prisons.

J. CORRY CONNELLAN.

FELTON F. W. HERVEY.

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TABLE I.—NUMBER of COMMITTEES to the several County and Town

COUNTY AND TOWN GALES.	CONVICTIONS.																				
	At Assizes and Quarter Sessions.						Summary.						Under Revenue Laws.		Under Poor Law Act.		By Court-Martial, Boards.	Under Vagrant Acts.		Drunkards.	
	Felons.	Misdemeanors.	Criminal Lunatics.	Offenders under Larceny Act.	Misdemeanors.	Dangerous Lunatics.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.		M.	F.		
Antrim, ...	14	6	32	19	158	133	631	737	26	18	9	6	10	1	4	74	24	19	243	230	
Armagh, ...	20	7	22	8	51	50	135	79	16	7	2	2	1	1	5	2	8	79	131		
Carlow, ...	8	7	14	5	5	8	46	22	2	1	1	1	1	1	8	10	4	121	17		
Cavan, ...	9	10	15	1	13	12	104	26	21	16	6	1	1	1	7	4	1	99	31		
Clare, ...	9	1	22	11	12	14	41	40	12	16	1	2	3	1	1	7	8	9	7		
Cork County, ...	35	22	39	24	81	65	518	169	12	14	2	1	32	15	73	1	3	22	20		
" City, ...	27	27	7	5	59	37	140	829	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	83	8	16	1		
Donegal, ...	5	8	39	3	1	2	170	25	29	12	31	12	4	2	4	4	2	78	35		
Down, ...	22	22	25	2	1	24	24	97	103	24	13	1	1	1	2	2	11	43	59		
Dublin County, ...	12	9	11	7	1	1	35	8	219	316	12	16	1	1	1	10	40	97	63	77	122
Dublin City : Richmond B., ...	100	55	1	1	324	1	834	39	1	1	1	1	1	1	119	112	1	408	1,422		
Grangegegan P., ...	130	22	1	1	20	1	1,708	58	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	288	1,422		
Perranagh, ...	18	5	13	5	3	7	80	28	10	7	3	1	4	1	1	1	1	61	56		
Galway County, ...	18	6	12	1	6	13	67	55	19	5	1	1	4	8	1	7	12	10	29		
" Town, ...	4	3	15	2	21	17	112	102	10	2	3	1	12	1	5	22	40	22	123		
Kerry, ...	14	6	27	1	21	19	163	81	4	3	1	12	3	1	6	6	2	83	68		
Kildare, Nass, ...	33	14	4	1	19	13	81	84	4	2	1	1	1	1	2	46	2	70	32		
" Athy, ...	34	3	0	1	19	13	41	59	6	1	1	1	1	1	4	3	5	81	29		
Kilkenny County, ...	8	0	0	1	14	10	59	127	6	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	7	22	0		
" City, ...	7	1	4	1	42	49	36	10	2	4	1	1	1	1	1	16	117	159	89		
King's, ...	27	6	12	1	8	34	109	17	8	5	1	4	3	1	6	3	8	73	29		
Lancaster, ...	7	5	28	1	6	5	72	25	8	1	2	4	2	1	2	1	48	21			
Limerick County, ...	2	1	68	14	23	20	97	34	15	6	1	2	8	1	7	1	4	51	2		
" City, ...	10	4	7	4	282	103	134	190	1	1	1	1	1	1	35	20	24	245	140		
Londonderry, ...	21	9	20	1	18	14	94	61	11	5	3	1	1	1	7	4	6	128	240		
Longford, ...	2	5	21	1	18	7	85	2	2	1	10	5	1	1	9	1	27	37	9		
Louth, Dundalk, ...	4	5	8	2	19	11	49	71	11	10	1	3	1	1	19	1	4	23	134		
" Drogheda, ...	2	1	4	1	9	6	15	14	2	3	1	1	1	1	11	1	21	24	94		
Mayo, ...	10	22	105	13	4	4	250	62	18	24	12	2	1	2	2	17	1	43	18		
Meath, ...	2	1	4	3	14	6	55	82	6	6	1	5	5	1	13	2	4	43	21		
Monaghan, ...	8	12	32	1	14	18	78	38	14	7	1	1	1	1	1	1	103	36			
Queen's, ...	6	5	20	3	8	5	116	41	9	4	1	1	1	1	11	2	1	200	11		
Roscommon, ...	10	18	31	1	8	4	90	38	12	8	1	1	1	1	2	1	8	20	22		
Sligo, ...	8	9	23	1	4	4	102	21	5	2	10	6	1	1	8	11	9	66	17		
Tip., Nenagh, ...	10	8	37	5	24	17	50	22	31	8	1	11	2	1	3	5	8	248	28		
Tip., Clonmel, ...	28	19	27	1	20	22	186	217	8	7	3	17	8	1	8	10	8	301	207		
Tyrone, ...	10	17	13	2	10	11	162	40	1	1	1	1	1	1	4	14	44	87	27		
Waterford County, ...	11	8	9	1	18	8	57	18	4	1	1	1	1	1	17	8	8	11	7		
" City, ...	6	7	5	1	18	16	44	98	16	1	1	1	1	1	8	6	6	31	239		
Westmeath, ...	14	4	14	1	11	14	126	28	8	1	1	4	3	2	7	5	20	158	28		
Wexford, ...	17	19	13	1	18	20	69	36	18	8	3	2	3	1	13	9	3	80	32		
Wicklow, ...	8	2	9	2	15	4	38	15	10	8	1	2	4	1	2	4	1	91	3		
Total Males, ...	658	1022	17	1	1,417	5,514	489	114	169	130	183	408	1	829	1,000	1	4,063				
Total Females, ...	680	1093	4	1	1,222	5,135	298	43	110	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1			
Total M. and F., ...	1,338	2,115	21	2	2,639	10,649	787	157	279	131	184	409	2	830	1,001	2	4,064				

Gaols during the year 1859, by Sexes and Classes of Crime.

TOTAL.		Not Convicted.										TOTAL.		United Prisoners in custody on 31st Dec., 1859.		TOTAL.		
		Felon.				Misdemeanants.				For further Examination.								
		Acquit- ted.	No Bill or no Prosecu- tion.	Acquit- ted.	No Bill or no Prosecu- tion.													
M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.F.P.
1,311	1,860	1	3	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1,450	1,414	2,794		
508	256	4	3	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	572	281	633		
218	61	2	3	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	247	85	332		
278	143	2	3	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	344	103	431		
117	94	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	185	114	290		
618	308	17	1	4	1	7	8	3	3	23	14	37	34	10	8	868	340	1,098
202	433	8	10	1	0	3	2	1	1	8	10	13	28	11	323	474	797	
293	100	6	2	3	1	2	1	1	1	16	2	31	8	2	326	365	451	
236	228	1	7	2	1	1	1	1	1	45	28	43	36	10	5	311	282	392
463	501	11	1	7	2	4	3	4	1	38	14	81	20	1	1	530	611	1,141
2,112	2,860	78	29	39	14	39	14	39	14	391	420	18	15	2,893	2,893	5,786		
108	108	2	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	41	29	50	27	8	8	241	128	369
185	142	3	1	14	2	6	4	3	2	12	4	38	14	2	2	229	161	390
220	203	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	34	14	62	15	3	3	337	218	793
304	174	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	28	13	32	18	11	4	249	181	349
712	194	3	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	22	23	40	31	9	1	260	226	486
140	143	3	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	26	10	34	11	1	1	179	134	313
143	89	3	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	27	13	36	14	2	1	179	73	252
263	274	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	50	49	44	43	1	1	281	227	611
291	98	4	2	1	1	2	1	1	1	23	1	23	3	11	1	290	104	394
167	90	3	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	23	6	29	8	7	5	242	103	345
301	90	0	1	1	1	14	2	7	4	23	15	36	23	7	5	284	123	407
723	485	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	2	324	538	783	534	8	9	1,337	1,032	2,569
807	243	1	2	2	1	1	1	1	1	74	45	77	47	18	1	337	291	723
233	54	2	1	2	2	1	1	1	1	63	23	87	32	2	1	282	87	378
200	200	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	27	7	42	7	3	1	251	216	467
83	137	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	23	3	33	7	1	1	94	120	267
533	240	10	8	33	16	40	8	113	13	13	7	234	60	10	4	708	260	972
154	112	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	17	2	31	4	8	2	181	119	300
274	89	2	2	2	2	4	1	1	1	38	2	47	8	4	4	227	131	426
278	72	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	39	8	76	14	8	2	361	82	450
190	161	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	20	4	43	4	8	1	220	104	345
231	70	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	42	10	43	27	1	4	282	82	368
413	38	2	2	2	1	2	2	10	0	31	9	31	28	1	1	470	221	331
612	444	4	5	1	2	2	1	1	1	103	59	111	66	12	11	803	521	1,324
321	149	7	6	8	4	1	1	3	1	23	4	37	23	5	4	362	168	531
118	48	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	8	0	8	8	1	1	127	54	182
181	277	3	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	28	9	27	10	5	3	220	230	450
343	124	1	1	1	1	1	1	4	1	11	2	18	5	8	2	271	131	502
220	179	4	7	2	3	1	1	1	1	23	19	30	30	18	7	278	182	440
200	32	2	2	1	1	1	1	4	0	4	1	19	12	5	7	222	57	279
14,406	17,450	211	144	179	218	218	218	2,437	1,540	3,185	1,605	230	146	17,445	14,297	32,142		
26,852	350	234	242	274	3,785	4,894	580											

TABLE II.—NUMBER of INDIVIDUALS committed to the several County and Town year, and also the Number of these Individuals

COUNTY AND TOWN GAOLS.	CONVICTS (EXCLUSIVE OF MILITARY PRISONERS, LUNATICS, VAGRANTS, AND DRUNKARDS.)															
	Committed in 1850.										Number of				No. of the recurring Individuals committed for the first time in 1850.	
	Once.		Twice.		Three times.		Four times.		Five times and upwards.		Individuals.		Commitals.			
	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.
Antrim, ...	610	401	67	91	20	33	7	22	3	24	745	574	890	934	507	210
Armagh, ...	178	95	14	10	2	9					194	111	212	125	148	60
Carlow, ...	70	94	1	1	1	1					72	83	75	39	59	27
Cavan, ...	144	41	2	5							146	45	148	51	137	41
Clare, ...	83	23	2	9		0		3			85	41	87	71	71	35
Cork County, ...	451	169	16	30	5	8		3		3	472	304	498	271	384	100
" City, ...	217	269	12	38	3	9	1	3		1	233	350	254	619	187	86
Donegal, ...	201	28	20	10							221	38	241	48	203	36
Down, ...	107	113	4	12	1	3	1	2			173	130	182	154	146	66
Dublin County, . . .	238	100	12	21	3	7	3	3	1	10	257	211	288	303	203	106
Dublin City:																
Richmond B.,	1,080		20		10		8		1		1,202		1,303		754	
Grangegorman P.,		822		139		82		29		78		1,503		2,500		522
Fermanagh, ...	100	35	7	3	1						108	42	117	45	66	35
Galway County, . . .	143	77	2	5	4	2		4			149	88	159	104	158	73
" Town, ...	136	83	12	7	2	2	1	3		2	151	97	170	125	86	43
Kerry, ...	225	57	0	5				2		2	231	68	237	87	164	41
Kildare, Nass, . . .	67	86	7	7	2	2				1	70	96	87	111	77	85
" Athy, ...	70	55	5	16		3		3			75	77	89	168	70	53
Kilkenny County, . .	88	39	1	1							89	40	90	41	62	33
" City, ...	66	58	2	1				1			67	60	69	64	8	10
King's, ...	133	5	4	3							137	53	161	56	133	50
Leitrim, ...	97	29	4	2	2			1			108	32	111	37	88	16
Limerick County, . .	139	69	18	7	4						161	70	187	83	154	67
" City, ...	280	160	40	32	21	17	13	11			803	210	403	309	194	119
Londonderry, ...	127	94	10	5	2	3	1	1			140	73	157	87	135	53
Longford, ...	112	9	11	3	1	1	1				125	13	141	13	91	8
Louth, Dundalk, . .	66	30	2	6	3	1	1	5		3	72	51	83	91	45	29
" Drogheda, . . .	39	12		3	1	2					21	17	23	24	13	8
Mayo, ...	454	98	8	6							467	102	493	106	445	90
Meath, ...	63	22	6	7	2	3	1	4		4	72	40	85	81	39	11
Monaghan, ...	128	47	4	2		1					132	50	136	54	114	37
Queen's, ...	139	48	6	3		1	1				146	52	155	67	132	44
Roscommon, ...	184	25	2	19	1						141	64	145	63	131	38
Sligo, ...	123	33	8	4	3						130	37	153	41	107	23
Tipperary, Nenagh, .	128	48	7	3							135	51	142	54	116	43
Tipperary, Clonmel, .	103	147	7	25	2	14	2	7		11	174	204	291	322	150	67
Tyrone, ...	198	63	6	5							204	72	210	78	153	49
Waterford County, .	71	30									71	30	71	30	70	29
" City, ...	48	43	11	15	1	5		5		2	60	70	73	121	46	21
Westmeath, ...	152	42	3	2	1	1	1				157	45	162	49	141	40
Wexford, ...	90	44	6	9	2	5		1		1	104	60	114	55	103	70
Wicklow, ...	88	21	2	2							90	25	92	27	63	16
Total Males, ...	7,357		407		109		40		7		7,070		8,001		6,009	
Total Females, . . .		3,911		622		220		118		147		5,018		7,236		2,703
Total M. and F., . .	11,208		1,079		329		158		154		12,088		16,137		8,835	

Gaols in 1859, and the number of times each of them was committed within the committed for the first time in 1859, by Sexes, Offences, &c.

MILITARY PRISONERS.							LUNACY.										COUNTY AND TOWN GAOLS.				
Committed in 1859.			Number of		No. of the foregoing committed for the first time in 1859.	Committed in 1859.					Number of		No. of the foregoing committed for the first time in 1859.								
Once.	Twice.	Three times.	Individuals.	Committed.		Once.	Twice.	Three times.	Individuals.	Committed.											
M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.							
78	5	5	5	5	78	5	5	5	5	17	13	1	1	2	20	14	25	15	18	11	Astrim.
5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	8	5	1	1	1	9	6	17	7	5	5	Armagh.
5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	4	1	1	1	1	4	1	4	1	4	1	Carlow.
5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	19	10	1	1	1	27	16	21	19	17	7	Cavan.
5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	16	8	1	1	1	11	9	12	10	8	6	Clare.
5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	12	14	1	1	1	12	14	12	14	11	14	Cork County.
5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	" City.
5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	18	14	2	1	1	18	14	20	16	14	8	Donegal.
5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	24	17	24	18	23	24	17	24	18	23	17	Down.
46	2	46	2	46	50	42	13	11	1	13	11	1	1	1	13	11	13	11	10	8	Dublin County.
117	1	118	119	117	20	40	2	1	1	38	40	1	1	1	38	40	1	1	24	22	Dublin City :
1	1	1	1	1	7	7	1	1	1	9	7	10	7	7	9	7	10	7	7	7	Richmond B.
1	1	1	1	1	11	3	1	1	1	11	4	11	5	11	11	4	11	5	11	3	Grangegeorge P.
5	5	5	5	5	8	2	1	1	1	9	2	10	2	7	9	2	10	2	7	1	Fernanagh.
6	6	6	6	6	4	3	1	1	1	4	3	4	3	2	4	3	4	3	2	2	Kerry.
48	48	48	48	48	4	2	1	1	1	4	2	4	2	4	4	2	4	2	4	2	Kildare, New.
4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	" Athy.
3	3	3	3	3	19	0	1	1	1	19	0	19	0	10	19	0	19	0	10	5	Kilkenny County.
13	13	13	13	13	3	4	1	1	1	3	4	3	4	4	3	4	3	4	4	4	" City.
0	0	0	0	0	6	8	5	1	1	8	5	8	5	8	8	5	8	5	8	5	King's.
2	2	2	2	2	2	8	1	1	1	8	1	8	1	8	14	5	15	6	13	4	Lethrim.
7	7	7	7	7	6	13	4	1	1	14	5	15	6	13	1	1	1	1	1	1	Limerick County.
38	38	38	38	38	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	11	5	11	5	9	5	" City.
7	7	7	7	7	11	5	1	1	1	11	5	11	5	9	2	2	2	2	2	2	Londonberry.
6	6	6	6	6	5	2	1	1	1	10	10	11	10	7	10	10	11	10	7	10	Lonsford.
19	19	19	19	19	19	9	10	1	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	Louth, Dundalk.
13	13	13	13	13	12	1	1	1	1	17	23	18	24	15	17	23	18	24	15	20	" Drogheda.
22	22	22	22	22	16	22	1	1	1	17	23	18	24	15	0	8	6	6	5	6	Maye.
13	13	13	13	13	0	6	1	1	1	0	8	6	6	5	0	8	6	6	5	6	Meath.
21	21	21	21	21	12	7	1	1	1	13	7	14	7	12	13	7	14	7	12	7	Mounaghan.
11	11	11	11	11	7	4	1	1	1	8	4	9	4	8	8	4	9	4	8	4	Queen's.
2	2	2	2	2	12	8	1	1	1	12	8	12	8	9	5	3	5	3	3	3	Roscommon.
2	2	2	2	2	17	8	2	1	1	19	8	21	8	17	19	8	21	8	17	7	Sligo.
8	8	8	8	8	11	7	1	1	1	11	7	11	7	11	1	1	1	1	1	1	Tipperary, Newagh.
9	9	9	9	9	4	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	5	1	5	1	3	1	Tipperary, Glanville.
21	21	21	21	21	5	1	1	1	1	5	1	5	1	3	5	1	5	1	3	1	Tyrone.
9	9	9	9	9	10	1	1	1	1	10	1	10	1	10	8	1	8	1	8	1	Waterford County.
9	9	9	9	9	8	1	1	1	1	8	1	8	1	8	8	1	8	1	8	1	" City.
11	11	11	11	11	13	4	1	1	1	13	4	13	4	13	10	8	11	8	8	4	Wexford.
1	1	1	1	1	9	8	1	1	1	10	8	11	8	8	1	1	1	1	1	6	Wicklow.
689	0	1	683	702	647	407	270	17	12	427	29	400	306	364	236	236	236	236	236	236	Total Males.
689	0	1	683	702	647	407	270	17	12	427	29	400	306	364	236	236	236	236	236	236	Total Females.
689	0	1	683	702	647	407	270	17	12	427	29	400	306	364	236	236	236	236	236	236	Total M. and F.

[continued.]

TABLE II. continued.—NUMBER of INDIVIDUALS committed to the several County and the year, by

COUNTY AND TOWN GALES.	VAGRANTS.															
	Committed during 1859.										Number of				No. of the recroing Individuals committed for the first time in 1859.	
	Once.		Twice.		Three times.		Four times.		Five times and upwards.		Individuals.		Committals.			
	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.		
Antrim, ...	13	12	2	3	.	.	1	.	.	.	16	15	24	19	6	9
Armagh, ...	2	3	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	2	3	2	3	1	3
Carlow, ...	10	4	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	10	4	10	4	10	4
Cavan, ...	4	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	4	1	4	1	4	1
Clare, ...	7	6	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	7	6	7	6	5	5
Cork County, . .	9	3	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	9	3	9	3	7	3
" City, ...	9	16	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	9	16	9	16	8	14
Demergal, ...	.	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	2	.	2	.	2
Down, ...	3	11	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	3	11	3	11	2	6
Dublin County, .	29	47	1	1	2	2	2	.	.	.	32	52	37	53	20	26
Dublin City:																
Richmond B., .	61	.	6	3	.	.	.	.	.	.	100	.	112	.	61	.
Grangegorman P.,	.	101	.	41	.	16	6	.	4	.	.	108	.	285	.	54
Fermanagh, . . .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Galway County, .	6	9	1	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	6	11	7	13	8	6
" Town, ...	18	35	2	2	.	.	.	1	.	.	26	38	22	43	17	26
Kerry, ...	8	8	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	0	3	0	3	2	2
Kildare, Nass, .	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	2	.	2	.	1	.
" Athy, ...	3	6	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	3	6	3	5	3	5
Kilkenny County, .	9	7	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	9	7	9	7	6	1
" City, ...	8	72	2	8	1	3	0	.	.	.	12	88	16	117	1	12
King's, ...	8	8	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	3	8	3	8	3	8
Lekrin, ...	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	1	.	.
Limerick County, .	1	2	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	3	1	4	1	1
" City, ...	16	31	4	3	1	1	1	.	.	.	16	35	25	30	16	25
Londonderry, . .	4	5	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	4	5	4	5	4	5
Longford, ...	1	14	.	2	.	1	.	.	1	.	1	18	1	27	1	4
Louth, Dundalk, .	.	4	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	4	.	4	.	2
" Drogheda, . .	1	13	.	7	.	.	1	.	.	.	1	21	1	31	.	3
Mayo, ...	12	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	12	1	12	1	12	1
Meath, ...	2	4	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	2	4	2	4	.	.
Monaghan, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Queen's, ...	1	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	1	1	1	1	1
Rosecommon, . .	1	5	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	1	6	1	8	.	5
Sligo, ...	7	5	.	2	.	1	.	.	.	.	3	7	11	9	3	5
Tipperary, Nenagh, .	5	8	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	0	8	0	8	5	8
Tipperary, Clonmel, .	5	8	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	0	8	10	8	5	8
Tyrone, ...	11	34	.	2	1	2	.	.	.	.	12	38	14	44	9	18
Waterford County, .	8	3	.	1	.	1	.	.	.	.	8	5	8	8	0	2
" City, ...	5	6	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	5	6	5	6	3	2
Westmeath, . . .	2	17	.	2	1	9	1	.	1	.	3	23	5	36	2	2
Wexford, ...	9	3	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	9	3	9	3	0	3
Wicklow, ...	4	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	4	.	4	.	3	.
Total Males, . .	323	.	19	.	9	.	3	.	.	.	354	.	403	.	230	.
Total Females, .	.	503	.	77	.	20	.	10	.	6	.	630	.	852	.	284
Total M. and F. .	825		96		28		13		6		684		1,255		523	

Town Gaols in 1859, and the number of times each of them was committed within Sexes, Offences, &c.

Drunkenness.																				County and Town Gaols.	
Committed in 1859.										Number of				No. of the recurring Individuals committed for the first time in 1859.							
Once.		Twice.		Three times.		Four times.		Five times and upwards.		Individuals.		Committals.									
M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.						
237	297	17	41	4	8			6	2	250	272	285	395	213	192	Antrim.					
57	27	8	19		7			2	1	64	32	79	104	37	8	Armagh.					
107	12	5	1	2	1	1		1		102	14	121	17	10	12	Carlow.					
57	30	3	8	2	5	4	3	2	3	98	44	99	81	53	20	Cavan.					
9	5		1							9	6	9	7	6		Clare.					
20	20	1								21	20	22	20	12	19	Cork County.					
																City.					
19	10	2	1		2			1	1	23	14	28	33	18	3	Donegal.					
41	23	1	6		4				1	42	37	43	55	26	11	Down.					
64	50	4	21		2			1	7	90	89	77	132	24	15	Dublin County.					
																Dublin City:					
433		17	4		2			2		438		495		431		Richmond B.					
	245		100		71		33		85		544		1,112		97	Grangeborough P.					
43	40	6	8	2						51	48	61	56	47	30	Fermanagh.					
8	11	1			3					9	14	16	20	6	10	Galway County.					
61	34	2	9	4	1		2	2	9	69	49	92	123	31	9	" Town.					
46	15	2		1			6		4	49	23	53	61	20	1	Kerry.					
10	21	6	7	4	7			1	5	51	45	70	81	46	23	Kildare, Nana.					
37	12	4	3	2	1				1	49	17	51	56	37	12	" Athy.					
22	6									22	6	22	5	11	3	Kilkenny County.					
135	55	2	5		4		3			137	67	139	89	16	8	" City.					
63	13	3	1	1			1		2	67	17	72	29	63	13	King's.					
44	24	1	2		1				2	45	29	46	51	23	19	Leitrim.					
31	8	7		2						40	3	61	3	32	3	Limerick County.					
96	87	31	16	6	6	5	3			141	111	263	146	116	85	" City.					
79	47	8	22	5	4	1	5	2	17	95	96	128	246	80	41	Londonderry.					
49	4	4	1	2	1	1				56	6	67	9	32	5	Longford.					
60	9	7	3	2	4	1	2		7	79	25	93	104	59	7	Louth, Dundalk.					
20	19	1	2		1	1	5		4	29	25	23	94	11	6	" Drogheda.					
43	7				1					43	12	45	18	26	4	Mayo.					
36	11	2		1	2			1	1	40	14	48	22	7	11	Meath.					
69	18	5	4	2	1	1		2	1	79	24	106	38	54	8	Monaghan.					
72		5	3	3		1		1	1	83	4	100	11	81	3	Queen's.					
21	14	3		1			2			25	16	30	23	22	11	Roscommon.					
43	6	6	4		1					49	11	50	17	31	4	Sligo.					
175	18	13	3	1		2	1	4		195	22	243	28	163	16	Tipperary, Nenagh.					
545	78	1	3	2	3		1	2	2	348	87	311	107	103	46	Tipperary, Clonmel.					
60	10	10	4	1	1	1				72	21	67	27	43	7	Tyrona.					
11	4				1					11	5	11	7	10	2	Waterford County.					
37	33	8	12	1	6	1	3	2	10	69	73	91	250	50	4	" City.					
127	13	2	8	3	2	2	2	2	1	136	21	168	38	121	9	Westmeath.					
61	7	8	2	1	4				1	70	15	80	92	71	9	Wexford.					
53	1	9	1	2		1		2		67	2	91	3	26	1	Wicklow.					
3,082		210		64		25		31		3,267		3,950		2,423		Total Males.					
	1,326		316		154		80		188		1,988		4,968		784	Total Females.					
4,298		525		218		105		219		5,255		8,918		3,207		Total M. and F.					

(continued.)

TABLE II. *continued.*—NUMBER of INDIVIDUALS committed to the several County and Town Gaols in 1859, and the number of times each of them was committed within the year, &c.

COUNTY AND TOWN GAOLS.	NOT COMMITTED, UNTRIED, &c.															
	Committed in 1859.										Number of				No. of the foregoing Individuals committed for the first time in 1859.	
	Once.		Twice.		Three times.		Four times.		Five times and upwards.		Individuals.		Committals.			
	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.		
Antrim, ...	54	29	4								58	29	69	51	43	17
Armagh, ...	52	43	9	1							61	44	64	45	51	23
Carlow, ...	20	24									29	24	29	24	23	24
Cavan, ...	65	25									65	25	65	25	65	25
Clare, ...	69	18									69	18	69	18	29	5
Cork County, . .	73	39									73	39	73	39	66	23
City, ...	21	39									21	39	21	39	20	35
Donegal, ...	33	5									33	5	33	5	31	4
Down, ...	53	32	1	4							54	40	55	44	49	29
Dublin County, †	63	20	1								64	20	65	29	54	15
Dublin City, Richmond B. Grangegorman P. .	463		4								467		471		338	
Fermanagh, . .		177		33		19		9	2		240		240			103
Galway County, .	46	29	13	4							49	28	53	30	44	21
" Town, . . .	41	19									41	19	41	19	39	19
" County, . .	62	15			1						86	15	88	15	50	14
Kerry, ...	37	12	3	1		1					49	14	43	17	27	8
Kildare, Ness, .	49	32									49	32	49	32	42	26
Athy, ...	36	11									36	11	36	11	36	11
Kilkenny County, .	36	14									36	14	36	14	30	10
" City, . . .	42	46	1	2		1					43	49	44	53	7	4
King's, ...	40	6									40	6	40	6	40	6
Lisburn, ...	37	13									37	13	37	13	25	9
Limerick County, .	53	19	5	4							58	23	108	27	94	51
" City, . . .	264	424	53	39	14	11	8	6			667	474	775	547	483	451
Londonderry, . .	54	37	9	4	6	1					69	42	90	48	41	20
Longford, . . .	56	28	5	1	1	1					60	30	69	33	42	25
Louth, Dundalk, .	44	5	2	1							46	6	44	7	42	4
" Drogheda, .	21	7	1								22	7	23	7	17	4
Mayo, ...	234	54									234	54	234	54	230	53
Meath, ...	24	6			1						25	6	27	6	15	5
Monaghan, . . .	51	12									51	12	51	12	51	12
Queen's, ...	83	16	1								84	16	85	16	83	15
Roscommon, . .	47	5	1								48	5	49	5	46	4
Sligo, ...	32	9	5	2	1	1	1				39	12	40	10	26	7
Tipperary, Nenagh, .	55	23	1								56	23	57	23	56	19
Tipperary, Clonmel, .	110	54	3	7	2	2					116	64	122	77	87	25
Tyrone, ...	49	19	1								41	19	43	19	29	13
Waterford County, .	11	9									11	9	11	9	8	1
" City, . . .	23	7		3							32	10	32	13	32	3
Westmeath, . . .	26	7									26	7	26	7	26	7
Wexford, ...	34	21	3	2	3	1		1			40	26	49	37	43	32
Wicklow, ...	29	19									22	19	22	19	6	13
Total Males, . .	3,082		113		29		9				3,333		3,439		2,801	
Total Females, .		1,419		102		89		16				1,579		1,841		1,163
Total M. and F. .	4,501		215		68		25		8		4,812		5,280		3,724	

REMARKS ON TABLE II.—NUMBER OF INDIVIDUALS COMMITTED TO THE SEVERAL COUNTY AND TOWN GAOLS IN THE YEAR 1880; AND THE NUMBER OF TIMES EACH OF THEM WAS COMMITTED DURING THE YEAR, BY SEXES, OFFENCES, &c.

Source of Investment.	Capital invested, of following classes,		In foreign countries.	Domestic.		Vigorous.		Stagnant.		Not estimated, or		Totals.		
	M.	F.		M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M. & F.
Consolidated Once within the year,	1,547	1,211	640	207	136	561	685	4,076	1,550	4,076	1,419	21,200	7,561	28,761
" Twice "	447	658	5	37	28	29	37	138	110	125	100	1,000	1,000	2,000
" Three times "	148	528	2	3	1	9	30	74	151	68	39	100	410	510
" Four times "	20	119	1	1	1	3	25	11	79	9	18	37	300	337
" Five times and upwards,	7	177	1	1	1	1	1	10	100	1	3	20	541	562
Total number of individuals consolidated,	2,170	5,714	699	147	196	611	788	5,267	1,960	5,267	1,570	23,526	9,571	33,097
{ Males, - Females, M. & F.	11,384	12,700	555	715	1,011	5,310	6,476	16,546	14,000	30,546	14,000	34,546		
Total number of individuals, and their relatives,	2,170	5,714	699	147	196	611	788	5,267	1,960	5,267	1,570	23,526	9,571	33,097
{ Males, - Females, M. & F.	11,384	12,700	555	715	1,011	5,310	6,476	16,546	14,000	30,546	14,000	34,546		
Number of the above individuals consolidated, for the first time in 1900,	4,000	1,710	540	111	130	100	101	1,400	101	1,401	1,000	1,500	1,500	3,000
{ Males, - Females, M. & F.	1,500	1,500	540	100	100	1,000	1,000	2,000	1,500	3,500	1,500	5,000		

TABLE III.—SENTENCES OF DEATH, PENAL SERVITUDE, IMPRISONMENT, &c., of the Prisoners

COUNTY AND TOWN GAOLS.	CONVICTED AT ASSIZES																			
	PRISON.																			
	Death.	Penal Servitude for										Imprisonment for								
		13 Years and above 10.	10 Years and above 6.	6 Years and above 4.	4 Years.	3 Years and under.	2 Years and above 12 Months.	18 Months and above 12.	12 Months and above 9.	9 Months and above 6.	6 Months and above 3.	2 Years and above 12 Months.	18 Months and above 12.	12 Months and above 9.	9 Months and above 6.	6 Months and above 3.	2 Years and above 12 Months.	18 Months and above 12.	12 Months and above 9.	9 Months and above 6.
	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.
Antrim, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	4	1
Armagh, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	2	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	8	1
Carlow, ...	.	.	1	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	2	1
Cavan, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	1	.	.	1	.	1	.	.	.	4	2
Clara, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	1	.	.	.	1	1
Cork County, ...	.	.	1	1	1	2	5	1	.	1	.	1	.	8	0	1	2	10	6	6
" City, ...	.	.	4	.	.	.	1	1	1	2	.	1	.	3	2	1	5	11	14	14
Down, ...	.	.	.	.	1	.	1	.	1	2	1	.	2	1	.	.	.	.	2	2
Dublin County, ...	.	.	4	.	.	.	5	1	3	1	1	.	.	1	.	1	.	3	5	6
Dublin City:	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Richmond B., ...	.	.	2	.	4	.	12	.	10	.	3	.	2	.	10	.	2	.	28	.
Grangegorman P., ...	.	.	.	.	.	1	20	.	21	.	2	.	1	.	9	.	.	.	34	.
Fermagh, ...	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	2	.	5	3	.	1	.	.
Galway County, ...	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	6	1	3	.	.	.	2	2	.	.	6	2
" Town, ...	.	.	1	.	.	.	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	2
Kerry, ...	.	.	1	.	.	.	1	1	.	.	1	.	1	.	5	.	1	4	2	2
Kildare, Nass, ...	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	3	.	.	.	.	.	6	4	.	7	2	2
" Athy, ...	.	.	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	2	1	1	1	1	1
Kilkenny County, ...	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	1	1	.	.	.	.	4	.	.	2	2	2
" City, ...	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	3	.	1	.	.	.
King's, ...	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	2	.	4	1	.	5	2	2
Leitrim, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	2	.	.	2	1	1
Limerick County, ...	.	.	.	.	1	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	1	1
" City, ...	.	.	1	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	1	3	.	2	1	1	1	1	1
Londonderry, ...	.	.	.	.	2	.	2	.	1	1	1	.	2	.	3	.	2	4	4	3
Longford, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	1	1	1	1
Louth, Dundalk, ...	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	1	1	2	2
" Drogheda, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.
Mayo, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	2	2	1	.	1	1	1	4	3	2	4	5	5
Meath, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	2	1	1	2	.	.	1	.	.
Monaghan, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	1	1	.	.	1	2	1	.	2	2	3	3
Queen's, ...	.	.	1	.	.	.	2	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	1	3	3
Roscommon, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	2	.	.	.	1	.	1	3	.	.	4	6	6
Sligo, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	3	.	1	1	2	5	5
Tipperary, Nenagh, ...	.	.	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	5	3	3	.	7	2	2
Tipperary, Clonmel, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	3	.	1	1	1	.	1	2	3	2	.	5	7	7
Tyrone, ...	.	.	.	.	1	.	2	1	1	3	2	.	.	3	2	1	1	2	4	4
Waterford County, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	1	2	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	2	.	.
" City, ...	.	.	1	.	.	.	2	2	.	1	.	.	.	2	.	.	.	1	2	2
Westmeath, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	2	3	2	.	.	.	1	.	1	1	.	4	1	1
Wexford, ...	.	.	1	1	.	.	2	2	.	1	.	.	.	4	3	.	2	6	4	4
Wicklow, ...	1	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	1	.	2	.	.
Total Males, ...	1	2	25	11	61	40	21	28	110	27	152	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Total Females, ...	.	.	4	.	39	41	7	.	64	19	127	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Total M. and F., ...	1	2	29	15	100	87	28	31	164	46	279	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.

Committed and Convicted in the Year 1859, by Sexes and Classes of Crime.

AND QUARTER SESSIONS.

Persons—continued.

Imprisonment for

Sentences
reprieved
and
not
passed.

TOTAL.

COUNTY AND TOWN
GAOL.

M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.
3	1	2	1	1	2	1	2	1	2	1	2	1	2	1	2	1	2	1	2	1	2
4	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
3	1	2	1	1	2	1	2	1	2	1	2	1	2	1	2	1	2	1	2	1	2
3	10	3	10	3	10	3	10	3	10	3	10	3	10	3	10	3	10	3	10	3	10
1	4	2	2	4	3	3	3	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
1	4	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
18	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
20	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1										

TABLE III. continued.—SENTENCES OF DEATH, PENAL SERVITUDE, IMPRISONMENT, &c., of the

COUNTY AND TOWN GALES.	CONVICTED AT ASSIZES																				
	MISDEMEANANTS.																				
	Penal Servitude for																				
	10 Years and above 6.	6 Years and above 4.	4 Years.	3 Years and under.	3 Years and above 2.	2 Years and above 15 Months.	18 Months and above 12.	12 Months and above 9.	9 Months and above 6.	6 Months and above 3.	3 Months and above 2.	3 Months and above 2.	3 Months and above 2.	3 Months and above 2.	3 Months and above 2.	3 Months and above 2.	3 Months and above 2.	3 Months and above 2.	3 Months and above 2.	3 Months and above 2.	
M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.
Antrim, ...	1		2		1											7	6	9	9	5	1
Armagh, ...																5	3	1	3	1	
Carlow, ...																		6		1	
Cavan, ...																1			3		
Clare, ...					1	1	3											3	2	6	4
Cork County, ...			1		1											6	1	4	1	10	3
" City, ...																			1	1	1
Donegal, ...																3			4	9	2
Down, ...																		8	1	2	
Dublin County, ...													2			1	2			3	4
Dublin City:																					
Richmond B., ...													2								
Grangegorman P., ...					1		2						2						9		5
Fermanagh, ...																		1	8		5
Galway County, ...													4			1	2		3	1	6
" Town, ...																3			5	16	10
Kerry, ...																1					
Kildare, Naas, ...													3			6		1		10	
" Athy, ...																		1		2	
Kilkenny County, ...													2						1	2	
" City, ...					1								1					1			
King's, ...																		1		2	
Lestrin, ...																		2		1	
Limerick County																		6		9	
" City, ...					6	1	1									2		1	10	2	3
Londonderry, ...																3					
Longford, ...																					
Louth, Dundalk, ...																1		2	3	1	1
" Drogheda, ...																				1	
Mayo, ...																					
Meath, ...																2		9	2	13	13
Monaghan, ...																					
Queen's, ...																2		1		2	
Roocommon, ...													1					2		3	
Sligo, ...													1			1		13		3	
Tipperary, Nenagh, ...													1			2		1	4	1	1
Tipperary, Clonmel, ...																		9	6	12	
Tyrone, ...																1		2		6	7
Waterford County, ...													1					3			
" City, ...																1		1		2	
Westmeath, ...	1																	8	1	3	1
Wexford, ...																					
Wicklow, ...																1		1		2	
Total Males, ...	1	3	9	6	10	11	75	42	173	153											
Total Females, ...	1		4	2	1	4	1	9	7	88	44										
Total M. and F., ...	2	3	13	8	11	15	76	51	180	197											
	30																				

Prisoners Committed and Convicted in the Year 1859, by Sexes and Classes of Crime.

AND QUARTER SESSIONS.

MISDEMEANANTS.																				CRIMINAL LI- MITS.	COUNTY AND TOWN GAOLS.															
Imprisonment for																Sen- tence re- prieved and not passed.	TOTAL.	Imprisonment Un- limited.																		
2 Months and above 1.	1 Month and above 14 Days.	14 Days and above 7.	7 Days and above 48 Hours.	48 Hours.	24 Hours.	Fine only.	Un- limited.																													
M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.																	
5	2	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	Antrim.																
3	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	Armagh.																
3	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	Carlow.																
1	2	6	1	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	Cavan.																
16	5	5	7	6	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	Clare.																
3	4	6	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	Cork County.																
3	1	2	3	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	City.																
6	1	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	Donegal.																
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	Down.																
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	Dublin County.																
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	Dublin City:																
18	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	Richmond B.																
2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	Grangegorman P.																
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	Fermanagh.																
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	Galway County.																
2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	Town.																
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	Kerry.																
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	Kildare, Nass.																
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	" Athy.																
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	Kilkenny County.																
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	" City.																
3	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	King's.																
4	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	Leitrim.																
4	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	Limerick County.																
7	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	" City.																
4	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	Londonderry.																
3	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	Longford.																
3	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	Louth, Dundalk.																
9	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	" Drogheda.																
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	Mayo.																
4	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	Meath.																
4	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	Monaghan.																
9	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	Queen's.																
3	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	Roscommon.																
8	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	Sligo.																
7	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	Tipperary, Nenagh.																
6	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	Tipperary, Clonmel.																
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	Tyrone.																
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	Waterford County.																
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	" City.																
2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	Westmeath.																
2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	Wexford.																
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	Wicklow.																
132	19	14	34	64	7	34	13	9	8	24	1	3	2	166	1093	17	4	132	19	Total Males.																
161	138	61	46	9	11	25	5	173	1,219	21										Total Females.																
																																				Total M. and F.

1,036

1,026

[continued.]

TABLE III. continued.—SENTENCES of DEATH, PENAL SERVITUDE, IMPRISONMENT, &c., of the

COUNTY AND TOWN GAZ.	SUMMARY																			
	OFFENDERS UNDER LARCENY ACT.																			
	Imprisonment for																			
	12 Months and above 6.	9 Months and above 6.	6 Months and above 3.	3 Months and above 2.	2 Months and above 1.	1 Month and above 14 Days.	14 Days and above 7.	7 Days and above 48 Hours.	48 Hours.	24 Hours.										
	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.
Antrim			1		14	18	32	46	15	16	24	28	20	22	5	6			3	
Armagh			2	4	7	15	11	3	7	4	3	2	1	2						
Carlow							2	1	2	1			1	2						
Cavan					2	4	4	1	2	3	2	4		1	2					
Clare					3	1		5	4	2	7		1	1	1					
Cork County			1		5	14	18	5	20	16	4	3	1	3	2					
City					7	4	5	2	21	13	0	5	6	9	3	4	3			
Donegal					1					2		1								
Down					6	4	5	3	13	10	3	4	1	3						
Dublin County			7	6	6	12	12	4	7	5	4	5				1				
Dublin City:																				
Richmond B.			23		48		69		34		70		28		11		1			
Grangegorman P.	1		2		35		49		78		78		78		33		6			
Fermanagh							1		2		1	3								
Galway County			2	3	7	2	6	3	2											
" Town			3	2	4	1	4	2	5	3	1	1	3							
Kerry			1	1	2	1	3	3	19	7	2	0			1					
Kilhare, Naas			2		2	3	4	1	0	7	4	1	1	1						
" Athy			1	1	3	1	4	3	0	2	5	3	1	2						
Kilkenny County					3	2	3	3	3	2	3	3	3	3	3	1				
" City					3	2	7	8	13	10	7	20	0	3	8					
King's			1	4		5	2	0	4	8	1	3		1						
Leitrim						3	1		2	1				1	1					
Limerick County					2	5	2	0	13	5	5	5	5	5	4					
" City			10	11	13	9	32	24	95	38	85	12	32	8	0	1	8	2		
Londonderry			1		6	3	1	3	3	7	4	2	3	1						
Lough					1	1	0	4	4		2	2	2	2						
Louth, Dundalk					1	2	3	2	4	5	2	2	2	2		4				
" Drogheda						1		2	3	1										
Mayo						1	3	1	1	1		1	1							
Meath					1	3			7		4	2	2	1						
Monaghan			2	6	5	8	2	1	2	2	2	2	2	2						
Queen's					1	2	3		2	1	1			2						
Roscommon					3	1		2	2		1			2	1					
Sligo					1	2		1	2		1	1								
Tipperary, Newagh			4	3	7	5	2	3	3	5	2	1	4							
Tipperary, Clonmel			2	3	6	4	4	14	12	23	3	6	3	2						
Tyrone					4	1		5	1	2	3	3	2							
Waterford County							2	4	8	2	3	1		1						
" City			2	2	5	4	2	4	2	5	3			1	1					
Westmeath					3	3	4	5	3	5	1			1						
Wexford			2	1	3	8	2	3	4	7	3	2	4	6						
Wicklow					5		1	2	3	2	4		2							
Total Males	1	2	76	103	235	239	244	429	315	275	194	126	99	30	14	5				
Total Females																				
Total M. and F.	1	2	76	103	235	239	244	429	315	275	194	126	99	30	14	5				
2,699																				

Prisoners Committed and Convicted in the Year 1859, by Sexes and Classes of Crime.

CONVICTIONS.																COUNTY AND TOWN GAOLS.
MISDEMEANANTS.																
Imprisonment for																
TOTAL.		12 Months and above 5.		9 Months and above 6.		6 Months and above 3.		3 Months and above 2.		2 Months and above 1.		1 Month and above 14 Days.		14 Days and above 7.		
M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	
153	185	5	2	1	.	23	2	31	14	117	50	224	139	103	384	Antrim.
81	90	.	.	.	.	1	.	6	4	24	4	43	32	29	16	Armagh.
5	5	.	.	.	.	1	.	2	.	0	.	13	5	6	7	Carlow.
15	15	.	.	.	.	1	.	1	.	24	1	54	16	17	4	Cavan.
10	10	.	.	.	.	.	.	2	.	0	3	21	12	8	10	Clare.
51	40	.	.	1	.	1	1	8	10	64	40	127	50	83	26	Cork County.
30	37	.	.	.	.	.	.	5	4	11	12	57	25	43	05	" City.
1	3	.	.	.	.	.	.	4	2	24	4	95	6	31	0	Donegal.
24	24	.	.	.	.	.	1	7	6	14	15	34	20	30	24	Down.
35	33	.	.	.	.	3	1	4	3	48	31	46	24	62	81	Dublin County.
225	.	0	.	.	.	2	.	28	.	115	.	173	.	150	.	Dublin City:
.	348	.	.	.	1	.	7	.	15	.	67	.	240	.	411	Richmond B.
0	6	.	.	.	.	.	9	.	10	2	42	10	12	10	10	Grangeoverman P.
8	17	.	.	.	.	.	2	18	12	15	16	22	20	7	3	Fermanagh.
21	17	.	.	.	.	1	.	2	4	10	4	30	20	15	39	Galway County.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	" Town.
21	18	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	23	.	53	12	46	19	Kerry.
19	18	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	8	.	10	8	8	0	Kildare, Nass.
19	12	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	7	.	8	7	10	5	" Athy.
14	16	.	.	.	.	1	.	5	.	9	.	24	7	15	5	Kilkenny County.
42	49	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	3	3	6	3	" City.
8	30	.	.	.	.	1	.	6	.	24	3	34	7	20	6	King's.
4	5	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	12	4	29	10	7	8	Leitrim.
20	20	.	.	.	.	.	.	3	2	20	6	28	21	10	2	Limerick County.
282	165	.	.	.	.	.	.	0	2	21	36	34	51	60	32	" City.
18	16	.	.	.	.	.	.	7	.	11	7	45	10	13	9	Londonderry.
15	7	.	.	.	.	.	.	2	.	22	1	35	.	23	1	Longford.
16	11	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	8	.	12	6	14	5	Louth, Dundalk.
5	6	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	1	6	3	2	3	" Drogheda.
4	4	.	.	.	.	.	.	2	5	40	8	84	11	68	14	Mayo.
14	0	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	4	12	28	16	14	6	Meath.
14	13	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	6	3	40	9	12	4	Monaghan.
9	3	.	.	.	.	.	.	2	2	13	2	20	8	24	13	Queen's.
8	4	.	.	.	.	.	2	1	9	11	.	60	14	17	6	Rosecommon.
4	4	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	21	2	48	5	23	9	Sligo.
24	17	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	10	4	20	9	10	0	Tipperary, Nenagh.
50	62	.	.	1	.	1	10	8	23	18	51	22	24	19	19	Tipperary, Clonmel.
19	11	.	.	.	.	8	1	20	10	22	7	72	20	20	2	Tyrone.
13	9	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	3	.	18	7	6	3	Waterford County.
15	16	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	1	.	16	12	4	1	" City.
11	14	.	.	.	.	.	.	3	2	15	1	44	9	30	4	Westmeath.
18	28	.	.	.	.	.	5	.	1	10	1	18	9	16	8	Wexford.
15	4	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	2	7	1	10	4	10	3	Wicklow.
1,417	1,232	10	2	2	.	36	23	106	125	834	365	1,581	978	1,316	1,320	Total Males.
2,680		12	4	61		321		1,210		2,850		2,578				Total Females.
																Total M. and F.

[continued.]

TABLE III. continued.—SENTENCES of DEATH, PENAL SERVITUDE, IMPRISONMENT, &c., of the

COUNTY AND TOWN GALES.	MISDEMEANANTS—continued.														SUMMARY					
	Imprisonment for														TOTAL.	Banded and Location.				
	7 Days and above 48 Hours.	48 Hours.	24 Hours.	Fine only.	Unlimited.	Sentence excepted and not passed.		12 Months and above 1.	6 Months and above 3.											
						M.	F.													
Antrim, ...	85	176	2	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	681	707	25	16	.	.	2	.		
Armagh, ...	22	29	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	135	79	10	7	.	.	.	.		
Carlow, ...	11	7	3	6	.	.	.	.	.	.	48	22	3	1	.	.	.	.		
Cavan, ...	4	4	.	3	1	.	.	.	.	.	104	28	21	10	.	.	.	.		
Clare, ...	3	14	1	3	.	.	.	.	.	.	41	40	12	10	.	.	.	.		
Cork County, ...	31	17	.	3	1	.	.	.	.	.	318	169	12	14	.	.	.	.		
" City, ...	31	154	8	13	5	14	.	.	.	.	169	324	.	.	.	.	.	.		
Donegal, ...	16	3	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	170	25	20	15	.	.	3	.		
Down, ...	11	17	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	97	103	24	18	.	.	.	.		
Dublin County, ...	33	74	24	61	8	12	.	.	.	.	218	316	12	10	.	.	.	.		
Dublin City:																				
Richmond B., ...	161	.	150	.	40	.	.	1	.	.	834	.	39	.	1	.	.	.		
Grangegorman P., ...	.	515	.	987	.	9	.	.	.	.	1,702	.	50	.	.	.	.	.		
Fermanshagh, ...	7	3	1	1	2	.	.	.	.	.	80	28	10	7	.	.	.	.		
Galway County, ...	6	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	67	50	10	5	.	.	.	.		
" Town, ...	30	18	5	10	6	2	.	.	.	.	115	162	10	2	.	.	1	.		
Kerry, ...	38	20	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	163	57	4	3	.	.	.	.		
Kildare, Neas, ...	10	64	3	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	31	84	4	2	.	.	.	.		
Athy, ...	8	70	.	.	.	.	.	8	2	.	47	90	6	4	.	.	.	.		
Kilkenny County, ...	6	7	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	59	16	17	6	.	.	.	.		
" City, ...	4	4	2	2	1	.	.	.	.	.	16	10	3	4	.	.	.	.		
King's, ...	16	1	.	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	109	17	8	6	.	.	.	.		
Lettin, ...	12	3	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	78	35	4	1	.	.	.	.		
Limerick County, ...	20	2	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	97	34	15	6	.	.	.	.		
" City, ...	41	56	18	14	10	6	.	.	.	.	194	126	1	.	.	.	.	.		
Londonderry, ...	17	37	1	1	1	.	.	.	.	.	94	61	11	6	.	.	.	.		
Longford, ...	6	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	88	2	2	.	.	.	.	.		
Louth, Dundalk, ...	11	52	2	7	2	1	.	.	.	.	41	71	11	10	.	.	.	.		
" Drogheda, ...	6	5	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	15	14	2	3	.	.	.	.		
Mayo, ...	54	24	1	11	2	.	.	.	.	.	295	63	18	24	.	.	.	.		
Meath, ...	7	24	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	58	62	6	6	.	.	.	.		
Monaghan, ...	10	16	1	1	1	.	.	.	.	.	78	28	14	7	.	.	.	.		
Queen's, ...	42	16	2	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	119	41	9	4	.	.	.	.		
Roscommon, ...	5	6	.	1	.	.	.	1	.	.	85	38	12	8	.	.	.	.		
Sligo, ...	10	5	3	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	106	21	5	3	.	.	.	1		
Tipperary, Nenagh, ...	5	3	.	.	4	.	.	.	.	.	50	22	21	8	.	.	.	.		
Tipperary, Clonmel, ...	41	160	10	15	10	8	.	2	.	.	180	247	8	7	.	.	.	.		
Tynony, ...	15	3	.	6	2	.	.	.	.	.	168	45	1	.	.	.	1	.		
Waterford County, ...	19	7	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	37	18	5	1	.	.	.	.		
" City, ...	16	75	2	9	1	.	.	.	.	.	44	98	10	.	.	.	1	.		
Westmeath, ...	24	6	.	3	1	.	.	1	1	.	120	23	8	1	.	.	.	.		
Wexford, ...	16	10	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	60	36	12	3	.	.	.	.		
Wicklow, ...	11	4	3	11	6	1	.	.	.	.	59	15	10	8	.	.	.	.		
Total Males, ...	901	242	145	9	6	8	2	5,514	5,185	429	208	1	8	1	.	.	.	.		
Total Females, ...	1,709	568	80	1	1	2	5,185	208	1	8	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.		
Total M. & F., ...	2,600	807	205	10	6	10	10,699	787	1	9	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.		

Prisoners Committed and Convicted in the Year 1859, by Sexes and Classes of Crime.

CONVICTIONS.																		COUNTY AND TOWN GAOLS.	
UNDER REVENUE LAWS.																			
Imprisonment for																			
3 Months and above 2.		2 Months and above 1.		1 Month and above 14 Days.		14 Days and above 7.		7 Days and above 48 Hours.		48 Hours.		24 Hours.		Fine only.		Un- limited.			
M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.		
4	2	1		1	2	1	1											Antrim.	
1				1														Armagh.	
																		Carlow.	
6	1																	Cavan.	
1																		Clare.	
				1	1											1		Cork County.	
																		" City.	
25	3			2		1	4		5									Donegal.	
																		Down.	
		1																Dublin County.	
																		Dublin City:	
														3				Richmond B.	
																		Grangegorman P.	
1	1	1																Fermanagh.	
				2					1									Galway County.	
																2	1	" Town.	
						2		1	2									Kerry.	
																		Kildare, Naas.	
																		" Athy.	
																		Kilkenny County.	
																		" City.	
																		King's.	
						1										1		Leitrim.	
3																		Limerick County.	
																		" City.	
1		1	1							1								Londonderry.	
2																		Longford.	
																		Louth, Dundalk.	
																		" Drogheda.	
11				1	1				1									Mayo.	
																		Meath.	
																		Monaghan.	
1																		Queen's.	
																		Roscommon.	
9	4				1									1				Sligo.	
																		Tipperary, Nenagh.	
																		Tipperary, Clonmel.	
2		2		1		1			1					2		4		Tyrone.	
																		Waterford County.	
																		" City.	
																		Westmeath.	
2					2													Wexford.	
																		Wicklow.	
70					9		4		6		1		2		6		114	Total Males.	
18					2												41	Total Females.	
88					17		10		11		1		2		6		155	Total M. and F.	

TABLE III, continued.—SENTENCES OF DEATH, PENAL SERVITUDE, IMPRISONMENT, &c., of

COUNTY AND TOWN GAOES.	CONVICTIONS.															
	UNDER POOR LAW ACT.															
	Imprisonment for															
	3 Months and above 2.		2 Months and above 1.		1 Month and above 14 Days.		14 Days and above 7.		7 Days and above 48 Hours.		48 Hours.		24 Hours.		TOTAL.	
	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.
Antrim, ...			1		6	1	5								10	1
Armagh, ...					2	1									2	1
Carlow, ...					1	1									2	1
Cavan, ...					2	1									2	1
Clare, ...																
Cork County, ...			7		22	10	3		5						32	15
" City, ...					3	2									4	2
Donegal, ...	1														3	1
Down, ...	2		1			1										
Dublin County, ...																
Dublin City:																
Richmond B.	5														5	
Grangeonman P.		1		3		6		5		1		1				17
Ferns, ...					3		2		1						4	1
Galway County, ...					1	6	3	1	1						4	8
" Town, ...					8				4						12	
Kerry, ...	2		2		8	3		2							12	5
Kildare, ...																
" Athy, ...					1										1	
Kilkenny County, ...						1										1
" City, ...																
King's, ...					3	1	1		2						4	3
Leitrim, ...			1		3	2									4	2
Limerick County, ...				1	1	6	1	1							2	8
" City, ...																
Londonderry, ...																
Longford, ...		1	1		5	3	4	1	1						10	5
Louth, Dundalk, ...	1						1		1	1					2	1
" Drogheda, ...					1	2									1	2
Mayo, ...					1	6		2	3						5	8
Meath, ...			1													
Monaghan, ...					2		1		1	1					4	1
Queen's, ...				2				1		1						2
Roscommon, ...					1	1		1							1	2
Sligo, ...							1								1	
Tipperary, Nenagh, ...	1				6	1		1	4						11	5
Tipperary, Glonmel, ...	1		1		8	1	5		2	2					17	3
" Tyrone, ...					2			2	1						3	2
Waterford County, ...			1												1	
" City, ...																
Westmeath, ...			1		1			3	1	2			1		4	5
Wexford, ...			1		2	1									3	1
Wicklow, ...				1	2	3									2	4
Total Males, ...	13		18		64	23	23		16	18	1		1		108	110
Total Females, ...		2		9		6		21		18		1				
Total M. and F.	13	2	18	9	64	29	44	21	16	34	2	1	1		108	110
	278															

TABLE III. continued.—SENTENCES OF DEATH, PENAL SERVITUDE, IMPRISONMENT, &c., of

COUNTY AND TOWN GAZ.	CONVICTIONS.															
	UNDER VAGRANT ACTS—continued.										Drunken.					
	Imprisonment for										Imprisonment for					
	7 Days and above 48 Hours.	48 Hours.	24 Hours.	Unlimited.	TOTAL.		6 Months and above 2.	3 Months and above 2.	2 Months and above 1.	1 Month and above 14 Days.						
	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.
Antrim, ...	1	4	.	.	.	.	24	19	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Armagh, ...	2	1	.	.	.	.	2	3	.	.	.	.	.	.	2	1
Carlow, ...	1	1	.	.	3	3	10	4	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Cavan, ...	4	.	.	.	.	.	4	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1
Clare, ...	2	3	.	.	.	.	7	8	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Cork County, ...	1	.	.	.	.	.	9	3	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
" City, ...	3	9	.	.	2	1	9	16	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Donegal, ...	.	3	.	.	.	.	2	11	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Down, ...	15	25	.	.	.	.	37	63	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Dublin County, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Dublin City:	28	.	1	.	.	.	115	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Richmond B.	.	91	.	2	.	.	.	28	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Orangemans P.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Fermanagh, ...	1	2	.	.	.	.	7	13	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	6
Galway County, ...	7	7	3	1	1	10	22	43	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
" Town, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Kerry, ...	2	2	.	.	.	.	6	3	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Kildare, Nuss, ...	1	.	.	.	.	.	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
" Athy, ...	3	6	.	.	.	.	3	5	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.
Kilkenny County, ...	4	3	.	1	.	.	9	7	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
" City, ...	8	41	1	27	1	8	16	117	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	20
King's, ...	.	5	.	1	.	.	3	8	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Lestrin, ...	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Limerick County, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	4	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
" City, ...	7	6	.	2	.	.	26	30	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Londonderry, ...	.	4	4	.	.	.	4	5	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Longford, ...	1	1	.	.	.	.	1	27	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Louth, Dundalk, ...	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	4	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	2
" Drogheda, ...	13	.	.	6	.	1	1	31	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Mayo, ...	1	1	.	.	1	.	12	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Meath, ...	.	1	.	.	.	.	2	4	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Monaghan, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1
Queen's, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	8	.	.	2	.	4	.	.	1
Roscommon, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Sligo, ...	1	.	.	.	.	.	11	9	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.
Tipperary, Nenagh, ...	1	7	.	.	.	.	6	8	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Tipperary, Clonmel, ...	1	3	.	1	.	.	10	8	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Tyrone, ...	1	1	.	.	.	.	14	44	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.
Waterford County, ...	.	1	1	.	.	.	8	8	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
" City, ...	4	5	1	.	.	.	5	6	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	4
Westmeath, ...	2	4	2	1	1	.	4	30	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Wexford, ...	.	.	2	.	3	.	9	3	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Wicklow, ...	1	.	.	.	.	.	4	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Total Males, ...	106	.	11	.	17	.	403	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	4	.
Total Females, ...	.	201	.	42	.	28	.	852	.	.	.	4	.	9	.	25
Total M. and F.	836	.	53	.	47	.	4	1,255	.	.	2	.	5	.	2	64
	1,300															

the Prisoners Committed and Convicted in the Year 1859, by Sexes and Classes of Crime.

CONVICTIONS.														Acquitted, No Bills, No Prosecution, For Further Examination, and Discharged.	Re- maining for Trial on 31st Dec., 1859.	GENERAL TOTAL.	COUNTY AND TOWNS GAOLS.
DURATIONS.																	
Imprisonment for								TOTAL.									
14 Days and above 7.	7 Days and above 48 Hours.	48 Hours.		24 Hours.													
M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.				
2	4	1	12	19	37	240	308	285	305	65	47	1,380	1,414	Antrim.			
				59	45	17	10	70	101	62	42	372	281	Armagh.			
				14	4	107	19	121	17	24	19	247	85	Carlow.			
		7	9	51	34	41	17	99	61	63	21	344	166	Cavan.			
		1	2	3	5	5		0	7	62	17	182	114	Clare.			
		0	17	11	3	2		22	20	57	24	688	840	Cork County			
										18	28	3	11	" City.			
	5	0	9	20	20	2	1	28	30	31	5	326	109	Donegal.			
	4	2	10	29	38	13	3	43	56	45	38	341	282	Derry.			
				25	33	51	110	77	158	64	20	530	611	Dublin County.			
				191		307		498		456		2,608		Dublin City:			
					207		1,145		1,412		381		108	Richmond B.			
				31	34	30	22	61	50	50	27	241	4,301	Grangeborough P.			
3	5	2	6	6	3			10	20	38	14	229	181	Fermanagh.			
7	14	9	41	38	58	18	23	92	139	85	13	387	318	Galway County.			
		2	3	23	44	29	34	53	81	34	13	340	191	Kerry.			
	1	17	28	31	36	22	18	70	81	40	31	260	250	Kildare, Nass.			
		30	14	18	7	19	5	51	20	36	11	179	154	" Athy.			
		3	3	12	1	7	1	28	5	34	14	179	73	Kilkenny County.			
12	18	6	19	64	13	58	19	135	89	44	53	284	337	" City.			
				51	17	21	12	78	29	29	5	290	104	King's.			
				33	43	13	6	46	51	28	8	302	103	Lancaster.			
				50	2	1		51	8	90	22	7	5	Limerick County.			
				128	65	77	51	207	148	769	698	1,537	1,032	" City.			
5	10	87	200	32	31	4		128	240	77	47	397	391	Londonderry.			
		1		37	8	9	1	67	9	67	32	2	1	Longford.			
	22	31	40	42	28	29	5	93	104	43	7	5	251	Louth, Dundalk.			
		5	61	8	30	13	13	28	94	23	7		88	" Drogheda.			
				36	11	11	7	48	18	224	50	10	4	Mayo.			
		11	7	13	8	24	7	48	22	21	4	6	2	Meath.			
2	5	7	7	50	13	40	13	107	38	47	6	4	4	Monaghan.			
				77	9	23	2	106	11	70	14	6	2	Queen's.			
1		15	4	19	10	4	1	30	22	41	4	8	1	Reconcom.			
		1		35	11	18	6	56	17	48	12	1	4	Sligo.			
				224	27	19	1	248	28	61	23	6		Tipperary, Nenagh.			
		100	71	167	27	64	6	361	107	111	68	11	11	Tipperary, Clonmel.			
1		8	5	59	20	18	2	87	27	37	16	5	4	Tyrone.			
		1	1	6	5	4	1	11	7	8	8	3	1	Waterford County.			
		13	130	49	63	30	17	61	256	27	16	5	3	" City.			
1	1	02	24	40	5	55	8	198	38	18	5	8	2	Westmeath.			
				30	20	38	3	80	32	30	30	10	7	Wexford.			
				87	2	4	1	91	3	10	12	3	7	Wicklow.			
34	457	1,959	1,435	8,950	3,180	250	17,819	148	14,907					Total Males.			
80	820	1,180	1,908	4,088	1,684	396	12,907							Total Females.			
103	1,277	3,144	3,403	5,018	4,834	396	32,142							Total M. and F.			

[ADDENDA.

ADDENDA TO TABLE III.—SENTENCES OF DEATH, PENAL SERVITUDE, and IMPRISONMENT,
not Tried until

COUNTY AND TOWN GAINS.	PENAL SERVITUDE, FOR										IMPRISONMENT FOR									
	Life.		10 Years and above 6.		6 Years and above 4.		4 Years.		3 Years and under.		2 Years and above 18 Months.		18 Months and above 12.		12 Months and above 9.		9 Months and above 6.		6 Months and above 3.	
	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.
Antrim, ...	.	.	.	.	2	.	.	.	.	.	1	1	.	1	.	1	.	.	.	.
Armagh, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	2	.	.	.	.
Carlow, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Cavan, ...	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Clare, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Cork County, ...	.	.	2	1	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	1	.	1	1	3	.	1	1
" City, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	2
Donegal, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Down, ...	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	2	.	.	1	.	.	2	.	.	.	.	2
Dublin County, ...	.	.	2	.	.	.	.	1	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.
Dublin City:	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Richmond R.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	4	.	.	.	6	.
Grangegorman P.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	2	.	.	.	2
Fermanagh, ...	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	2	1	.	.	.	.
Galway County, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	1	.	.	.	.
" Town, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Kerry, ...	.	.	1	.	.	.	5	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.
Kildare, Naas, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	1	.	1	1
" Athy, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Kilkenny County, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	3	.	2	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	1	.
" City, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
King's, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	1	.	.	.	1	1
Lestrin, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	1	1
Limerick County, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.
" City, ...	.	.	1	.	.	.	3	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	1	1	.	1	.	2
Londonderry, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Longford, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.
Louth, Dundalk, ...	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	1	.	.	.	.
" Drogheda, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Mayo, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	4	.
Meath, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	12	.	.	.	.	.
Monaghan, ...	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	1	.	.	.	.	1	.
Queen's, ...	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.
Roscommon, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.
Siligo, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	3	.	1	.	1	.	1	.
Tipperary, Nenagh, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	2	.	1	.	.	.	1	.	3	.	1	.	1	3
Tipperary, Clonmel, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	2	.	.	.	4	.
Tyrone, ...	.	.	.	.	1	1	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	2	.	1	.	1	.
Waterford County, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	2	.	.	.	1	.
" City, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1
Westmeath, ...	.	.	6	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	3	.
Wexford, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	2	.	.	.	2	1
Wicklow, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	1
Total Males, ...	1	.	15	.	3	.	16	.	2	.	4	.	12	.	22	.	12	.	31	.
Total Females, ...	.	.	1	.	2	.	4	.	3	.	2	.	4	.	1	.	2	.	1	1
Total M. and F.	1	.	16	.	5	.	19	.	5	.	6	.	16	.	23	.	14	.	32	1

See, together with the UNCONVICTED, of such Prisoners as were Committed in 1858, but 1859, by Sexes.

IMPRISONMENT FOR														Sentence expired and not passed.	Not Convicted.	TOTAL.	COUNTY AND TOWN GALES.
3 Months and above 1.	2 Months and above 1.	1 Month and above 14 Days.	14 Days and above 7.	7 Days and above 48 Hours.	24 Hours.	Unlimited.											
M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.
.	1	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	15	.	8	2	29	4	Antrim.	
1	1	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	2	.	3	3	Armagh.	
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	3	2	Carlow.	
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	1	1	Cavan.	
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	2	3	3	4	Clare.	
.	1	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	9	.	8	2	27	8	Cork County.	
.	.	.	.	.	.	2	.	.	.	2	.	2	1	5	34	" City.	
1	2	.	1	.	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	2	2	9	3	Donegal.	
1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	4	9	2	Down.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	2	Dublin County.	
3	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	16	.	31	.	Dublin City:	
1	3	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	7	.	16	Richmond B.	
1	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	2	1	6	2	Grangegorman P.	
1	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	3	2	Fermagh.	
2	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	2	4	2	Galway County.	
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	" Town.	
1	1	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	4	.	2	.	16	1	Kerry.	
1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	3	.	2	1	6	2	Kildare, New.	
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	3	.	9	.	" Athy.	
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	8	.	Kilkenny County.	
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	" City.	
.	.	.	1	1	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	2	.	6	4	King's.	
.	.	.	1	1	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	6	.	7	3	Leitrim.	
1	.	.	1	1	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	4	3	8	8	Limerick County.	
1	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	2	.	8	4	16	9	" City.	
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	3	1	4	2	Londonderry.	
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	7	2	Longford.	
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	3	2	5	Louth, Dundalk.	
1	2	1	.	1	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	3	10	8	" Drogheda.	
.	.	1	1	1	.	.	.	.	.	4	.	.	.	8	1	Mayo.	
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	Meath.	
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	3	1	Monaghan.	
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	3	.	5	.	Queen's.	
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	4	1	Roscommon.	
1	.	.	1	.	3	.	.	.	.	.	.	2	1	3	1	Sligo.	
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	5	3	18	7	Tipperary, Nenagh.	
.	1	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	2	7	4	Tipperary, Clonmel.	
1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	2	2	16	3	Tyrone.	
.	4	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	4	1	Waterford County.	
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	7	7	" City.	
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	6	1	15	2	Westmeath.	
.	1	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	2	3	7	6	Wexford.	
.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	2	2	Wicklow.	
18	17	5	8	7	7	5	2	1	.	2	.	35	.	108	319	Total Males.	
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	52	.	135	Total Females.
35	18	14	7	1	2	7	.	.	.	35	160	454	.	.	.	Total M. and F.	

SUMMARY OF TABLE III.—SENTENCES OF DEATH, PENAL SERVITUDE, IMPRISONMENT, &c., and also of such Prisoners as were Committed in 1858,

CLASSES OF CRIME.	Deaths.	PENAL SERVITUDE FOR										IMPRISONMENT FOR										
		Life.	15 Years and above 10.	10 Years and above 6.	6 Years and above 4.	4 Years.	3 Years and under.	3 Years and above 2.	3 Years and above 18 Months.	18 Months and above 12.	12 Months and above 9.	9 Months and above 6.	6 Months and above 3.									
CONVICTED.	M. F.	M. F.	M. F.	M. F.	M. F.	M. F.	M. F.	M. F.	M. F.	M. F.	M. F.	M. F.	M. F.	M. F.	M. F.	M. F.						
Felony, ...	1	.	.	2	25	411	461	304	41	.	21	780	6	110	54	27	10	132	127			
Misdemeanors, ...	.	.	.	.	1	1	3	.	0	4	0	2	116	4	11	1	75	8	42	7	173	88
Criminal Lunatics, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Offenders under Larceny Act, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	2	2	76	90		
Misdemeanors, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	10	2	2	28	23		
Dangerous Lunatics, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Under Revenue Laws, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	8	1		
Under Poor Law Act, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Courts Martial and Deserters, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	16	.	.	.
Under Vagrant Acts, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	2
Drunkards, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	2
Total Males, ...	1	.	.	2	26	414	464	304	41	.	21	780	6	110	54	27	10	132	127	.	.	.
Total Females, ...	.	.	.	.	5	4	43	43	.	1	11	7	.	63	30	.	.	.	.	.	802	.
Total Males and Females, ...	1	.	.	2	31	418	467	308	41	.	32	787	6	116	54	27	10	132	127	802	.	
258																						
Acquitted, No Bills, No Prosecution, For Further Examination, and Discharged, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Remaining for Trial on 31st December, 1859, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Total, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Sentences of Prisoners Committed in 1858, but not Tried until 1859,																						
Acquitted, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Total Males, ...	1	1	2	41	17	85	61	.	42	48	.	225	19	12	2	31	16	.	.	.	.	
Total Females, ...	.	.	.	8	6	47	46	.	1	13	11	.	79	34	.	.	.	.	.	.	830	
Total Males and Females, ...	1	1	2	47	23	132	107	.	43	61	.	225	19	12	2	31	16	.	.	.	830	
312																						

together with the UNCONVICTED, of all Prisoners Tried or Committed in the Year 1859; but not Tried until 1859, by Sexes and Classes of Crime.

IMPRISONMENT FOR																		Sentences reprieved and not passed.		TOTAL.		
3 Months and above 2.		2 Months and above 1.		1 Month and above 14 Days.		14 Days and above 7.		7 Days and above 48 Hours.		48 Hours.		24 Hours.		Fine only.		Unlimited.						
M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M. & F.		
72	61	27	42	51	31	7	4	8	5	.	.	4	4	1	.	7	2	656	480	1,136		
133	44	132	19	114	24	54	7	34	12	9	.	8	3	24	1	3	2,153	1,023	1,219			
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	17	4	17	4	21		
420	328	232	244	425	315	275	104	126	99	30	14	16	5	.	.	.	.	1,417	1,222	2,639		
106	128	854	365	1881	973	1216	1360	991	1708	249	538	145	90	9	1	5	1	5,514	5,185	10,699		
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	439	208	439	298	737		
70	13	7	2	9	6	4	6	.	11	1	.	2	.	6	.	6	.	114	41	155		
18	2	18	9	94	59	26	21	19	12	1	1	1	.	.	.	.	.	168	116	278		
18	.	12	.	61	.	18	.	15	.	12	.	16	.	.	.	638	.	702	.	702		
5	31	.	23	121	188	141	268	103	231	11	42	17	23	.	.	4	.	401	852	1,253		
1	4	.	2	4	58	34	80	457	820	1938	1185	1495	1038	.	.	.	.	8,950	4,065	8,018		
763	549	1282	706	2763	1661	1775	1069	1662	2272	272	1704	49	1009	49	1009	171	21	14,406	12,456	.		
1,312	1,988	4,424	3,744	4,583	4,072	8,797	42	1,318	193	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	26,993		
26,419																		.	3,189	1,696	4,884	
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	250	148	398		
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	17,845	14,297	32,142		
18	17	3	8	7	7	5	2	1	.	.	.	2	.	.	.	7	36	211	83	294		
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	108	62	160		
781	1287	2779	1790	1608	2272	1708	49	1910	206	18,164	14,432	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	32,596		
1,347	2,001	4,438	3,751	4,587	4,072	8,799	42	1,325	227	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	32,596		
26,510																		.	.	.	.	

TABLE IV.—AGES and SEXES of the PRISONERS committed to the several

COUNTY AND TOWN GAOLS.	CONVICTED AT ASSIZES																			
	FELONS.														TOTAL.					
	AGES AND SEXES.																			
	10 Years and under.		Above 10 and not exceeding 16 Years.		Above 16 and under 21 Years.		21 and under 31 Years.		31 and under 41 Years.		41 Years and upwards.		Age could not be ascertained.							
M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	
Antrim, ...					1		4	5	3		5				14	9		5	2	
Armagh, ...			1		1		18	2	2	2	3	3			20	7	1	4	5	
Callow, ...				1	3		3	4	3	2	1				8	7		3	1	
Cavan, ...			3		4	1	2	9							9	10		2		
Clare, ...					3		2	1	1		3				9	1	3	6		
Cork County, ...				1	10	8	15	9	6	3	1	1			35	23	1	22	6	
" City, ...			5	8	14	22	10	10	4	6	4	5			37	57		2	1	
Donegal, ...				1	1		12	2	1	1					6	3	1	6	1	
Down, ...			4	1	7	4	7	9	5	3	6	5			29	23	1	10	5	
Dublin County, ...			3		4	1	10	4	2	1	4	2			23	9	1	1	1	
Dublin City:																				
Richmond B., ...	1		27		34		31		11		10				109		7	12		
Grange-gorman P., ...				7		13		47		24		19				110		2	5	
Fermanagh, ...	1						16	4	2			1			13	5	1	1	5	
Galway County, ...			2		8		3	3	2	2	3	1			18	6		6	2	
" Town, ...			2		1		1	1		1		1			4	3	2	7		
Kerry, ...			3	1	4	1	5	2	1	1	1	1			14	9		4		
Kildare, Nass, ...				1	9	1	18	9	3	2	3	1			33	14				
" Athy, ...			2		1		6	2		3	1				10	5				
Kilkenny County, ...					4	2	2	1	2	2					8	5				
" City, ...			2		2		3			1					7	1	1			
King's, ...			1		4	1	10	3	0	1	3	1			27	6		2		
Leitrim, ...					2	1	2	3			3	1			7	5	1			
Limerick County, ...							3			1					3	1	2	1	4	
" City, ...			1		2		4	1	1	2	2	1			10	4		2		
Londonderry, ...	1		9		4	3	6	3	22	2	22	1			21	9	1	8		
Longford, ...					2		3	1		1		1			5	3		4	1	
Louth, Dundalk, ...			1	2			2	1	3	1		1			4	5		1		
" Drogheda, ...					3										3					
Mayo, ...				2	4	2	11	11	2	2	3	0			19	22	1	24	1	
Meath, ...			1		4	1	3		1						9	1		1	5	
Monaghan, ...			1	1	3		4	7		3		1			8	13	1	11		
Queen's, ...					1	3	1	2	1		1		2		6	5		5	1	
Roscommon, ...					6	5	4	7		2		4			10	18		7		
Sligo, ...	1		2		1	1	2	4	1	3	1	1			8	9		7		
Tipperary, Nenagh, ...			4	1	3	2	7	4	2	1	2				19	8	1	8		
Tipperary, Clonmel, ...			7	1	6	5	3	7	5	4	2	2			23	10		10		
Tyrone, ...			1		3	2	8	9	1	5	3	1			16	17		5	2	
Waterford County, ...			2		1	1	4	2	5		1				11	3		1		
" City, ...					6			3		4					9	7	1	1		
Westmeath, ...			2		8	2	8	3	1	1					14	6	1	4		
Wexford, ...			3		3	1	6	10	1	2	5	6			17	18		3		
Wicklow, ...			1		2		2	2	2		1				8	2		2		
Total Males, ...	4		89		102		244		83		78		2		630		27	213		
Total Females, ...				37		84		214		89		60				480		8	37	
Total M. and F., ...	4		110		246		458		171		144		2		1,110		35	250		
1,159																				

County and Town Gaols in the Year 1859, by Classes of Crime.

AND QUARTER SESSIONS.

MISDEMEANANTS.										CRIMINAL LITIGATION.										COUNTY AND TOWN GAOLS.	
AGES AND SEXES.										AGES AND SEXES.											
21 and under 31 Years.		31 and under 41 Years.		41 Years and up- wards.		Age could not be ascertained.		TOTAL.		Above 16 and not ex- ceeding 21 Years.		31 and under 31 Years.		31 and under 41 Years.		41 Years and up- wards.		TOTAL.			
M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.		
21	12	9	3	1	1			22	18												
13	2	1		1	4			22	8												
7		3	3	1	1			14	5	1							1				
12	1							18	1												
10	7	2	2	1	1			22	11												
21	11	8	3	7	3			69	24					1			1				
3	2	2	1					7	5							1					
14		2		7	2			20	3												
12		1		2	1			25	3			1						1			
7	4	2			1			11	7			1			1			1	1		
32		20		11				83						1				1			
	13		1		2				24												
6	3	1	1	1				13	5					1		1		2			
31	10	18	4	7	2			63	18			1						1			
3	1	1		2	1			15	2												
20	1	1		2				27	1												
3				1				4													
9					1			9	1												
3		1		5				2	1					1				2			
3		1	2		1			4	4												
3		7		1				13													
16		4		1				22													
31	3	8	4	3	2			56	14												
2	1	2	1	1	2			7	4												
6		2		3				20						1				1			
12		1		2				21	1												
6	1	1			1			8	2												
	4								4												
8	8	30	2	18	2			163	13			1		1				2			
1		1		1	1			4	3												
6		5		0				32													
2	1	4	1	0		5		29	3					1				1			
12		6		3				31													
15		1		2	1			25	1												
20	6	5		3				37	5												
8		4		6				27	1	2		1						3			
6		1		1				13	2												
7		1						9													
1		1		1				5													
7	1	3						10	1												
8		1		1				13						1				1			
3	1	2		2	1			9	2							1		1			
403		139		114	5			1023		3		5		6		3		17			
	92		28		31				190				3		1				4		
397		187		145	5			1,219		3		8		7		3		21			
1,319										31										Total M. and F.	

(continued.)

TABLE IV. *continued.*—AGES and SEXES of the PRISONERS committed to the

COUNTY AND TOWN GAOES.	SUMMARY																			
	OFFENDERS UNDER LARCENT AGE.														Ages					
	AGES AND SEXES.														Ages					
	10 Years and under.	Above 10 and not exceeding 15 Years.	16 and not exceeding 21 Years.	21 and under 31 Years.	31 and under 41 Years.	41 Years and upwards.	Total.		10 Years and under.	Above 10 and not exceeding 15 Years.	16 and not exceeding 21 Years.	21 and under 31 Years.	31 and under 41 Years.	41 Years and upwards.	10 Years and under.	Above 10 and not exceeding 15 Years.	16 and not exceeding 21 Years.	21 and under 31 Years.	31 and under 41 Years.	41 Years and upwards.
	M. F.	M. F.	M. F.	M. F.	M. F.	M. F.	M.	F.	M. F.	M. F.	M. F.	M. F.	M. F.	M. F.	M.	F.	M. F.	M. F.	M. F.	M. F.
Antrim, ...	1	0	32	18	40	21	20	48	14	20	17	20	153	135	1	2	14	30	84	81
Armagh, ...			8	9	8	1	7	15	2	8	6	4	31	20			15	2	27	13
Carlow, ...	1		2				2	2					5	5			6	2	14	3
Cavan, ...			4		2	2	3	5	1	3	3	2	13	12			5	3	27	5
Clare, ...					1	1	3	8	6	4	2	3	13	16			5	1	9	
Cork County, ...			15	3	15	8	19	12	3	0	2	5	51	40			26	3	60	26
City, ...	2	1	26	1	26	10	2	12		5			50	37			3	2	57	147
Donegal, ...					1		1	1	1				1	3	1		10	1	50	3
Down, ...			11	2	11	5	1	6	2	9	3	2	23	24			9	1	23	16
Dublin County, ...	1	1	11	2	5	7	8	10	3	2	7	5	35	33	1	1	34	7	43	56
Dublin City:																				
Richmond B., ...	2		121		82		65		20		20		328		1		115		196	
Grangequharman P., ...					62		126		84		40						42		384	
Fermanagh, ...					1	1	2	1		3			3	5					26	5
Galway County, ...					3	6	3	6	2	3			8	17			5		9	3
" Town, ...			8		6	2	3	8	2	4	2	3	21	17	1		10		34	15
Kerry, ...			5	2	5	4	7	9	2	4	2	2	21	10	1		31	5	53	5
Kildare, Naas, ...					7	4	4	7	1	15	7		10	13					6	5
Athy, ...			3		6	1	8	6		3	2	2	10	12			2	1	7	24
Kilkenny County, ...			6	4	5	1	5	1	4	2	3	2	14	19			4	1	18	7
City, ...					9	7	13	20	14	10	6	6	42	49					1	8
King's, ...			2		1	0	4	4	1	13		4	8	30			6	2	23	1
Leitrim, ...			1		2	1	3	3		1	1	1	4	5					19	6
Limerick County, ...	1		15	2	5	6	2	7	1	6	2	5	26	26			12	2	39	12
City, ...			13	6	11	63	87	18	54	11	10	7	282	105					53	70
Londonderry, ...			6	2	3	3	5	3	1	9	3	6	18	16			4	3	24	22
Longford, ...			3		5	1	6	2	1	2	1	2	15	7			8		21	
Louth, Dundalk, ...			4		4	2	4	5	2	2	2	2	16	13			3		15	1
Drogheda, ...			2	1		1	1	2	1	1	1	1	5	6					4	1
Mayo, ...			2	1	1		1	3					4	4			17	8	55	14
Meath, ...			1			3	6	2	2	1	5		14	6	1				15	10
Monaghan, ...			3		5	1	4	8		3	2	1	14	13			5		6	2
Queen's, ...			4	1	3		1	1	1	2			9	3			8	2	26	9
Roscommon, ...			1		5	2		2	1				6	4			5		31	14
Sligo, ...	1		1	2				1	1	1		1	4	4			4	2	29	12
Tipperary, Nenagh, ...			4	2	7	6	8	9	3		2		24	17			5		13	2
Tipperary, Clonmel, ...			14	5	4	11	10	23	1	9	1	4	30	52			14	12	46	70
Tyrone, ...			4	2	2	5		3	2	1	2	1	10	11			7	4	51	6
Waterford County, ...			6		28		2	3	3	2		4	13	9			1		19	5
City, ...	1		6		28		2	11		5			15	16					15	3
Westmeath, ...			2	2	1	2	6	3	1	6	1	1	11	14			8		13	3
Wexford, ...			2		7	3	5	11	2	10	2	4	18	24			10	1	9	3
Wicklow, ...			7	1	5		2	2		1	1		15	4			2	3	15	
Total Males, ...	2	355	411	327	101	134	1417	1222	10	405	1200	1048								
Total Females, ...	0	80	271	159	263	132			6	140	1048									
Total N. and F., ...	18	464	682	765	424	286	2,630	2,270	16	545	2,208	2,096								
	2,630																			

several County and Town Gaols in the Year 1859, by Classes of Crime.

CONVICTIONS.

MADDOCKSANTS.										DANGEROUS LUNATICS.										COUNTY AND TOWN GAOLS.	
AND SEXES.										AGES AND SEXES.											
21 and under 31 Years.		31 and under 41 Years.		41 Years and upwards.		TOTAL.		Above 10 and under 17 Years.		17 and under 21 Years.		21 and under 31 Years.		31 and under 41 Years.		41 Years and upwards.		Age could not be ascertained.		TOTAL.	
M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.
310	408	198	90	146	60	681	707	.	.	1	.	4	8	6	1	14	6	.	.	45	15
30	39	6	7	38	18	135	79	.	.	.	1	3	2	1	4	.	.	.	.	10	7
20	11	5	2	3	2	48	32	.	.	1	.	2	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	2	1
26	14	6	3	8	1	104	26	.	.	1	4	8	9	8	1	.	.	.	.	16	10
19	31	10	4	5	4	41	40	.	1	.	3	1	4	4	5	4	.	.	.	12	10
158	103	37	21	28	10	315	109	.	1	1	1	2	6	6	2	4	5	.	.	14	14
41	90	32	51	21	30	109	320	.	.	.	5	2	6	4	4	9	6	.	.	.	.
70	12	21	6	18	3	170	25	.	.	2	2	14	4	2	2	6	10	.	.	30	15
58	61	10	14	15	6	97	108	.	.	2	2	14	4	2	2	6	10	.	.	24	18
82	201	18	32	41	16	218	316	.	.	1	1	4	2	3	3	3	2	1	.	12	10
303	.	140	.	70	.	834	.	2	.	2	.	14	.	15	.	6	.	.	.	30	.
.	792	.	377	.	104	.	1709	.	.	5	.	29	.	15	.	15	.	.	.	50	.
38	10	10	7	0	4	80	28	.	.	2	1	5	3	1	2	2	1	.	.	16	7
14	25	30	20	10	6	67	55	.	.	2	1	0	2	.	2	.	2	.	.	10	5
40	67	18	11	7	13	115	108	1	.	12	.	4	.	1	1	2	1	.	.	10	2
57	24	12	6	10	7	103	51	.	.	.	.	2	3	.	1	1	.	.	.	4	3
16	60	4	8	5	3	31	84	.	.	.	1	2	3	.	.	.	.	.	.	4	2
22	61	7	2	3	3	43	10	.	.	1	2	1	1	.	2	2	.	.	.	5	4
26	4	0	4	5	7	59	18	1	.	3	.	6	4	2	2	3	.	.	.	17	6
7	8	5	3	3	1	16	1	.	.	.	.	3	4	.	.	.	.	.	.	3	4
41	9	26	4	12	3	100	17	.	.	.	3	1	2	3	3	1	.	.	.	8	5
43	13	5	1	5	5	72	25	.	.	.	4	1	4	.	.	.	.	.	.	8	1
45	13	7	4	3	3	97	84	1	.	1	.	6	4	.	1	3	1	.	.	15	6
64	82	41	25	36	19	194	190	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	1	.
35	36	15	6	14	5	94	61	.	.	1	5	1	4	3	2	.	.	.	.	11	5
47	.	10	.	7	2	64	2	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	2	.
18	60	8	7	5	3	49	71	.	.	2	2	5	5	3	.	1	3	.	.	11	1
6	11	3	2	2	.	15	14	.	.	.	.	1	1	1	1	2	.	.	.	2	3
131	28	28	10	20	8	259	63	.	.	3	2	8	7	3	0	4	9	.	.	14	24
20	32	6	.	5	.	63	62	.	.	.	2	2	1	2	2	1	.	.	.	6	6
4	13	10	8	17	10	78	28	.	.	1	1	5	3	6	3	2	.	.	.	14	7
47	14	15	3	14	13	110	41	.	.	1	3	1	3	1	2	2	.	.	.	9	4
32	21	17	8	10	.	95	28	.	1	3	.	5	4	3	1	1	2	.	.	19	8
20	12	17	5	5	.	100	21	.	.	1	2	2	2	.	1	.	.	.	.	5	3
25	14	1	4	3	2	50	22	1	.	1	11	1	4	2	6	4	.	.	.	21	8
81	95	24	58	30	12	183	247	.	.	1	1	2	1	3	3	2	.	.	.	8	7
68	24	18	6	23	5	163	45	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	1	.
8	10	6	3	3	.	37	18	.	.	1	.	1	.	2	1	1	.	.	.	5	1
15	75	10	13	3	7	44	68	.	.	2	.	3	.	1	.	4	.	.	.	10	.
80	7	12	0	12	4	130	28	.	.	1	.	1	.	2	.	4	1	.	.	8	1
23	17	8	9	10	6	60	36	.	.	1	.	4	1	5	1	3	1	.	.	19	8
90	12	6	.	5	.	58	15	.	.	2	1	5	1	1	2	2	4	.	.	10	8
2361	781	684	5514	.	.	6	40	157	115	117	.	1	.	439	.	.	.	.	.	Total Males.	
3080	1867	443	5185	.	.	3	26	102	72	93	.	2	.	206	.	.	.	.	.	Total Females.	
3,054	1,843	1,127	10,500	.	.	9	66	259	190	210	.	3	.	737	.	.	.	.	.	Total M. and F.	
10,000										787											

[continued.]

TABLE IV. continued.—AGES and SEXES of the PRISONERS committed to the

COUNTY AND TOWN GAOLS.	UNDER REVENUE LAWS.																	
	AGES AND SEXES.																	
	10 Years and under.		Above 10 and not exceeding 16 Years.		Above 16 and not exceeding 21 Years.		21 and under 31 Years.		31 and under 41 Years.		41 Years and upwards.		TOTAL.		10 Years and under.		Above 10 and under 16 Years.	
	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.
Antrim, ...	.	.	1	.	.	.	2	1	2	1	4	4	9	6	.	.	.	.
Armagh, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	1	.	2	.	.	.	.	.
Carlow, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Cavan, ...	.	.	1	.	2	.	.	.	1	.	2	1	6	1	.	.	.	.
Clare, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	1	.	.	.	.	.
Cork County, . .	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	1	1	.	.	.	2	1	.	.	6	1
" City, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Donegal, ...	1	.	2	.	5	1	9	6	.	1	14	4	31	12	.	.	.	.
Down, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Dublin County, .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	1	.	.	.	.	.
Dublin City:	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Richmond B., .	.	.	.	.	.	.	2	.	1	.	1	.	4	.	.	.	.	.
Grangegorman P.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	2
Fermagh, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	1	1	.	.	.	2	1	.	.	.	.
Galway County, .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
" Town, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	1	1	1	.	3	1	.	.	7	.
Kerry, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	2	.	3	.	5	.	.	.	5	.
Kilbure, Naas, .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
" Athy, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.
Kilkenny County, .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
" City, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
King's, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Leitrim, ...	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	2	.	.	.	.	.
Limerick County, .	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	1	.	1	.	3	.	.	.	1	9
" City, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Londonderry, . .	.	.	.	.	.	.	2	.	.	.	1	1	3	1	.	.	.	.
Longford, ...	.	.	.	.	1	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	2	.	.	.	.	.
Louth, Dundalk, .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	1	.
" Drogheda, . .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Mayo, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	6	1	2	.	4	1	12	2	.	.	.	.
Meath, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	1	.	.	2	.
Monaghan, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.
Queen's, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.
Roscommon, . .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Sligo, ...	.	.	1	.	.	.	5	1	2	2	1	3	10	6	.	.	.	.
Tipperary, Nenagh, .	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	1	.	6	1
Tipperary, Clonmel, .	.	.	2	.	1	.	5	.	.	.	.	.	8	.	.	.	10	.
Tyross, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	2	.	2	1	5	1	.	.	.	.
Waterford, County, .	.	.	.	.	.	.	2	.	.	.	1	.	3	.	.	.	.	.
" City, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Westmeath, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Wexford, ...	.	.	.	.	1	.	1	1	1	.	2	.	3	2	.	.	.	.
Wicklow, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Total Males, . .	1	.	7	.	10	.	42	.	16	.	39	.	114	.	1	.	40	.
Total Females, .	.	.	.	.	2	.	12	.	8	.	19	.	41	.	.	.	6	.
Total M. & F., .	1	.	7	.	12	.	54	.	24	.	57	.	155	.	1	.	46	.
103																		

several County and Town Gaols in the Year 1859, by Classes of Crime.

UNDER POOR LAW ACT.												COURTS MARTIAL AND DISTRICTS.												COUNTY AND TOWN GAOLS.																							
AGES AND SEXES.												AGES.																																			
Above 16 and not exceeding 21 Years.				21 and under 31 Years.				31 and under 41 Years.				41 Years and upwards.				TOTAL.		Above 16 and not exceeding 16 Years.				17 and under 21 Years.				21 and under 31 Years.				31 and under 41 Years.				41 Years and upwards.		TOTAL.											
M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.		M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.															
.	.	2	1	6	2	10	1	.	.	2	1	.	.	10	57	11	.	78	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	Antrim.																
.	.	.	1	1	.	2	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	2	4	.	.	5	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	Armagh.																
.	.	1	1	.	.	1	1	.	.	1	1	.	.	2	4	.	.	7	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	Carlow.																
1	.	1	.	.	.	2	.	.	.	2	.	.	.	2	.	.	.	7	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	Cavan.																
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	Clare.															
13	6	0	7	4	1	3	1	32	15	.	.	.	.	18	43	11	2	74	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	Cork County.																
.	.	2	1	.	3	4	2	4	2	.	2	.	2	18	32	.	.	38	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	" City.																
.	.	1	1	2	.	1	1	.	.	2	1	.	2	2	2	.	.	4	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	Donegal.																
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	2	1	.	1	15	28	.	.	5	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	Down.																
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	2	15	28	4	1	54	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	Dublin County.																
.	.	2	.	1	.	5	.	5	.	1	17	.	1	45	66	6	119	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	Dublin City:																
.	.	1	1	2	3	4	1	4	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	Richmond B.															
2	4	2	3	.	1	4	.	4	4	.	4	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	Grangeorgreen P.															
0	.	.	.	.	.	12	.	12	.	.	.	.	.	2	1	2	.	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	Ferriagh.															
2	1	2	4	.	3	12	5	12	5	.	5	.	.	1	4	1	.	6	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	Galway County.															
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	0	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	" Town.														
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	0	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	Kerry.														
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	48	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	Kildare, Nass.														
.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	3	1	.	.	4	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	" Athy.														
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	3	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	Kilkenny County.														
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	13	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	" City.														
.	.	1	.	1	1	2	2	4	3	.	3	.	.	4	2	.	.	0	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	King's.														
3	.	1	2	.	.	4	2	4	2	.	2	.	.	1	.	.	1	0	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	Leitrim.														
.	4	.	2	.	.	2	8	2	2	.	2	.	2	3	.	.	.	7	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	Limerick County.														
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	33	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	" City.														
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	6	.	.	7	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	Londonberry.														
5	2	0	3	1	.	10	5	.	5	.	5	.	.	3	6	.	.	9	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	Longford.														
1	.	.	1	.	1	3	1	.	3	1	.	.	.	2	16	.	1	19	3	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	Louth, Dundalk.														
1	.	.	1	.	.	1	2	.	1	2	.	.	.	2	9	.	.	13	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	" Drogheda.														
1	0	.	2	2	.	5	8	.	5	8	.	.	.	4	8	1	.	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	Mayo.														
.	.	2	1	.	1	4	1	.	4	1	.	.	.	6	12	4	.	13	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	Meath.														
.	.	2	1	.	1	4	1	.	4	1	.	.	.	6	12	4	.	21	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	Monaghan.														
.	2	.	1	.	1	1	3	.	1	3	.	.	.	6	4	1	.	11	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	Queen's.														
1	.	2	1	.	1	1	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	0	3	.	1	9	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	Roscommon.														
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	9	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	Sligo.													
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	Tipperary, Nenagh.													
4	2	2	1	1	.	17	3	.	17	3	.	.	.	2	6	.	.	8	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	Tipperary, Clonmel.														
.	.	.	2	.	1	3	2	.	3	2	.	.	.	3	5	1	.	9	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	Tyrone.														
.	.	.	.	1	.	1	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	4	15	2	.	21	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	Waterford County.														
2	.	1	4	.	1	4	5	.	4	5	.	.	.	3	4	2	1	9	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	" City.														
.	.	1	1	1	.	3	1	.	3	1	.	.	.	7	6	.	.	9	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	Westmeath.														
.	.	2	4	.	.	3	4	.	3	4	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	19	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	Wexford.														
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	Wicklow.													
30	26	39	61	25	12	24	5	168	116	5	195	290	63	11	703	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	Total Males.														
86	100	37	29	278	702	703	703	703	703	703	703	703	703	703	703	703	703	703	703	703	703	703	703	703	703	703	703	703	703	703	703	703	703	Total Females.													
278												702												703												Total M. & F.											

[continued.]

TABLE IV. continued.—AGES AND SEXES of the PRISONERS committed to the

COUNTY AND TOWN GARRA.	UNDEB VAGRANT ACTS.															
	AGES AND SEXES.															
	10 Years and under.		Above 10 and not exceeding 16 Years.		Above 16 and not exceeding 21 Years.		21 and under 31 Years.		31 and under 41 Years.		41 Years and up- wards.		TOTAL.			
	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.
Antrim, ...			1			2	8	1	5	1	10	10	26	19		
Armagh, ...							1	1			2	2	3	3		
Carlow, ...							1		2	2	7	2	10	4		
Cavan, ...							1				3	1	4	1		
Clare, ...	1		1		1	1	2	4			2	3	7	8		
Cork County, ...			4		1		3	3			1		9	8		
" City, ...			3	1	4	4	2	4		3		4	16	16		
Donegal, ...							2	2						2		
Down, ...						2	1	6			1	3	2	11		
Dublin County, ...	3	2		7	3	6	4	12	3	10	25	26	37	63		
Dublin City:																
Richmond B.	4		18		7		14		10		55		112			
Grangegorman P.		2		30		28		61		47		130		260		
Ferrihanagh, ...																
Galway County, ...					4	6	2	2	1	2		3	7	15		
" Town, ...	3				1		1		2	7	10	30	24	48		
Kerry, ...			1			1	1				4	2	6	3		
Kildare, Nana, ...											2		2			
" Athy, ...							1	1			2	4	3	2		
Kilkenny County, ...			3		3		2	2	1	1		4	8	7		
" City, ...					4	12	5	53	4	30	3	20	16	117		
King's, ...			1					1		3	2	4	3	8		
Leitrim, ...												1		1		
Limerick County, ...			1			1		2		1				4		
" City, ...					3		4	6	2	6	10	19	29	32		
Londonderry, ...			3		1			1		1		3	4	6		
Longford, ...						2		13		4	1	2	1	27		
Louth, Dundalk, ...								3				1		4		
" Drogheda, ...						2		16		10	1	4	1	32		
Mayo, ...					2		1	1	1		8		12	1		
Meath, ...						2			1	2	1		2	4		
Monaghan, ...																
Queen's, ...								1			1		1	1		
Roscommon, ...						3		2		1	1	2	1	8		
Siligo, ...						3		3	1	7	10	3	11	9		
Tipperary, Nenagh, ...		2			2			2	1	1	2	3	4	8		
Tipperary, Clonmel, ...			3		3	1	4	6		2			10	8		
Tyrone, ...				2	1	2	4	27	4	3	6	10	14	44		
Waterford County, ...					4		1	2	3	3		3	8	6		
" City, ...		1			2					2	2	3	5	6		
Westmeath, ...						3	1	23		6	4	2	3	36		
Wexford, ...		2	2		4		3	1					9	3		
Wicklow, ...					2				1		1		4			
Total Males, ...	16		41		61		66		43		189		406			
Total Females, ...		11		30		87		261		161		312		832		
Total M. and F., ...	26		71		128		327		163		500		1,256			
	1,563															

several County and Town Gaols in the Year 1859, by Classes of Crime.

Drunkenness.														COUNTY AND TOWN GAOLS.	
AGES AND SEXES.															
Above 10 and not exceeding 16 Years.		16 and not exceeding 21 Years.		21 and not exceeding 31 Years.		31 and not exceeding 41 Years.		41 Years and upwards.		Age could not be ascertained.		TOTAL.			
M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.		
3	.	8	27	90	178	80	108	104	02	.	.	283	606	Antrim.	
.	.	8	5	39	75	20	14	11	9	.	.	79	101	Armagh.	
.	.	3	.	62	8	23	6	34	3	.	.	121	17	Carlow.	
.	.	0	16	38	56	24	5	31	4	.	.	90	84	Cavan.	
.	.	.	.	6	4	1	3	2	.	.	.	9	7	Clare.	
.	.	3	6	13	14	6	.	1	.	.	.	22	26	Cork County.	
.	.	3	.	6	10	6	18	11	7	.	.	28	33	" City.	
2	.	2	2	11	38	19	7	18	8	.	.	43	65	Donegal.	
.	.	8	4	24	112	10	11	26	25	.	.	77	153	Down.	
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	Dublin County.	
4	.	39	.	182	.	144	.	128	.	.	.	498	.	Dublin City.	
.	.	108	.	737	.	303	.	274	.	.	.	.	.	Richmond B.	
.	.	11	5	34	29	17	12	6	10	.	.	61	1419	Grangegorman P.	
.	.	3	5	14	3	3	3	2	.	.	.	10	56	Fernsagh.	
.	.	1	6	81	112	34	9	26	6	.	.	98	133	Galway County.	
.	.	3	7	30	62	8	9	19	3	.	.	53	61	" Town.	
.	.	2	2	30	66	19	11	13	2	.	.	70	81	Kerry.	
.	.	1	.	27	12	8	4	15	10	.	.	51	26	Kildare, Neas.	
.	.	3	10	3	4	1	5	1	.	.	.	22	8	" Ashy.	
.	.	3	6	29	25	90	40	77	18	.	.	132	80	Kilkenny County.	
.	.	4	3	16	2	10	11	42	13	.	.	72	29	" City.	
.	.	9	13	19	34	7	4	15	.	.	.	46	51	King's.	
.	.	11	.	27	3	3	10	1	.	.	.	51	3	Leitrim.	
.	.	28	43	117	68	38	21	27	22	.	.	203	146	Limerick County.	
1	.	7	34	62	163	27	39	31	10	.	.	125	246	" City.	
.	.	16	.	28	4	8	.	16	5	.	.	67	9	Londonderry.	
.	.	12	1	26	62	20	16	28	25	.	.	84	104	Longford.	
.	.	1	1	12	52	5	32	8	6	.	.	26	94	Louth, Dundalk.	
.	.	5	.	15	9	12	6	11	3	.	.	48	18	" Drogheda.	
.	.	3	16	8	8	1	24	5	.	.	.	48	18	Mayo.	
.	.	5	.	22	12	18	12	60	14	.	.	48	22	Meath.	
.	1	15	.	49	4	21	4	15	2	.	.	103	38	Monaghan.	
.	.	7	6	13	12	8	3	7	1	.	.	100	11	Queen's.	
.	.	7	1	22	4	13	7	13	5	.	.	30	22	Reecomon.	
1	.	17	3	117	16	64	5	49	2	.	.	52	17	Sligo.	
.	.	20	10	130	37	82	14	67	24	66	22	942	25	Tipperary, Nenagh.	
.	.	12	1	32	12	20	8	23	6	.	.	361	107	Tipperary, Cleevesl.	
.	.	1	.	2	4	2	3	6	.	.	.	37	27	Tyrone.	
.	.	15	.	33	216	20	13	16	21	.	.	11	7	Waterford County.	
.	.	.	.	108	18	29	11	26	14	.	.	91	250	" City.	
.	.	8	11	37	12	18	3	16	6	.	.	126	38	Westmeath.	
.	.	7	1	61	2	17	.	.	.	.	.	80	32	Wexford.	
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	91	3	Wicklow.	
11	.	307	.	1,223	.	907	.	1,089	.	71	.	3,860	4,068	Total Males.	
.	1	.	328	.	2,252	.	774	.	661	.	22	.	.	Total Females.	
12	.	635	.	3,904	.	1,681	.	1,083	.	93	.	8,018	.	Total M. and F.	
8,018															

[continued.

D

TABLE IV. *continued*.—AGES and SEXES of the PRISONERS committed to the

COUNTY AND TOWN GAUL.	ACQUITTED, NO BILLS, NO PROSECUTION, FOR FURTHER EXAMINATION, AND DISCHARGES.														TOTAL	
	AGES AND SEXES.															
	10 Years and under.		Above 10 and not exceeding 15 Years.		Above 15 and under 21 Years.		21 and under 31 Years.		31 and under 41 Years.		41 Years and up- wards.		Age could not be ascertained.			
	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.		
Antrim, ...	2	2	13	5	5	4	17	20	15	5	13	5	.	.	65	47
Armagh, ...	.	.	.	.	1	.	35	24	16	11	10	9	.	.	62	42
Carlow, ...	.	.	.	.	3	4	13	7	5	1	5	6	.	1	24	19
Cavan, ...	.	.	.	.	12	4	24	11	9	3	7	3	.	.	53	21
Clare, ...	.	.	5	1	13	1	31	10	4	3	9	2	.	.	62	17
Cork County, ...	1	.	6	1	10	4	23	13	4	2	7	3	.	1	57	24
" City, ...	.	.	.	.	8	12	7	12	2	1	1	3	.	.	18	25
Down, ...	.	.	.	.	5	1	16	1	4	1	6	2	.	.	31	5
Dublin County, ...	.	.	11	1	8	5	25	18	9	4	4	16	.	.	45	26
Dublin City:	.	.	.	.	8	2	23	9	14	3	8	5	.	.	64	25
Richmond B., ...	.	.	63	.	82	.	150	.	77	.	57	.	21	.	459	.
Grangegorman P., ...	1	.	9	.	59	.	108	.	53	.	37	.	4	.	331	.
Fermanagh, ...	.	.	.	.	11	4	20	9	18	10	1	4	.	.	56	27
Galway County, ...	.	.	.	.	10	3	18	7	9	2	4	2	.	.	38	14
" Town, ...	.	.	4	1	12	2	28	4	24	8	7	2	.	.	85	15
Kerry, ...	.	.	3	.	7	1	15	12	9	.	4	.	.	.	33	19
Kildare, Naas, ...	.	.	1	1	3	5	19	20	6	4	10	1	.	.	40	30
" Athy, ...	.	.	7	1	5	3	16	6	6	1	4	.	.	.	56	11
Kilkenny County, ...	.	.	2	.	4	3	16	7	6	3	6	1	.	.	34	14
" City, ...	.	.	.	.	4	7	17	28	13	16	9	2	1	.	44	38
King's, ...	.	.	.	.	4	1	5	1	11	2	9	1	.	.	28	5
Leitrim, ...	.	.	1	.	11	.	9	3	6	3	2	1	.	.	28	9
Limerick County, ...	.	.	5	.	18	11	32	5	13	2	8	4	.	.	97	22
" City, ...	.	.	14	4	285	212	276	171	182	99	73	53	.	.	789	586
Londonderry, ...	.	.	16	3	13	12	26	22	14	5	8	5	.	.	77	47
Longford, ...	1	.	3	4	11	7	35	14	8	5	9	2	.	.	67	32
Louth, Dundalk, ...	.	.	.	.	5	.	26	4	9	1	8	2	.	.	43	7
" Drogheda, ...	.	.	2	.	4	2	8	1	6	4	3	.	.	.	23	7
Mayo, ...	.	.	4	1	18	3	53	15	14	6	27	4	199	21	234	50
Meath, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	12	1	2	.	7	3	.	.	21	4
Monaghan, ...	.	.	4	.	7	1	28	4	5	3	8	.	.	.	47	8
Queen's, ...	1	.	2	.	7	3	32	4	8	6	5	24	.	.	78	14
Roscommon, ...	.	.	2	.	11	.	14	4	13	3	3	.	.	.	41	4
Sligo, ...	.	.	4	.	11	3	20	4	10	3	3	2	.	.	42	13
Tipperary, Nenagh, ...	.	.	12	2	16	3	19	13	6	1	4	5	.	.	51	28
Tipperary, Clonmel, ...	.	.	6	5	48	27	39	24	10	8	7	2	.	.	111	66
Tyrone, ...	.	.	2	1	6	4	24	6	4	1	1	3	.	.	37	15
Waterford County, ...	.	.	.	.	1	5	4	2	3	1	3	.	.	.	8	8
" City, ...	.	.	6	.	7	1	7	5	4	1	3	3	.	.	27	10
Westmeath, ...	.	.	.	.	3	.	12	5	1	.	2	.	.	.	18	5
Wexford, ...	.	.	1	2	5	2	17	19	3	2	4	5	.	.	30	30
Wicklow, ...	.	.	.	.	4	4	5	1	3	6	7	1	.	.	19	12
Total Males, ...	5	.	197	.	662	.	1,192	.	678	.	369	.	165	.	3,120	.
Total Females, ...	.	3	43	.	424	.	719	.	283	.	104	.	27	.	1,600	.
Total M. & F., ...	5	3	240	.	1,120	.	1,911	.	961	.	473	.	192	.	4,720	.
4,884																

several County and Town Gaols in the Year 1859, by Classes of Crime.

REMAINING FOR TRIAL.															COUNTY AND TOWN GAOLS.
AGES AND SEXES.										TOTAL.	GENERAL TOTAL.				
Above 16 and not exceeding 16 Years.		Above 16 and under 21 Years.		21 and under 31 Years.		31 and under 41 Years.		41 Years and upwards.							
M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.		
1	.	.	1	1	3	2	1	1	.	4	4	1,280	1,414	Antrim.	
.	.	1	.	3	4	1	1	1	.	2	3	372	281	Armagh.	
.	.	.	.	3	4	.	.	1	.	5	5	247	85	Carlow.	
1	.	4	.	4	1	1	2	2	1	12	4	344	168	Cavan.	
.	.	2	.	1	.	.	.	.	1	3	1	182	114	Clare.	
.	.	6	.	6	3	2	3	2	2	16	8	888	340	Cork County.	
.	.	.	5	2	3	.	1	1	.	3	11	323	474	" City.	
.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	1	.	2	.	325	103	Donegal.	
.	.	2	.	6	5	1	.	1	3	10	8	311	282	Down.	
.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	1	.	530	611	Dublin County.	
1	.	4	.	8	.	3	.	1	.	15	.	2,005	.	Dublin City:	
.	.	.	1	.	7	.	6	1	1	.	15	.	4,801	Richmond B.	
.	.	1	1	1	1	.	1	1	.	3	3	241	188	Grangegorman P.	
.	.	.	2	3	1	.	2	.	.	3	5	228	181	Fermanagh.	
1	.	.	.	1	.	1	.	.	.	3	.	387	218	Galway County.	
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	" Town.	
1	1	2	.	6	1	1	.	1	2	11	4	349	191	Kerry.	
.	.	1	.	7	1	.	.	1	.	2	1	200	226	Kildare, Nass.	
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	178	154	" Athy.	
.	.	1	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	2	.	178	73	Kilkenny County.	
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	284	327	" City.	
.	.	2	.	3	.	2	1	2	.	11	1	290	104	King's.	
.	.	1	.	4	5	1	.	1	.	7	5	208	108	Leitrim.	
.	.	1	1	6	2	.	1	.	1	7	5	364	123	Limerick County.	
.	.	1	1	.	4	4	3	1	1	6	9	1,537	1,032	" City.	
.	.	4	1	6	.	1	.	2	.	13	1	397	391	Londonderry.	
.	.	.	.	1	.	1	.	.	1	2	1	283	87	Longford.	
.	.	1	.	1	.	1	.	2	.	3	.	251	216	Louth, Dundalk.	
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	89	159	" Drogheda.	
.	.	1	.	7	2	.	3	1	1	10	4	708	208	Mayo.	
.	.	2	.	2	2	1	.	1	.	6	3	181	119	Meath.	
.	.	1	.	2	2	1	1	1	1	4	4	327	111	Monaghan.	
.	.	1	.	2	1	2	1	1	.	6	2	261	89	Queen's.	
.	.	3	.	1	1	1	.	3	.	8	1	289	103	Roscommon.	
1	.	.	.	3	.	1	1	.	1	1	4	282	80	Sligo.	
.	.	.	.	3	.	1	.	2	.	6	.	470	191	Tipperary, Nenagh.	
.	.	3	4	5	4	1	2	2	1	11	11	809	621	Tipperary, Clonmel.	
.	.	2	1	1	2	.	.	2	1	3	2	363	138	Tyrone.	
.	.	.	.	1	1	1	.	1	.	3	1	127	55	Waterford County.	
1	.	3	.	.	.	1	1	.	2	6	3	240	280	" City.	
.	.	1	.	6	1	1	.	1	1	8	2	371	131	Westmeath.	
2	.	0	1	6	4	2	1	3	1	16	7	278	162	Wexford.	
.	1	.	2	2	2	.	2	1	.	3	7	222	57	Wicklow.	
3	.	58	.	108	.	35	.	41	.	250	.	17,845	.	Total Males.	
.	2	.	28	.	70	.	31	.	21	148	.	14,297	.	Total Females.	
11	.	79	.	179	.	66	.	62	.	398	.	32,142	.	Total M. & F.	
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SUMMARY of TABLE IV.—AGES and SEXES of the Prisoners Committed to the

CLASSES OF CRIME.	AGES AND SEXES.							
	10 Years and under.		Above 10 and not exceeding 16 Years.		Above 16 and under 21 Years.		21 and under 31 Years.	
CONVICTED.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.
Felons, ...	4	.	89	27	102	84	242	214
Misdemeanants, ...	.	.	27	6	213	37	505	68
Criminal Lunatics, ...	.	.	.	.	3	.	5	3
Offenders under Larceny Act, ...	9	9	375	89	411	271	327	438
Misdemeanants, ...	10	6	405	140	1,598	1,049	2,394	2,605
Dangerous Lunatics, ...	.	.	6	3	40	30	157	102
Under Revenue Laws, ...	1	.	7	.	10	2	42	12
Under Poor Law Act, ...	1	.	40	6	39	26	30	61
Courts Martial and Deserters, ...	.	.	5	.	106	.	423	.
Under Vagrant Acts, ...	10	11	41	36	51	87	66	261
Drunkards, ...	.	.	11	1	307	336	1,022	2,282
Acquitted, No Bills, No Prosecution, For } Further Examination, and Discharged, }	5	3	197	43	690	434	1,192	719
Remaining for Trial on 31st Dec., 1899, ...	.	.	9	2	50	22	109	70
Total Males, ...	45	.	1,212	.	3,440	.	7,098	.
Total Females, ...	.	29	.	349	.	2,356	.	6,344
Total Males and Females, ...	74		1,561		5,890		14,510	

several County and Town Gaols, in the Year 1859, by Classes of Crime.

AGES AND SEXES.										CLASSES OF CRIME.
31 and under 41 Years.		41 Years and upwards.		Age could not be ascertained.		TOTALS.				
M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M. & F.		
92	89	78	66	2	.	669	480	1,139	Felons,	} At Assizes and Quarter Sessions.
159	28	114	81	5	.	1,023	190	1,219	Misdemeanants,	
6	1	3	.	.	.	17	4	21	Criminal Lunatics,	
101	263	184	152	.	.	1,417	1,222	2,639	Offenders under Larceny Act,	} Summary.
791	897	684	443	.	.	5,514	5,185	10,699	Misdemeanants,	
118	72	117	93	1	2	430	298	727	Dangerous Lunatics,	
16	8	38	19	.	.	114	41	155	Under Revenue Laws.	
25	12	24	5	.	.	168	110	278	Under Poor Law Act.	
62	.	11	.	.	.	702	.	702	Commons Martial and Deserters,	
42	151	188	312	.	.	463	832	1,295	Under Vagrant Acts.	
907	774	1,032	661	71	28	3,950	4,068	8,018	Drunkards.	
578	285	366	194	153	27	3,189	1,695	4,884	{ Acquitted, No Bills, No Prosecution, For Further Examination, and Discharged.	
35	31	41	21	.	.	250	145	395	Remaining for Trial on 31st Dec., 1859.	
3,982	.	2,830	.	234	.	17,845	.	.	Total Males.	
.	2,571	.	1,997	.	51	.	14,297	.	Total Females.	
5,963		4,827		285				22,142	Total Males and Females.	

TABLE V.—STATE of EDUCATION on Committal of the Prisoners committed to the

COUNTY AND TOWN GAOLS.	CONVICTED AT ASSIZES													
	FELONS.													
	Read and Wrote.		Read Im- perfectly.		Knew Spelling.		Knew Alphabet.		Widely Illiterate.		Not as- certained.		Totals.	
	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.
Antrim, ...	9	.	4	4	.	.	.	.	1	2	.	.	14	6
Armagh, ...	6	.	1	3	1	.	5	.	7	4	.	.	20	7
Carlow, ...	5	1	.	1	.	.	.	.	3	5	.	.	8	7
Cavan, ...	2	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	6	10	.	.	9	16
Clare, ...	2	.	2	.	.	.	.	.	5	1	.	.	0	1
Cork County, ...	10	2	4	2	3	2	1	3	17	13	.	.	33	22
" City, ...	24	10	6	18	.	11	2	4	3	7	2	.	37	37
Donegal, ...	3	1	.	1	.	.	.	.	2	1	.	.	5	3
Down, ...	16	3	5	7	1	.	.	.	7	12	.	.	29	22
Dublin County, ...	8	.	4	6	1	.	.	.	9	3	.	.	23	9
Dublin City:														
Richmond B., ...	67	.	13	.	3	.	3	.	21	.	.	.	103	.
Grangeonstown P., ...	.	22	.	28	.	.	.	.	50	.	.	.	110	.
Fermanagh, ...	6	.	1	3	.	.	.	.	6	2	.	.	13	5
Galway County, ...	2	1	1	.	.	.	.	.	15	5	.	.	14	6
" Town, ...	2	.	1	.	1	.	.	.	.	3	.	.	4	3
Kerry, ...	5	.	.	2	1	1	4	1	4	2	.	.	14	6
Kildare, Nass, ...	10	1	6	4	.	.	.	.	11	9	.	.	23	14
" Athy, ...	8	.	1	2	.	.	.	.	3	3	.	.	10	5
Kilkenny County, ...	1	.	2	2	.	.	.	.	5	3	.	.	8	5
" City, ...	3	.	1	1	.	.	3	.	.	.	.	.	7	1
King's, ...	3	1	7	2	10	1	4	1	3	1	.	.	27	6
Lalrim, ...	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	5	5	.	.	7	5
Limerick County, ...	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	2	1	.	.	3	1
" City, ...	9	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	4	.	.	10	4
Londonderry, ...	8	1	8	3	3	3	.	.	2	2	.	.	21	6
Longford, ...	1	1	1	.	1	.	.	1	2	1	.	.	5	3
Louth, Dundalk, ...	2	.	.	1	1	.	.	.	1	4	.	.	4	5
" Droghda, ...	.	.	2	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	3	.
Mayo, ...	3	.	1	3	.	.	.	.	15	19	.	.	10	22
Meath, ...	3	.	2	.	.	.	.	.	4	1	.	.	9	1
Monaghan, ...	4	1	1	2	3	0	.	2	.	1	.	.	8	12
Queen's, ...	.	.	1	3	.	.	.	.	3	2	2	.	6	5
Roscommon, ...	3	4	2	6	1	.	.	.	4	8	.	.	10	18
Sligo, ...	3	.	1	1	.	.	1	.	3	8	.	.	8	0
Tipperary, Nenagh, ...	6	3	7	1	.	.	.	.	6	4	.	.	19	8
Tipperary, Clonmel, ...	8	2	4	6	.	.	.	.	11	11	.	.	23	19
Tyrone, ...	8	1	3	6	2	2	.	.	3	8	.	.	16	17
Waterford County, ...	9	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	2	3	.	.	11	8
" City, ...	2	1	2	2	1	.	.	1	1	3	.	.	6	7
Westmeath, ...	7	1	2	.	.	.	.	.	5	5	.	.	14	6
Wexford, ...	7	3	3	4	1	2	1	2	5	8	.	.	17	19
Wicklow, ...	1	.	4	2	.	.	3	.	.	.	.	.	8	2
Total Males, ...	284	.	104	.	35	.	27	.	205	.	4	.	659	.
Total Females, ...	.	29	.	134	.	28	.	15	.	234	.	.	.	480
Total M. and F., ...	353	.	238	.	68	.	42	.	439	.	4	.	1,139	.
1,139														

several County and Town Gaols in the Year 1859, by Sexes and Classes of Crime.

AND QUARTER SESSIONS.

MISDEMEANORS.

COUNTY AND TOWN GAOLS.

Read and Write.		Read imperfectly.		Know Spelling.		Know Alphabet.		Wholly illiterate.		Not ascertained.		Total.		
M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	
18	2	11	8	2	1	1	1	3	8	1	1	23	19	Antrim.
9	1	7	3	2	1	1	1	3	4	1	1	23	8	Armagh.
5	1	1	2	1	1	1	1	9	2	1	1	14	5	Carlow.
10	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	5	1	1	1	15	1	Cavan.
5	2	4	3	1	1	6	2	7	4	1	1	22	11	Clare.
27	3	5	5	3	4	1	1	23	11	1	1	59	24	Cork County.
5	2	1	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	7	5	City.
10	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	20	3	1	1	30	3	Donegal.
11	1	7	3	3	1	1	1	3	1	1	1	25	3	Down.
4	4	1	1	1	1	1	1	4	8	1	1	11	7	Dublin County.
56	1	7	1	1	1	1	1	19	9	1	1	63	1	Dublin City:
10	1	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	3	1	1	13	23	Richmond B.
3	1	2	1	1	1	1	1	54	13	1	1	62	6	Grangegorman P.
1	1	2	1	1	1	1	1	11	2	1	1	15	18	Fermagh.
17	1	1	1	3	1	1	1	5	1	1	1	27	1	Galway County.
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	1	1	1	4	2	City.
4	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	4	1	1	1	9	1	Kerry.
4	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	3	1	1	1	9	1	Kildare, Nass.
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	3	3	1	1	1	4	City.
2	1	3	1	2	1	5	1	1	1	1	1	13	1	Kilkenny County.
13	1	5	1	1	1	1	1	3	1	1	1	22	1	City.
23	2	7	2	1	1	1	1	27	10	1	1	56	14	Kilgobbin.
4	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	8	2	1	1	7	4	Limerick County.
14	1	1	1	4	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	20	1	City.
13	1	4	1	1	1	1	1	4	1	1	1	21	1	Londonderry.
4	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	4	2	1	1	8	2	Longford.
43	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	119	13	1	1	163	13	Leath, Dundalk.
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	1	1	4	3	Leath, Drogheda.
19	1	5	1	4	1	1	1	8	1	1	1	33	1	Mayo.
16	1	3	2	1	1	1	1	5	1	3	1	20	3	Meath.
14	1	2	1	1	1	1	1	15	1	1	1	31	1	Monaghan.
14	1	2	1	2	1	1	1	6	1	1	1	25	1	Queen's.
19	1	6	1	2	1	1	1	10	3	1	1	37	6	Roscommon.
5	1	12	1	1	1	1	1	10	1	1	1	27	1	Sligo.
5	1	4	2	1	1	1	1	4	1	1	1	13	2	Tipperary, Nenagh.
5	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	3	1	1	1	9	1	Tipperary, Clonmel.
9	1	3	1	1	1	1	1	4	1	1	1	16	1	Tyrone.
7	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	3	1	1	1	13	1	Waterford County.
1	1	3	1	3	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	9	2	City.
431	31	118	45	89	9	25	6	404	106	6	1	1,023	196	Westmeath.
462	161	48	90	612	6	1,319								Wexford.
Total Males.														
Total Females.														
Total M. and F.														

(continued)

TABLE V. continued.—STATE OF EDUCATION on Committal of the Prisoners committed to

COUNTY AND TOWN GARR.	AT ASSIZES AND QUARTER SESSIONS.										SUMMARY									
	CRIMINAL LUNATICS.										OFFENDERS UNDER LARCENY ACT.									
	Read and Write.		Read imperfectly.		Knew Spelling.		Wholly Illiterate.		TOTAL.		Read and Write.		Read imperfectly.		Knew Spelling.		Knew Alphabet.		Wholly Illiterate.	
	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.
Antrim, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	42	17	68	38	.	.	.	.	43	65
Armagh, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	11	2	3	10	0	3	5	1	6	14
Carlow, ...	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	1	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	4	4
Cavan, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	7	1	1	4	.	.	.	.	5	7
Clare, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	3	4	3	3	3	5	1	4	6	6
Cork County, ...	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	17	3	6	4	6	3	7	2	16	29
" City, ...	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	26	6	20	18	2	4	20	1	8	8
Donegal, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	1	2
Down, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	1	.	14	4	7	11	.	.	.	.	7	9
Dublin County, ...	1	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	1	1	18	11	9	6	4	.	1	9	15	15
Dublin City:																				
Richmond B., ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	1	.	158	.	47	.	20	.	9	.	94	.
Grangegorman P., ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	86	.	96	.	.	4	.	.	162	.
Fermanagh, ...	1	.	1	.	.	.	1	.	2	.	1	1	1	1	.	.	2	.	1	1
Galway County, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	1	.	6	3	.	.	1	.	.	2	16	16
" Town, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	8	.	1	1	1	.	2	2	6	16
Kerry, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	10	3	2	2	1	1	4	5	4	8
Kilgarra, New, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	22	1	6	9	.	.	.	.	11	6
" Athy, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	3	3	6	.	.	.	.	.	11	6
Kilkenny County, ...	.	.	.	.	1	.	1	.	2	.	26	1	4	2	.	.	.	.	7	18
" City, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	6	3	7	20	10	11	9	15	19	.
King's, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	2	1	2	3	1	7	2	18
Leixrim, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	1	1	1	.	.	.	3	3
Limerick County, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	12	1	2	2	.	.	.	.	12	23
" City, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	54	17	61	31	18	6	21	6	128	56
Londonderry, ...	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	3	.	6	8	3	9	.	.	6	6
Longford, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	3	1	1	1	5	.	1	.	8	5
Louth, Dundalk, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	2	2	4	3	1	.	.	.	9	6
" Drogheda, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	2	2	.	.	.	1	.	2	3
Mayo, ...	1	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	2	.	3	1	4	.	.	.	.	.	4	4
Meath, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	3	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	7	6
Monaghan, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	2	.	2	12	10	.	1	.	.	.
Queen's, ...	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	3	.	1	1	2	.	.	.	3	2
Roscommon, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	2	1	3	.	.	.	.	.	5	4
Sligo, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	2	1	2	.	.	.	1	.	3	2
Tipperary, Nenagh, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	7	1	2	1	.	.	1	15	14	14
Tipperary, Clonmel, ...	2	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	3	.	4	6	5	10	.	.	.	21	37	37
Tyrone, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	3	2	2	6	3	.	.	1	2	3
Waterford County, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	8	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	4	9
" City, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	3	3	3	4	4	.	.	.	1	9
Westmeath, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	3	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	5	14
Wexford, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	1	1	1	2	6	11	4	1	.	3	7	11
Wicklow, ...	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	1	.	3	1	11	3	.	.
Total Males, ...	9	.	1	.	1	.	6	.	17	.	459	.	200	.	111	.	73	.	484	.
Total Females, ...	.	1	.	1	.	.	2	.	4	.	153	.	316	.	57	.	53	.	611	.
Total M. and F., ...	10	.	2	.	1	.	8	.	21	.	612	.	616	.	168	.	126	.	1,095	.
	21										2,889									

the several County and Town Gaols in the Year 1850, by Sexes and Classes of Crime.

CONVICTIONS.														COUNTY AND TOWN GAOLS.	
MANUSCRIPTS.															
TOTAL.		Read and Write.		Read Imperfectly.		Knew Spelling.		Knew Alphabet.		Wholly Illiterate.		TOTAL.			
M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.		
153	135	229	56	221	416	.	.	.	.	161	255	681	763	Antrim.	
31	30	46	4	41	20	13	5	.	2	84	35	135	73	Armagh.	
6	6	12	2	8	8	.	.	.	.	28	12	48	22	Carlow.	
13	12	30	3	11	4	.	.	.	.	63	20	104	23	Cavan.	
12	16	9	0	10	8	0	0	8	6	8	16	41	40	Clare.	
51	40	142	13	29	25	6	13	0	13	136	105	318	169	Cork County.	
36	37	64	47	32	64	10	49	19	21	35	133	161	320	" City.	
1	3	44	.	25	5	.	.	.	.	101	20	170	23	Down.	
28	24	40	10	13	43	2	8	2	1	40	46	97	103	Down.	
33	33	103	87	32	75	8	5	4	.	83	148	218	316	Dublin County.	
325	.	460	.	111	.	13	.	3	.	268	.	634	.	Dublin City:	
.	348	.	281	.	543	.	10	.	.	.	361	.	1,702	Richmond B.	
3	6	24	11	30	4	0	5	11	2	6	6	80	28	Grangegorman P.	
8	17	7	.	4	2	.	.	.	.	56	63	67	55	Fermanagh.	
21	17	34	1	8	2	3	1	2	1	65	97	115	102	Galway County.	
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	" Town.	
21	19	82	4	18	0	11	1	24	12	83	23	108	51	Kerry.	
13	13	8	17	3	10	.	.	.	.	29	57	81	84	Kildare, Neas.	
15	12	10	7	8	13	.	.	.	.	23	70	41	96	" Athy.	
14	16	19	2	9	8	.	.	.	.	31	9	59	19	Kilkenny County.	
42	19	1	.	13	7	1	.	.	3	1	.	16	10	" City.	
.	30	36	1	12	1	21	5	13	4	27	6	106	17	King's.	
4	5	32	2	12	3	8	1	.	.	30	19	72	25	Leitrim.	
26	26	47	6	9	4	.	.	.	.	44	24	97	34	Limerick County.	
282	106	35	14	43	28	13	18	17	19	60	117	194	106	" City.	
18	16	34	2	26	24	14	11	3	1	17	25	94	61	Londonderry.	
15	7	33	1	18	.	8	.	4	.	23	1	88	2	Longford.	
16	11	16	7	0	14	2	.	.	.	28	50	48	71	Louth, Dundalk.	
5	6	16	2	.	3	.	.	.	.	2	9	15	14	" Drogheda.	
4	4	61	5	6	.	.	.	.	.	199	24	259	63	Mayo.	
14	6	20	1	4	4	1	.	2	.	26	57	53	61	Meath.	
14	18	18	.	32	3	15	17	3	1	10	7	78	28	Monaghan.	
9	2	41	0	15	11	1	1	.	.	33	24	110	41	Queen's.	
6	1	41	7	11	3	4	5	.	.	36	25	69	34	Roscommon.	
4	4	37	3	16	28	20	3	11	2	21	11	102	21	Sligo.	
24	17	19	3	0	4	2	.	.	.	24	13	50	22	Tipperary, Nenagh.	
30	32	43	38	29	54	.	.	.	.	114	155	182	247	Tipperary, Clonmel.	
10	11	61	3	27	21	23	5	2	2	50	14	163	45	Tyrone.	
13	0	6	.	1	.	1	.	.	.	28	18	37	18	Waterford County.	
15	16	14	8	14	13	4	.	4	.	8	78	44	68	" City.	
11	14	33	1	12	3	.	.	.	.	60	18	120	23	Westmeath.	
18	22	20	3	13	15	2	2	8	4	17	12	60	36	Wexford.	
15	4	25	3	4	4	15	2	14	6	.	.	58	15	Wicklow.	
1,417	.	2,073	.	619	.	239	.	161	.	2,108	.	5,514	.	Total Males.	
.	1,223	.	654	.	1,684	.	173	.	104	.	2,700	.	5,389	Total Females.	
2,889	.	2,787	.	2,423	.	412	.	265	.	4,862	.	10,803	.	Total M. and F.	
10,879															

(continued.)

TABLE V. continued.—STATE of EDUCATION on Commitment of the Prisoners committed to

COUNTY AND TOWN CLASS.	SUMMARY													
	DANGEROUS LUNATICS.										Under			
	Read and Wrote.		Read im- perfectly.		Knew Spelling.		Knew Alphabet.		Wholly illiterate.		Not as- signed.		TOTAL.	
	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.
Antrim, ...	4	1	10	10	.	.	.	.	5	4	.	.	25	15
Armagh, ...	4	.	2	3	.	.	.	.	4	4	.	.	10	7
Carlow, ...	1	3	.	.	.	.	.	.	2	.	.	.	3	1
Cavan, ...	12	.	.	4	.	.	.	.	9	8	.	.	21	10
Clara, ...	5	2	2	3	.	.	.	.	5	5	.	.	12	10
Cork County, ...	5	2	2	2	5	8	.	.	.	.	2	.	12	14
" City, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.
Down, ...	6	1	4	6	.	.	.	.	10	9	.	.	20	15
Down, ...	14	2	7	9	1	.	.	.	2	7	.	.	24	18
Dublin County, ...	4	1	.	3	1	.	.	.	1	4	6	2	12	10
Dublin City:														
Richmond B., ...	32	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	6	.	.	.	39	.
Grangegorman P., ...	24	.	13	.	2	.	.	.	14	.	.	.	52	.
Fermanagh, ...	4	1	3	1	.	.	.	.	3	5	.	.	10	7
Galway County, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	10	5	.	.	10	5
" Town, ...	7	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	2	2	.	.	10	2
Kerry, ...	1	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	2	3	.	.	4	3
Kildare, Nass, ...	2	1	1	.	.	.	.	.	1	1	.	.	4	2
" Athy, ...	1	1	1	1	.	.	.	.	3	2	.	.	6	4
Kilkenny County, ...	6	2	4	1	.	.	.	.	7	3	.	.	17	6
" City, ...	3	.	.	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	3	4
King's, ...	1	1	2	2	.	.	.	.	2	.	3	2	8	5
Leitrim, ...	5	.	2	.	.	.	.	.	1	1	.	.	8	1
Limerick County, ...	12	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	3	5	.	.	16	6
" City, ...	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.
Londonderry, ...	5	2	5	1	1	1	.	.	.	1	.	.	11	5
Longford, ...	1	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	2	.
Louth, Dundalk, ...	6	4	3	3	.	.	.	.	2	2	.	.	11	10
" Drogheda, ...	.	.	1	1	.	.	.	.	1	.	2	.	2	3
Mayo, ...	4	4	1	.	.	.	.	.	13	10	.	.	18	24
Meath, ...	.	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	6	4	.	.	6	6
Monaghan, ...	3	.	6	3	3	2	.	.	2	2	.	.	14	7
Queen's, ...	3	.	4	2	.	.	.	.	2	2	.	.	9	4
Roscommon, ...	.	1	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	11	7	12	8
Sligo, ...	3	1	1	.	.	.	.	.	1	2	.	.	5	3
Tipperary, Nanagh, ...	13	1	2	2	.	.	.	.	6	5	.	.	21	9
Tipperary, Clonmel	1	3	2	2	.	.	.	.	5	4	.	.	9	7
Tyrone, ...	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.
Waterford County, ...	2	1	1	.	.	.	.	.	2	.	.	.	5	1
" City, ...	3	.	4	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	10	2
Westmeath, ...	3	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	3	1	.	.	8	1
Wexford, ...	14	1	1	1	.	.	.	.	2	1	.	.	13	3
Wicklow, ...	7	3	1	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	10	6
Total Males, ...	108	.	82	.	15	17	2	.	123	.	35	.	450	.
Total Females, ...	.	64	.	75	.	17	.	.	.	127	.	10	.	298
Total M. and F., ...	263	.	167	.	30	2	.	.	250	.	35	.	737	.
737														155

the several County and Town Gaols, in the Year 1859, by Sexes and Classes of Crime.

CONVICTIONS.

REVENUE LAWS.

UNDER POOR LAW ACT.

COUNTY AND TOWN
GAOLS.

Known Alphabet.		Wholly illiterate.		TOTAL.		Read and Write.		Read imperfectly.		Known Spelling.		Known Alphabet.		Wholly illiterate.		TOTAL.		
M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	10	1	Antim.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	2	1	Armagh.
.	.	1	.	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	3	.	.	.	Carlow.
.	.	8	1	9	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	1	1	1	1	Cavan.
.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	2	2	2	2	2	Clare.
.	.	2	.	2	1	16	2	3	.	3	1	1	16	11	32	13		Cork County.
.	.	20	11	31	12	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	3	2	4	2	.	" City.
.	.	1	.	1	.	2	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	1	3	1	.	Donegal.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	Down.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	Dublin County.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	Dublin City:
.	.	.	.	4	.	4	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	5	.	Richmond B.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	5	.	4	.	8	.	.	.	17	.	Grangeorgasm P.
.	.	.	.	2	1	1	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	3	.	4	1	Fermanagh.
.	.	.	.	.	.	2	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	2	0	4	2	Galway County.
.	.	1	1	2	1	9	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	3	.	12	.	" Town.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	Kerry.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	Kildare, Nass.
.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	" Athy.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	1	.	Kilkenny County.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	" City.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	1	3	.	.	.	4	3	King's.
.	.	1	.	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	2	4	Leitrim.
.	.	1	.	2	.	.	2	.	1	.	.	.	.	2	0	2	2	Limerick County.
.	.	2	.	3	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	" City.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	Londonderry.
.	.	.	.	2	.	3	.	3	3	.	.	1	4	1	10	5	.	Longford.
.	.	.	1	.	1	3	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	2	1	Louth, Dundalk.
.	.	8	2	10	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	" Drogheda.
.	.	1	.	1	2	3	3	1	.	.	.	.	.	1	0	5	8	Mayo.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	Meath.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	3	.	1	1	.	.	.	.	4	1	Monaghan.
.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	1	3	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	4	Queens.
.	.	4	4	10	6	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	2	1	Roscommon.
1	.	.	.	1	.	4	1	1	.	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	Sligo.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	4	1	11	2	Tipperary, Newagh.
.	.	5	.	8	.	8	.	4	2	.	.	.	.	5	1	17	3	Tipperary, Clonmel.
.	.	.	1	5	1	.	.	3	1	.	.	.	.	.	1	2	2	Tyrone.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	1	.	Waterford County.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	2	3	4	5	" City.
.	.	.	1	3	2	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	2	1	3	1	Wexford.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	2	.	.	1	1	1	1	.	.	2	4	Wicklow.
1	.	56	.	114	.	64	.	20	.	11	.	6	.	58	.	168	.	Total Males.
.	.	90	.	41	.	18	.	17	.	13	.	5	.	57	.	110	.	Total Females.
1	.	66	.	155	.	82	.	45	.	24	.	11	.	115	.	278	.	Total M. and F.

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[continued.]

the several County and Town Gaols in the Year 1859, by Sexes and Classes of Crime.

DEPARTMENT.													COUNTY AND TOWN GAOLS.	
Read and Wrote.		Read imperfectly.		Knew Spelling.		Knew Alphabet.		Wholly Illiterate.		Not ascertained.		Total.		
M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.		F.
132	47	73	135	.	.	.	.	68	213	.	.	285	395	Antrim.
26	8	17	18	3	14	2	3	23	58	.	.	79	101	Armagh.
30	1	14	8	.	.	.	.	87	13	.	.	124	17	Carlow.
30	3	6	12	.	.	.	.	73	66	.	.	29	81	Cavan.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	9	7	.	.	9	7	Clare.
9	.	2	5	2	2	.	4	9	9	.	.	22	20	Cork County.
4	.	5	19	.	.	.	.	19	16	.	.	28	35	" City.
18	4	10	12	.	.	.	.	10	39	.	.	43	58	Donegal.
32	49	7	23	2	.	.	.	31	83	.	.	77	152	Down.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	Dublin County.
236	.	41	.	.	.	.	.	221	.	.	.	408	.	Dublin City:
.	457	300	.	.	8	.	.	.	592	.	.	.	1,413	Richmond B.
8	3	12	9	10	8	20	7	13	29	.	.	81	56	Grangegorman P.
7	1	1	.	.	.	.	.	2	19	.	.	10	29	Fermanagh.
32	1	3	4	4	2	.	3	42	136	.	.	92	133	Galway County.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	" Town.
20	14	2	23	3	9	13	16	15	19	.	.	53	81	Kerry.
28	19	14	16	.	.	.	.	33	43	.	.	70	81	Kildare, Nass.
12	.	10	2	.	.	.	.	29	24	.	.	51	28	" Athy.
5	.	4	1	2	.	.	.	11	4	.	.	22	5	Kilkenny County.
49	11	32	17	34	36	4	13	.	.	19	.	129	189	" City.
5	.	7	.	12	1	24	1	16	21	9	6	72	28	King's.
14	6	7	1	.	.	.	.	23	41	.	.	46	51	Leitrim.
20	.	6	.	.	.	.	.	26	8	.	.	51	3	Limerick County.
53	17	36	12	17	5	22	18	77	99	.	.	265	146	" City.
53	5	27	97	18	44	1	7	29	93	.	.	128	246	Londonderry.
16	2	9	1	11	.	1	.	35	6	.	.	67	9	Longford.
40	8	15	19	.	.	.	.	38	77	.	.	93	104	Louth, Dundalk.
11	.	9	10	1	8	.	4	5	72	.	.	26	64	" Drogheda.
9	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	52	15	.	.	43	18	Mayo.
.	.	14	.	1	.	.	.	33	23	.	.	48	22	Meath.
20	2	30	6	26	23	.	.	27	5	.	.	106	35	Monaghan.
31	.	13	4	3	2	.	.	53	5	.	.	100	11	Queen's.
15	2	3	4	1	2	.	.	11	14	.	.	30	22	Rosecommon.
23	2	7	1	19	.	5	.	8	14	.	.	55	17	Sligo.
110	3	20	7	.	.	.	.	113	16	.	.	243	24	Tipperary, Nenagh.
72	24	14	8	44	15	55	5	116	33	66	27	361	107	Tipperary, Clonmel.
37	3	12	14	10	1	.	1	28	8	.	.	87	27	Tyrone.
5	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	6	7	.	.	11	7	Waterford County.
27	16	27	27	12	21	.	.	20	166	5	.	91	250	" City.
56	.	9	3	.	.	.	.	63	35	.	.	158	34	Westmeath.
32	6	16	12	3	1	1	4	29	9	.	.	83	32	Wexford.
10	2	20	.	21	1	45	.	.	.	.	.	91	3	Wicklow.
1,340	.	574	.	261	.	193	.	1,508	.	8	.	3,006	.	Total Males.
.	719	.	830	.	200	.	81	.	2,144	.	40	.	4,068	Total Females.
2,067	.	1,459	.	461	.	269	.	3,032	.	120	.	3,018	.	Total M. and F.
8,018														

(continued.)

TABLE V. *continued*.—STATE OF EDUCATION ON COMMITMENT OF THE PRISONERS COMMITTED TO

COUNTY AND TOWN GAZ.	ACQUITTED, NO BILLS, NO PROSECUTION, FOR FURTHER EXAMINATION, AND DISCHARGED.													
	Read and Wrote.		Read Imperfectly.		Knew Spelling.		Knew Alphabet.		Wholly Illiterate.		Not assessable.		Total.	
	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.
Antrim, ...	28	6	10	23					18	10			65	47
Armagh, ...	15	4	14	6	14	10	2	4	20	18			62	42
Carlow, ...	7	2	2	6					15	11			24	19
Cavan, ...	12		10	1					31	20			51	21
Clare, ...	16	3	7	2	0	2	4	4	28	6			62	17
Cork County, ...	26	5	7	3		3	1	2	23	10		1	57	34
City, ...	9	12	7	10	2	2		2		2			14	28
Donegal, ...	6		1	1					24	4			31	5
Down, ...	25	5	10	12					10	19			46	36
Dublin County, ...	27	3	18	4	6	1			19	12			64	29
Dublin City:														
Richmond B., ...	276		44		30				105		21		456	
Grangegorman P., ...		87		93						139		9		331
Fermagh, ...	5	6	18	10	15	4	5	2	7	5			50	27
Galway County, ...	12	1	8	1					23	12			38	14
" Town, ...	24	1	4	2	2			1	65	11			86	15
Kerry, ...	15	2	1	4	3	2	4	8	9	2			32	13
Kildare, Nass, ...	17	1	6	0					17	21			49	31
" Ashy, ...	11		5	2					20	0			34	11
Kilkenny County, ...	10		5	8	1				13	11			34	14
" City, ...	11	0	10	26	10	8	4	4					44	33
King's, ...	2		3			9		4	2	7	4	2	29	5
Leitrim, ...	16		4		1				7	8			28	8
Limerick County, ...	25	3	9	1					52	18			66	22
" City, ...	116	28	132	30	111	26	72	10	338	430			719	533
Londonderry, ...	29	6	23	9	10	11	1		18	19			77	47
Longford, ...	22	9	10	6	4	3	4	1	21	14			67	32
Louth, Dundalk, ...	22	3	7		1				13	4			48	7
" Drogheda, ...	13		1	1	0	2		1	3	3			23	7
Mayo, ...	26	3	8	2					51	24	109	21	224	66
Meath, ...	6		1	1					14	3			21	4
Monaghan, ...	13	1	21	1	10	0		1	8				47	8
Queen's, ...	22	2	6	3	1	1			26	8	24		76	14
Rooscommon, ...	10	1	1		1				20	3			41	4
Sligo, ...	19	2	11	3	3		8		12	7			48	12
Tipperary, Nenagh, ...	24	1	8	5	1				10	17			51	28
Tipperary, Clonmel, ...	25	8	18	10					68	48			111	68
Tyrone, ...	18	1	8	4	5	1	1		5	9			37	10
Waterford County, ...	2			3					6	6			8	8
" City, ...	14	3	4	1	3		3		3	6			27	10
Westmeath, ...	7		1						10	5			18	5
Wexford, ...	11	2	5	2	2	4	1	0	11	16			30	29
Wicklow, ...	9	2	4	3	4	2	2	5					19	24
Total Males, ...	1,081		487		240		111		1,162		158		3,189	
Total Females, ...		220		319		97		68		970		33		1,295
Total M. and F., ...	1,081	220	487	319	240	97	111	68	1,162	970	191	33	4,884	1,295

the several County and Town Gaols, in the Year 1859, by Sexes and Classes of Crime.

REMAINDERS FOR TRIAL.												GENERAL TOTAL.		COUNTY AND TOWN GAOLS.	
Read and Write.		Read Imperfectly.		Know Spelling.		Know Alphabet.		Wholly Illiterate.		TOTAL.		M.	F.		
M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.		
3	1		3					1		4	4	1,989	1,414	Antrim.	
1		1	1		1				1	2	3	373	281	Armagh.	
2			1					3	4	3	5	217	83	Carlow.	
5		3						4	4	12	4	344	168	Cavan.	
1								2	1	3	1	182	114	Clare.	
7		1				1		7	8	16	8	648	340	Cork County.	
2	3	1	5		1					3	11	123	474	" City.	
1								1		2		426	105	Down.	
3	2	3	2	2				2	4	10	8	311	383	Dublin.	
1										1		339	611	Dublin County.	
8		1						6		15		2,008		Dublin City:	
	3		5						7		16		4,301		Richmond B.
1		1	1		1			1	1	3	3	241	158	Grangeborough P.	
		1						2	5	3	5	229	161	Fermanagh.	
1				1				1		3		385	318	Galway County.	
														" Town.	
6	1		1	1		3		1	2	11	4	340	191	Kerry.	
2								7	1	8	1	260	236	Kildare, Noss.	
												179	134	" Ardy.	
								2		2		179	75	Kilkenny County.	
												284	327	" City.	
3		4		1		2		1	1	11	1	290	104	King's.	
3	1							4	4	7	5	262	163	Lartrim.	
2		1	1					4	4	7	5	364	123	Limerick County.	
2	1		1	1				3	7	6	9	1,537	1,032	" City.	
11		1						1	1	13	1	397	391	Londonderry.	
1		1							1	2	1	259	87	Longford.	
2				1				2		5		251	210	Louth, Dundalk.	
												88	150	" Drogheda.	
1								0	4	10	4	709	293	Mayo.	
4			1					2	1	0	2	181	110	Meath.	
2		1		1	4					4	4	327	111	Monaghan.	
2			2					4		6	2	361	89	Queen's.	
4				1				3	1	8	1	239	106	Roscommon.	
	1			1					3	1	4	282	80	Sligo.	
2		1						3		0		470	121	Tipperary, Newagh.	
1	4	3	4					7	3	11	11	803	331	Tipperary, Clonmel.	
3			2		1			2	1	5	4	363	166	Tyrone.	
1								2	1	3	1	127	45	Waterford County.	
2	1	1		1		1			2	5	3	250	310	" City.	
4		1						3	2	3	2	371	181	Westmeath.	
7		4	2		1	1	1	7	3	19	7	278	162	Wexford.	
1	3		1		2	2	1			3	7	232	37	Wicklow.	
102	23	30	33	11	11	10	2	27	77	209	163	17,545	14,257	Total Males.	
														Total Females.	
125		63		22		12		174		398		32,142		Total M. and F.	
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[SUMMARY.]

SUMMARY of TABLE V.—STATE of EDUCATION on Committal of the Prisoners committed

CLASSES OF CRIME.		EDUCATION ON							
		Read and Wrote.		Read Imperfectly.		Knew Spelling.		Knew Alphabet.	
CONVICTED.		M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.
Felons,	At Assizes and Quarter Sessions,	294	60	104	134	25	28	27	12
Misdemeanants,		481	31	118	43	39	0	25	5
Criminal Lunatics,		9	1	1	1	1	.	.	.
Offenders under Larceny Act,	Summary,	450	183	209	310	111	57	73	53
Misdemeanants,		2,073	664	930	1,484	290	173	161	104
Dangerous Lunatics,		109	64	82	75	13	17	2	.
Under Revenue Laws,	"	41	2	11	6	5	3	1	.
Under Poor Law Act,	"	64	18	20	17	11	13	6	5
Courts Martial and Deserters,	"	315	.	142	.	25	.	9	.
Under Vagrant Acts,	"	106	103	74	152	20	60	7	30
Drunkards,	"	1,349	718	574	885	251	300	188	81
Acquitted, No Bills, No Prosecution, For Further Examination, and Discharged,		1,031	220	487	319	240	97	111	36
Remaining for Trial on 31st Dec., 1862,		102	23	30	33	11	11	10	2
Total Males,		6,454	.	2,880	.	1,091	.	620	.
Total Females,		.	2,068	.	3,450	.	637	.	661
Total Males and Females,		8,552		6,330		1,728		971	

to the several County and Town Gaols, in the Year 1859, by Sexes and Classes of Crime.

COMMITTAL.							CLASSES OF CRIME.
Wholly Illiterate.		Could not be ascertained.		TOTALS.			
M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M. & F.	CONVICTED.
205	234	4	.	059	480	1,139	Felony,
404	108	0	.	1,023	196	1,219	Misdemeanors,
6	2	.	.	17	4	21	Criminal Lunatics,
484	611	.	.	1,417	1,222	2,639	Offenders under Larceny Act,
2,103	2,780	.	.	5,514	5,185	10,699	Misdemeanors,
123	127	20	15	439	296	737	Dangerous Lunatics,
56	30	.	.	114	41	155	Under Revenue Laws.
53	57	.	.	168	110	278	Under Poor Law Act.
211	.	.	.	702	.	702	Courts Martial and Deserters.
196	480	.	25	403	802	1,205	Under Vagrant Acts.
1,503	2,144	60	40	3,930	4,608	8,538	Drunkards.
1,102	970	158	33	3,189	1,295	4,484	{ Acquitted, No Bills, No Prosecution, For Further Examination, and Discharged.
27	77	.	.	220	146	366	Remaining for Trial on 31st Dec., 1859.
6,612	.	268	.	17,845	.	.	Total Males.
.	7,600	.	116	.	14,297	.	Total Females.
14,212		384				32,142	Total Males and Females.

TABLE VI.—RELIGIOUS PROFESSIONS of the PRISONERS committed to the several

COUNTY AND TOWN Gaols.	CONVICTED AT ASSIZES AND QUARTER																			
	PELOYS.										MURDERERS.									
	Protes- tant.		Presby- terian.		Roman Catholic.		Not sacer- dotal.		TOTAL.		Protes- tant.		Presby- terian.		Roman Catholic.		Not sacer- dotal.		TOTAL.	
	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.
Antrim, ...	7	1	1	1	6	2			14	3	10	0	12	3	10	10			22	13
Armagh, ...	2	2	1	1	17	4			20	7	4	1	1	2	17	5			22	8
Carlow, ...	3	1			5	0			8	7	1				13	5			18	5
Cavan, ...	2	1			7	0			9	10					12	1			13	1
Clare, ...	1	1			9				11	1	1				21	11			32	11
Cork County, ...	1				34	22			35	22	0	2			35	22			57	24
" City, ...	9	0	2		10	51			34	57	1				0	5			7	5
Donegal, ...	1	1	1		3	2			5	9	2				28	3			30	3
Down, ...	9	4	2	5	18	13			29	23	0		6		10	3			20	3
Dublin County, ...	2	1			41	8			23	9	2	3			0	4			11	7
Dublin City:																				
Richmond B., ...	17		1		91				100		6				39		39		63	
Grangegorman P., ...		11			90				110		4				10				23	
Fermanagh, ...	1	1			12	4			15	6	4	4			0	1			13	5
Galway County, ...	2	1			10	0			12	6					22	19			41	18
" Town, ...					4	3			7	3	1				14	2			15	2
Kerry, ...	1				13	0			14	0					25	1			27	1
Kildare, ...	5	1			28	13			33	14					4				4	
" Ashy, ...	1				9	5			10	5	2				7	1			8	1
Kilkenny County, ...					8	0			8	0					9				9	
" City, ...	1				6	1			7	1					4	4			8	4
King's, ...					27	0			27	0	1				12				13	
Leitrim, ...					7	0			7	0					22				22	
Limerick County, ...					3	1			3	1	3	1			23	13			36	14
" City, ...	3				7	4			10	4					7	4			14	4
Londonderry, ...	5		2	2	14	7			21	9	2	3			15				20	
Longford, ...		1			5	3			6	3	1				20	1			21	1
Louth, ...					4	0			4	0					8	2			10	
" Drogheda, ...					3				3							4			4	
Mayo, ...	2	2			17	23			19	22					163	13			179	13
Meath, ...	2				7	1			9	1					4	3			7	3
Monaghan, ...	2	3		1	6	3			8	10	0	1			22				24	1
Queen's, ...					4	5	2		6	5	4				23	3	0		26	3
Roscommon, ...	1	1			9	17			10	18					31				31	
Sligo, ...	1				7	0			8	0	1				24	1			25	1
Tipperary, ...	1				18	8			19	8	3				84	5			87	3
" Kesh, ...					22	18			23	19					27	1			28	1
" Newry, ...	6	7			10	10			16	17	0	1	1		0	1			13	2
" City, ...	1	1			10	2			11	3					0				11	2
" City, ...					6	7			13	7					5				8	
Westmeath, ...	3				11	0			14	0					10	1			11	1
Wexford, ...		1			17	18			17	19					13				13	
Wicklow, ...	1	1			7	1			8	2					0	2			2	
Total Males, ...	93		10		554		2		659		84		24		871		44		1,023	
Total Females, ...		40		13		418			480			22		5		189			196	1
Total M. and F., ...	142	40	23	13	972		2		1,139		108	22	29	5	1,040		44		1,219	1
	1,139										1,219									

TABLE VI. continued.—RELIGIOUS PROFESSIONS of the PRISONERS committed to the

COUNTY AND TOWN GAOES.	SUMMARY CONVICTIONS.										UNDER REVENUE LAWS.							
	DANGEROUS LUNATICS.																	
	Protest- ant.		Presby- terian.		Roman Catholic.		Not ascertained.		TOTAL.		Protest- ant.		Presby- terian.		Roman Catholic.		TOTAL.	
	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.
Antrim, . . .	1	3	18	8	6	4	.	.	27	15	2	3	4	1	3	2	6	6
Armagh, . . .	.	1	1	20	9	4	.	.	10	7	.	.	.	.	2	.	2	.
Carlow, . . .	.	.	.	.	3	1	.	.	3	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Cavan, . . .	3	2	3	.	15	6	.	.	21	10	.	.	.	.	5	1	6	1
Clare, . . .	.	.	.	.	12	10	.	.	12	10	.	.	.	.	1	.	1	.
Cork County, . .	1	2	.	.	11	11	.	1	12	14	.	.	.	.	2	1	2	1
" City, . . .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Down, . . .	1	4	4	.	15	11	.	.	20	15	2	1	.	.	20	11	31	12
Dublin County, .	4	2	11	7	9	0	.	.	24	18	.	.	.	.	1	.	1	.
Dublin City: . .	3	.	.	.	9	0	.	1	12	10	.	.	.	.	1	.	1	.
Richmond B., .	0	.	.	.	53	.	.	.	53	.	.	.	.	.	4	.	4	.
Grangegorman P.,	.	10	.	.	.	45	.	.	55	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Fermanagh, . . .	4	2	1	1	5	4	.	.	10	7	1	.	.	.	1	1	2	1
Galway County, .	.	.	.	.	10	5	.	.	15	5	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
" Town, . . .	.	.	.	.	10	2	.	.	12	2	1	.	.	.	2	1	3	3
Kerry, . . .	1	.	.	.	3	8	.	.	4	3	.	.	.	.	.	5	.	8
Kildare, Nans, . .	1	.	.	.	3	1	1	.	4	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
" Athy, . . .	.	1	.	.	5	3	.	.	6	4	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Kilkenny County, .	1	.	.	.	16	6	.	.	17	6	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
" City, . . .	.	.	.	.	3	4	.	.	3	4	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
King's, . . .	.	1	.	.	6	4	.	.	8	5	.	.	.	.	2	.	2	.
Lettim, . . .	2	1	.	.	6	.	.	.	9	1	.	.	.	.	3	.	3	.
Limerick County, .	.	.	.	.	15	6	.	.	12	6	.	.	.	.	3	.	3	.
" City, . . .	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Londonderry, . .	2	1	7	2	2	2	.	.	11	5	1	.	.	1	2	.	3	1
Longford, . . .	.	.	.	.	2	.	.	.	2	.	.	.	.	.	2	.	2	.
Louth, Dundalk, .	.	1	.	.	11	0	.	.	11	10	.	.	.	.	1	.	1	.
" Drogheda, . .	.	.	.	.	2	8	.	.	2	8	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Mayo, . . .	2	1	.	.	16	23	.	.	18	24	.	.	.	.	19	2	12	2
Meath, . . .	.	1	.	.	6	5	.	.	6	6	.	.	.	.	1	.	1	.
Monaghan, . . .	5	.	1	2	8	4	.	.	14	7	.	.	.	.	1	.	1	.
Queen's, . . .	2	1	.	.	7	2	.	.	9	4	.	.	.	.	1	.	1	.
Roscommon, . . .	.	.	.	.	12	6	.	.	12	8	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Sligo, . . .	.	1	.	.	5	2	.	.	8	3	.	.	.	.	10	0	10	0
Tipperary, Nenagh, .	3	.	.	.	18	6	.	.	21	8	.	.	.	.	1	.	1	.
Tipperary, Clevedon, .	1	.	.	.	7	7	.	.	6	7	1	.	.	.	7	.	8	.
Tyross, . . .	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	2	.	3	1	4	1
Waterford County, .	1	.	.	.	4	1	.	.	5	1	.	.	.	.	2	.	2	.
" City, . . .	2	.	.	.	8	.	.	.	10	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Westmeath, . . .	2	.	.	.	5	1	.	.	7	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Wexford, . . .	4	.	.	.	9	3	.	.	12	3	.	.	.	.	3	2	5	2
Wicklow, . . .	3	2	.	.	7	0	.	.	10	6	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Total Males, . .	55	.	47	.	337	.	.	.	439	.	9	.	6	.	96	.	114	.
Total Females, .	.	37	.	23	.	225	.	3	.	209	.	4	.	2	.	55	.	41
Total M. and F., .	92	.	70	.	672	.	3	.	787	.	13	.	8	.	134	.	155	.
	727										155							

several County and Town Gaols in the Year 1859, by Sexes and Classes of Crime.

Under Poor Law Act.								COUNTY MARITAL AND DECEASED.				Under VAGRANT ACTS.								COUNTY AND TOWN GAOLS.	
Protestant.		Presbyterian.		Roman Catholic.		TOTAL.		Protestant.		Presbyterian.		Roman Catholic.		TOTAL.							
M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.				
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	Antrim.			
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	Armagh.			
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	Carlow.			
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	Cavan.			
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	Clare.			
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	Cork County.			
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	" City.			
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	Donegal.			
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	Douglas.			
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	Dublin County.			
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	Dublin City:			
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	Richmond B.			
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	Grangegorman P.			
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	Ferussagh.			
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	Galway County.			
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	" Town.			
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	Kerry.			
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	Kildare, Nass.			
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	Athy.			
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	Kilkenny County.			
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	" City.			
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	King's.			
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	Leitrim.			
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	Limerick County.			
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	" City.			
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	Londonderry.			
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	Longford.			
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	Louth, Donalk.			
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	" Drogheda.			
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	Mayo.			
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	Meath.			
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	Monaghan.			
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	Queen's.			
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	Roscommon.			
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	Sligo.			
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	Tipperary, Nenagh.			
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	Tipperary, Clonmel.			
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	Tyrone.			
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	Waterford County.			
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	" City.			
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	Westmeath.			
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	Wexford.			
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	Wicklow.			
12	8	7	7	149	109	189	110	201	31	470	702	28	88	3	4	374	403	Total Males.			
20	7	201	278	702	84	7	1,104	1,255									Total Females.				
278								1,255								Total M. and F.					

(continued.)

TABLE VI. continued.—RELIGIOUS PROFESSIONS OF the PRISONERS committed to the

COUNTY AND TOWN GAZ.	DRUNKARDS.										ACQUITTED, NO BAIL, NO PROSECUTION, BENCH WARRANT.									
	Protest- ant.		Presby- terian.		Roman Catholic.		Not ascribed.		TOTAL.		Protest- ant.		Presby- terian.		Roman Catholic.		TOTAL.			
	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.		
Antrim, ...	63	147	53	58	164	210			280	20	12	10	8	20	20					
Armagh, ...	20	8	1	4	52	97			70	10	17	4	3	42	10					
Carlow, ...	3				114	17			121	17				24	16					
Cavan, ...	4	8			64	78			66	83	3	1		50	2					
Clare, ...					0	7			7	7	1			61	10					
Cork County, ...	1				21	20			22	20	7	3		5	21					
" City, ...										1	3			13	23					
Down, ...	3	1			25	34			28	36	2	2	1	28	3					
Dublin, ...	10	19	6	4	28	32			43	50	12	0	4	0	20	21				
Dublin County, ...	7	10			70	142			77	152	0	2	1		64	18				
Dublin City:																				
Richmond B., ...	40		2		456				498	50		2		358						
Grange Gorman P., ...		140			1,272				1,412		43		1		28					
Fermanagh, ...	13	11			40	45			61	58	20	0	1		20	22				
Galway County, ...		1			10	19			10	20		1			28	13				
" Town, ...		1			92	132			92	133	1				84	13				
Kerry, ...		10			53	71			53	61		1		32	13					
Kildare, ...	4	8			60	73			70	81	5			67	51					
" Athy, ...	3	3			48	53			51	56	1			39	11					
Kilkenny County, ...					22	5			22	6	1			33	14					
" City, ...	1				136	60			130	80				44	30					
King's, ...	1				71	29			72	29	1			28	8					
Leitrim, ...					40	51			40	51				28	8					
Limerick County, ...					51	8			51	3	1			30	20					
" City, ...	20	7			179	130			209	146	48	17		721	247					
Londonderry, ...	12	31	26	16	60	190			128	240	0	10	8	2	60	32				
Longford, ...		1			07	8			67	0	1	2		60	2					
Louth, Dundalk, ...	6	9			87	95			96	104	5			40	1					
" Drogheda, ...	1	1			26	33			26	94	2			21	1					
Mayo, ...					43	18			43	18	2			113	23					
Meath, ...					48	20			48	22	0			18	4					
Monaghan, ...	6	0	7		90	33			100	38	3		1	43	8					
Queen's, ...	0	3			94	8			100	11	2	3		53	11					
Roscommon, ...		1			30	21			30	22				41	4					
Sligo, ...	2	2			33	16			55	17	3	2		42	10					
Tipperary, ...	1				242	28			243	28	2			40	20					
Tipperary, Clonmel, ...	4	3			201	82	66	23	301	107	4	2		107	64					
Tyreone, ...	12	5	8		67	22			87	27	5	3	2	30	12					
Waterford County, ...	2				0	7			11	7	1			7	5					
" City, ...	2				80	250			81	250	1			23	16					
Westmeath, ...	0				140	38			138	38				18	3					
Wexford, ...	7	2			73	30			80	32	0			24	30					
Wicklow, ...	4	1			87	2			91	3	7			12	13					
Total Males, ...	217		108		3,409	65			3,900	207		29		2,060						
Total Females, ...		490		66		3,517	22		4,008		137		20		1,405					
Total M. and F., ...	740		174		7,010		88		8,018	394		59		4,304		4,894				

several County and Town Gaols in the Year 1859, by Sexes and Classes of Crime.

FOR FURTHER EXAMINATION, AND				REMAINING FOR TRIAL.								GENERAL TOTAL.		COUNTY AND TOWN GAOLS.
Not accounted.		TOTAL.		Protestant.		Presbyterian.		Roman Catholic.		TOTAL.				
M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	
.	.	65	47	3	1	.	.	1	2	4	4	1,880	1,414	Antrim.
.	.	62	48	.	2	1	.	1	1	2	3	378	281	Armagh.
.	.	24	10	.	.	.	.	4	6	0	5	247	83	Carlow.
.	.	55	21	.	1	.	.	12	3	13	4	544	108	Cavan.
.	.	62	17	.	.	.	.	8	1	2	1	182	114	Clare.
.	.	57	24	2	.	.	.	12	8	10	8	686	340	Cork County.
.	.	18	28	2	2	.	.	1	9	3	11	325	474	" City.
.	.	31	6	.	.	.	.	2	.	2	.	326	103	Donegal.
.	.	45	26	3	2	3	3	4	3	10	6	311	282	Down.
.	.	64	29	.	.	.	.	1	.	1	.	686	611	Dublin County.
64	.	450	.	3	.	.	.	12	.	12	.	2,003	.	Dublin City:
.	9	.	331	.	2	.	.	.	13	.	12	.	4,361	Richmond B.
.	.	30	27	2	1	.	.	1	2	3	3	241	188	Grangegorman F.
.	.	39	14	.	.	.	.	3	0	3	0	229	161	Fermanagh.
.	.	80	12	.	.	.	.	3	.	3	.	357	318	Galway County.
.	.	32	13	.	.	.	.	11	4	11	4	349	191	" Town.
.	.	40	31	1	.	.	.	8	1	9	1	260	226	Kerry.
.	.	30	11	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	170	154	Kildare, Nass.
.	.	34	14	.	.	.	.	2	.	2	.	170	73	" Athy.
.	.	41	58	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	281	327	Kilkenny County.
.	.	29	6	1	.	.	.	10	1	11	1	200	161	" City.
.	.	28	8	1	1	.	.	0	4	7	5	203	168	King's.
.	.	90	23	.	.	.	.	7	5	7	8	304	123	Leitrim.
.	.	760	533	.	.	.	.	0	9	0	9	1,577	1,032	Limerick County.
.	.	77	47	2	.	.	.	11	1	12	1	307	301	" City.
.	.	67	32	.	.	.	.	2	1	3	1	280	87	Londonderry.
.	.	43	7	.	.	.	.	5	.	5	.	231	87	Longford.
.	.	29	7	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	88	116	Louth, Dundalk.
109	31	224	69	.	.	.	.	10	4	10	4	708	203	" Drogheda.
.	.	21	4	.	.	.	.	0	2	0	2	181	119	Mayo.
.	.	47	8	.	.	.	.	4	4	4	4	227	111	Meath.
.	.	79	14	2	.	.	.	4	2	6	2	361	89	Monaghan.
.	.	41	4	.	.	1	.	2	1	3	1	229	166	Queen's.
.	.	49	19	.	1	.	.	1	3	1	4	282	84	Rooscommon.
.	.	51	28	1	.	.	.	0	.	0	.	470	121	Sligo.
.	.	111	66	.	.	.	.	11	11	11	11	808	621	Tipperary, Newagh.
.	.	37	15	.	1	.	1	5	2	6	4	242	168	Tipperary, Clonmel.
.	.	3	8	.	.	.	.	3	1	3	1	127	20	Tyrone.
.	.	27	10	.	.	.	.	3	3	3	3	226	300	Waterford County.
.	.	18	5	1	.	.	.	7	2	8	2	371	131	" City.
.	.	30	30	1	.	.	.	18	7	19	7	278	102	Westmeath.
.	.	10	12	.	1	.	.	3	0	3	7	232	57	Wexford.
197	30	2,180	1,636	23	15	5	3	216	126	250	140	17,815	14,297	Wicklow.
247		4,984		41		10		345		306		32,142		Total Males.
														Total Females.
														Total M. and F.
390														

[SUMMARY.]

SUMMARY—TABLE VI.—RELIGIOUS PROFESSIONS OF THE PRISONERS COMMITTED TO THE SEVERAL COUNTY AND TOWN GAOLS IN THE YEAR 1859, BY SEXES AND CLASSES OF CRIME.

CLASSES OF CRIME.	Protestant.		Presbyterian.		Roman Catholic.		Not ascertained.		TOTAL.		
CONVICTED.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M. & F.
Felons, ...	93	49	10	13	554	416	2	.	659	480	1,139
Misdemeanants, ...	84	22	24	5	671	169	44	.	1,023	196	1,219
Criminal Lunatics, ...	2	1	.	.	16	3	.	.	17	4	21
Offenders under Larceny Act, ...	138	121	32	19	1,217	1,062	.	.	1,417	1,222	2,639
Misdemeanants, ...	539	661	185	103	4,790	4,401	.	.	5,514	5,185	10,699
Dangerous Lunatics, ...	55	57	47	23	337	235	.	3	439	296	735
Under Reverse Laws, ...	9	4	6	2	96	35	.	.	114	41	155
Under Poor Law Act, ...	12	8	7	.	140	162	.	.	168	110	278
Courts Martial and Deserters, ...	201	.	31	.	470	.	.	.	702	.	702
Under Vagrant Acts, ...	26	58	3	4	374	780	.	.	403	852	1,255
Drunkards, ...	277	463	108	66	3,499	3,517	66	22	3,950	4,003	8,013
Acquitted, No Bills, No Prosecution, For Further Examination, and Dis- charged, ...	257	137	39	20	3,626	1,508	127	30	3,169	1,895	4,884
Remaining for Trial on 31st Dec., 1859,	26	15	3	5	219	125	.	.	250	146	396
Total Males, ...	1,749	.	497	.	15,290	.	306	.	17,845	.	.
Total Females, ...	.	1,596	.	200	.	12,366	.	55	.	14,297	.
Total Males and Females, ...	3,345	.	757	.	27,876	.	361	.	.	.	32,142

TABLE VII.—Number of DEBTORS COMMITTED to the several County and Town Gaols in the Year 1859, distinguishing Master and Mistress from Pauper.

COUNTY AND TOWN GAOLS.	Master and Mistress.		Pauper.		Total.		
	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M. & F.
Antrim, ...	78	4	68	7	116	11	127
Armagh, ...	5	.	16	1	21	1	22
Carlow, ...	10	.	2	.	12	.	12
Cavan, ...	9	1	2	1	11	2	13
Clare, ...	6	.	2	.	8	.	8
Cork County, ...	22	4	10	.	32	4	36
" City, ...	24	3	11	.	35	3	38
Donegal, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Down, ...	24	.	8	2	32	2	34
Dublin County, ...	36	10	9	.	47	10	57
Dublin City:							
Richmond Bridewell, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Grangegorman Penitentiary, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Fermanagh, ...	14	1	8	.	22	1	23
Galway County, ...	3	.	2	.	5	.	5
" Town, ...	.	.	10	.	10	.	10
Kerry, ...	8	1	.	.	8	1	9
Kildare, Naas, ...	2	.	2	.	4	.	4
" Athy, ...	3	2	.	.	3	2	5
Kilkenny County, ...	2	.	1	1	3	1	4
" City, ...	10	.	.	.	10	.	10
King's, ...	3	.	1	1	4	1	5
Letchum, ...	1	.	1	.	2	.	2
Limerick County, ...	6	.	9	1	15	1	16
" City, ...	19	.	79	6	98	6	103
Londonderry, ...	15	2	.	.	15	2	17
Longford, ...	.	.	1	.	1	.	1
Louth, Dundalk, ...	9	.	1	.	10	.	10
" Drogheda, ...	8	1	3	.	11	1	12
Mayo, ...	9	.	6	.	15	.	15
Meath, ...	2	.	3	.	5	.	5
Monaghan, ...	4	.	3	.	7	.	7
Queen's, ...	3	.	.	.	3	.	3
Rosecommon, ...	6	.	1	.	7	.	7
Sligo, ...	10	.	3	.	13	.	13
Tipperary, Nenagh, ...	4	.	4	.	8	.	8
Tipperary, Clonmel, ...	4	1	8	.	10	1	11
Tyrone, ...	5	.	21	.	26	.	26
Waterford County, ...	3	1	6	.	8	1	9
" City, ...	6	1	9	.	9	1	10
Westmeath, ...	3	.	1	.	4	.	4
Wexford, ...	6	2	5	.	11	2	13
Wicklow, ...	1	.	3	.	4	.	4
Total Males, ...	380	.	385	.	665	.	.
Total Females, ...	.	34	.	19	.	53	.
Total Males and Females, ...	414		394		718		718
Total 1859, ...	393	37	286	19	.	.	.
	430		317		753		753

TABLE VIII.—CASES OF SICKNESS AND DISEASES in the

COUNTY AND TOWN CLASS.	DISEASES CLASSIFIED, TREATED																							
	Fever, Typhus, &c.		Parasoma- nia, Breachitis, and other Pul- monary Affections.		Gastritis, Diarrhoea, and other Affections of the Stomach and Bowels		Hepatic Diseases, &c.		Dropsy.		Apoplexy.		Epilepsy.		Paralysis.		Other Affections of the Brain and Spinal Marrow.		Diseases of the Ute- rinal and Un- derinary Organs.		Venereal Diseases.			
	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.
Antrim, ...	1		23	6	18	26	11		5				3				1		2		17	2		
Armagh, ...	12	14	1	4		6													1		1	4		
Carlow, ...			6	1	8	2													1		1	4		
Cavan, ...			1																		1	10		
Clare, ...			1		2	2			1												2	2		
Cork County, ...	19	13	22	16	8	38	1			1			1						4			3		
" City, ...	6	7	4	6	2	2																		
Donegal, ...			2		3	1																		
Down, ...	3	4	2	2	1	1	2								1		1		1		2	7		
Dublin County, ...			5	1	3	2							3	1							3	2		
Dublin City :																								
Richmond B., ...	20		47		30				1				19				48		5		43			
Grangegorman P., ...	7		68		39		6		2			2					16					41		
Fornham, ...	2	1	2		1								1				1				1	11		
Galway County, ...					7	2							1											
" Town, ...					1		1																	
Kerry, ...	18	5	1		3								1				1		2		3	8		
Kildare, Nass, ...	1	1	7	3	13	14													1		3	8		
" Athy, ...			5	3	20	20															2	8		
Kilkenny County, ...	2		18	6	14										2				3		1			
" City, ...			4	5									2								2	10		
King's, ...	8	1	7	1	5	1															1			
Leitrim, ...			1	1	5	4													2		1	2		
Limerick County, ...	6	3	2		1	4																		
" City, ...	14	8	1		3	4			1				2								1	1		
Londonderry, ...	3	5	6	21	8												1	1			0	3		
Longford, ...			1	2	1								1	1										
Louth, Dundalk, ...	1		6		15	7	1		1										1		1	3		
" Drogheda, ...			1		3																			
Mayo, ...	8	2	62	15	41	15	7	2	2	1							10	4	6		12	3		
Meath, ...	8	6			1	1																2		
Monaghan, ...	1		5	2	3	1																		
Queen's, ...	3	3											1								1			
Roscommon, ...	4	2			6	1							1						1			10		
Sligo, ...	3		2		1						1													
Tipperary, Nenagh, ...	3	2	30	15	25	10	21	10	1	1	3		22	0			16	7	17	11	8	10		
Tipperary, Clonmel, ...			31	24	9	4							1								3	4		
Tyne, ...			4																					
Waterford, County, ...			3	1	13	1							2											
" City, ...			2	2	3	5	1														2	2		
Westmeath, ...			2	2	4														2		2	5		
Wexford, ...			32	26	72	29							3	2							90	3		
Wicklow, ...	3	1	11	8	40	21	2	1	1				2				8	5	2			1		
Total Males, ...	148		358		487		37		15		4		67		1		80		44		148			
Total Females, ...		84		232		254		20		5		2		24		4		34		25		168		
Total M. and F., ...	232		561		743		67		20		6		91		5		130		72		314			

several County and Town Gaols during the Year 1859.

IN OR OUT OF HOSPITAL.

		Hydrocephalus and other Nervous Diseases		Pneumonia		Hæmorrhages		Erysipelas		Scrophulous Pustules		Cutaneous Diseases		Scrophulous		Venous Veins		Hæmorrhoids		Asthma		Morbus		Tumours		COUNTY AND TOWN GAOLS.
		M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	Simple.	Malignant.	
																										Antrim.
																										Armagh.
																										Carlow.
																										Cavan.
																										Clare.
																										Cork County.
																										City.
																										Donegal.
																										Down.
																										Dublin County.
																										Dublin City:
																										Richmond B.
																										Grangegorman P.
																										Fermanagh.
																										Galway County.
																										" Town.
																										Kerry.
																										Kildare, New.
																										Atty.
																										Kilkenny County.
																										" City.
																										King's.
																										Leitrim.
																										Limerick County.
																										" City.
																										Londonerry.
																										Longford.
																										Louth, Dundalk.
																										" Drogheda.
																										Mayo.
																										Meath.
																										Monaghan.
																										Queen's.
																										Rosemount.
																										Sligo.
																										Tipperary, Nenagh.
																										Tipperary, Clonmel.
																										Tyrone.
																										Waterford County.
																										" City.
																										Westmeath.
																										Wexford.
																										Wicklow.
																										Total Males.
																										Total Females.
																										Total M. and F.

(continued.)

TABLE VIII. *continued.*—CASES OF SICKNESS AND DISEASES IN

COUNTY AND TOWN GAUL.	DISEASES CLASSIFIED, TREATED																			
	Wounds, Contusions, Fractures, and Dislocations.		Diseases of Joints.		Scars and Sores.		Ulcers.		Diseases of Heart.		Diseases of Eye.		Diseases of Ear, Nose, and Mouth.		Puerperal.		Diseases of Uterus and Appendages.		Aberies.	
	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.
Antrim, . . .	11	2	5				11	4	3		10	1	2	2	4	5			0	
Armagh, . . .							0	4							3				1	
Carlow, . . .	1						1								2		1			
Cavan, . . .		2										2			2					
Clare, . . .																				1
Cork County, . . .	1	4			2		1				1				1	3			1	3
" City, . . .	2	4					1						1		2					1
Donegal, . . .									1		3									
Dorn, . . .	2		2																	
Dublin County, . . .	2	1					4	2	1		4	2								3
Dublin City : . . .																				
Richmond B. . .	50		12		15		41		5		17							3		22
Grangegorman P. . .		11					24		4		11				17	4	4			12
Fermanshagh, . . .							1	1					4	1						4
Galway County, . . .	2								7	1						2				
" Town, . . .							1	2							3					
Kerry, . . .							0				1									0
Kildare, Neas, . . .	5				1		0	3			1	1								2
" Athy, . . .					2		6	2							2					
Kilkenny County, . . .	6	1	1		1		1	1			2	2			2					16
" City, . . .	7	11													1			3	1	
King's, . . .							1	1	2		2	1	3							
Leitrim, . . .		2	1				0		2	1	1	1			2	3				2
Limerick County, . . .	4				1						1				0					
" City, . . .	2	3									1				0					
Londonderry, . . .	1						4				3				4	1		1		3
Longford, . . .							4	1							2					1
Louth, Dundalk, . . .	1	1					1				1	1	1	2		1	1			3
" Drogheda, . . .																				
Mayo, . . .	15		1	8	2		18	5	3		12	1	19	2	1	4		1		12
Meath, . . .							1				1		19		1			1		1
Meonaghan, . . .	2						2				2							1		4
Queen's, . . .							4		2									2	3	
Rooscommon, . . .							3								1					
Sligo, . . .															3					
Tipperary, Nenagh, . . .							11		1	3	4	3	2			4				8
Tipperary, Clonmel, . . .	6	3					2	2			2				2			2		3
Tyrone, . . .							2					2								1
Waterford County, . . .							1				1		1							6
" City, . . .		2									2									2
Westmeath, . . .	1						2											1		
Wexford, . . .				16			2		21	7			3	6						17
Wicklow, . . .	7	3	1	1			7	2			1	1	2	2		4	1	2		3
Total Males, . . .	117		27	45		142	48		74		44		69		23		192			
Total Females, . . .	51		9	4		63	14		28		14		44		11		0			77
Total M. and F., . . .	168		36	49		205	62		102		58		113		34		192			77

TABLE IX.—DEATHS, and their CAUSES, in the several

COUNTY AND TOWNS GAOLS IN WHICH DEATHS OCCURRED.	Fever.		Diarthra.		Dysentery.		Erysipelas.		Apoplexy.		Typhoids.		Inflammation of Brain.		Tubercle.		Epilepsy.		Disease of Heart.		Disease of Liver.		Consumption.	
	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.
Antrim, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Armagh, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Carlow, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Cavan, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Cork County, . .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	1	.
Down, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Dublin County, .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.
Dublin City:	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.
Richmond B.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.
Grangegorman P.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	2	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	4
Fermanagh, . .	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.
Galway County, .	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.
Kildare, Nass, .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Kilkenny County,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
" Chy, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
King's, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Louth, Dundalk, .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.
Mayo, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Meath, ...	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Queen's, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Tipperary, Nenagh, .	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	1	.	.
" Clonmel, . .	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Waterford City, .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Wexford, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Wicklow, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.
Total Males, . .	1	.	.	1	.	1	.	1	.	1	.	1	.	1	.	4	.	2	.	4	.	2	.	8
Total Females, .	.	1	.	.	1	.	2	.	1	.	1	.	1	.	3	.	2	.	2	.	2	.	5	.
Total M. and F.,	2	1	2	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	7	4	6	4	6	4	4	7	13	

TABLE X.—ESCAPES during the Year

Gaols from which Escapes were effected.	Date.	Sex.	Age.
Cork County, ...	5 January, . . .	Male.	29
Kildare, Nass, ...	14 February, . . .	Do.	31

County and Town Gaols during the Year 1859.

Boreskilla.	Spitting of Blood.	Inflammation of Lungs.	Pyæmia.	Congestion of Lungs.	Abginal Pectoris.	Abdominal Diseases.	Ischæmia.	Metastasis of Leg.	Atrophy.	Microæmia.	Suicida.	Infancy, Debility, and Old Age.	Noted Cases.	TOTAL.				COUNTY AND TOWN GAOLS IN WHICH DEATHS OCCURRED.
M.	M.	F.	M.	F.	F.	F.	F.	F.	M.	M.	M.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	2	1	.	1	Antrim.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	1	.	1	Armagh.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	1	Carlow.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	1	.	1	Cavan.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	2	.	.	.	.	3	2	.	5	Cork County.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	2	1	.	3	Down.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	1	2	.	3	Dublin County.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	3	.	.	3	Dublin City:
.	.	1	.	.	1	1	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	14	.	14	Richmond B.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	2	.	.	2	Grangegorman P.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	1	.	.	1	Fernanagh.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	1	1	.	2	Galway County.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	1	.	.	1	Kildare, Nass.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	1	Kilkenny County.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	1	" City.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	1	King's.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	1	Louth, Dundalk.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	1	.	.	2	Mayo.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	1	Meath.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	1	Queen's.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	4	7	.	9	Tipperry, Nenagh.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	1	.	2	" Clonmel.
1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	1	.	.	1	Waterford City.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	2	.	2	Wexford.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	2	.	.	2	Wicklow.
1	1	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	2	1	1	4	.	6	37	.	.	Total Males.
.	.	1	.	1	.	1	1	1	.	.	.	2	.	.	28	.	.	Total Females.
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	1	1	6	.	6	.	.	65	Total M. and F.

1859, from the County and Town Gaols.

Offence.	Convicted or Unconvicted.	Whether confined separately, or with others.	Whether Retaken or Not.
Pig stealing.	Untried.	Not stated.	Retaken.
Entering house and stealing clothes therefrom.	Ditto.	With others.	Not retaken.

TABLE XI.—PUNISHMENTS for PRISON OFFENCES during the Year 1859, in the several County and Town Gaols.

COUNTY AND TOWN GAOLS.	Refractory and Duck Cells.		Stoppage of Diet.		Whipping Days.	Other Punishments.		TOTAL.		
	M.	F.	M.	F.		M.	F.	M.	F.	M. & F.
Antrim, ...	21	7	201	73	.	4	3	226	85	311
Armagh, ...	.	.	.	.	.	11	3	11	3	14
Carlow, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Cavan, ...	0	4	.	.	.	.	.	6	4	10
Clare, ...	.	.	8	.	.	19	9	27	9	36
Cork County, ...	90	18	.	.	.	7	2	100	20	120
" City, ...	.	.	21	27	.	.	.	21	27	48
Donegal, ...	29	8	.	.	.	.	.	29	8	37
Down, ...	37	5	.	.	.	.	.	37	5	42
Dublin County, ...	40	28	.	.	.	.	.	40	28	68
Dublin City:										
Richmond Bridewell, ...	498	.	.	.	.	80	.	508	.	568
Grangegorman Penitentiary, ...	.	13	.	82	.	.	54	.	143	149
Fermanagh, ...	7	1	6	4	.	2	1	14	6	20
Galway County, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	0	.	.	0
" Town, ...	.	.	61	14	.	.	.	61	14	75
Kerry, ...	2	14	.	.	.	.	.	2	14	16
Kildare, Naas, ...	12	2	.	.	.	.	.	12	2	14
" Athy, ...	3	.	.	.	.	1	.	4	.	4
Kilkenny County, ...	10	.	14	2	1	.	.	25	2	27
" City, ...	.	.	9	14	.	.	.	9	14	23
King's, ...	1	5	.	.	.	.	.	1	5	6
Lettim, ...	4	4	.	.	.	.	.	4	4	8
Limerick County, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
" City, ...	32	15	.	.	.	.	.	32	15	47
Londonderry, ...	38	28	.	.	.	2	.	40	28	68
Longford, ...	18	16	.	.	.	.	.	18	16	34
Louth, Dundalk, ...	1	1	.	.	.	.	.	1	1	2
" Drogheda, ...	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	1
Mayo, ...	.	.	12	10	.	.	3	12	13	25
Meath, ...	.	.	.	.	.	13	4	13	4	17
Monaghan, ...	3	1	.	.	.	.	.	3	1	4
Queen's, ...	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	2	.	2
Roscommon, ...	4	1	.	.	.	.	.	4	1	5
Sligo, ...	25	7	.	.	.	.	.	25	7	32
Tipperary, Nenagh, ...	.	.	38	6	.	.	.	38	6	44
Tipperary, Clonmel, ...	30	10	7	10	.	.	.	37	20	57
Tyrone, ...	13	10	7	1	.	.	.	20	11	31
Waterford County, ...	2	1	.	.	.	.	.	2	1	3
" City, ...	6	12	.	.	.	.	.	6	12	18
Westmeath, ...	14	8	.	.	.	.	.	14	8	22
Wexford, ...	3	.	20	2	.	3	.	35	2	37
Wicklow, ...	.	.	.	.	.	5	11	6	11	16
Total Males, ...	945	.	412	.	1	147	.	1,505	.	.
Total Females, ...	.	219	.	247	.	.	90	.	502	.
Total M. and F., ...	1,164		659		1	248		2,067		2,067

TABLE XII.—NUMBER of INDIVIDUAL PRISONERS who attended at the several Gael Schools in 1859, with the Number of Teachers, &c.

COUNTY AND TOWN GAELS.	Number of Individual Prisoners who attended School.		Average Daily Number of Pupils.		Number of Teachers.		Number of Houses allotted daily for schooling.	
	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.
Antrim, ...	375	306	17	11	1	.	0 $\frac{1}{2}$	1 $\frac{1}{2}$
Armagh, ...	115	86	12	14	1	.	2	2
Calow, ...	.	No	school.	.	.	.	.	.
Cavan, ...	311	64	16	8	1	1	2	1
Clare, ...	100	34	14	8	1	1	2	1
Cork County, ...	108	31	21	4	1	.	2	2
" City, ...	194	80	15	10	1	1	2	2
Down, ...	219	54	20	8	1	1	1	1
" Town, ...	180	184	22	20	1	2	2	2
Dublin County, ...	65	37	2	3	1	1	2	2
Dublin City:								
Richmond Bridewell, ...	107	.	14	.	1	.	1 $\frac{1}{2}$	.
Grange Green Penitentiary, ...	.	551	.	20	.	1	.	6
Formanagh, ...	165	74	18	5	1	.	1 $\frac{1}{2}$	3
Galway County, ...	75	.	13	.	1	.	2	.
" Town, ...	207	.	13 $\frac{1}{4}$	.	1	.	2	.
Kerry, ...	80	19	14	2	1	1	2	2
Kildare, Naas, ...	54	6	8-17	50	1	.	2	2
" Athy, ...	.	No	school.	.	.	.	.	.
Kilkenny County, ...	185	46	16	5	2	2	2	2
" City, ...	.	No	school.	.	.	.	.	.
King's, ...	9	8	4	2	1	2	2	2
Lancaster, ...	120	6	14	1-1	2	.	1	1
Limerick County, ...	123	35	18	5	1	1	2	2
" City, ...	49	33	12	9	1	1	2	2
Londonderry, ...	218	286	26-43	12-56	1	.	1 $\frac{1}{2}$	1
Longford, ...	64	.	7-5	.	1	.	2 $\frac{1}{2}$	.
Louth, Dundalk, ...	40	56	6	7	1	.	1	1
" Drogheda†, ...	.	.	.	.	1	.	2 $\frac{1}{2}$	.
Mayo, ...	73	9	14-7	3	1	1	2	2
Meath, ...	110	56	12	5	5	2	2	2
Monaghan, ...	20	26	5	6	1	1	2	2
Queen's, ...	518	72	15	5	4	2	1	1
Rooscommon, ...	201	.	21	.	1	.	1	.
Sligo, ...	161	39	24-1	3-1	1	1	2	2
Tipperary, Nenagh, ...	137	63	19	9	4	2	2	2
Tipperary, Clonmel, ...	135	200	10	12	1	1	2	2
Tyrone, ...	371	156	36-75	21-25	1	1	2	1
Waterford County, ...	66	22	17-12	3-6	1	1	2	2
" City, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Westmeath, ...	32	21	5	3	1	1	2	2
Wexford, ...	24	27	8	8	1	.	2 $\frac{1}{2}$	2
Wicklow, ...	98	41	12	5	2	2	2	2
Total Males, ...	4,900	.	535-77	.	50	.	.	.
Total Females, ...	.	2,024	.	238-11	.	30	.	.
Total Males and Females, ...	7,424		368-88		80			

* On alternate days.

† No school owing to alteration of Prison.

TABLE XIII.—PRISON STOCK OF BEDDING AND CLOTHING in the several County

COUNTY AND TOWN CLASSES.	BEDDING.						CLOTHING.						
	Pairs of Blankets.	Pairs of Sheets.	Hugs.	Hemstitched Cots.	Bed-linen.	Iron or Wooden Bedsteads.	For Males.						
							Shirts.	Jackets.	Vests.	Trousers.	Caps.	Stockings (pairs).	Shoes & Claps (pairs).
Antrim	472	737	410	286	403	77	425	241	60	245	307	.	508
Armagh	146	352	149	02	133	120	80	45	30	62	30	127	112
Cork, ...	161	76	.	16	110	96	30	54	84	66	73	.	90
Down	293	132	95	.	123	103	64	77	84	70	184	.	25
Clare, ...	200	150	200	200	50	14	290	280	120	150	100	.	230
Cork County, . .	566	360	304	98	232	316	206	169	145	211	303	.	130
" City, ...	251	234	372	45	215	74	128	175	120	93	86	.	50
Donegal, ...	149	128	113	.	116	164	111	232	224	147	180	25	00
Down, ...	222	242	245	6	180	164	129	89	97	68	.	.	70
Dublin County, .	154	201	133	.	106	.	100	132	80	142	81	.	112
Dublin City: . .													
Richmond R., .	402	715	471	311	134	101	1,109	353	322	480	590	.	444
Grangeoverman P.,	392	721	468	.	427	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Farrington, . .	167	78	80	.	191	117	59	49	53	49	.	.	31
Galway County, .	326	168	229	.	215	215	54	45	45	43	12	.	44
" Town, ...	170	120	.	.	90	68	40	69	71	70	.	.	50
Kerry, ...	227	124	.	228	225	.	08	115	.	09	34	.	40
Kilbane, Nass, .	160	254	105	100	80	74	100	55	72	61	28	.	46
" Ardee, ...	40	80	45	.	55	50	68	59	41	39	10	.	26
Kildare County, .	171	202	167	104	76	.	102	77	70	83	8	.	42
" City, ...	44	40	4	.	42	39	15	13	12	12	4	.	12
King's, ...	302	154	16	19	172	150	78	59	54	60	53	.	41
Leitrim, ...	86	186	87	7	191	120	102	35	6	38	49	.	74
Limerick County, .	222	300	60	116	302	122	95	86	38	116	62	.	69
" City, ...	109	130	152	58	132	128	44	47	.	36	28	.	22
Londonderry, . .	403	103	24	.	254	219	130	108	86	126	95	230	157
Longford, ...	181	56	101	70	90	59	60	83	71	75	50	1	80
Louth, Dundalk, .	148	141	114	108	118	25	70	81	100	109	75	100	71
" Drogheda, . .	25	23	31	.	42	17	24	22	25	28	12	6	9
Mayo, ...	272	171	352	.	282	254	154	120	129	122	.	.	90
Meath, ...	170	184	136	.	140	138	60	68	48	68	40	.	37
Monaghan, . . .	151	103	17	.	114	121	80	54	45	65	21	.	20
Queen's, ...	200	106	205	160	200	.	91	82	.	82	113	12	54
Roscommon, . .	110	150	146	.	125	128	122	84	160	89	100	.	00
Sligo, ...	143	173	129	.	138	112	100	120	68	100	50	.	125
Tipperary, Newagh,	272	184	253	28	247	190	80	83	72	68	68	.	52
Tipperary, Clonmel,	200	200	247	.	429	448	152	125	122	145	101	25	95
Tyron, ...	127	100	133	57	141	145	157	110	88	83	40	23	57
Waterford, County,	148	113	191	.	147	148	115	100	30	111	46	.	51
" City, ...	69	61	38	.	58	75	22	26	0	26	33	.	9
Westmeath, . . .	135	220	150	.	135	122	50	48	23	40	20	.	29
Wexford, ...	330	200	20	23	290	185	254	130	127	130	144	.	141
Wicklow, ...	89	20	90	.	120	84	91	100	90	66	40	.	50
Total, ...	8,329	8,378	6,003	2,287	7,124	4,734	5,093	4,130	3,241	3,930	3,437	575	3,035
Total Males, . .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Total Females, .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Total M. & F., .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.

and Town Gaols, on the 31st of December, 1859 (both in Use and Store).

CLOTHING.								Daily Average Number of Prisoners in 1859.	Highest Number of Prisoners at any one time in 1859.		COUNTY AND TOWN GAOLS.	
For Females.									M.	F.		
Shirts.	Jackets or Gowns.	Footcloths.	Aprons.	Stockings.	Caps.	Stockings (pairs).	Shoes & Claws (pairs).	M.	F.	M.	F.	
176	119	130	104	12	146	23	224	116.5	83.5	145	103	Antrim.
63	55	87	116	.	156	23	39	30.00	24.48	61	3	Armagh.
33	23	37	58	41	123	.	37	12	5.27	10	9	Carlow.
77	64	63	60	73	78	20	68	30	20	56	23	Cavan.
59	53	50	60	60	71	.	30	20	14	39	21	Clare.
192	80	110	150	234	221	103	95	117	58	178	81	Cork County.
55	94	54	70	185	130	.	67	34	36	69	66	" City.
48	34	60	60	66	42	18	18	34.75	16.2	67	21	Down.
166	110	108	100	150	87	.	44	48.5	30	64	44	Dublin County.
161	111	04	113	151	80	.	43	28.07	20.00	42	46	Dublin City.
617	731	706	977	1,187	870	.	291	107	238	239	281	Dublin City: Richmond R.
29	29	25	.	20	7	16	10	37	10	55	17	Grangegorman P.
21	57	20	.	20	.	.	50	30	15	62	20	Fermainagh.
70	30	45	45	45	.	.	40	20.00	13.97	37	31	Galway County.
40	20	58	.	20	.	.	6	41.08	8.24	55	19	" Town.
51	26	34	42	55	66	.	.	20.78	12.12	38	18	Kerry.
40	27	7	.	61	40	.	0	24.71	8.07	21	32	Kildare, New.
50	30	38	52	31	.	.	22	31	7.5	46	15	" Ashy.
20	.	10	.	.	.	.	0	9	11	13	21	Kilkenny County.
20	20	25	30	35	40	.	12	34	13	77	21	" City.
33	41	20	27	.	.	.	13	18.71	6.00	31	13	King's.
36	41	34	50	40	41	50	30	36.74	20.29	51	29	Lisrim.
43	43	44	.	.	.	.	23	40.2	31	32	61	Limerick County.
28	60	100	100	100	60	60	61	36.27	10.11	40	31	" City.
31	20	24	28	20	10	2	20	20.47	7.04	35	7	Londonderry.
65	60	60	40	52	60	60	30	18.07	14.31	27	29	Longford.
24	11	6	16	.	.	7	7	4.25	5.77	5	12	Louth, Dundalk.
20	27	22	.	.	.	.	22	68.17	22.06	91	27	" Drogheda.
52	61	62	44	66	60	.	23	17.43	8.48	30	18	Mayo.
48	34	62	18	27	58	.	17	27	16	44	21	Meath.
36	68	78	.	.	135	.	37	22	7	30	11	Monaghan.
46	30	46	.	.	.	.	38	31.20	17.17	47	27	Queen's.
57	22	50	47	.	4	.	14	30.77	0.03	40	11	Roscommon.
39	63	58	30	22	20	25	30	67.04	18.06	75	25	Sligo.
75	60	55	70	52	57	20	57	68.68	35.35	83	50	Tipperary, Newagh.
50	40	77	40	57	31	23	26	36.75	21.25	62	27	Tipperary, Clonmel.
87	60	30	62	25	50	.	22	19.5	6.75	31	13	Tyrone.
6	10	62	20	31	48	.	9	15	10	27	39	Waterford County.
20	20	37	26	18	.	24	18	20.5	14.5	47	24	" City.
170	95	119	114	124	20	10	115	57.32	27.83	60	40	Westmeath.
48	24	48	48	48	48	.	20	17	8	27	10	Wexford.
2,971	2,000	3,022	2,706	2,970	2,621	427	1,638	.	.	.	.	Total.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1627.46	.	2,336	.	Total Males.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	977.02	.	1,659	Total Females.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	2,665.36	.	3,795	.	Total M. and F.

TABLE XIV.—AMOUNT of ACCOMMODATION in the several

COUNTY AND TOWN GAOLS.	Wards.		Yards.		Day Rooms.		Solitary Cells.		Single Cells.					
									Not less than 9 feet long, 6 feet wide, and 8 feet high, or con- taining 432 cubic feet.		Of Larger Size.		Of Smaller Size.	
	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.
Antrim, ...	11	2	23	15	4	1	8	8	.	.	829	103	M.	F.
Armagh, ...	3	2	15	8	2	2	3	.	.	.	01	88	.	.
Carlow, ...	4	1	9	6	10	2	3	.	22	.	.	.	47	19
Cavan, ...	.	.	8	2	10	3	4	2	70	.	.	.	.	.
Clare, ...	8	2	8	2	7	2	4	2	103	12	.	.	.	.
Cork County, ...	12	9	13	9	16	9	2	2	.	.	85	10	74	80
" City, ...	9	9	0	0	6	6	23	8	30	54	.	.	73	20
Donegal, ...	6	3	8	2	10	3	7	2	.	.	.	.	.	.
Down, ...	7	3	8	2	7	2	14	1	108	49	7	10	.	.
Dublin County, ...	4	3	4	2	3	2	.	1	.	.	25	8	.	.
Dublin City:														
Richmond B., ...	15	.	20	.	24	.	18	.	143	.	.	.	4	.
Grangequeman P., ...	15	15	15	15	15	15	2	.	104	.	.	2	.	.
Fermanagh, ...	7	2	5	3	3	1	1	.	68	35	.	.	.	.
Galway County, ...	4	3	3	3	4	3	.	.	36	.	.	.	.	.
" Town, ...	5	3	5	2	4	3	.	.	.	.	4	7	24	.
Kerry, ...	6	2	5	2	5	4	2	1	77	15	77	15	.	.
Kildare, Naas, ...	6	4	3	1	3	2	.	.	27	15	.	.	.	.
" Ashy, ...	.	.	4	2	4	2	2	1	20	12	.	.	.	.
Kilkenny County, ...	14	8	8	3	4	.	8	4	47	.	104	68	.	.
" City, ...	2	2	1	1	3	1	.	.	7	.	.	.	.	.
King's, ...	6	2	5	2	5	2	3	1	80	32	.	8	.	.
Letterim, ...	5	8	9	3	14	3	5	2	55	19	.	2	.	.
Limerick County, ...	9	5	12	5	8	5	4	.	118	50	.	.	.	.
" City, ...	6	4	7	4	5	4	0	3	33	21	.	.	.	.
Londonderry, ...	11	.	15	2	5	.	10	2	140	36	6	.	.	.
Longford, ...	7	4	7	4	7	4	3	2	.	.	2	.	48	15
Louth, Dundalk, ...	3	1	18	.	1	1	2	2	63	21	2	1	.	.
" Drogheda, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Mayo, ...	3	3	3	3	7	3	3	3	.	.	.	.	58	20
Meath, ...	.	.	12	4	5	2	5	1	.	.	.	.	50	20
Monaghan, ...	8	3	7	3	6	3	4	3	50	18	.	.	.	.
Queen's, ...	6	2	18	5	8	4	4	4	67	50	.	.	.	.
Rosecommon, ...	7	1	7	1	7	2	3	.	68	18	.	.	.	.
Sligo, ...	8	1	12	4	12	2	5	1	74	17	.	.	.	.
Tipperary, Nenagh, ...	8	4	10	6	5	4	4	.	.	.	.	.	122	18
Tipperary, Clonmel, ...	24	4	18	3	10	4	8	2	100	40	39	.	.	.
Tyrene, ...	5	2	7	2	14	1	2	.	7	37	7	37	54	.
Waterford County, ...	.	.	7	2	8	2	2	.	57	15	.	.	.	.
" City, ...	6	3	8	3	6	3	2	1	18	.	.	.	10	30
Westmeath, ...	.	.	10	7	8	2	4	2	89	14	.	.	.	.
Wexford, ...	.	.	14	8	7	4	6	2	90	61	3	4	.	.
Wicklow, ...	5	3	5	3	5	2	1	.	50	23	.	.	.	.
Total Males, ...	293	.	361	.	393	.	179	.	1,008	.	753	.	606	.
Total Females, ...	.	117	.	155	.	123	.	69	.	851	.	335	.	245
Total M. and F., ...	380		516		516		248		2,739		1,088		854	

County and Town Gaols on the 31st of December, 1859.

Cells to contain 5 Persons.		Sleeping Rooms.		No. of Beds in each Room.		Hospital Rooms or Wards.		Water Closets in Hospital.		Baths in Hospital.		Chapels.		School Rooms.		COUNTY AND TOWN GAOLS.
M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	
11	9	7	3	12	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	Antrim.
		13		6		2	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	Armagh.
	18	4	1	12	3	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	Cadlow.
107	14	9		9		2	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	Cavan.
																Clare.
		4		12		4	2	1				1		1	1	Cork County.
54	54	6	1	18	1	3	2		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	" City.
2		8	3	24	12	2	2	2		1	1	1		4	1	Donagall.
						4	2			1		1		1		Dowry.
7	30	4	1	8	2	1	1	1	1			1				Dublin County.
																Dublin City:
115						8		3				2		1		Richmond B.
	3						5		2		2		2		1	Grangegorman P.
		5	2	6		4	4	1	1	2	2					Fernagh.
1	1	3	4	12	12	2	2	1	1	1		1				Galway County.
4	2	2	4		12	2						1		1		" Town.
		4	2	12	6	4	1	2	1	1		1		1	1	Kerry.
3	2					4	2	3	4	3	2	1				Killare, Nass.
		2	1	2	2							1				" Athy.
		4	1			3	3	1	1	1	1	1				Kilkenny County.
		7	3	14	18							1				" City.
						5	5	1	1	1		1		1		King's.
	2	7		12		5	3				1	1	1	1		Lalrim.
7	4					2	2	2	2	1	1	1		1		Limerick County.
17		20	6	61	22	2	2	2	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	" City.
		5	1	5	2	8	6	2	2	4	4	1		2	1	Londonderry.
		6	5	17	25	3	1	8	1	1		1	1	1	1	Longford.
						4	1	1	1	1		1		1		Louth, Dundalk.
		1	1	8	7											" Drogheda.
14	6	4	2	8	4	2	2	1	1	1	1	1		1		Mayo.
10	6	9	1	13	1	4	3	2	2	2		1		1		Meath.
		6	1	32	3	3	2	3	1	1		1		1	1	Monaghan.
16	4					2	2	2	2	1	1	1				Queen's.
5		4	3	8	6	4	3	1	1	1		1				Rosecommon.
		10	8	8	18	2	2			3		1		1		Sligo.
37	14	14	5	14	5	5	3			1		1	1	2	2	Tipperary, Nenagh.
57		6	4	25	20	10	4	1	1	1	1	2	1	1	1	Tipperary, Clonmel.
		2	1			4	2	1	1			1		1		Tyrone.
6		8	1	8	1	6	4			1	1	1	1	1	1	Waterford County.
		6		10		2	1	1	1	1	1	1		1		" City.
10			6		12	8	2	1	1	1		1		1	1	Westmeath.
3	4	7	3	12	9	3	2					1		1	1	Wexford.
		3	1	3	1	1	2	+1	+2	1	1	1	1	1	2	Wicklow.
480	163	200	79	370	231	127	80	45	39	96	24	41	10	27	15	Total Males.
																Total Females.
633		279		590		216		84		60		61		46		Total M. and F.

* Chapel used.

† Portable.

[continued.]

TABLE XIV. *continued*—AMOUNT OF ACCOMMODATION in the several

COUNTY AND TOWN GALES.	Workshops.		Workshops.		Kitchens.	Bakery.	Sleeping Rooms.		Laundries.	Drying Rooms.	Lavatories.		Baths, exclusive of those in Hospital.	
	M.	F.	M.	F.			M.	F.			M.	F.	M.	F.
Antrim, ...	1	.	103	.	1	.	3	2	1	2	1	1	1	1
Armagh, ...	.	.	10	.	1	.	4	.	1	1	.	2	1	1
Carlow, ...	8	.	.	.	1	.	3	1	1	1	8	4	4	.
Cavan, ...	8	.	.	.	1	.	4	2	1	.	.	.	1	.
Clare, ...	3	.	4	.	1	1	4	1	1	1	2	.	2	.
Cork County, ...	.	.	9	6	1	.	4	.	1	2	10	9	1	1
" City, ...	1	3	1	.	1	.	1	1	1	1	9	9	1	1
Donegal, ...	4	1	4	.	2	.	4	1	1	1	3	1	1	.
Down, ...	15	.	24	.	1	1	6	3	1	1	7	7	2	.
Dublin County, ...	1	.	.	.	1	.	6	1	1	1	1	.	1	1
Dublin City:														
Richmond B., ...	3	.	5	.	1	1	14	.	3	1	11	.	3	1
Grangegorman P., ...	.	.	.	1	1	.	3	2	2	2	.	1	.	1
Fermanagh, ...	1	.	20	.	1	1	1	1	2	.	.	1	.	1
Galway County, ...	1	.	.	13	1	.	4	3	1	1	.	.	2	1
" Town, ...	.	.	.	.	1	1	1	.	.	.	.	.	1	.
Kerry, ...	4	.	7	.	1	1	2	1	1	1	8	3	1	.
Kildare, Nass, ...	.	.	.	.	1	.	3	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
" Ashy, ...	.	.	.	.	1	.	4	.	1	.	.	.	.	.
Kilkenny County, ...	3	.	.	.	1	.	6	.	1	1	1	.	1	.
" City, ...	.	.	.	.	1	.	1	1	.	.	.	.	.	1
King's, ...	6	.	.	.	1	1	1	1	2	.	.	.	1	.
Leitrim, ...	1	1	24	.	2	.	2	1	2	.	1	.	1	.
Limerick County, ...	22	1	2	.	1	1	3	1	1	1	12	6	1	.
" City, ...	.	.	38	.	1	.	7	1	1	.	.	.	4	2
Londonderry, ...	4	.	66	.	1	.	5	1	1	1	1	6	11	.
Longford, ...	3	1	16	.	2	1	3	2	1	1	.	1	6	1
Louth, Dundalk, ...	2	.	24	.	1	.	4	1	1	1	.	.	1	1
" Drogheda, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Mayo, ...	1	.	1	.	1	.	1	1	1	.	.	.	8	.
Meath, ...	3	.	1	.	2	.	3	1	1	1	.	.	.	.
Monaghan, ...	2	.	23	.	1	.	6	1	.	1	.	.	1	.
Queen's, ...	10	4	12	.	2	1	2	1	1	1	6	12	1	1
Roscommon, ...	3	.	8	.	1	.	2	.	1	1	.	2	.	2
Sligo, ...	6	.	8	.	1	.	2	1	1	1	.	.	.	.
Tipperary, Nenagh, ...	8	2	3	.	1	1	8	1	2	1	1	.	7	4
Tipperary, Clonmel, ...	10	4	27	.	1	.	5	.	2	3	8	2	7	1
Tyrone, ...	5	.	29	.	1	.	1	1	1	1	.	3	1	.
Waterford County, ...	1	1	1	.	1	.	2	1	2	1	8	1	6	1
" City, ...	1	.	.	.	3	.	1	1	1	.	1	.	3	2
Westmeath, ...	7	.	6	.	1	1	2	1	1	1	8	4	1	1
Wexford, ...	10	.	2	1	1	.	5	1	1	1	6	3	1	1
Wicklow, ...	1	.	.	.	1	.	2	1	1	1	2	.	1	1
Total Males, ...	148	.	483	.	.	.	140	.	.	.	119	.	86	.
Total Females, ...	.	37	.	21	.	.	.	41	.	.	.	77	.	26
Total M. and F., ...	148	37	503	21	47	13	140	41	44	35	119	77	115	26

* Those marked thus * supplied with hot water.

County and Town Gaols on the 31st December, 1853.

Furnishing Rooms.		Reception Rooms.		Pumps.	Wells.	Tread Wheels.	Capstans Mills.	Crank Mills.	other Machines for Labour.	Total No. of Beds, inclusive of those for Debtors.	Number of Prisoners Gaoled and accommodated.				County and Town Gaols.
M.	F.	M.	F.								Debtors.	Criminals.	Total.		
M.	F.	M.	F.	1						M.	F.	M.	F.	M.&F.	
.	.	4	3	1	.	.	.	.	.	347	104	48	287	107	Antrim.
.	.	.	.	2	10	1	.	.	.	107	75	14	93	75	Armagh.
.	.	1	.	2	.	+1	.	.	.	58	46	7	53	41	Carlisle.
.	.	.	.	2	.	1	.	.	.	77	30	24	216	78	Cavan.
1	1	1	.	10	1	1	.	.	1	167	.	12	115	12	Clack.
1	.	2	2	1	.	+1	1	.	2	120	80	17	320	107	Cork County.
1	.	.	.	1	1	+1	.	1	1	74	43	32	165	170	" City.
1	.	1	1	1	.	.	.	.	8	111	34	12	1	99	Donegal.
.	.	1	1	1	.	.	1	.	.	115	43	16	8	101	Down.
.	.	.	.	2	.	.	.	.	.	42	33	11	3	52	Dublin County.
1	.	1	.	3	.	+3	1	.	.	445	.	.	503	565	Dublin City:
.	1	.	1	0	.	.	.	.	5	237	.	.	.	400	Richmond R.
.	.	1	.	2	.	.	.	1	1	68	20	8	1	68	Grangegorman R.
.	.	.	.	2	.	+2	.	.	.	58	26	10	55	20	Fermanagh.
.	.	.	.	3	1	+1	.	.	.	40	28	6	40	28	Galway County.
.	.	.	.	1	1	+1	1	.	.	35	20	12	6	85	" Town.
.	.	.	.	12	2	.	.	.	.	26	21	4	49	21	Kerry.
.	.	1	1	1	1	.	.	1	1	27	20	2	2	29	Kildare, Nass.
1	1	1	1	2	2	+1	.	3	1	150	30	12	6	151	" Athy.
.	.	.	.	2	1	.	.	1	1	18	29	9	2	30	Kilkenny County.
1	1	1	1	2	.	.	.	1	.	60	40	10	.	60	" City.
.	.	1	1	1	.	+1	.	1	.	76	22	21	2	72	King's.
.	.	.	.	4	.	+1	.	.	1	131	61	11	7	112	Lalrim.
.	.	1	.	2	.	+1	.	.	.	121	43	12	3	100	Limerick County.
1	.	1	.	1	1	.	.	.	.	122	40	12	3	140	" City.
.	.	1	1	1	1	+1	.	1	18	70	20	10	4	76	Londonderry.
.	.	4	6	2	2	.	.	.	.	93	34	4	2	87	Longford.
.	.	1	1	1	1	1	1	.	.	10	7	2	.	8	Louth, Dundalk.
.	.	1	1	1	1	1	1	.	.	148	40	8	4	140	" Drogheda.
.	.	1	1	2	2	2	.	.	.	106	40	18	1	98	Mayo.
.	.	1	1	1	1	1	1	.	.	91	27	32	4	50	Menth.
1	1	2	2	2	2	+1	.	.	.	126	58	20	4	105	Monaghan.
.	.	.	.	1	1	+1	.	.	.	84	24	8	.	78	Queen's.
1	.	.	2	2	1	1	.	.	.	119	24	36	6	82	Roscommon.
.	.	2	2	2	.	+1	.	1	1	166	38	18	6	415	Sligo.
.	.	1	.	11	10	2	.	.	.	186	52	10	.	400	Tipperary, Newagh.
.	.	1	1	2	.	1	.	.	1	65	38	20	5	56	Tipperary, Clogh.
.	.	1	.	7	.	+1	.	.	.	90	23	8	2	87	Tyrone.
.	.	1	.	6	.	1	.	.	.	42	30	18	4	28	Waterford County.
1	.	1	1	6	3	1	.	1	1	102	29	10	4	105	" City.
1	1	1	1	14	.	.	.	1	.	100	85	10	.	102	Westmeath.
1	.	2	2	3	2	+1	.	.	.	61	27	7	1	52	Wexford.
12	4	37	28							4,424	578	4,822	2,205		Total Males.
										1,513	114				Total Females.
16	63	120	26	32	4	8	41	6,237	692	7,027	7,710				Total M and F.

+ These marked thus † partitioned.
‡ Shot-drill and pumping crank.

‡ Forty-seven in old Gaol.
§ Locom. &c.
¶ Shot drill.

Appendix to Thirty-second Report of

TABLE IV—Tumor Types and Tumor Factors in the Second Cancers and the Probes

[illegible]

Town Gaols on the 31st December, 1859, also the Cost of Work during the year, derived therefrom.

AMOUNT OF COST of Work during the Year, including Works on hand.			AMOUNT OF RETURN of Work during the Year.			PROFIT on Works during the Year.	No. of Males who learned their Trade in the Gaol.	Tread Wheel: No. of Feet Ascend per day.	Number of Hours worked per day.	Total of Trials in which Prisoners were interrupted.	COUNTY AND TOWN GAOLS.
Males.	Females.		Males.	Females.							
£ s. d.	£ s. d.		£ s. d.	£ s. d.		£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	
623 10 0	138 13 11		774 17 6	824 15 4		049 0 5	54				8 Antrim.
29 11 4	0 16 0		30 6 2	8 13 0		43 11 0	4		7		0 Armagh.
43 6 9	18 5 8		51 7 5	14 4 0		8 10 6	8	12,774	9		2 Carlow.
23 15 3	—		31 5 6	—		0 10 3	9	6,480	3		3 Carrig.
0 2 0	4 0 4		2 2 0	27 0 0		34 10 2	10,240	4			4 Clare.
128 14 8	—		193 1 1	2 17 10		07 4 5	41	8,480	2		5 Cork County.
135 0 9	—		183 2 0	—		03 2 0	43	11,104	8		8 " City.
148 18 1	6 18 1		193 12 1	48 19 1		50 11 5	1				1 Donegal.
47 10 0	—		51 2 4	10 11 9		14 4 1	12				2 Down.
14 16 1	6 1 5		25 14 10	13 4 9		16 2 1					Dublin County.
2,055 10 11	—		2,882 2 8	—		334 11 8	168	7,000	61		Dublin City:
—	318 18 11		—	503 13 10		184 15 9	1				1 Richmond R.
29 5 11	8 4 3		29 8 0	14 6 2		37 4 0	1				2 Grangeorgue P.
467 10 8	19 7 7		488 11 0	22 18 4		21 2 3	12	7,224	6		4 Fermanagh.
53 17 4	4 5 8		61 11 1	6 12 6		10 0 6		6,130	0 W.		4 Galway County.
116 19 10	0 17 6		143 4 10	2 4 7		27 10 1	12	0,000	7 S.		" Town.
23 11 11	0 5 0		37 10 1	0 16 8		14 18 4	10		4 W.		8 Kerry.
—	—		—	—		—		13,824	1		8 Kildare, Nass.
32 11 4	17 16 6		38 15 8	17 18 8		10 4 4	7				3 Arby.
24 19 0	8 10 3		23 16 1	23 16 1		49 19 7	2	7,440	5		3 Kilkenny County.
192 19 4	50 12 4		213 16 11	51 5 3		21 10 8	13	5,840	2		3 " City.
—	10 4 1		12 17 5	16 5 0		18 19 1		5,180	2		6 Limerick County.
113 7 4	—		177 2 1	—		53 14 6	4	6,000	2		" City.
0 10 10	0 19 5		20 18 7	1 13 4		15 1 8	8	0,174	7		3 Londonderry.
8 13 4	—		13 5 1	10 0 7		23 3 8	4				2 Longford.
8 5 10	—		8 5 10	—		—					2 Louth, Dundalk.
0 5 1	0 16 5		2 4 6	2 0 0		3 12 9	12	0,400	4		2 Drogheda.
10 9 4	0 7 0		27 14 6	3 5 5		20 3 8		11,520	1		4 Mayo.
4 8 8	1 10 6		7 11 6	8 12 3		0 15 6		3,810	2		2 Meath.
13 14 0	2 5 0		23 15 1	2 10 0		10 6 1	25	11,030	4		2 Montague.
20 12 0	—		20 19 3	—		6 7 3		0,800	2		2 Queen's.
96 16 7	—		143 9 4	0 6 2		46 18 11	9	6,400	5		2 Roscommon.
437 1 1	35 11 6		824 14 0	82 15 3		184 16 11	7		4		3 Sligo.
819 7 10	40 0 3		439 0 10	94 19 6		115 13 5	6	11,000	4		7 Tipperary, Nenagh.
102 0 4	77 17 0		87 8 10	4 13 11		—		6,880	6		2 Tipperary, Glenmel.
237 10 0	—		133 1 0	—		104 9 0	4	6,400	2		2 Tyrone.
—	—		1 0 0	4 0 0		5 0 0		7,640	7		3 Waterford County.
79 15 9	—		108 13 9	11 8 6		41 0 6	2				" City.
89 14 11	—		162 10 6	—		83 4 7	12				4 Westmeath.
39 18 7	83 18 3		69 3 2	47 19 3		33 0 9	14	6,400	5		8 Wexford.
6,290 0 2	831 10 4		7,011 4 4	1,578 18 7		2,436 1 0	492				3 Wicklow.
7,141 19 7	—		9,353 3 0	—		—	—				192 Total.

TABLE XVI.—ACCOUNT of EXPENDITURE in the several

COUNTY AND TOWN GAO.	Nature of District.	Cost of Ordinary Diet of each Prisoner (exclusive of Hospital.)		Average No. of Prisoners during the year.	Nature of Fuel.	No. of Fines for no of Prisoners.	COST OF					
		Per Gross.	Per Annum.				Prisoners' Ordinary Diet.			Fuel, for use of Prison.		
							£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.			9.		
		£	s.	d.			£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Antrim, . . .	Mixed.	2-65	4	0 75	306	Coal.	17	812	0	12	77	6 11
Armagh, . . .	Do.	2-4	3	13 0-91	61-14	Do.	11	244	7	3	84	8 0
Carlow, . . .	Do.	2-14	3	5 10-48	10-5	Coal and Turf.	11	54	15	0	68	8 1
Cavan, . . .	Do.	2-84	4	7 10	58	Do.	23	254	14	8	84	0 0
Clare, . . .	Do.	2-73	4	4 8	40	Do.	10	173	8	0	107	0 2
Cork County, . .	Do.	1-03	2	18 7-5	149	Coal.	21	430	14	3	116	8 5
" City, . . .	Do.	2	2	18 4	68	Do.	44	183	15	0	52	5 1
Donegal, . . .	Do.	2-43	3	13 11	50-6	Do.	22	192	5	4	55	3 3
Down, . . .	Do.	2-57	3	18 1-41	82	Do.	33	320	0	8	110	0 7
Dublin County, .	Do.	2-82	4	5 8-25	80	Do.	23	343	10	2	84	0 3
Dublin City:												
Richmond B., .	Do.	2-77	4	4 4	153	Do.	27	645	2	10	100	16 0
Grangegorman P.	Do.	2-23	3	10 10-6	218	Do.	40	754	10	8	113	8 0
Fermanagh, . .	Do.	3	4	11 3-70	40	Coal and Turf.	40	183	12	7	124	16 6
Galway County, .	Do.	2	5	0 10	51	Turf.	16	153	4	7	76	8 2
" Town, . . .	Do.	1-75	2	11 7	38-07	Do.	12	85	0	2	30	10 10
Kerry, . . .	Do.	1-63	2	9 7	45-5	Coal and Turf.	23	100	0	0	104	10 0
Kildare, Naas, .	Do.	2-35	3	12 1-2	37-0	Coal.	5	136	12	6	80	0 0
" Athy, . . .	Do.	2-80	3	18 0-00	33-58	Turf.	12	199	2	8	41	14 2
Kilkenny County, .	Do.	2-38	4	7 5-5	70-33	Coal and Turf.	0	158	4	3	138	0 0
" City, . . .	Do.	2-11	3	4 2-07	29-07	Do.	7	66	6	8	19	16 0
King's, . . .	Do.	2-5	3	18 8-25	44	Turf.	25	173	8	2	107	17 3
Leitrim, . . .	Do.	2-8	3	0 10-9	26-30	Coal and Turf.	34	43	1	8	84	5 10
Limerick County, .	Do.	2-63	3	17 6	67	Coal.	22	221	2	4	105	12 4
" City, . . .	Do.	2-42	3	13 8	83	Do.	23	305	14	4	78	5 4
Londonderry, . .	Do.	2-46	3	14 10-25	47-08	Do.	11	176	4	11	40	13 3
Longford, . . .	Do.	2-08	3	8 8-71	27-04	Coal and Turf.	27	89	0	10	86	17 4
Louth, Dundalk, .	Do.	2-44	3	4 8-30	33-28	Coal.	†	168	19	4	70	2 1
" Drogheda, . .	Do.	2-56	3	17 9-03	25-63	Do.	3	22	0	3	4	17 8
Mayo, . . .	Do.	2-35	3	12 8	87	Turf.	30	310	0	7	78	9 1
Meath, . . .	Do.	2-73	3	18 2	23	Coal and Turf.	35	101	12	5	41	13 0
Monaghan, . . .	Do.	2-51	3	10 5-73	42	Coal.	16	140	12	0	20	13 0
Queen's, . . .	Do.	2-17	3	7 6-3	20	Coal and Turf.	20	97	10	8	110	10 0
Roscommon, . . .	Do.	2-75	4	3 8	30	Do.	20	209	3	8	10	3 2
Sligo, . . .	Do.	2-63	3	19 10-13	37-64	Coal.	21	143	10	3	45	9 3
Tipperary, Nenagh.	Do.	2-72	4	2 9	64	Coal and Turf.	82	205	0	0	140	18 10
Tipperary, Clonmel	Do.	2-5	4	1 1-25	67-0	Coal.	50	307	8	2	85	12 2
Tyrone, . . .	Do.	2-37	4	7 8-40	57-07	Coal and Turf.	20	240	1	3	138	10 7
Waterford County, .	Do.	2-50	4	7 1	26-25	Coal.	21	114	6	8	43	14 4
" City, . . .	Do.	2-67	4	4 10-3	34	Do.	15	142	5	8	40	3 0
Westmeath, . . .	Do.	2-32	3	10 8	44	Coal and Turf.	23	155	9	8	61	8 6
Wexford, . . .	Do.	2-21	4	17 0-82	75-04	Coal.	13	806	1	8	62	5 11
Wicklow, . . .	Do.	2-16	4	10 3	27	Do.	14	133	0	0	51	0 11
Total 1859, . . .		2-38	8	16 11-68	3404-15		640	0,500	7	8	3,350	10 1
Total 1858, . . .		2-43	8	10 11-83	2799-00		682	11,168	11	0	3,303	10 6

* Including 27 Prisoners from Drogheda, Males 484, Females 555 days.

† Exclusive of Drogheda Prisoners in Dundalk Gaol.

‡ Prison heated by hot air.

County and Town Gaols, in the Year 1859.

COST OF							COUNTY AND TOWN GAOLS.
Soap, Candles, Gas, and Oil.	Medicine.	Prisoners' Diet in Hospital.	Extra Diet for Prisoners not in Hospital.	Printing and Stationery.	Male Clothing.		
10.	11.	12.	13.	14.	15.		
£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	16.	
58 11 13	13 19 0	30 13 7	18 10 7	17 7 0	47 0 10	Astoria.	
38 11 7	17 8 8	11 16 10	1 0 0	20 10 11	31 19 5	Armagh.	
23 12 3	17 16 8	—	—	10 4 10	3 14 5	Carlow.	
21 2 9	18 3 8	19 10 11	—	25 7 7	17 4 8	Caran.	
28 16 4	5 12 0	0 1 9	—	11 5 0	23 2 0	Clare.	
49 1 1	28 3 0	82 1 0	13 1 8	33 10 8	48 1 0	Cork County.	
46 3 7	6 11 11	31 2 0	4 18 0	30 16 7	39 10 11	" City.	
12 0 3	0 7 9	2 1 0	36 19 8	26 4 8	20 11 2	Donegal.	
38 1 11	12 9 4	5 4 8	37 11 10	19 0 1	3 4 0	Down.	
33 20 5	12 14 3	75 6 8	8 2 5	24 16 8	55 18 5	Dublin County.	
128 4 51	119 15 0	224 12 8	32 13 8	53 8 4	173 14 5	Dublin City:	
80 15 5	124 0 9	102 16 1	82 10 7	43 10 1	—	Richmond B.	
29 2 6	38 18 1	45 6 0	—	9 3 7	24 1 8	Grangegorman P.	
26 6 2	3 0 10	37 5 3	—	17 2 2	30 0 0	Fermagh.	
13 13 11	7 11 10	3 12 5	7 0 8	11 1 9	—	Galway County.	
18 5 8	11 1 3	17 1 9	4 17 9	10 15 2	25 8 3	" Town.	
43 0 0	20 4 8	—	8 1 5	35 1 10	56 11 0	Kerry.	
5 4 4	22 13 8	—	10 17 6	13 2 1	12 2 10	Kildare, Nass.	
28 16 4	23 11 1	24 4 9	13 8 1	26 18 8	38 3 8	" Athy.	
6 16 11	14 9 0	2 1 4	7 8 2	11 0 7	6 1 9	Kilkenny County.	
15 18 6	7 10 1	0 10 2	8 0 0	14 11 4	48 5 9	" City.	
14 5 8	10 8 3	21 6 1	6 11 6	21 3 9	16 9 4	King's.	
18 4 6	8 10 8	20 16 0	7 10 2	6 4 2	13 0 2	Lisrim.	
35 4 11	20 0 0	10 18 2	—	13 5 8	14 3 2	Limerick County.	
47 9 9	20 10 11	4 0 3	3 4 0	37 18 10	50 9 9	" City.	
30 10 0	20 0 0	4 11 12	15 0 2	39 2 2	17 16 4	Londonderry.	
25 6 11	6 13 5	—	2 12 11	28 6 8	21 12 9	Longford.	
1 16 5	2 0 0	—	1 5 0	4 17 4	—	Louth, Dundalk.	
17 17 0	10 15 6	22 15 6	16 4 3	36 1 7	23 4 10	" Drogheda.	
54 11 0	33 1 10	7 10 6	3 0 4	10 2 7	15 17 0	Mayo.	
4 15 0	5 19 7	11 0 5	0 13 2	14 7 7	28 9 0	Meath.	
27 4 5	0 10 0	2 15 11	—	18 17 6	28 12 0	Monaghan.	
17 19 7	24 0 0	4 7 6	3 18 3	10 0 0	14 13 8	Queen's.	
16 0 5	0 18 5	6 18 8	2 13 3	14 11 0	17 17 9	Rosecommon.	
26 11 5	8 4 8	101 7 8	37 9 4	17 17 4	6 0 10	Sligo.	
95 10 5	19 7 8	28 2 7	30 0 3	37 12 5	75 15 4	Tipperary, Nenagh.	
42 6 2	—	5 15 0	0 7 2	23 15 0	40 5 11	Tipperary, Clonmel.	
47 18 3	11 3 11	4 2 10	—	15 17 3	13 18 5	Tyrone.	
25 5 1	1 18 8	1 18 4	1 3 2	10 18 1	5 14 0	Waterford County.	
11 16 7	5 3 7	0 4 5	2 4 5	15 7 7	28 10 10	" City.	
44 17 6	10 14 0	31 6 0	4 7 5	10 1 8	7 5 7	Westmeath.	
43 12 11	—	—	19 12 11	21 9 4	10 11 5	Wexford.	
1,418 0 5	755 12 7	1,046 7 3	473 2 7	880 0 4	1,225 0 8	Wicklow.	
1,491 19 7	935 1 10	1,069 4 9	412 18 2	934 16 7	1,523 1 8	Total 1856.	
						Total 1858.	

[continued.]

TABLE XVI. continued—ACCOUNT OF EXPENDITURE IN

COUNTY AND TOWN GAZES.	COST OF					
	Female Clothing.	Furniture, Bedding and Straw.	Repairs of the Gaol.	Conveyance of Prisoners.	Contingencies, Postage, &c.	Superannuation Allowances.
	17.	18.	19.	20.	21.	22.
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Antrim, . . .	3 1 8	181 18 9	206 10 0 ³	165 18 8	97 14 9	135 18 10
Armagh, . . .	18 16 3	46 6 0	41 19 2	0 15 2	29 7 11	—
Carlow, . . .	1 10 3	20 8 9	22 15 7	16 19 2	8 19 1	—
Cavan, . . .	43 15 2	25 12 4	38 14 0	—	26 12 0	20 0 0
Clare, . . .	2 1 2	0 17 6	28 9 8	19 14 0	44 11 6	—
Cork County, . . .	43 9 0	38 7 5	277 11 1	64 10 0	52 9 2	—
" City, . . .	23 5 10	38 15 3	50 14 5	12 19 3	16 8 11	—
Desmond, . . .	—	34 11 5	195 9 1	102 10 8	29 11 2	—
Down, . . .	21 15 2	38 13 2	100 9 6	22 5 4	47 18 2	—
Dublin County, . . .	46 14 6	68 10 2	13 1 1	10 1 1	90 4 9	51 18 0
Dublin City: . . .						
Richmond B., . . .	—	105 7 1	296 17 1	47 13 0	365 0 1	482 18 3
Grangegorman P., . . .	140 1 1	105 15 11	314 5 0	54 14 0	109 0 1	150 8 4
Fermynagh, . . .	4 3 9	15 8 9	37 0 6	26 19 9	20 18 1	31 13 4
Galway County, . . .	—	12 3 9	341 17 0	7 16 0	34 7 0	—
" Town, . . .	—	2 1 1	35 11 0	4 11 5	24 19 3	12 0 0
Kerry, . . .	3 0 0	25 18 8	53 0 8	19 18 8	23 8 7	217 10 0
Kildare, Koss, . . .	7 7 2 ¹	326 4 2	38 16 0	34 2 4	122 13 2 ¹	181 13 4
" Athy, . . .	7 12 0	11 6 3	21 1 7 ⁸	98 14 9	120 7 0	10 0 0
Kilkenny County, . . .	4 4 0	3 16 0	40 5 9	54 8 0	13 6 10	59 0 0
" City, . . .	5 14 2 ¹	8 18 1	4 4 4	5 1 0	4 12 3	—
King's, . . .	17 14 0	15 3 0	45 0 6	45 19 2	30 10 1	16 13 4
Lisrim, . . .	0 15 2	22 5 7	14 16 7	23 17 1	29 17 3	87 0 0
Limerick County, . . .	8 17 4	19 17 0	30 0 0	70 8 0	54 1 3	18 5 0
" City, . . .	8 17 6	40 14 0	54 0 0	8 10 9	47 12 6	219 0 0
Londonderry, . . .	8 10 1	64 3 10	267 19 7	75 19 8	22 13 1	127 10 0
Longford, . . .	4 0 3 ¹	5 4 7	183 10 2	14 7 11	5 2 10	62 2 4
Louth, Dundalk, . . .	16 19 3	11 18 11	313 2 9	30 8 0	11 13 5	37 18 4
" Drogheda, . . .	—	0 11 3	0 19 4	12 1 8	14 13 1	10 0 0
Mayo, . . .	2 1 6	26 14 2 ¹	116 10 10	61 1 3	21 0 3 ¹	—
Meath, . . .	9 8 9	19 16 8	91 13 9	10 18 3	20 15 8	46 13 4
Monaghan, . . .	0 14 2	24 19 4	41 17 5 ¹	10 6 0	0 18 1	—
Queen's, . . .	8 10 0	34 2 0 ¹	83 15 7 ¹	22 3 0	13 1 0	—
Roscommon, . . .	8 10 0	18 13 7	28 7 7	79 0 10	7 10 0	—
Sligo, . . .	8 7 6	48 19 10	26 2 10	12 11 10	20 0 1 ¹	177 1 8
Tipperary, Nenagh, . . .	—	30 10 4	172 2 5	23 19 0	48 12 6	—
Tipperary, Clonmel, . . .	20 10 2	120 2 2 ¹	138 17 8	52 3 2	24 4 7	—
Tyrone, . . .	6 13 4	30 9 2	30 11 10	116 0 0	32 10 0	55 0 0
Waterford County, . . .	3 17 10	11 1 6	30 9 3	7 0 4	11 18 10	—
" City, . . .	8 2 5	27 18 7	23 0 6	0 3 0	4 12 9	20 0 0
Westmeath, . . .	18 16 4	30 3 0	553 11 9	23 6 0	23 11 3	—
Wexford, . . .	2 16 0	53 10 1	59 19 2	117 17 8	23 5 3	—
Wicklow, . . .	6 1 2	19 11 1	31 2 0 ¹	37 18 1	138 0 3	36 13 4
Total 1852, . . .	551 15 9 ¹	1,751 3 0 ¹	4,584 4 11 ¹	1,639 18 11	1,877 8 11 ¹	2,228 12 11
Total 1853, . . .	618 18 8	1,895 11 10	4,082 10 3 ¹	1,630 6 11	2,483 2 0 ¹	1,917 1 11

the several County and Town Gaols, in the Year 1859.

SALARY OF								COUNTY AND TOWN GAOLS.
MALE DEPARTMENT.								
Local Inspectors. 24.	Chaplains.			Medical Officers.			31.	
	Protestant. 25.	Presbyterian 26.	R. Catholic. 27.	Physicians. 28.	Surgeons. 29.	Apothecaries 30.		
£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.		
130 0 0	45 8 1	40 8 1	40 8 1	—	74 0 0	—	Antrim.	
80 0 0	30 0 0	30 0 0	30 0 0	—	—	30 0 0	Armagh.	
60 0 0	30 0 0	—	30 0 0	—	—	—	Carlow.	
100 0 0	30 0 0	30 0 0	30 0 0	—	—	—	Cavan.	
100 0 0	40 8 0	—	40 8 0	54 0 0	—	20 0 0	Clare.	
200 0 0	45 8 0	—	45 8 0	—	74 0 0	20 0 0	Cork County.	
100 0 0	45 8 0	—	45 8 0	—	55 0 0	10 0 0	" City.	
150 0 0	30 0 0	30 0 0	30 0 0	—	—	20 0 0	Down.	
100 0 0	30 0 0	30 0 0	30 0 0	—	—	27 13 10	Dublin County.	
100 0 0	55 7 8	55 7 8	55 7 8	—	80 0 0	—	Dublin City:	
150 0 0	50 0 0	35 6 8	100 0 0	100 0 0	150 0 0	—	Richmond B.	
150 0 0	50 0 0	35 6 8	100 0 0	100 0 0	150 0 0	—	Grange & P.	
90 0 0	30 0 0	30 0 0	30 0 0	—	—	—	Fermanagh.	
133 18 10	45 8 0	—	45 8 0	—	74 0 0	—	Galway County.	
37 18 0	27 13 10	—	50 0 0	56 0 0	—	—	" Town.	
180 0 0	50 0 0	—	50 0 0	—	—	30 0 0	Kerry.	
—	13 10 11	—	27 13 10	—	40 0 0	30 0 0	Kildare, Nass.	
27 13 10	27 13 10	—	27 13 10	—	25 0 0	—	" Athy.	
80 0 0	45 8 0	—	45 8 0	30 0 0	—	—	Kilkenny County.	
30 0 0	30 0 0	—	30 0 0	30 0 0	—	—	" City.	
130 0 0	40 0 0	—	40 0 0	45 0 0	—	30 0 0	King's.	
100 0 0	37 10 0	—	15 0 0	—	45 0 0	30 0 0	Leitrim.	
120 0 0	50 0 0	—	50 0 0	44 0 0	—	30 0 0	Limerick County.	
50 0 0	40 0 0	—	40 0 0	—	40 0 0	10 0 0	" City.	
110 0 0	45 8 1	45 8 1	45 8 1	—	—	—	Londonderry.	
75 0 0	36 18 6	36 18 0	36 18 0	—	—	30 0 0	Longford.	
50 0 0	36 18 0	36 18 0	36 18 0	—	—	30 0 0	Louth, Dundalk.	
10 0 0	30 0 0	—	30 0 0	—	—	—	" Drogheda.	
100 0 0	37 10 0	—	37 10 0	—	80 0 0	30 0 0	Mayo.	
35 0 0	50 0 0	—	50 0 0	—	74 0 0	—	Meath.	
92 6 2	30 0 0	30 0 0	30 0 0	—	73 18 10	—	Monaghan.	
90 0 0	40 0 0	—	40 0 0	—	—	20 0 0	Queen's.	
92 6 0	40 8 0	—	45 8 0	—	74 0 0	—	Roscommon.	
100 0 0	30 0 0	30 0 0	30 0 0	65 0 0	—	31 0 0	Sligo.	
100 0 0	50 0 0	—	50 0 0	—	60 0 0	25 0 0	Tipperary, Nenagh.	
150 0 0	50 0 0	—	50 0 0	—	74 0 0	—	Tipperary, Cleeve.	
130 0 0	30 0 0	30 0 0	30 0 0	—	—	30 0 0	Tyrone.	
30 0 0	40 0 0	—	40 0 0	65 0 0	—	—	Waterford County.	
60 0 0	40 0 0	—	40 0 0	50 0 0	—	—	" City.	
5 0 0	30 0 0	30 0 0	30 0 0	—	—	35 0 0	Westmeath.	
100 0 0	50 0 0	—	50 0 0	—	—	30 0 0	Wexford.	
90 18 0	45 8 1	—	45 8 1	—	65 0 0	—	Wicklow.	
3,845 19 4	1,843 10 6	558 4 2	1,762 0 7	874 0 0	1,277 16 10	484 15 10	Total in 1859.	
3,879 14 4	1,070 8 5	568 4 2	1,747 0 7	720 0 0	1,223 16 10	484 15 10	Total in 1858.	

[continued.]

TABLE XVI. continued—ACCOUNT OF EXPENDITURE IN

COUNTY AND TOWN GAOES.	SALARY OF									
	MALE DEPARTMENT.									
	GOVERNORS.	CLERKS.	DEPUTY GOVERNORS or HEAD TURKEYS.	TURKEYS.		SCHOOL- MASTERS.	OTHER PRISON OFFICERS.		MATRONS.	
				No.	Total Amount of Salary.					
32.	33.	34.	35.	36.	37.	38.	39.	40.	41.	42.
£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.		£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Antrim, . . .	300 0 0	—	75 0 0	10	435 0 0	40 0 0	65 0 0	45 0 0		
Armagh, . . .	170 0 0	—	45 0 0	6	135 0 0	35 0 0	—	30 0 0		
Carlow, . . .	150 0 0	—	50 0 0	5	125 0 0	—	—	50 0 0		
Cavan, . . .	200 0 0	—	55 7 8	4	145 7 8	30 0 0	—	40 0 0		
Clare, . . .	200 0 0	32 8 0	—	5	164 18 11	30 0 0	22 16 0	40 0 0		
Cork County, . .	250 0 0	—	50 0 0	12	302 18 10	40 0 0	128 7 0	60 0 0		
" City, . . .	200 0 0	—	67 0 0	6	267 10 0	35 0 0	—	30 0 0		
Down, . . .	150 0 0	—	—	0	171 0 0	25 0 0	—	30 0 0		
Dublin County, .	200 0 0	—	100 0 0	12	300 0 0	39 10 0	—	30 0 0		
Dublin City: . .	250 0 0	—	80 0 0	0	330 0 0	—	—	30 0 10		
Richmond U., .	300 0 0	142 0 0	90 0 0	10	783 10 0	60 0 0	392 6 8	—		
Grangegorman P.,	200 0 0	130 0 0	—	—	—	—	341 18 4	200 0 0		
Ferns, . . .	150 0 0	—	40 0 0	4	116 0 0	35 0 0	—	31 10 0		
Galway County, .	375 7 8	—	50 0 0	4	147 10 0	30 0 0	50 0 0	30 0 0		
" Town, . . .	158 0 0	—	30 0 0	3	74 0 0	10 0 0	—	20 0 0		
Kerry, . . .	200 0 0	32 0 0	—	10	320 3 4	32 1 8	39 0 0	40 0 0		
Kildare, Neas, .	02 12 1	—	40 0 0	8	107 10 2	—	204 18 0	30 0 0		
" Ashy, . . .	100 0 0	—	45 9 0	2	87 3 32	—	—	20 0 0		
Kilkenny County, .	250 0 0	—	37 0 0	4	107 10 0	30 0 0	30 0 0	30 0 0		
" City, . . .	65 0 0	—	—	2	45 0 0	—	—	10 0 0		
Kinc's, . . .	184 12 4	—	90 0 0	6	105 0 0	30 0 0	15 17 0	40 0 0		
Lettin, . . .	200 0 0	11 0 0	—	0	180 0 0	—	—	30 0 0		
Limerick County, .	200 0 0	00 0 0	—	9	315 0 0	—	—	40 0 0		
" City, . . .	100 0 0	06 0 0	—	7	185 0 0	—	—	40 0 0		
Londonerry, . .	150 18 8	46 10 8	05 10 8	6	154 3 4	35 10 8	—	30 16 8		
Longford, . . .	150 0 0	—	40 0 0	5	148 15 0	—	35 0 0	40 0 0		
Louth, Dundalk, .	176 15 6	—	45 0 0	4	140 0 0	35 0 0	00 0 0	35 0 0		
" Drogheda, . .	80 0 0	—	—	2	40 0 0	20 0 0	—	20 0 0		
Mayo, . . .	200 0 0	—	00 0 0	10	320 0 0	—	—	40 0 0		
Meath, . . .	231 0 0	—	00 0 0	5	167 10 0	25 0 0	105 10 0	40 0 0		
Monaghan, . . .	139 9 2	—	—	7	210 10 0	—	—	25 0 0		
Queen's, . . .	200 0 0	—	60 0 0	7	135 0 0	—	80 0 0	21 0 0		
Roscommon, . .	200 0 0	50 0 0	40 0 0	8	231 0 0	—	—	33 6 1		
Sligo, . . .	150 0 0	30 0 0	—	8	180 0 0	25 0 0	—	20 0 0		
Tippinry, Nough, .	275 0 0	—	00 0 0	10	358 0 0	—	30 0 0	45 0 0		
Tippinry, Cloam, .	250 0 0	170 0 0	—	12	463 8 8	—	30 0 0	48 15 4		
Tyrone, . . .	200 0 0	—	62 10 0	7	100 10 5	23 0 0	—	28 0 0		
Waterford County, .	200 0 0	50 0 0	—	5	147 10 0	30 0 0	38 5 0	40 0 0		
" City, . . .	180 0 0	—	—	4	100 0 0	—	—	20 0 0		
Westmeath, . .	150 0 0	—	60 0 0	8	255 0 0	12 0 0	—	40 0 0		
Wexford, . . .	160 0 0	—	80 0 0	8	238 15 0	30 0 0	10 0 0	45 0 0		
Wicklow, . . .	150 0 0	—	—	6	188 5 0	—	—	30 0 0		
Total in 1880, . .	8,133 2 7	539 4 8	1,538 3 4	283	8,000 1 84	741 8 4	1,675 9 0	1,551 12 11		
Total in 1881, . .	8,307 17 1	1,052 1 8	1,540 10 1	289	9,100 2 3	306 18 6	1,267 8 11	1,534 0 0		

* Dismissed and resigned Officers' salaries.

the several County and Town Gaols, in the Year 1859.

SALARY OF			OFFICERS.					COUNTY AND TOWN GAOLS.
FEMALE DEPARTMENT.			Cost of			Total, including Salaries, Rations, and Clothing.		
Assistant-Mistress, or Head Turnkey.	Hospital Nurse-tenders.	Other Prison Officers.	Total Salaries.	Rations.	Clothing.			
41.	42.	43.	44.	45.	46.	47.	48.	
£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.		
30 0 0	20 0 0	57 12 0	1,470 1 3	50 6 10½	71 11 4	1,591 19 5½	Antrim.	
15 0 0	5 0 0	—	678 0 0	30 12 11½	35 17 8	743 10 7½	Armagh.	
10 0 0	10 8 0	—	532 8 0	143 10 2	27 19 0	713 10 2	Carlow.	
16 0 0	10 0 0	—	680 15 4	89 15 5	20 0 0	710 10 9	Cavan.	
34 16 0	24 0 0	—	915 4 11	—	12 8 11	917 13 10	Clare.	
73 9 11	41 0 0	13 8 4	1,365 10 1	80 14 10	64 4 4	1,490 9 3	Clark County.	
27 6 0	28 10 4	29 0 0	985 18 4	58 14 11	47 6 3	1,096 19 6	" City.	
19 0 0	10 0 0	—	650 0 0	144 18 2	35 16 7	809 14 9	Down.	
19 0 0	24 0 0	—	877 0 0	48 11 0	48 12 6	1,074 12 11	Down.	
18 15 0	25 0 0	—	1,062 7 10	123 18 0	30 0 0	1,215 5 10	Dublin County.	
—	—	—	2,451 12 10	355 13 7½	103 0 6	2,910 15 11½	Dublin City.	
503 10 0	—	214 0 0	2,241 10 0	348 3 7½	19 2 0	2,598 13 7½	Richmond R.	
—	18 10 0	—	571 0 0	45 13 11	31 7 0	648 0 11	Grangegorman P.	
29 0 0	11 3 4	—	1,014 3 10	64 18 0	29 10 0	1,098 0 10	Fermagh.	
12 0 0	—	—	456 1 6	29 11 6	—	485 13 0	Galway County.	
20 0 0	92 0 0	20 0 0	1,086 5 0	94 10 11	61 6 4	1,241 2 5	" Town.	
5 10 0	8 10 0	—	554 0 6	88 10 0½	68 17 8	679 13 0½	Kerry.	
8 0 0	—	—	800 12 9½	87 17 8½	5 12 4	469 2 10	Kildare, Nias.	
18 6 0	12 0 0	—	741 16 0	—	28 13 0	770 9 0	" Athy.	
—	—	—	245 0 0	20 15 0	0 10 0	281 5 0	Kilkenny County.	
20 0 0	20 0 0	—	815 0 10	46 1 10	39 6 9	900 18 5	" City.	
20 0 0	29 0 0	—	708 10 0	11 9 7	32 5 6	753 5 1	King's.	
61 4 0	25 0 0	—	1,085 4 0	—	11 13 0	1,106 17 0	Leitrim.	
25 0 0	28 8 0	—	630 8 0	—	28 0 0	644 14 0	Limerick County.	
20 16 8	17 16 8	—	785 9 3	74 0 0	60 12 0	910 2 0	" City.	
18 0 0	—	—	637 10 0	—	20 11 10	658 3 4	Londonderry.	
25 0 0	—	—	697 11 0	62 3 11	49 17 6	789 12 5	Longford.	
—	—	—	240 0 0	71 12 11	—	291 12 11	Louth, Dundalk.	
30 0 0	30 0 0	5 0 0	630 0 0	89 0 4	32 16 0	1,051 10 4	" Drogheda.	
15 0 0	15 0 0	—	868 0 9	64 4 0	33 12 0	945 16 0	Mayo.	
17 18 0	—	—	640 0 2	35 14 0	30 17 6½	731 17 8½	Meath.	
17 10 0	21 0 0	—	754 10 0	36 10 0	33 8 0	824 8 0	Monaghan.	
—	17 0 0	—	828 18 1	30 2 6	22 10 0	887 10 7	Queen's.	
10 0 0	—	—	691 0 0	131 19 10	33 9 9	856 9 7	Brosnahan.	
48 0 0	48 0 0	—	1,133 0 0	128 10 6½	45 6 11	1,310 0 4½	Sligo.	
49 8 4	43 0 0	—	1,376 8 4	94 0 4	48 5 0	1,519 2 8	Tipperary, Nenagh.	
29 0 0	—	—	742 0 5	128 8 0	51 17 2	921 5 7	Tipperary, Clonmel.	
25 0 0	20 0 0	—	795 15 0	49 12 8	34 5 6	919 13 0	Tyrone.	
25 0 0	4 10 0	—	824 16 0	61 17 0	—	875 7 0	Waterford County.	
14 3 0	14 5 6	—	655 11 0	73 12 2	30 14 8	758 17 10	" City.	
30 0 0	12 0 0	—	835 15 0	182 12 9	30 0 1	1,048 18 10	Westmeath.	
25 0 0	7 10 0	—	654 19 2	—	20 16 0	675 15 11	Wexford.	
1,473 9 5	808 8 10	330 0 4	36,170 19 4½	3,297 7 6½	1,427 8 5½	40,785 15 4½	Wicklow.	
1,408 19 6	893 18 4	338 8 0	35,922 11 6	3,275 1 4	1,433 15 4½	40,591 8 2½	Total in 1859.	
							Total in 1858.	

(continued.)

TABLE XVI. continued—ACCOUNT OF EXPENDITURE in the several County and Town Gaols, in the Year 1859.

COUNTY AND TOWN GAOLS.	Total Expense of Gaol.	Deduct Profit on Works.	Net Expenditure.	Average Daily Num- ber of Prison- ers, debtors included.	Average total Cost of each Prisoner per Annum.	
					Per Diem.	Per Annum.
49.	50.	51.	52.	53.	54.	55.
£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.		s. d.	£ s. d.
Antrim, . . .	3,169 15 4 ³	649 0 5 ³	2,520 14 11	214.5	8.65	18 3 0.08
Armagh, . . .	1,511 15 6	49 11 5	1,462 4 1	67.05	1 0.03	19 4 3.04
Carlow, . . .	952 18 4	8 19 8	943 18 10	17.25	3 0.05	54 16 4.89
Cavan, . . .	1,392 9 9	9 10 3	1,382 10 6	55.5	1 3.54	23 12 9.74
Clare, . . .	1,374 14 1	34 16 2	1,339 16 11	40	1 10	34 7 3
Cork County, . .	2,241 7 3	67 4 5	2,174 3 10	179	10.50	15 10 3.75
" City, . . .	1,010 12 10	58 2 0	1,068 10 10	70	1 1.53	20 11 8.05
Donegal, . . .	1,550 5 4	50 11 5	1,500 13 11	50.9	1 7.45	29 11 7.25
Down, . . .	1,850 18 10	14 4 1	1,836 14 9	84.5	1 2.23	21 10 1
Dublin County, .	2,174 12 1	10 2 1	2,164 10 0	92	1 8.41	23 9 2.22
Dublin City:						
Richmond B., .	5,735 10 8	333 11 9	5,402 7 11	197	1 0	27 7 6.6
Grangequern P., .	4,789 12 3	184 15 9	4,605 10 6	228	1 1.25	20 3 1.5
Fermanagh, . . .	1,238 0 10	37 4 0	1,201 2 10	49	1 4.14	24 10 3.14
Galway County, .	1,508 0 10	34 2 3	1,474 18 7	57	1 11.8	35 5 8
" Town, . . .	734 2 3	10 0 6	714 1 9	34.63	1 1.5	20 10 1
Kerry, . . .	1,868 10 1	27 10 1	1,841 0 0	53	1 10.97	34 12 5.5
Kildare, Nass, .	1,780 11 8 ¹	—	1,780 11 8 ¹	38.13	2 6.71	40 14 0.61
" Athy, . . .	1,040 2 8 ¹	14 18 4	1,025 4 4 ³	34.51	1 7.65	20 17 7.31
Kilkenny County, .	1,368 2 11	—	1,368 2 11	39.75	1 11	34 18 5
" City, . . .	441 12 4	—	441 12 4	21.75	1 1.35	20 6 10.15
King's, . . .	1,455 17 0	10 4 4	1,445 12 8	47	1 8.25	30 15 2
Lekrim, . . .	1,227 3 11	49 19 7	1,177 4 4	26.53	2 5.18	44 7 4.92
Limerick County, .	1,700 7 5	21 10 6	1,679 16 11	69	1 0.75	28 11 1
" City, . . .	1,318 1 6	18 19 1	1,299 2 4	80.2	11.06	16 18 1.5
Londonderry, . .	1,853 3 8	53 14 9	1,800 8 11	48.79	2 0.30	38 19 7.32
Longford, . . .	1,285 13 0	15 1 8	1,269 11 4	28.10	2 4.10	43 17 0.81
Louth, Dundalk, .	1,541 0 8	51 0 8	1,510 0 0	32.31	2 6.73	43 14 7.35
" Drogheda, . .	306 14 5 ¹	—	306 14 5 ¹	0.2	8 2.9	50 2 3.6
Mayo, . . .	1,794 7 8 ¹	8 12 9	1,786 14 11 ¹	95	1 0.39	18 16 11.09
Meath, . . .	1,395 4 1	20 3 8	1,375 0 5	20	2 10.75	52 18 6.40
Monaghan, . . .	1,071 8 9 ¹	9 15 6	1,062 13 3 ¹	45	1 3.51	23 11 10.20
Queen's, . . .	1,374 0 8	10 0 1	1,364 0 7	29.4	2 4.71	42 12 10.3
Roscommon, . . .	1,298 10 5	8 7 8	1,290 2 2	50.10	1 6.11	27 10 10.19
Sligo, . . .	1,394 4 0	46 18 11	1,347 5 1	41.06	1 9.25	32 9 4.25
Tipperary, Nenagh, .	2,136 0 11	—	2,136 0 11	78	1 5.5	26 3 0
Tipperary, Glensmel, .	2,687 18 6	115 12 2 ¹	2,572 6 3 ¹	60.08	1 5.08	25 19 7.81
Tyrone, . . .	1,737 8 2	—	1,737 8 2	58	1 7.80	29 10 1.23
Waterford County, .	1,243 9 5	104 9 0	1,139 0 5	27	2 3.74	42 8 8.59
" City, . . .	898 8 0	5 0 0	893 8 0	34	1 3.25	26 5 8.23
Westmeath, . . .	1,807 1 8	41 6 6	1,766 15 0	48	1 11.86	35 19 10.7
Wexford, . . .	1,561 11 5	83 4 7	1,478 6 10	72.25	1 2.07	22 8 2.71
Wicklow, . . .	1,268 19 4 ¹	—	1,268 19 4 ¹	27	2 6	45 12 6
Total, 1859, . . .	72,105 18 0	2,225 17 8 ¹	69,879 0 11 ¹	2,696.31	1 5.06	25 18 9.48
Total, 1858, . . .	73,534 4 11	2,745 18 7 ¹	71,789 0 3 ¹	2,962.81	1 8.74	23 18 9.60

* Includes £9 18s. received for Military Prisoners.

J U V E N I L E S .

TABLE XVII.—NUMBER of Commitments and Offences of JUVENILES Committed

COUNTY AND TOWN GAUG.	CONVICTED AT ASSIZES AND QUARTER SESSIONS.								SUMMARY COMMITMENTS.								By Courts Martial and Desert- ers.	TOTAL COMMITTED.								
	FELONS.				MIDDEMCASSANTS.				MIDDEMCASSANTS, &c.				VAGRANTS.													
	Ages.		Ages.		Ages.		Ages.		Ages.		Ages.		Ages.													
	10 Years and under.	Above 10 and not ex- ceeding 16 Years.	10 Years and under.	Above 10 and not ex- ceeding 16 Years.	10 Years and under.	Above 10 and not ex- ceeding 16 Years.	10 Years and under.	Above 10 and not ex- ceeding 16 Years.	10 Years and under.	Above 10 and not ex- ceeding 16 Years.	10 Years and under.	Above 10 and not ex- ceeding 16 Years.	10 Years and under.	Above 10 and not ex- ceeding 16 Years.												
	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.		
Antrim, ...								2	8			70	48		1						3	8	71	48		
Armagh, ...			1				1					23	4									25	4			
Carlow, ...				1				1				8	2								1		9	2		
Cavan, ...			2									10	3									13	3			
Clare, ...							9	1				9	2	1		1					1		6	3		
Cork County, ...			1	1			1	1				50	8		4							56	12			
" City, ...			0	8				2	1			29	3		3	1					3	1	31	12		
Donegal, ...			1				1		2			14	1								9		16	1		
Down, ...			4	1			1					20	3									25	4			
Dublin County, ...			3				1	1	1	2		45	9	3	3	7	2		4	6		51	17			
Dublin City:																										
Richmond R., ...	1		20				7		3			242		8	18		1	12			233					
Grangegorman P., ...				7				2	3				74		3	20			0							
Ferns, ...	1						1					5							1			1				
Galway County, ...			2									5										7				
" Town, ...			2				2	1				31		3					4			35				
Kerry, ...			3	1				1				31	7		1				1			35	8			
Kildare, New, ...				1																						
" Atty., ...			2									6	1									8	1			
Kilkenny County, ...												11	2		3							14	6			
" City, ...			2									1										2	1			
King's, ...			1									7	2		1							9	2			
Leitrim, ...							1					1										2				
Limerick County, ...							2	1	1			20	6		1		2		1			24	7			
" City, ...			1									13	6									14	6			
Londonderry, ...	1		6				1					11	8		3				1			21	3			
Longford, ...												6										6				
Louth, Dundalk, ...			1	2								8										9	2			
" Drogheda, ...												2	1									3	1			
Mayo, ...			2				1		4			19	9						4			26	10			
Meath, ...			1		1		3												1			4				
Monaghan, ...			1	1			1					6										11	2			
Queen's, ...												12	4									16	4			
Roscommon, ...												6	1									6	1			
Sligo, ...	1		2						1	1		6	2						1	1		8	2			
Tipperary, Newagh, ...			4	1			1	1				17	3	2					1	2		22	4			
Tipperary, Cannel, ...			7	1				1				41	17		3							51	19			
Tyrone, ...			3									11	6			2						12	6			
Waterford County, ...			2						1			11			1						1	1	11			
" City, ...												11			1											
Westmeath, ...			2				1					6	2									8	2			
Wexford, ...			6				12	1						2	2						2		17	1		
Wicklow, ...			1									9	4									10	4			
Total Males, ...	4	80	1		41	8	20	15	839	233	15	41	30	5	40	1,036										
Total Females, ...		27										11			20											
Total M. and F., ...	4	116	1		45	8	35	15	1,069	263	20	52	30	5	60	1,336										
	120		50		1,104		97		5		1,376															
	1,376																									

TABLE XVIII.—NUMBER of INDIVIDUAL JUVENILES Committed Once, Twice, Three County and Town Gaols, by Ages and Sexes; Criminal

COUNTY AND TOWN GAOLS.	COMMITTED ONCE IN 1859.								COMMITTED TWICE IN 1859.							
	Criminals.				Vagrants.				Criminals.				Vagrants.			
	Ages.				Ages.				Ages.				Ages.			
	10 Years and under.	Above 10 and not exceeding 15 Years.	10 Years and under.	Above 10 and not exceeding 15 Years.	10 Years and under.	Above 10 and not exceeding 15 Years.	10 Years and under.	Above 10 and not exceeding 15 Years.								
Antrim, ...	4	1	44	17	.	.	1	.	2	6	4	.	.	.	.	.
Armagh, ...	.	.	21	2	.	.	.	.	.	2	1	.	.	.	.	.
Carlow, ...	1	.	8	3	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Cavan, ...	.	.	12	3	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.
Clare, ...	.	.	11	4	1	.	1	.	.	2	.	.	.	.	.	.
Cork County, ...	1	.	68	11	.	.	4	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
" City, ...	2	1	23	9	.	.	1	1	.	4	1	.	.	.	1	.
Donegal, ...	2	.	15	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Down, ...	.	.	25	2	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.
Dublin County, ...	1	.	49	7	3	3	.	4	.	5	.	.	.	.	.	.
Dublin City:																
Richmond B., ...	4	.	290	.	6	.	15	.	.	23	.	1	.	.	.	.
Grangegorman P., ...	.	4	.	54	.	3	.	26	.	8	.	.	.	.	.	.
Fermanagh, ...	1	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Galway County, ...	.	.	7	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
" Town, ...	1	.	21	1	3	.	.	.	.	3	.	.	.	.	.	.
Kerry, ...	1	.	84	7	.	.	1	.	.	2	1	.	.	.	.	.
Kildare, Nass, ...	.	.	.	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
" Athy, ...	.	.	15	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Kilkenny County, ...	.	.	13	5	.	.	3	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
" City, ...	.	.	3	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
King's, ...	.	.	6	2	.	.	1	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.
Leitrim, ...	.	.	2	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Limerick County, ...	1	.	38	7	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
" City, ...	.	.	6	5	.	.	.	.	.	4	1	.	.	.	.	.
Londonderry, ...	1	.	14	6	.	.	3	.	.	2	1	.	.	.	.	.
Longford, ...	1	.	9	4	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Louth, Dundalk, ...	.	.	9	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
" Drogheda, ...	.	.	4	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Mayo, ...	2	.	24	12	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Meath, ...	1	.	4	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Monaghan, ...	.	.	15	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Queen's, ...	1	.	14	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.
Roscommon, ...	.	.	8	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Sligo, ...	1	1	13	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Tipperary, Nenagh, ...	1	.	30	6	.	2	.	.	.	2	.	.	.	.	.	.
Tipperary, Glanmel, ...	.	.	41	24	.	.	3	.	.	2	.	.	.	.	.	.
Tyrone, ...	.	.	12	6	.	.	.	2	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.
Waterford County, ...	.	.	9	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
" City, ...	1	.	18	.	1	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.
Westmeath, ...	.	.	8	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Wexford, ...	.	.	16	3	.	2	2	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.
Wicklow, ...	.	.	10	6	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Total Males, ...	28	.	945	.	13	.	30	.	1	.	62	.	1	.	1	.
Total Females, ...	.	7	.	222	.	11	.	27	.	3	.	19	.	.	.	.
Total M. and F., ...	35	.	1,167	.	24	.	63	.	4	.	81	.	1	.	1	.
	1,302				87				85				2			
	1,389								87							

Times, Four Times, and Five Times and Upwards, within the Year 1839, to the several Offenders being distinguished from Vagrants.

COMMITTED THREE TIMES IN 1839.						COMMITTED FOUR TIMES IN 1839.				COMMITTED FIVE TIMES AND UPWARDS IN 1839.				COUNTY AND TOWNS GAOLS.
Criminals.		Vagrants.				Criminals.				Criminals.				
Ages.		Ages.				Ages.				Ages.				
Above 16 and not exceeding 16 Years.		10 Years and under.		Above 16 and not exceeding 16 Years.		10 Years and under.		Above 16 and not exceeding 16 Years.		10 Years and under.		Above 16 and not exceeding 16 Years.		
M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	
3	3	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	1	.	.	1	3	Antrim.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	Armagh.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	Carlow.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	Cavan.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	Clare.
1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	Cork County.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	" City.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	Down.
1	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	Dublin County.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	Dublin City:
5	1	.	.	1	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	1	Richmond Bridewell.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	Grangegorman Penit.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	Fermagh.
3	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	Galway County.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	" Town.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	Kerry.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	Kildare, Nass.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	" Athy.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	Kilkenny County.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	" City.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	King's.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	Lethm.
2	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	2	.	.	.	.	.	Limerick County.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	3	.	" City.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	Londonderry.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	Longford.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	Louth, Dundalk.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	" Drogheda.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	Mayo.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	Meath.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	Monaghan.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	Queen's.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	Roscommon.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	Sligo.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	Tipperary, Nenagh.
3	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	Tipperary, Clonmel.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	Tyrone.
1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	Waterford County.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	" City.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	Westmeath.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	Wexford.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	Wicklow.
24	5	.	.	1	.	.	.	4	3	.	.	3	4	Total Males.
29	.	.	.	2	.	.	.	7	.	.	.	7	.	Total Females.
29	.	.	.	2	.	.	.	7	.	.	.	8	.	Total M. and F.
31		2		7		15		8		1		7		

1,432

TABLE XVIII. continued.—NUMBER of INDIVIDUAL JUVENILES Committed Once, Twice, Three Times, Four Times, and Five Times and Upwards, within the year 1859, &c.

COUNTY AND TOWN GALES.	TOTAL NUMBER OF INDIVIDUAL JUVENILES COMMITTED IN 1859								TOTAL NUMBER OF COMMITTEES OF JUVENILES IN 1859							
	Criminals.				Vagrants.				Criminals.				Vagrants.			
	Ages.				Ages.				Ages.				Ages.			
	10 Years and under.		Above 10 and not exceeding 16 Years.		10 Years and under.		Above 10 and not exceeding 16 Years.		10 Years and under.		Above 10 and not exceeding 16 Years.		10 Years and under.		Above 10 and not exceeding 16 Years.	
	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.
Armagh, ...	4	4	28	28	.	.	1	.	4	10	14	50	.	.	1	.
Armagh, ...	.	.	23	3	.	.	.	.	.	.	20	4	.	.	.	.
Carlow, ...	1	.	8	3	.	.	.	.	1	.	8	3	.	.	.	.
Cavan, ...	.	.	13	3	.	.	.	.	.	.	14	3	.	.	.	.
Clare, ...	.	.	13	4	1	.	1	.	.	.	13	4	1	.	1	.
Cork County, ...	1	.	68	11	.	.	4	.	1	.	58	11	.	.	4	.
" City, ...	2	1	28	10	.	.	2	1	2	1	34	11	.	.	3	1
Down, ...	2	.	16	1	.	.	.	.	2	.	16	1	.	.	.	.
Dublin County, ...	.	.	25	3	.	.	.	.	.	.	25	4	.	.	.	.
Dublin City, ...	1	1	66	8	3	3	.	5	1	2	62	11	3	3	.	7
Dublin City:	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Richmond B., ...	4	.	308	.	7	.	10	.	4	.	341	.	8	.	18	.
Grangeovergreen P., ...	.	4	.	65	.	3	.	20	.	4	.	92	.	3	.	20
Fermanagh, ...	1	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	1	.	.	.	.	.
Galway County, ...	.	.	7	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	7	.	.	.	.	.
" Town, ...	1	.	28	1	3	.	.	.	1	.	40	1	3	.	.	.
Kerry, ...	1	.	36	8	.	.	1	.	1	.	38	9	.	.	1	.
Kildare, Nass, ...	.	.	.	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	2	.	.	.	.
" Adhy, ...	.	.	15	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	15	2	.	.	.	.
Kilkenny County, ...	.	.	13	5	.	.	3	.	.	.	13	5	.	.	8	.
" City, ...	.	.	2	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	2	1	.	.	.	.
King's, ...	.	.	7	2	.	.	1	.	.	.	8	3	.	.	1	.
Lectrin, ...	.	.	2	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	2	1	.	.	.	.
Limerick County, ...	1	.	38	7	.	.	1	.	1	.	38	7	.	.	1	.
" City, ...	.	.	14	7	.	.	.	.	.	.	28	10	.	.	.	.
Londonderry, ...	1	.	19	7	.	.	8	.	1	.	34	8	.	.	8	.
Longford, ...	1	.	9	4	.	.	.	.	1	.	9	4	.	.	.	.
Louth, Dundalk, ...	.	.	9	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	8	2	.	.	.	.
" Drogheda, ...	.	.	4	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	4	1	.	.	.	.
Mayo, ...	8	.	24	12	.	.	.	.	4	.	24	12	.	.	.	.
Meath, ...	1	.	4	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	4	.	.	.	.	.
Monaghan, ...	.	.	15	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	15	1	.	.	.	.
Queen's, ...	1	.	14	3	.	.	.	.	1	.	14	4	.	.	.	.
Roscommon, ...	.	.	8	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	8	1	.	.	.	.
Sligo, ...	1	1	13	2	.	.	.	.	1	1	13	2	.	.	.	.
Tipperary, Nenagh, ...	1	.	22	0	.	2	.	.	1	.	24	6	.	2	.	.
Tipperary, Clonmel, ...	.	.	46	24	.	.	8	.	.	.	54	24	.	.	3	.
Tyrone, ...	.	.	18	3	.	.	.	2	.	.	14	7	.	.	.	2
Waterford County, ...	.	.	6	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	6	.	.	.	.	.
" City, ...	1	.	15	.	1	.	.	.	1	.	18	.	1	.	.	.
Westmeath, ...	.	.	8	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	8	2	.	.	.	.
Wexford, ...	.	.	17	3	3	2	.	.	.	.	18	3	2	2	.	.
Wicklow, ...	.	.	19	0	.	.	.	.	.	.	19	0	.	.	.	.
Total Males, ...	29	.	1,038	.	14	.	98	.	30	.	1,171	.	15	.	41	.
Total Females, ...	.	11	.	253	.	11	.	29	.	18	.	310	.	11	.	30
Total M. and F., ...	40	.	1,291	.	25	.	127	.	48	.	1,481	.	26	.	71	.
	1,331				131				1,519				137			
	1,473								1,656							

Statement of Tables XVII.—Statement of Commitments and Offences of Prisoners Committed to the several County and Town Gaols in the Year 1850, by Ages and Sexes.

Ages.	Committed by Ages and Sexes, respectively.				Prisoners Committed.				By County Gaols, and District Gaols.	Arrested, No. Sent, No. Forfeited, Pen. Pledges, Discharged, and Remanded per Statute.								Sexes.	Discharge or Remission Causes.						
	Males.		Females.		Males.		Females.			Males.		Females.		Males.		Females.			Males.		Females.				
	N.	P.	N.	P.	N.	P.	N.	P.		N.	P.	N.	P.	N.	P.	N.	P.		N.	P.	N.	P.			
10 years and under, -	4	-	1	-	20	35	24	31	-	1	1	-	-	4	5	45	50	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-
Above 10 and not exceeding 15 years, -	50	57	41	5	200	259	41	50	5	41	5	55	5	145	55	1,823	244	20	5	59	-	-	-	-	-
Total Males, -	54	-	42	-	220	-	65	-	5	42	-	55	-	149	-	1,868	-	21	-	60	-	-	-	-	-
Total Females, -	-	57	-	5	-	264	-	41	-	-	5	-	5	-	60	-	-	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
General Totals, {	104		47		1,244		97		5	42		60		155		1,928		26		60		60		60	
					1,710								155												

Statement of Tables XVIII.—Statement of Recurrent Prisoners Committed Once, Twice, Three Times, Four Times, and Five Times and Upwards, within the Year 1850, to the several County and Town Gaols, by Ages and Sexes; Criminal Offenders being distinguished from Vagrants.

Ages.	Prisoners Once in 1850.				Prisoners Twice in 1850.				Prisoners Three Times in 1850.				Prisoners Four Times and upwards in 1850.				Sexes, Prisoners or Vagrants Committed in 1850.				Vagrants, Prisoners or Committed or Arrested in 1850.						
	Males.		Females.		Males.		Females.		Males.		Females.		Males.		Females.		Males.		Females.		Males.		Females.				
10 years and under, -	30	5	27	11	1	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	24	11	14	11	10	15	15	11	-	-					
Above 10 and not exceeding 15 years, -	843	275	57	27	27	18	1	-	50	5	1	1	1,775	375	55	58	1,275	145	44	50	-	-					
Total Males, -	873	-	84	-	28	-	2	-	50	-	1	-	1,800	-	69	-	1,285	-	59	-	-	-					
Total Females, -	-	282	-	38	-	19	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	54	-	69	-	-	-	41	-	-					
General Totals, {	1,250		122		47		3		50		5		1		1,800		128		51		1,385		100				
	1,250				47				50				5				1,800				1,385				100		

TABLE XIX.—SENTENCES OF PENAL SERVITUDE AND IMPRISONMENT OF THE JUVENILES and Sexes; Criminal Offenders

COUNTY AND TOWN GAOLES.	CRIMINAL																	
	PENAL SERVITUDE FOR						IMPRISONMENT											
	Aged above 10 and not exceeding 16 Years.						2 Years and above 18 Months.				18 Months and above 12.				12 Months and above 9.			
							Ages.				Ages.				Ages.			
	6 Years and above 4.		4 Years.		3 Years and under.		10 Years and under.		Above 10 and not exceeding 16 Years.		10 Years and under.		Above 10 and not exceeding 16 Years.		10 Years and under.		Above 10 and not exceeding 16 Years.	
	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.
Antrim, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Armagh, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Carlow, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Cavan, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Clare, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Cork County, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
" City, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Donegal, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Down, ...	.	.	1	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Dublin County, ...	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Dublin City :	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Richmond R., ...	.	.	1	.	8	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	7	.
Grangegorman P., ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1
Fermanagh, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Galway County, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
" Town, ...	.	.	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Kerry, ...	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	2	.
Kildare, Naas, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
" Athy, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Kilkenny County, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.
" City, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1
King's, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.
Leitrim, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Limerick County, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
" City, ...	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Londonderry, ...	1	.	.	.	1	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Longford, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Louth, Dundalk, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
" Drogheda, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Mayo, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Meath, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.
Monaghan, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Queen's, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Roscommon, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Sligo, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.
Tipperary, Nenagh, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.
Tipperary, Clonmel, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.
Tyrone, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Waterford County, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
" City, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Westmeath, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Wexford, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Wicklow, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Total Males, ...	1	.	3	.	7	.	2	.	1	.	.	.	1	.	1	.	13	.
Total Females, ...	.	.	.	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1
Total M. and F., ...	1	.	7	2	7	.	2	1	.	.	.	.	1	.	1	.	14	1
	15						8				1				15			

Committed to the several County and Town Gaols in the Year 1859, by Ages being distinguished from Vagrants.

OFFENDERS.

FOR																		COUNTY AND TOWN GAOLS.
6 Months and above 6.		6 Months and above 3.				3 Months and above 2.				2 Months and above 1.				1 Month and above 14 Days.				
Ages.		Ages.				Ages.				Ages.				Ages.				
Above 10 and not exceeding 16 Years.		16 Years and under.		Above 10 and not exceeding 16 Years.		16 Years and under.		Above 10 and not exceeding 16 Years.		16 Years and under.		Above 10 and not exceeding 16 Years.		16 Years and under.		Above 10 and not exceeding 16 Years.		
M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	
.	.	.	.	.	1	.	1	28	10	.	3	2	1	.	3	20	8	Antrim.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	2	.	.	.	0	1	.	.	7	.	Armagh.
.	.	.	.	3	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	6	2	Carlow.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	4	.	Cavan.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	Clare.
.	.	.	.	1	1	.	.	5	.	.	.	6	2	.	.	30	3	Cork County.
.	.	.	.	.	2	.	.	6	3	.	.	2	.	.	.	8	1	" City.
.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	2	.	.	.	2	.	1	.	5	.	Donegal.
1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	4	.	.	.	2	.	.	.	11	2	Down.
.	.	.	.	3	1	.	.	.	.	1	11	1	.	.	.	5	.	Dublin County.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	Dublin City:
.	.	.	.	12	.	1	.	10	.	.	17	.	.	.	.	30	.	Richmond R.
.	.	.	.	.	5	.	.	1	6	.	.	4	.	.	.	.	0	Grangegorman R.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	Fermanagh.
.	.	.	.	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	2	.	Galway County.
.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	5	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	10	.	" Town.
.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	2	.	.	.	16	2	Kerry.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	1	Killbuck, Nass.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	" Atty.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	1	2	Kilkenny County.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	1	" City.
.	.	.	.	2	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	2	King's.
.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	Leitrim.
.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	2	.	12	8	.	.	Limerick County.
2	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	2	.	.	.	4	2	.	.	2	3	" City.
.	.	.	.	2	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	3	4	Londonderry.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	Longford.
.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	3	1	Louth, Dundalk.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	4	1	.	.	1	.	" Drogheda.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	3	2	Mayo.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	3	.	Meath.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	1	.	.	1	.	.	.	3	.	Monaghan.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	1	1	Queen's.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	3	.	Roscommon.
.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	2	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	1	.	Sligo.
1	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	4	1	.	.	2	.	1	.	3	2	Tipperary, Nenagh.
.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	6	.	.	.	8	1	.	.	14	2	Tipperary, Clonmel.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	2	.	.	.	1	.	.	4	2	Tyrene.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	8	.	Waterford County.
1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	4	.	.	.	2	.	.	.	2	.	" City.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	2	.	Westmeath.
.	.	.	.	2	.	.	.	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	Wexford.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	2	.	.	.	2	.	.	.	1	1	Wicklow.
5	.	.	.	36	13	2	1	65	24	.	4	80	17	2	3	247	50	Total Males.
5	.	.	.	48	.	3	.	119	.	4	.	97	.	5	.	203	.	Total Females.
5	.	.	.	48	.	3	.	119	.	4	.	97	.	5	.	203	.	Total M. and F.

TABLE XIX. continued.—SENTENCES of PENAL SERVITUDE and IMPRISONMENT of the
by Ages and Sexes; Criminal

COUNTY AND TOWN GAOLS.	CRIMINAL OFFENDERS.																				
	IMPRISONMENT FOR																			SEN- TENCES RE- CEIVED.	
	14 Days and above 7.				7 Days and above 48 Hours.				48 Hours.				24 Hours.				Unlimited.				
	Ages.		Ages.		Ages.		Ages.		Ages.		Ages.		Ages.		Ages.						
	10 Years and under.	Above 10 and not exceeding 15 Years.	10 Years and under.	Above 10 and not exceeding 15 Years.	10 Years and under.	Above 10 and not exceeding 15 Years.	10 Years and under.	Above 10 and not exceeding 15 Years.	10 Years and under.	Above 10 and not exceeding 15 Years.	10 Years and under.	Above 10 and not exceeding 15 Years.	10 Years and under.	Above 10 and not exceeding 15 Years.	10 Years and under.	Above 10 and not exceeding 15 Years.					
Armagh, . . .	M. 1	F. 1	M. 21	F. 17	M. 1	F. 3	M. 10	F. 2	M. 1	F. 2	M. 1	F. 1	M. 1	F. 1	M. 1	F. 1	M. 1	F. 1	M. 1	F. 1	
Armagh, . . .																					
Armagh, . . .																					
Armagh, . . .																					
Armagh, . . .																					
Cork County, . . .			13	2		7	1														
" City, . . .			2	2	1	1	3			3		1	3								
Donegal, . . .			0	1						2											
Down, . . .			3			3	1														
Dublin County, . . .	1	1	15	4		7				4	4		3				2				
Dublin City: . . .																					
Richmond B., . . .	1		67			34	2	38					19				3				
Grangegorman P., . . .		3		41			8					0									
Ferrisburgh, . . .						3															
Galway County, . . .						10				1			2								
" Town, . . .			3		1	10				1			2								
Kerry, . . .			3	2	1	4	2														
Kildare, Naas, . . .						2	1						1				2				
" Athy, . . .			2			2	1										2				
Kilkenny County, . . .			2			3	3			1							1				
" City, . . .																					
King's, . . .			2			1															
Leitrim, . . .																					
Limerick County, . . .			7	4	1	8											2				
" City, . . .			3	1		1															
Londonderry, . . .			4	2		4				1											
Lough, . . .			4			1															
Louth, Dundalk, . . .						3				2			1								
" Drogheda, . . .				1		1															
Mayo, . . .			3	1	3	8	3					1									
Meath, . . .				1																	
Monaghan, . . .			3			2							1								
Queen's, . . .			4			2	2					1					1				
Roscommon, . . .			2																		
Sligo, . . .	1		2	1						2									1		
Tipperary, Nenagh, . . .			5			4				1							1				
Tipperary, Clonmel, . . .			6	4		6	9			5	2						2	1			
Tyrone, . . .			3			1															
Waterford County, . . .																					
" City, . . .	1		2			1															
Westmeath, . . .													2								
Wexford, . . .			3			6	1														
Wicklow, . . .			4	1		1	2														
Total Males, . . .	4		219		10	153		2		57		2		33				14		1	
Total Females, . . .		8		80		1	59				17								4		
Total M. and F., . . .	10		308		11	202		2		74		2		33				18		1	
			318				213				76				35				19		

TABLE XX.—CONDITION AS TO PARENTAGE of the JUVENILES Committed to the
Offenders being distinguished

COUNTY AND TOWN GAZES.	BOTH PARENTS LIVING.								BOTH PARENTS DEAD.								FATHER DEAD.							
	Criminals.				Vagrants.				Criminals.				Vagrants.				Criminals.				Vagrants.			
	Ages.		Ages.		Ages.		Ages.		Ages.		Ages.		Ages.		Ages.		Ages.		Ages.					
	10 Years and under.	Above 10 and not ex- ceeding 16 Years.	10 Years and under.	Above 10 and not ex- ceeding 16 Years.	10 Years and under.	Above 10 and not ex- ceeding 16 Years.	10 Years and under.	Above 10 and not ex- ceeding 16 Years.	10 Years and under.	Above 10 and not ex- ceeding 16 Years.	10 Years and under.	Above 10 and not ex- ceeding 16 Years.	10 Years and under.	Above 10 and not ex- ceeding 16 Years.	10 Years and under.	Above 10 and not ex- ceeding 16 Years.	10 Years and under.	Above 10 and not ex- ceeding 16 Years.						
Antrim, ...	M. 4	F. 0	M. 41	F. 11					M. 11	F. 6	M. 1	F. 1	M. 4	F. 18	M. 15	F. 1								
Armagh, ...			13	3					8					7	1									
Carlow, ...	1		4	2					1					3	1									
Cavan, ...			8	1					1					2	2									
Clare, ...			4						3	3			1	2	1									
Cork County, ...	1		41	8					10					17	2									
" City, ...	1	1	3	2					6	4			2	9	3				1	1				
Donegal, ...	2		11						1					4										
Down, ...			14	2					6					6	1									
Dublin County, ...	1		27	1	1	2		1	12	3			1	2	11	7	2	1			2			
Dublin City:																								
Richmond B., ...	1		100	6		5		1	92	1		3		80		1		6						
Grange-gorman P., ...	1			21		1		1	21		1	10		2	22		1							
Fermanagh, ...			1						1					3										
Galway County, ...			10						17					7	1									
" Town, ...													1											
Kerry, ...	1		10	6					4				1	9	3									
Kildare, Naas, ...				1																				
" Athy, ...			4						8					2	1									
Kilkenny County, ...			10	2									1	3	2									
" City, ...			1						1	1														
King's, ...			5	1		1			2					1	1									
" Beltrim, ...			1	1										1										
Limerick County, ...	1		11	1					7	4			1	12	1									
" City, ...			9	4					3	3				6	2									
Londonderry, ...			22	3		2			1					7	1									
Longford, ...			4	2					1	1				3	1									
Louth, Dundalk, ...			5	2					2					2										
" Drogheda, ...			1						3															
Mayo, ...	4		15	10					1	1				4	1									
Meath, ...	1		1											1										
Monaghan, ...			10						2															
Queen's, ...	1		4	1					1					1	1									
Roscommon, ...			6	1										6										
Sligo, ...	1	1	7	1					1					2	1									
Tipperary, Nenagh, ...	1		14	2		1			11	2				5	2			1						
Tipperary, Clonmel, ...			7	3																				
" Tyrone, ...			6	3				1	14	10			3	18	6				1					
Waterford County, ...			4						4					7	2									
" City, ...			4						5					3										
Westmeath, ...			4	2					3					7				1						
Wexford, ...			6	2									2	1										
Wicklow, ...			5	2										8	1			2						
														3	2									
Total Males, ...	21	457	7	9	1	210	1	14	5	287	7	11	8	85	6	11								
Total Females, ...	8	112	3	3	1	70	1	11	3	85	6	11	8	22	1	22								
Total M. and F., ...	29	569	10	11	2	280	2	25	8	372	13	22	16	107	7	33								
	585		21		312		27		350		35													
	619				339				420															

several County and Town Gaols in the Year 1859, by Ages and Sexes; Criminal from Vagrants.

MOTHER DEAD.				COULD NOT BE ASCERTAINED.				TOTAL.								COUNTY AND TOWN GAOLS.
Criminals.		Vagrants.		Criminals.		Vagrants.		Criminals.				Vagrants.				
Ages.		Ages.		Ages.		Ages.		Ages.				Ages.				
10 Years and under.	Above 10 and not ex- ceeding 16 Years.	10 Years and under.	Above 10 and not ex- ceeding 16 Years.	Above 10 and not exceeding 16 Years.	Above 10 and not exceeding 16 Years.	10 Years and under.	Above 10 and not exceeding 16 Years.	10 Years and under.	Above 10 and not ex- ceeding 16 Years.	10 Years and under.	Above 10 and not ex- ceeding 16 Years.	10 Years and under.	Above 10 and not ex- ceeding 16 Years.			
M. F.	M. F.	M. F.	M. F.	M. F.	M. F.	M. F.	M. F.	M. F.	M. F.	M. F.	M. F.	M. F.	M. F.			
1	14	21						4	10	61	23		1	Antrim.		
	8								20	4				Armagh.		
	9							1	8	3				Carlow.		
	4								14	3				Cavan.		
									13	4	1		1	Clare.		
	10	1		4				1		58	11		4	Cork County.		
	10	2						2	1	34	11		3	" City.		
		1						2		16	1			Donegal.		
		1								20	4			Down.		
	8			3	1			1	2	62	11	3	3	Dublin County.		
														Dublin City:		
2	32		4	1	2			4		341		8	18	Richmond B.		
		7							4		92		3	Grangegorman F.		
								1		1				Fernsagh.		
										7				Galway County.		
	4				2			1		40	1	3		" Town.		
														Kerry.		
	6							1		38	9		1	Kildare, Nass.		
	1	1								19	2			" Athy.		
										13	5		3	Kilkenny County.		
										2	1			" City.		
										8	2		1	King's.		
										2	1			Leitrim.		
	8	1						1		38	7		1	Limerick County.		
	10	1								28	10			" City.		
	5	3						1		34	8		3	Londonderry.		
														Longford.		
	1							1		9	4			Louth, Dundalk.		
										9	2			" Drogheda.		
	1	1								4	1			Mayo.		
	4							4		21	13			Meath.		
	2							1		6				Monaghan.		
										15	1			Queen's.		
	2	1						1		14	4			Roscommon.		
	3	2								8	3			Sligo.		
	2							1	1	13	2			Tipperary, Nenagh.		
	3							1		34	6		2	Tipperary, Clogmel.		
	4													Tyrone.		
	15	3								34	24		3	Waterford County.		
										14	7			" City.		
	2									9				Westmeath.		
1	2							1		18			1	Wexford.		
										8	2			Wicklow.		
										18	3		2			
	2	1								10	6					
3	182		8			5		30	18	1,471		15	41	Total Males.		
	50									819		11	30	Total Females.		
4	232	1	13	7	1			48		1,490	26	71		Total M. and F.		
249				8				1,538				97				
1,635																

(continued.)

TABLE XX. continued.—CONDITION AS TO PARENTAGE of the JUVENILES Committed to the
Offenders being distinguished

COUNTY AND TOWN Gauls.	INCLUDED IN																	
	HAVING STEPPATHER.						HAVING STEPPATHER.						ABANDONED BY					
	Criminals.			Vagrants.			Criminals.			Vagrants.			Criminals.					
	Ages.		Ages.		Ages.		Ages.		Ages.		Ages.		Ages.		Ages.			
	10 Years and under.	Above 10 and not exceeding 16 Years.	10 Years and under.	Above 10 and not exceeding 16 Years.	10 Years and under.	Above 10 and not exceeding 16 Years.	10 Years and under.	Above 10 and not exceeding 16 Years.	10 Years and under.	Above 10 and not exceeding 16 Years.	10 Years and under.	Above 10 and not exceeding 16 Years.	10 Years and under.	Above 10 and not exceeding 16 Years.	10 Years and under.	Above 10 and not exceeding 16 Years.		
Antrim, ...	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.		
Armagh, ...	.	.	2	6	.	.	.	1	17	.	.	.	.	6	4	.	.	
Carlow, ...	.	.	2	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	1	1	.	.	
Cavan, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	3	1	.	.	
Clare, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	
Cork County, . .	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	
" City, ...	.	.	8	1	.	.	.	5	2	.	.	.	.	6	.	.	.	
Down, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	
Dublin County, .	.	1	5	.	.	1	.	3	.	.	3	.	.	5	.	.	.	
Dublin City :	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	
Richmond B., .	.	.	8	.	1	.	.	14	.	2	.	.	.	4	.	.	.	
Grangegorman P.,	.	.	.	2	.	.	.	.	3	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	
Fermanagh, . .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	
Galway County, .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	
" Town, ...	.	.	5	.	.	.	.	3	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	
Kerry, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	
Kildare, Nass, .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	
" Athy, ...	.	.	1	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	
Kilkenny County, .	.	.	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	
" City, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	
King's, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	2	.	.	.	.	.	2	.	.	.	
Lettim, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	
Limerick County, .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	
" City, ...	.	.	2	.	.	.	.	4	.	.	.	.	.	2	.	.	.	
Londonderry, . .	1	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	1	1	.	.	
Longford, . . .	1	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	
Louth, Dundalk, .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	
" Drogheda, . .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	
Mayo, ...	.	.	1	1	.	.	.	3	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	
Meath, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	2	.	.	
Monaghan, . . .	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	
Queen's, ...	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	
Roscommon, . . .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	
Sligo, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	
Tipperary, Nenagh,	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	2	1	.	
Tipperary, Clonmel, .	.	.	6	4	.	.	.	9	5	.	.	.	.	11	.	.	.	
Tyrone, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	
Waterford County, .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	
" City, ...	.	.	2	.	.	.	1	1	.	.	1	.	1	.	.	.	.	
Westmeath, . . .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	
Wexford, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	
Wicklow, ...	.	.	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	
Total Males, . .	3	1	46	15	2	1	1	49	31	2	3	2	.	49	10	.	.	
Total Females, .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	
Total M. and F., .	4		61		3		2		80		5		2		69		.	
	65				83				6				61				.	
	88																87	.

several County and Town Gaols in the Year 1859, by Ages and Sexes; Criminal from Vagrants,

PRECEDING COLUMN.

PARENTS.		ARRESTED FROM PARENTS.				ILLUSTRATE.						COUNTY AND TOWN GAOLS.
Vagrants.		Criminals.		Vagrants.		Criminals.				Vagrants.		
Ages.		Ages.		Ages.		Ages.				Ages.		
Above 10 and not exceeding 15 Years.		Above 10 and not exceeding 15 Years.		Above 10 and not exceeding 15 Years.		10 Years and under.		Above 10 and not exceeding 15 Years.		Above 10 and not exceeding 15 Years.		
M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	
.	.	2	15	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	Antrim.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	Armagh.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	Carlow.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	Cavan.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	Clare.
.	.	3	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	Cork County.
.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	" City.
.	.	1	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	Donegal.
.	.	6	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	Down.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	Dublin County.
2	.	10	2	3	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	Dublin City:
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	Richmond B.
.	.	2	.	.	.	.	.	2	.	.	.	Grangegorman P.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	Ferns.
.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	2	.	.	.	Galway County.
.	.	4	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	" Town.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	Kerry.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	Kildare, Nass.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	2	.	" Athy.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	Kilkenny County.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	" City.
1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	King's.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	Leitrim.
.	.	.	.	3	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	Limerick County.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	" City.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	Londonderry.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	Longford.
.	.	3	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	Louth, Dundalk.
.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	" Drogheda.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	Mayo.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	Meath.
.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	2	.	.	.	Monaghan.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	Queen's.
.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	Roscommon.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	Sligo.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	Tipperary, Nenagh.
.	.	.	.	.	2	.	.	2	3	.	.	Tipperary, Clonmel.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	Tyrone.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	Waterford County.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	" City.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	Wexmouth.
.	.	1	1	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	Wexford.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	Wicklow.
8	.	35	21	6	3	1	.	11	5	2	.	Total Males.
3	.	56	9	9	.	1	16	2	.	.	.	Total Females.
3	.	56	9	9	.	17	2	.	.	.	.	Total M. and F.
64	.	65	.	.	.	10	.	.	.	.	.	

SUMMARY of TABLE XIX.—SENTENCES of PENAL SERVITUDE and IMPRISONMENT of the
by Ages and Sexes; Criminal Offenders

AGES.	PENAL SERVITUDE FOR						IMPRISONMENT FOR															
	5 Years and above 4.		4 Years.		3 Years and under.		5 Years and above 18 Months.		18 Months and above 12.		12 Months and above 9.		9 Months and above 6.		6 Months and above 3.		3 Months and above 2.		2 Months and above 1.		1 Month and above 14 Days.	
CARDINALS.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.
10 years and under, .	.	.	.	.	.	.	2	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	2	1	.	4	2	3	.
Above 10 and not exceeding 16 years, }	1	.	5	2	7	.	1	.	1	.	13	1	5	.	36	12	93	24	80	17	247	40
Males, . . .	1	.	5	.	7	.	3	.	1	.	14	.	5	.	36	.	97	.	80	.	249	.
Females, . . .	.	.	.	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	12	.	26	.	21	.	69	.
VAGRANTS.																						
10 years and under, .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	2	.
Above 10 and not exceeding 16 years, }	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	7	7	.
Males, . . .	1	.	8	.	7	.	3	.	1	.	14	.	5	.	30	.	97	.	80	.	257	.
Females, . . .	.	.	.	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	12	.	26	.	21	.	69	.
General Totals, }	1		7		7		3		1		16		5		48		122		101		335	
	15						1,361															

SUMMARY of TABLE XX.—CONDITION as to PARENTAGE of the JUVENILES
Criminal Offenders being

AGES.	PARENTAGE.												TOTAL.		
	Having both Parents living.		Having both Parents dead.		Having Father dead.		Having Mother dead.		Could not be ascertained.						
CRIMINALS.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M. & F.		
10 years and under, . . .	21	8	1	1	5	6	3	1	.	.	30	18	48		
Above 10 and not exceeding 16 years, . . .	457	113	240	70	237	80	183	50	5	2	1,171	319	1,490		
Males, . . .	478	.	241	.	232	.	185	.	5	.	1,201	.	1,538		
Females, . . .	.	130	.	71	.	93	.	51	.	2	.	337			
VAGRANTS.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M. & F.		
10 years and under, . . .	7	3	1	1	7	6	.	1	.	.	15	11	26		
Above 10 and not exceeding 16 years, . . .	8	3	14	11	11	11	8	4	.	1	43	30	71		
Males, . . .	493	.	258	.	310	.	193	.	5	.	1,257	.	1,633		
Females, . . .	.	130	.	89	.	110	.	56	.	8	.	378			
General Totals, . . .	519		339		430		245		8		1,633				

Juveniles Committed to the several County and Town Gaols in the Year 1859, being distinguished from Vagrants.

IMPROVEMENT FOR										Sentence received and not passed.		Not Convicted, For Further Examina- tion, and Untried.		TOTAL.			AGE.	
14 Days and above 7.		7 Days and above 48 Hours.		48 Hours.		24 Hours.		Unim- proved.										
M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M. & F.	CRIMINALS.			
4	0	10	1	2	.	2	.	.	.	.	.	0	3	30	18	48	10 years and under.	
218	89	100	02	07	17	33	.	14	4	1	.	200	45	1,171	319	1,490	{ Above 10 and not ex- ceeding 16 years.	
223	.	100	.	09	.	30	.	14	.	1	.	211	.	1,201	.	1,538	Males.	
.	95	.	53	.	17	.	.	.	4	.	.	.	46	.	337		Females.	
0	1	8	8	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	15	11	26	10 years and under.	
22	12	12	11	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	41	30	71	{ Above 10 and not ex- ceeding 16 years.	
251	.	180	.	09	.	30	.	14	.	1	.	211	.	1,257	.	1,833	Males.	
.	106	.	73	.	17	.	.	.	4	.	.	.	48	.	375		Females.	
359		253		76		35		18		1		259		1,635		{ General Totals.		

Committed to the several County and Town Gaols in the Year 1859, by Ages and Sexes; distinguished from Vagrants.

INCURRED IN PERFORMING.										AGE.	
Having Stepfather.		Having Stepmother.		Abandoned by Parents.		Abandoned from Parents.		Illegitimate.			
M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	CRIMINALS.	
3	1	1	1	2	.	.	.	1	.	10 years and under.	
48	15	49	31	49	10	35	21	11	5	{ Above 10 and not exceeding 10 years.	
49	.	50	.	61	.	35	.	12	.	Males.	
.	10	.	32	.	10	.	21	.	5	Females.	
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	VAGRANTS.	
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	10 years and under.	
2	1	2	3	3	.	6	3	2	.	{ Above 10 and not exceeding 10 years.	
51	.	52	.	54	.	41	.	14	.	Males.	
.	17	.	35	.	10	.	24	.	5	Females.	
59		57		64		55		19		General Totals.	

TABLE XXI.—PREVIOUS RESIDENCE of the JUVENILES Committed to the several County distinguished

Country and Town Gaols.	Resided in County or Borough to which Gao. referred.								Resided in other			
	Criminals.				Vagrants.				Criminals.			
	Ages.				Ages.				Ages.			
	10 Years and under.		Above 10 and not exceeding 16 Years.		10 Years and under.		Above 10 and not exceeding 16 Years.		10 Years and under.		Above 10 and not exceeding 16 Years.	
Antrim, ...	x.	f.	m.	f.	x.	f.	m.	f.	m.	f.	m.	f.
Armagh, ...	4	10	81	68	.	.	.	.	.	.	8	.
Carlow, ...	.	.	19	4	.	.	.	.	.	.	6	.
Cavan, ...	1	.	8	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1
Clare, ...	.	.	12	3	.	.	.	.	.	.	2	.
Cork County, ...	.	.	12	1	1	.	.	.	.	.	1	3
" City, ...	1	.	50	9	.	.	.	.	.	.	8	2
Donegal, ...	2	1	28	10	.	.	2	1	.	.	8	1
Down, ...	2	.	16	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Dublin County, ...	.	.	20	4	.	.	.	.	.	.	6	.
Dublin City:	1	2	41	7	2	2	.	.	.	.	21	4
Richmond B., ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Grangegorman P., ...	4	.	240	.	7	.	14	.	.	.	99	.
Fermanagh, ...	.	4	.	60	.	.	.	7	.	.	.	24
Galway County, ...	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.
" Town, ...	.	.	7	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Kerry, ...	1	.	30	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	8	.
Kildare, Naas, ...	.	.	30	9	.	.	1	.	.	.	2	.
" Athy, ...	.	.	.	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Kilkenny County, ...	.	.	5	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	10	.
" City, ...	.	.	12	5	.	.	2	.	.	.	1	.
King's, ...	.	.	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1
Letchin, ...	.	.	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.
Limerick County, ...	.	.	7	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
" City, ...	1	.	2	1	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.
Londonderry, ...	.	.	38	7	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Longford, ...	1	.	28	10	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	1
Louth, Dundalk, ...	.	.	33	7	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
" Drogheda, ...	.	.	8	2	.	.	.	.	1	.	1	1
Mayo, ...	.	.	7	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	2	.
Meath, ...	4	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	3	1
Monaghan, ...	1	.	21	10	.	.	.	.	.	.	3	2
Queen's, ...	.	.	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	2	.
Roscommon, ...	.	.	14	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.
Sligo, ...	.	.	11	4	.	.	.	.	1	.	3	.
Tipperary, Nenagh, ...	.	.	8	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	9	.
Tipperary, Clonmel, ...	1	1	10	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	3	.
Tyrone, ...	1	.	28	6	.	2	.	.	.	.	6	.
Waterford County, ...	.	.	41	18	.	.	2	.	.	.	13	6
" City, ...	.	.	14	4	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	3
Westmeath, ...	.	.	9	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Wexford, ...	1	.	16	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	2	.
Wicklow, ...	.	.	8	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	2	.
Wexford, ...	.	.	17	3	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.
Wicklow, ...	.	.	9	5	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.
Total Males, ...	28	18	947	207	10	6	22	8	2	.	220	50
Total Females, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Total M. and F., ...	40	.	1,214	.	15	30	.	.	2	.	270	.
	1,280				45				272			
	1,305											

and Town Gaols in the year 1859, by Ages and Sexes; Criminal Offenders being from Vagrants.

LOCALITIES.				Free Associations.		TOTAL.								COUNTY AND TOWN GAOLS.
Vagrants.				Criminals.		Criminals.				Vagrants.				
Ages.				Ages.		Ages.				Ages.				
10 Years and under.		Above 10 and not exceeding 16 Years.		Above 10 and not exceeding 16 Years.		10 Years and under.		Above 10 and not exceeding 16 Years.		10 Years and under.		Above 10 and not exceeding 16 Years.		
M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	
.	.	1	.	.	.	4	10	84	58	.	.	1	.	Antrim.
.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	25	4	.	.	.	.	Armagh.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	8	3	.	.	.	.	Carlow.
.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	14	3	.	.	.	.	Cavan.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	13	4	1	.	1	.	Clare.
.	.	4	.	.	.	1	.	88	11	.	.	4	.	Cork County.
.	.	1	.	.	.	2	1	34	11	.	.	3	1	" City.
.	.	.	.	.	.	2	.	16	1	.	.	.	.	Donegal.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	25	4	.	.	.	.	Down.
1	1	.	7	.	.	1	2	62	11	3	3	.	7	Dublin County.
1	.	4	.	2	.	4	.	341	.	8	.	18	.	Dublin City:
.	3	.	13	.	2	.	4	.	92	.	3	.	20	Richmond B.
.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	Grangegorman P.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	7	.	.	.	.	.	Fernsagh.
3	.	.	.	2	.	1	.	40	1	3	.	.	.	Galway County.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	" Town.
.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	38	9	.	.	1	.	Kerry.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	15	2	.	.	.	.	Kildner, New.
.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	13	5	.	.	3	.	" Athy.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	2	1	.	.	.	.	Kilkenny County.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	" City.
.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	8	2	.	.	1	.	King's.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	2	1	.	.	.	.	Leitrim.
.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	38	7	.	.	1	.	Limerick County.
.	.	3	.	.	.	1	.	25	10	.	.	.	.	" City.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	34	8	.	.	3	.	Londonderry.
.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	9	4	.	.	.	.	Longford.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	9	2	.	.	.	.	Louth, Dundalk.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	4	1	.	.	.	.	" Drogheda.
.	.	.	.	.	.	4	.	24	12	.	.	.	.	Mayo.
.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	4	.	.	.	.	.	Meath.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	15	1	.	.	.	.	Monaghan.
.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	14	4	.	.	.	.	Queen's.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	8	1	.	.	.	.	Roscommon.
.	.	.	.	.	.	1	1	13	2	.	.	.	.	Sligo.
.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	34	6	.	2	.	.	Tipperary, Nenagh.
.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	64	24	.	.	3	.	Tipperary, Clonmel.
.	.	.	2	.	.	.	.	14	7	.	.	.	2	Tyrone.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	9	.	.	.	.	.	Waterford County.
.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	18	.	.	1	.	.	" City.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	8	2	.	.	.	.	Westmeath.
.	2	2	.	.	.	.	.	18	6	.	2	2	.	Wexford.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	10	5	.	.	.	.	Wicklow.
5	0	19	22	4	2	30	18	1,171	319	15	11	41	30	Total Males.
11	0	41	22	6	2	48	18	1,490	319	26	11	71	30	Total Females.
52								1,538				97		Total M. and F.
1,635														

[For Summary, see page 103.

TABLE XXII.—STATE OF EDUCATION ON COMMITTAL, of the JUVENILES Committed to
Offenders being distinguished

COUNTY AND TOWN GAOLS.	READ AND WROTE.						READ IMPERFECTLY.					
	Criminals.				Vagrants.		Criminals.				Vagrants.	
	Ages.				Ages.		Ages.				Ages.	
	10 Years and under.		Above 10 and not exceeding 15 Years.		Above 10 and not exceeding 16 Years.		10 Years and under.		Above 10 and not exceeding 16 Years.		Above 10 and not exceeding 16 Years.	
	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.
Antrim, ...			19	1			2		29	11		
Armagh, ...			6						4			
Carlow, ...									1			
Cavan, ...			5						2			
Clara, ...			4						2			
Cork County, ...			21	1	3				10	3		
" City, ...			18	2	2		1		9	4	1	
Donegal, ...			6						3			
Down, ...			7						5	1		
Dublin County, ...	1	2	15	2					15	3		1
Dublin City:												
Richmond B., ...			134		4				60		1	
Grangegorman P., ...				16		5				29		6
Fermanagh, ...	1								1			
Galway County, ...			2						1			
" Town, ...			22						5	1		
Kerry, ...			11	1					4	1		
Kildare, Nass, ...												
" Athy, ...			6						4			
Kilkenny County, ...			1	1					5	2		
" City, ...									1			
King's, ...			4						4		1	
Leitrim, ...			1									
Limerick County, ...			15	2					11	1		
" City, ...			2						8	2		
Londonderry, ...			2				1		6	1	2	
Longford, ...			2	1						1		
Louth, Dundalk, ...			3						1			
" Drogheda, ...			2	1								
Mayo, ...			9				1		2	1		
Meath, ...	1		2						1			
Monaghan, ...			4						5			
Queen's, ...			3	1					2	2		
Rosecommon, ...			4									
Sligo, ...			8				1		2			
Tipperary, Nenagh, ...			16	2					3			
Tipperary, Clonmel, ...			9						14	7	2	
Tyrone, ...			2	1					1	2		
Waterford County, ...			6						1			
" City, ...			2						6			
Westmeath, ...			1						4			
Wexford, ...			4		2				3			
Wicklow, ...										1		
Total Males, ...	3		373		11		6		233		7	
Total Females, ...		2		38		5				72		7
Total M. and F., ...	3	2	403	38	16	5	6		233	72	7	7
	410				16		311				14	
	426						325					

TABLE XXII. continued.—STATE OF EDUCATION ON COMMITTAL, of the JUVENILES Committed to the several County and Town Gaols, in 1859, by Ages and Sexes; &c.

COUNTY AND TOWN GAOLS.	WHOLLY ILLITERATE.								TOTAL.							
	Criminals.				Vagrants.				Criminals.				Vagrants.			
	Ages.				Ages.				Ages.				Ages.			
	10 Years and under.	Above 10 and not exceeding 14 Years.	10 Years and under.	Above 10 and not exceeding 14 Years.	10 Years and under.	Above 10 and not exceeding 14 Years.	10 Years and under.	Above 10 and not exceeding 14 Years.	10 Years and under.	Above 10 and not exceeding 14 Years.	10 Years and under.	Above 10 and not exceeding 14 Years.	10 Years and under.	Above 10 and not exceeding 14 Years.	10 Years and under.	Above 10 and not exceeding 14 Years.
Antism, ...	M. 2	F. 10	M. 30	F. 41	M. .	F. .	M. 1	F. .	M. 4	F. 10	M. 84	F. 53	M. .	F. .	M. 1	F. .
Armagh, ...			. 7	. 2							. 25	. 4				
Carlow, ...	1		. 7	. 3					1		. 8	. 3				
Cavan, ...			. 7	. 3							. 14	. 3				
Clare, ...			. 2	. 4	1		1				. 13	. 4	1		1	
Cork County, ...		. 16	. 4					. 1		. 58	. 11			. 4		
" City, ...	1		. 3					. 2	1	. 34	. 11			. 3		1
Donegal, ...		. 4	. 1					. 2		. 15	. 1					
Down, ...		. 11	. 3							. 25	. 4					
Dublin County, ...		. 6	. 8	2	1		. 4	1	2	. 62	. 11	. 3	3			. 7
Dublin City:																
Richmond B., ...	3	. 80	. 8		. 8		. 4		. 341		. 8	. 18		. 20		
Grange-gorman P., ...		. 2	. 87		. 3		. 0		. 4		. 92		. 3			
Fermanagh, ...									. 1		. 1					
Galway County, ...		. 3								. 7						
" Town, ...		. 11	. 3						. 1	. 40	. 1	. 3				
Kerry, ...		. 5	. 6		. 1		. 1		. 28	. 9		. 1				
Kildare, Nass, ...		. 2								. 2						
" Ashy, ...		. 6	. 2							. 10	. 2					
Kilkenny County, ...		. 6	. 2		. 3				. 13	. 5		. 3				
" City, ...			. 1						. 2	. 1						
King's, ...			. 2							. 8	. 2		. 1			
Leitrim, ...			. 1							. 2	. 1					
Limerick County, ...	1	. 12	. 4		. 1		. 1		. 38	. 7		. 1				
" City, ...		. 13							. 28	. 10						
Londonderry, ...		. 21	. 6		. 1		. 1		. 34	. 8		. 6				
Longford, ...	1	. 1	. 2				. 1		. 9	. 4						
Louth, Dundalk, ...		. 4	. 2						. 9	. 2						
" Drogheda, ...		. 2							. 4	. 1						
Mayo, ...	8	. 10	. 11				. 4		. 24	. 12						
Meath, ...		. 1					. 1		. 4							
Monaghan, ...									. 15	. 1						
Queen's, ...	1	. 1					. 1		. 14	. 4						
Roscommon, ...		. 4	. 1						. 8	. 1						
Sligo, ...		. 6	. 2				. 1	1	. 13	. 2						
Tipperary, Nenagh, ...	1	. 15	. 2		. 2		. 1		. 34	. 6		. 2				
Tipperary, Clonmel, ...			. 5						. 64	. 24		. 3				
Tyross, ...		. 2	. 2						. 14	. 7						
Waterford, County, ...		. 2							. 9							
" City, ...	1			. 1			. 1		. 18		. 1					
Westmeath, ...		. 3	. 2						. 8	. 2						
Wexford, ...		. 7		. 2					. 18	. 3		. 2				
Wicklow, ...		. 1							. 10	. 5						
Total Males, ...	15	319	14	16	30	1,171	15	41	18	319	15	41	18	30	1,171	15
Total Females, ...	12	162	9	18	18	1,409	11	71	18	319	11	71	18	30	1,409	11
Total M. and F., ...	27	481	23	34	48	2,580	26	112	36	638	26	112	36	60	2,580	26

SUMMARY of TABLE XXI.—PREVIOUS RESIDENCE of the JUVENILES Committed to the several County and Town Gaols in 1859, by Ages and Sexes; Criminal Offenders being distinguished from Vagrants.

AGES.	PREVIOUS RESIDENCE.								
	In County or Borough to which Gaol belongs.		In other Localities.		Could not be ascertained.		TOTAL.		
CRIMINALS.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M. & F.
10 years and under, . . .	28	18	2	.	.	.	30	18	48
Above 10 and not exceeding } 16 years, ...	947	287	220	50	4	2	1,171	310	1,480
Males, ...	970	.	222	.	4	.	1,201	.	1,538
Females, ...	.	285	.	50	.	2	.	337	
VAGRANTS.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M. & F.
10 years and under, . . .	10	5	5	6	.	.	15	11	26
Above 10 and not exceeding } 16 years, ...	22	8	19	22	.	.	41	30	71
Males, ...	1,007	.	240	.	4	.	1,257	.	1,835
Females, ...	.	298	.	78	.	2	.	378	
Total Males and Females,	1,803		324		6		1,336		

SUMMARY of TABLE XXII.—STATE of EDUCATION on COMMITMENT, of the JUVENILES Committed to the several County and Town Gaols in the Year 1859, by Ages and Sexes; Criminal Offenders being distinguished from Vagrants.

AGE.	EDUCATION ON COMMITMENT.												
	Read and Write.		Read Imperfectly.		Knew Spelling.		Knew Alphabet.		Wholly Illiterate.		TOTAL.		
CRIMINALS.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M. & F.
10 years and under, . . .	3	2	6	.	6	2	.	2	15	12	30	18	48
Above 10 and not exceeding } 16 years, ...	373	32	233	72	159	32	87	21	319	162	1,171	319	1,490
Males, ...	378	.	232	.	165	.	87	.	334	.	1,201	.	1,538
Females, ...	.	34	.	72	.	34	.	26	.	174	.	337	
VAGRANTS.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M. & F.
10 years and under, . . .	.	.	.	.	.	1	1	1	14	9	16	11	26
Above 10 and not exceeding } 16 years, ...	11	5	7	7	3	3	4	2	16	13	41	30	71
Males, ...	397	.	240	.	108	.	92	.	364	.	1,257	.	1,635
Females, ...	.	89	.	79	.	38	.	24	.	193	.	378	
Total Males and Females,	426		325		208		118		560		1,335		

TABLE XXIII.—RELIGIOUS PROFESSIONS of the JUVENILES Committed in the Year being distinguished

COUNTY AND TOWN GAOGE.	PROTESTANT.						PRESBYTERIAN.		ROMAN.			
	Criminals.				Vagrants.		Criminals.		Criminals.			
	Ages.				Ages.		Ages.		Ages.			
	10 Years and under.		Above 10 and not exceeding 15 Years.		Above 10 and not exceeding 15 Years.		Above 10 and not exceeding 15 Years.		10 Years and under.		Above 10 and not exceeding 15 Years.	
	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.
Antrim, ...	1	1	88	18	.	.	9	.	3	0	80	80
Armagh, ...	.	.	14	.	.	.	2	.	.	.	9	4
Carlow, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	8	3
Cavan, ...	.	.	3	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	11	2
Clare, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	18	4
Cork County, ...	.	.	3	2	.	.	1	.	1	.	54	0
" City, ...	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	2	1	33	11
Denegal, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	2	.	16	1
Down, ...	.	.	8	.	.	.	8	.	.	.	14	4
Dublin County, ...	.	.	4	1	.	.	2	.	1	2	06	10
Dublin City :												
Richmond B., ...	1	.	15	.	2	.	.	.	3	.	324	.
Grangegorman P., ...	.	.	.	6	.	2	.	.	.	4	.	86
Fermanagh, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	1	.
Galway County, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	7	.
" Town, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	40	1
Kerry, ...	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	37	0
Kildare, Nass, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	15	2
" Athy, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	18	6
Kilkenny County, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	2	1
" City, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
King's, ...	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	7	2
Lahrim, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	2	1
Limerick County, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	38	7
" City, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	28	10
Londonderry, ...	1	.	1	.	.	.	4	.	.	.	29	8
Longford, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	9	4
Louth, Dundalk, ...	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	8	2
" Drogheda, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	4	1
Mayo, ...	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	4	.	24	12
Meath, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	8	.
Monaghan, ...	.	.	4	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	11	.
Queen's, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	14	4
Roscommon, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	8	1
Sligo, ...	1	.	3	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	10	2
Tipperary, Nenagh, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	34	6
Tipperary, Clonmel, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Tyrene, ...	.	.	4	8	.	1	.	.	.	.	54	24
Waterford County, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	10	4
" City, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	9	.
Westmeath, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	18	.
Wexford, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	8	2
Wicklow, ...	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	18	3
Total Males, ...	4	.	100	31	2	3	21	1	26	17	1,048	.
Total Females, ...	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	287
Total M. and F., ...	5	1	100	31	2	3	21	1	26	17	1,048	287
	134				5		22		43		1,335	
	141						1,378					
	1,470											

1859, to the several County and Town Gaols, by Ages and Sexes; Criminal Offenders from Vagrants.

CATEGORIES.				COUNT FOR OR AGAINST.				TOTAL.								COUNT AND TOWN GAOLS.
Vagrants.				Criminals.				Criminals.				Vagrants.				
Ages.				Ages.				Ages.				Ages.				
10 Years and under.		Above 10 and not exceeding 16 Years.		Above 10 and not exceeding 16 Years.		Above 10 and not exceeding 16 Years.		10 Years and under.		Above 10 and not exceeding 16 Years.		10 Years and under.		Above 10 and not exceeding 16 Years.		
M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	
.	.	1	.	.	.	4	10	84	53	.	.	1	.	Antrim.		
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	25	4	.	.	.	.	Armagh.		
.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	8	3	.	.	.	.	Carlow.		
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	14	3	.	.	.	.	Cavan.		
1	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	13	4	1	.	1	.	Clare.		
.	.	4	.	.	.	1	.	38	11	.	.	4	.	Cork County.		
.	.	3	1	.	.	2	1	34	11	.	.	3	1	" City.		
.	.	.	.	.	.	2	.	16	1	.	.	.	.	Donegal.		
3	3	.	7	.	.	.	.	25	4	.	.	.	.	Down.		
.	.	.	.	.	.	1	2	62	11	3	3	.	7	Dublin County.		
8	.	18	.	2	.	4	.	311	.	8	.	18	.	Dublin City:		
.	3	.	18	.	.	.	4	.	163	.	3	.	30	Richmond St.		
.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	Grangegorman P.		
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	7	.	.	.	.	.	Fermanagh.		
3	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	60	1	3	.	.	.	Galway County.		
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	" Town.		
.	.	1	.	.	.	1	.	36	0	.	.	1	.	Kerry.		
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	2	.	.	.	.	Kildare, Kase.		
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	15	2	.	.	.	.	" Athy.		
.	.	3	.	.	.	.	.	13	5	.	.	3	.	Kilkenny County.		
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	2	1	.	.	.	.	" City.		
.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	8	2	.	.	1	.	King's.		
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	2	1	.	.	.	.	Leitrim.		
.	.	1	.	.	.	1	.	38	7	.	.	1	.	Limerick County.		
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	28	10	.	.	.	.	" City.		
.	.	3	.	.	.	1	.	34	8	.	.	3	.	Londonderry.		
.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	9	4	.	.	.	.	Longford.		
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	9	2	.	.	.	.	Louth, Dundalk.		
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	4	1	.	.	.	.	" Drogheda.		
.	.	.	.	.	.	4	.	24	12	.	.	.	.	Mayo.		
.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	4	.	.	.	.	.	Meath.		
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	15	1	.	.	.	.	Monaghan.		
.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	14	4	.	.	.	.	Queen's.		
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	8	1	.	.	.	.	Rosecommon.		
.	.	.	.	.	.	1	1	13	2	.	.	.	.	Sligo.		
.	2	.	.	.	.	1	.	34	6	.	2	.	.	Tipperary, Nenagh		
.	.	3	.	.	.	.	.	64	24	.	.	3	.	Tipperary, Clonmel.		
.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	14	7	.	.	.	2	Tyrone.		
.	1	.	.	.	.	1	.	9	.	.	1	.	.	Waterford County.		
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	18	.	.	.	.	.	" City.		
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	8	2	.	.	.	.	Westmeath.		
.	2	2	.	.	.	.	.	18	3	.	2	2	.	Wexford.		
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	10	5	.	.	.	.	Wicklow.		
15	.	20	.	2	.	30	18	1,171	.	13	11	41	.	Total Males.		
.	11	.	27	.	.	.	.	.	310	.	.	.	30	Total Females.		
26	.	20	.	2	.	48	.	1,481	.	26	.	71	.	Total M. and F.		
92								1,583				97				
1,680																

SUMMARY OF TABLE XXIII.—RELIGIOUS PROFESSIONS of the JUVENILES Committed in the Year 1859, to the several County and Town Gaols, by Ages and Sexes; Criminal Offenders being distinguished from Vagrants.

AGES.	RELIGION.										
	Protestant.		Presbyterian.		Roman Catholic.		Could not be ascertained.		TOTAL.		
CRIMINALS.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M. & F.
10 years and under, . . .	4	1	.	.	20	17	.	.	30	18	48
Above 10 and not exceeding } 16 years, ...	100	31	21	1	1,048	957	2	.	1,171	310	1,480
Males, ...	104	.	21	.	1,074	.	2	.	1,301	.	1,528
Females, ...	.	32	.	1	.	304	.	.	.	337	
VAGRANTS.											
10 years and under, . . .	.	.	.	.	15	11	.	.	15	11	26
Above 10 and not exceeding } 16 years, ...	2	3	.	.	39	27	.	.	41	90	71
Total Males, ...	106	.	21	.	1,128	.	2	.	1,257	.	1,633
Total Females, ...	.	35	.	1	.	343	.	.	.	378	
Total Males and Females,	141		23		1,470		2		1,633		

TABLE XXIV.—SPECIAL RETURN, showing the Total Number of Times each of the Individuals Committed to the several County and Town Gaols in 1859, had been in Gaol, from their first Committal in any year, to the 31st of December, 1859.

COUNTY AND TOWN GAOLS.	Once.								Twice.							
	Criminals.				Vagrants.				Criminals.				Vagrants.			
	Ages.				Ages.				Ages.				Ages.			
	Not exceeding 16 Years.	Above 16 Years.	Not exceeding 16 Years.	Above 16 Years.	Not exceeding 16 Years.	Above 16 Years.	Not exceeding 16 Years.	Above 16 Years.	Not exceeding 16 Years.	Above 16 Years.	Not exceeding 16 Years.	Above 16 Years.	Not exceeding 16 Years.	Above 16 Years.		
	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.
Andrus, ...	41	10	777	427	1		5	9	5	4	163	128			4	2
Armagh, ...	18	2	243	131			1	3	4	1	35	21				
Carlow, ...	9	3	184	61			10	4			19	9				
Cavan, ...	12	3	206	97			4	1	1		8	11				
Clara, ...	9	4	142	47	2		3	5	2		13	8			1	
Cork County, ...	47	11	406	156	2		5	3	3		57	25				
" City, ...	21	11	353	314	1	1	6	13	4	1	6	34	1			1
Donegal, ...	18	1	276	57				2			1	3				
Down, ...	23	1	236	128			2	0	2	1	21	20				1
Dublin County, ...	37	6	269	138	3	6	17	23	11	7	32	42			4	0
Dublin City:																
Richmond B., ...	109		1,433		17		44		42		180				9	
Grangegorman P., ...		62		767		16		54		0		301				29
Fermanagh, ...	2		189	69							20	20				
Galway County, ...	7		166	114			3	9			2	5			1	2
" Town, ...	18	1	238	128	3		12	34	1		17	3			2	1
Kerry, ...	33	5	203	54	1		1	2	3	3	54	12			1	
Kildare, Naas, ...		2	216	141			2				7	10				
" Athy, ...	16	2	100	57			2	5			10	19				
Kilkenny County, ...	11	4	107	44	1		5	1	1	1	34	6	1		1	4
" City, ...		1	47	22			1	12	2		100	90			3	20
King's, ...	6	2	258	68	1		2	2	1		0	4				
Leitrim, ...	2	1	148	54							27	9				1
Limerick County, ...	31	7	222	70	1			2	4		38	12				
" City, ...	2	2	727	540			10	21	1	1	171	72			4	3
Londonderry, ...	5	6	297	115	3		1	2	3	1	16	30				1
Loughford, ...	8	3	100	33			1	4	2	1	41	6				
Leath, Dundalk, ...	6	2	163	49				2			21	6				
" Drogheda, ...	4	1	46	12				6			19	9				5
Mayo, ...	20	1	696	157			12	1	1	1	21	7				
Meath, ...	6		74	34							62	9			1	
Monaghan, ...	15	1	226	63							14	6				
Queen's, ...	14	2	278	58			1	1	1	1	18	6				
Roscommon, ...	8	1	194	41							13	11			1	1
Sligo, ...	14	3	165	34			3	6			29	6			2	2
Tipperary, Nenagh, ...	28	4	290	71		2	5	6	2	2	38	11				
Tipperary, Clonmel, ...	31	21	384	145	3		6	9	4	1	58	46			3	
Tyrone, ...	11	7	226	79			5	15	1		40	8		1	1	5
Waterford County, ...	9		92	18			8	6			11	6				1
" City, ...	10		116	30	1		3	1	2		20	15			2	3
Westmeath, ...	7	2	208	55			2	2			11	5				
Wexford, ...	17	3	170	41	2	2	7	1	1		31	20				
Wicklow, ...	10	3	136	35			3				31	5				
Total Males, ...	790		11,217	41		100		111		1,008		2		42		105
Total Females, ...		210		4,810		27			31		1,073			2		
Total M. and F., ...	1,000		16,027	68		483		142		2,078		7		147		
	17,027				500				2,214				154			
	17,527								2,368							

(continued.)

TABLE XXIV. continued.—SPECIAL RETURN, showing the Total Number of Times each of Gaol, from their first Committal in any

COUNTY AND TOWN GAOL.	THREE TIMES.								FOUR TIMES.							
	Criminals.				Vagrants.				Criminals.				Vagrants.			
	Ages.				Ages.				Ages.				Ages.			
	Not exceeding 16 Years.		Above 16 Years.		Not exceeding 16 Years.		Above 16 Years.		Not exceeding 16 Years.		Above 16 Years.		Not exceeding 16 Years.		Above 16 Years.	
	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.
Antrim, ...	6	5	45	74			8	1	3	1	26	38				
Armagh, ...	1		13	11							3	5			1	
Carlow, ...			5	3							2	3				
Cavan, ...			4	5							6	7				
Clare, ...	1		1	2				1	1		1	6				
Cork County, ...	4		11	25	1				1		11	10				
" City, ...	1		1	6							1	3				
Donegal, ...			1	1							1	1				
Down, ...			7	11				1			6	9				
Dublin County, ...	1		13	22			2	3	2	1	8	10		1	1	4
Dublin City :																
Richmond B., ...	22		82		1		7		10		61		1		2	
Grangegorman P., ...		1		153		1		17		2		118		2		7
Fermanagh, ...			6	3								1				
Galway County, ...			4	2								4				
" Town, ...	2		9	2			3	1	1		10	3				1
Kerry, ...	1		13	8			1				13	5			1	
Kildare, Naas, ...			4	6							2	4				
" Athy, ...			9	7							4	5				
Kilkenny County, ...	1		2	3	1						4	1				1
" City, ...			40	33			2	20			13	14			3	12
King's, ...			5	3							1	2				
Lestrin, ...			10	2							4	3				
Limerick County, ...	2		7	5				1	1		4	12				
" City, ...	2	2	87	63			1	1	3	2	72	33			1	
Londonderry, ...	5		8	18							4	10				1
Longford, ...			16	1							7					
Louth, Dundalk, ...			17	3							10	3				
" Drogheda, ...			6	4				3			4	4				
Mayo, ...		1	6	2							3	2				
Meath, ...			10	1			1				3	4				2
Monaghan, ...			13	5							6	4				
Queen's, ...			4	1							3	1				
Roscommon, ...			4	5							2	3				
Sligo, ...			11	5			1				8	3			1	
Tipperary, Nenagh, ...	4		16	8							12	2				
Tipperary, Clonmel, ...	1	2	41	38					2		64	31				
Tyrene, ...	2		21	9			1	3			12	4		1		1
Waterford County, ...			4	2				1			1	3				
" City, ...	4		7	17							6	16				
Westmeath, ...	1		7	4				3			6	2			1	4
Wexford, ...			9	18								9				
Wicklow, ...			7	4			1				1	4				
Total Males, ...	63		594		3		23		34		404		1		11	
Total Females, ...		11		389		1		56		6		363		4		41
Total M. and F., ...	78		1,181		4		79		30		802		5		52	
			1,254				83				832				87	
	1,337															
	860															

the Individuals Committed to the several County and Town Gaols, in 1859, had been in year, to the 31st of December, 1859.

FIVE YEARS.										SIX YEARS.										COUNTY AND TOWN GAOLS.			
Criminals.					Vagrants.					Criminals.					Vagrants.								
Ages.					Ages.					Ages.					Ages.								
Not exceeding 16 Years.		Above 16 Years.			Not exceeding 16 Years.		Above 16 Years.			Not exceeding 16 Years.		Above 16 Years.			Not exceeding 16 Years.		Above 16 Years.						
M.	F.	M.	F.		M.	F.	M.	F.		M.	F.	M.	F.		M.	F.	M.	F.					
2	1	12	30						2	1		14	25							Antrim.			
		6	9									5	5							Armagh.			
		3	4									1	1							Carlow.			
		3	2									1	2							Cavan.			
													1							Clare.			
1		6	10						2			4	8							Cork County.			
1			1									1	1							" City.			
		1	7							1			1							Donegal.			
2		8	3				1		2			9	6		1	1	1			Down.			
																				Dublin County.			
14		34	1		3				6			34	1		5					Dublin City:			
	1		82					7					50							Richmond B.			
																				Grangegorman P.			
																				Fermanagh.			
4		4	2						1			1	1							Galway County.			
																				" Town.			
		6	3			1						1	6							Kerry.			
		3	2									2	6							Kildare, New.			
		3	4									4	6							" Athy.			
		1	1				1	8					3							Kilkenny County.			
		1	20																	" City.			
		1	2																	King's.			
												1	1							Leitrim.			
1		69	34						1			41	24							Limerick County.			
1		3	0						3			2	6							" City.			
																				Londonderry.			
		7	2					1				3								Longford.			
		1	3									1	2							Louth, Dundalk.			
		2	4					1				1	3							" Drogheda.			
			1										1							Mayo.			
		5						2				4	2							Meath.			
																				Monaghan.			
		5	7									1	1							Queen's.			
		6	22										3							Rooscommon.			
		3	3									1								Sligo.			
		7	2				1					4	2							Tipperary, Nenagh.			
		6	1									4	1							Tipperary, Clonmel.			
3		25	29						2			23	20							Tyrone.			
		4	2				1	3				2	2							Waterford County.			
		2	10										2							" City.			
		3	6									3	9							Westmeath.			
		4	1					6					2							Wexford.			
		1	7									4	3							Wicklow.			
		0																					
28		247	300		1		8	32	18		109	219		1		6				Total Males.			
	3									1				1			15			Total Females.			
31		550			1		40		10		368		2		21					Total M. and F.			
581						41						407						23					
622												430											

[continued.]

TABLE XXIV. continued.—SPECIAL RETURN, showing the Total Number of Times each of Gaol from their first Committal in any

COUNTY AND TOWN GAOL.	SEVEN TO ELEVEN TIMES.								TWELVE TO SIXTEEN TIMES.							
	Criminals.				Vagrants.				Criminals.				Vagrants.			
	Ages.				Ages.				Ages.				Ages.			
	Not exceeding 16 Years.		Above 16 Years.		Not exceeding 16 Years.		Above 16 Years.		Not exceeding 16 Years.		Above 16 Years.		Not exceeding 16 Years.		Above 16 Years.	
	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.
Antrim, ...	3	2	20	70			2	1	1		13	22				
Armagh, ...			0	12							1	4				
Carlow, ...			1	1												
Cavan, ...			3													
Clare, ...				3								3				
Cork County, ...	1		8	20							1	6	1			
" City, ...	1											1				
Donegal, ...				2								1				
Down, ...			1	17							3	1				
Dublin County, ...			10	11				1			1	8				1
Dublin City :																
Richmond B., ...	10		73		2		4		2		30				2	
Grangegorman P., ...		3		100				13		1		112				10
Fermanagh, ...																
Galway County, ...																
" Town, ...			4	4					1		0	2				
Kerry, ...			2	1							2	2				
Kildare, New, ...																
" Athy, ...			1	7								3				
Kilkenny County, ...			1	3				1								
" City, ...																
King's, ...																
Leitrim, ...			1	3								1				
Limerick County, ...																
" City, ...	1		31	17					2		2	1				
Londonderry, ...			4	11					2		2	8				
Longford, ...			0					3			2	1				3
Louth, Dundalk, ...			4	11				2				4				
" Drogheda, ...			1	4			1	2			2	3				3
Mayo, ...				1								1				
Meath, ...			2	6								3				
Monaghan, ...			5	6												
Queen's, ...			2								2	4				
Roscommon, ...			2	5								2				
Sligo, ...			2	4							1	2				
Tipperary, Nenagh, ...	1		3	2							1					
Tipperary, Clonmel, ...	3		35	12								10				
Tyrone, ...			7	0				3			1	2				3
Waterford County, ...				1												
" City, ...				4								11				
Westmeath, ...			2	2				3								
Wexford, ...			5	4							1					
Wicklow, ...												1				
Total Males, ...	25		222		2		7		0		75		1		2	
Total Females, ...		6		449			20			1		226				29
Total M. and F., ...	25		790		2		27		10		301		1		22	
	725				35				311				23			
	763															
	834															

the Individuals Committed to the several County and Town Gaols in 1859, had been in year, to the 31st of December, 1859.

SEVENTEEN TO TWENTY YEARS.						TWENTY-ONE TO TWENTY-SEVEN YEARS.						COUNTY AND TOWN GARR.
Criminals.				Vagrants.		Criminals.				Vagrants.		
Ages.				Ages.		Ages.				Ages.		
Not exceeding 16 Years.		Above 16 Years.		Above 16 Years.		Not exceeding 16 Years.		Above 16 Years.		Above 16 Years.		
M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	
.	.	.	17	.	.	.	.	M.	20	M.	1	Armagh.
.	.	.	4	.	.	.	.	1	8	.	.	Armagh.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	9	2	.	.	Cavan.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	Clare.
1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	4	.	.	Cork County.
.	.	1	1	.	.	1	.	.	2	.	.	" City.
.	.	.	8	.	.	.	.	3	20	2	3	Down.
.	.	.	6	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	Dublin County.
.	.	19	120	.	.	.	.	19	157	1	.	Dublin City:
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	Richmond B.
1	.	2	.	.	.	.	.	1	17	.	.	Grangegeerman P.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	Fernsagh.
.	.	.	5	.	.	.	.	.	6	.	.	Galway County.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	" Town.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	Kerry.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	Kildare, Nass.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	" Athy.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	Kilkenny County.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	" City.
.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	King's.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	Leitrim.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	Limerick County.
.	.	4	2	.	.	1	.	.	4	.	.	" City.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	Londonderry.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	Longford.
.	.	1	1	.	.	.	.	1	10	.	.	Louth, Dundalk.
.	.	1	1	.	.	.	.	.	6	2	.	" Drogheda.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	4	.	.	Mayo.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	Meath.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	Monaghan.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	Queen's.
.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	1	Roscommon.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	2	2	.	.	Sligo.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	Tipperary, Nenagh.
.	.	.	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	Tipperary, Clonmel.
.	.	.	10	.	.	.	.	.	35	.	.	Tyrone.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	Waterford County.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	" City.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	Westmeath.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	Wexford.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	Wicklow.
3	.	30	181	1	.	2	.	80	317	6	10	Total Males.
3	.	30	181	1	4	2	.	80	317	6	10	Total Females.
214		5		2		353		15				Total M. and F.
219						355		15				

* One represents 25, another 33 Committals.

† One of these represents 58 Committees.

Continued

TABLE XXIV. *continued.*—SPECIAL RETURN, showing the Total Number of Times each of the Individuals Committed to the several County and Town Gaols in 1859, had been in Gaol, from their first Committal in any year, to the 31st of December, 1859.

COUNTY AND TOWN GAOLS.	Number of INDIVIDUALS Committed.								Number of COMMITTEES represented in foregoing.							
	Criminals.				Vagrants.				Criminals.				Vagrants.			
	Ages.		Ages.		Ages.		Ages.		Ages.		Ages.		Ages.			
	Not exceeding 16 Years.	Above 16 Years.	Not exceeding 16 Years.	Above 16 Years.	Not exceeding 16 Years.	Above 16 Years.	Not exceeding 16 Years.	Above 16 Years.	Not exceeding 16 Years.	Above 16 Years.	Not exceeding 16 Years.	Above 16 Years.	Not exceeding 16 Years.	Above 16 Years.		
	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.
Antrim, ...	61	39	1,088	857	1	13	15	156	65	2,209	3,034	1	1	61	39	3
Armagh, ...	23	8	310	210	1	2	3	25	4	501	729	1	1	5	3	3
Carlow, ...	9	3	294	72	1	10	4	9	3	228	78	1	1	10	4	1
Cavan, ...	13	3	293	122	1	4	1	14	3	339	164	1	1	4	1	1
Clara, ...	13	4	140	74	2	4	6	20	4	190	166	2	1	5	8	8
Cork County, ...	50	11	509	255	4	5	3	90	11	823	777	21	1	5	3	3
" City, ...	20	12	264	378	3	1	0	14	13	289	443	3	1	6	15	15
Donegal, ...	14	1	295	70	1	2	1	18	1	307	251	1	1	2	2	2
Down, ...	26	8	273	221	1	2	11	27	8	374	547	1	1	2	14	14
Dublin County, . . .	55	0	395	274	3	7	23	40	91	10	741	2,444	3	10	112	203
Dublin City:																
Richmond B.	312	1	1,971	23	77	145	127	343	2,149	14,707	26	35	58	487	487	487
Grangegorman P.	2	1	214	123	1	0	11	7	234	138	1	1	7	13	13	13
Fermanagh, ...	7	1	294	125	1	17	38	67	1	315	577	3	1	25	49	49
Galway County, . . .	20	1	291	102	1	3	3	42	11	475	418	1	1	15	30	30
" Town, ...	37	8	269	102	1	2	2	27	2	271	238	1	1	2	2	2
Kerry, ...	15	2	148	107	1	3	0	16	2	333	312	1	1	3	1	1
Kilmore, Nans, . .	13	5	156	60	3	6	7	16	0	231	163	0	1	7	21	21
Ashy, ...	2	1	262	179	1	12	84	4	1	444	406	1	1	34	244	244
Kilkenny County, . .	7	2	271	78	1	2	6	8	2	204	103	1	1	2	8	8
" City, ...	2	1	191	73	1	1	1	2	1	261	180	1	1	2	2	2
King's, ...	82	7	241	69	1	4	62	7	345	139	1	1	25	29	29	29
Leitrim, ...	14	7	1,160	738	1	10	25	99	18	2,462	1,448	1	1	1	14	14
Limerick County, .	20	7	302	308	3	1	5	103	8	590	643	3	1	1	14	14
" City, ...	10	4	242	45	1	1	18	12	5	464	73	1	1	1	26	26
Longford, ...	9	2	217	90	1	4	8	2	334	696	1	1	1	19	19	19
Louth, Dundalk, .	4	1	76	57	1	1	21	4	1	191	323	1	1	8	143	143
" Drogheda, . . .	27	12	725	178	1	12	1	28	12	768	240	1	1	12	1	1
Mayo, ...	5	1	161	66	1	3	4	5	1	252	303	1	1	5	15	15
Meath, ...	10	1	281	63	1	1	15	4	420	202	1	1	1	1	1	1
Monaghan, ...	10	1	316	73	1	1	15	4	345	84	1	1	1	1	1	1
Queen's, ...	8	1	240	72	1	1	0	8	1	285	184	1	1	2	29	29
Roscommon, ...	14	2	228	65	1	5	7	14	3	284	192	1	1	10	9	9
Sligo, ...	33	6	374	95	1	2	5	60	8	607	202	1	1	2	5	5
Tipperary, Nenagh,	46	24	610	388	3	19	8	100	20	1,669	1,031	3	1	9	8	8
Tipperary, Olesmol,	14	7	312	104	1	13	38	19	7	522	278	1	1	53	165	165
Tyross, ...	9	1	110	42	1	8	8	9	1	140	117	1	1	8	11	11
Waterford County, .	16	1	164	164	1	5	5	28	1	227	1,362	1	1	1	13	13
" City, ...	8	2	228	72	1	3	23	16	2	320	123	1	1	6	96	96
Westmeath, ...	18	9	291	162	2	2	7	1	19	3	343	200	2	2	7	1
Wexford, ...	10	6	180	49	1	4	1	10	0	248	87	1	1	4	1	1
Wicklow, ...																
Total Males, ...	3,088	14,022	8,563	52	39	304	305	1,075	461	22,203	34,561	76	63	506	1,503	1,503
Total Females, . . .	367	8,563	96	899	2,075	50,324	188	2,325								
Total M. and F., . .	1,335	28,185	96	899	2,075	50,324	188	2,325								
	24,630				989				58,900				2,406			
	25,509								61,306							

SUMMARY OF TABLE XXIV.—SPECIAL RETURN, showing the TOTAL NUMBER of TIMES each of the Prisoners committed to the several County and Town Gaols, in the Year 1859, had been in any Gaol, from their *first* committal in *any* year to the 31st of December, 1859, so far as could be ascertained from the Records of the Gaols or other sources.

COMMITTED.	CRIMINALS. No. of Individuals.				VAGRANTS. No. of Individuals.				TOTAL NO. OF INDIVIDUALS.					
	Not exceeding 16 Years.		Above 16 Years.		Not exceeding 16 Years.		Above 16 Years.		Not exceeding 16 Years.		Above 16 Years.		TOTAL.	
	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.		
Once only, ...	799	210	11,217	4,890	41	27	109	283	631	237	11,416	5,008	17,577	
Twice, ...	111	31	1,596	1,073	5	5	42	103	113	36	1,638	1,181	2,969	
Three times, ...	63	11	506	683	5	1	23	56	65	13	619	641	1,337	
Four times, ...	24	6	404	398	1	4	11	41	25	10	416	439	849	
Five times, ...	20	2	217	303	1	.	8	32	30	2	250	335	585	
Six times, ...	18	1	169	219	1	1	6	15	19	2	179	234	430	
Seven to Eleven times, ...	20	5	252	448	2	.	7	20	22	6	259	477	763	
Twelve to Sixteen times, ...	9	1	75	220	1	.	2	20	10	1	77	240	314	
Seventeen to Twenty times, ...	3	.	94	181	.	.	1	4	3	.	31	185	219	
Twenty-one to Twenty-six times and upwards, ...	2	.	36	317	.	.	5	10	2	.	41	327	370	
Total Number of Individuals Committed in 1859, { M., ... F., ... M. & F., ...	1,968	267	14,922	8,563	52	28	204	595	1,190	305	14,926	9,155	25,599	
	1,335		23,185		60		899		1,435		24,054			
	24,540				960									
Total Number of Individuals represented in above, ... { M., ... F., ... M. & F., ...	1,675	401	22,263	34,561	76	62	500	1,063	1,761	460	22,829	35,523	58,565	
	2,076		56,824		138		2,523		2,314		59,352			
	58,900				2,663									

TABLE XXV.—NUMBER of PRISONERS in each of the County and Town Gaols, at Locking, on the evening of the 31st of December, 1859, by Classes, and the Number of them Sick in Hospital.

COUNTY AND TOWN GAOLS.	DEBTORS.				CRIMINALS.				Under Rule of Penal Servitude.		Lunatics.		TOTAL.			Of whom Sick in Hospital.	
	Males.		Females.		Tried.		Untried.		M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.S.F.	M.	F.
Antrim, ...	7	1	1	1	99	86	4	4	.	.	4	3	115	94	209	2	2
Armagh, ...	2	.	1	.	39	17	3	3	.	.	2	3	37	23	60	2	2
Carlow, ...	.	.	1	.	8	1	5	5	.	.	1	.	15	6	21	.	.
Cavan, ...	2	.	1	1	23	10	12	4	.	.	3	4	41	19	60	2	2
Clare, ...	2	1	1	.	8	7	3	1	.	.	1	1	10	10	20	2	1
Cork County, ...	7	.	2	.	69	65	16	8	1	.	.	1	95	74	169	5	7
" City, ...	2	.	3	.	25	22	3	11	.	.	.	.	32	33	65	1	6
Donegal, ...	.	.	.	.	31	7	2	.	.	.	8	9	41	16	57	1	.
Dowa, ...	2	1	.	.	21	19	7	8	1	.	10	7	41	33	74	2	1
Dublin County, ...	6	3	1	.	14	21	1	.	.	.	2	0	24	29	53	1	.
Dublin City:	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Richardson B.,	.	.	.	.	138	.	15	.	.	.	17	.	170	.	170	58	.
Grangegorman P.,	.	.	.	.	.	138	.	15	.	.	.	40	.	191	191	.	14
Fermagh, ...	2	.	3	.	17	12	3	3	.	.	.	1	25	16	41	0	2
Galway County, ...	2	.	.	.	35	12	3	5	.	.	3	.	48	17	65	.	2
" Town, ...	2	.	.	.	18	10	3	.	.	.	2	.	25	15	40	.	1
Kerry, ...	2	.	.	.	36	10	11	4	.	.	.	.	49	14	63	4	.
Kildare, New, ...	.	.	1	.	21	9	0	1	.	.	2	.	38	10	48	.	.
" Athy, ...	.	.	.	.	12	0	.	.	1	.	2	.	15	8	23	.	.
Kilkenny County, ...	1	.	1	.	16	9	2	.	.	.	12	.	31	3	34	1	.
" City, ...	.	.	.	.	7	9	.	.	.	.	1	.	8	0	17	.	.
King's, ...	.	.	.	.	19	10	11	1	.	.	.	.	30	11	41	.	.
Lettin, ...	1	.	.	.	19	2	0	5	.	.	.	.	20	7	27	3	2
Limerick County, ...	1	.	.	.	16	7	7	5	.	.	1	.	29	12	41	.	.
" City, ...	6	.	7	.	28	27	6	9	.	.	.	.	47	36	83	1	.
Londonderry, ...	2	2	.	.	28	19	10	1	1	.	3	.	44	18	62	1	.
Longford, ...	.	.	.	.	21	7	2	1	.	.	.	.	28	8	36	.	.
Louth, Dundalk, ...	2	.	.	.	7	12	7	.	.	.	2	.	18	12	30	.	.
" Drogheda, ...	2	.	.	.	2	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	3	.	3	.	.
Mayo, ...	4	.	.	.	65	10	6	4	.	.	0	5	74	24	97	3	2
Meath, ...	.	.	.	.	12	4	3	.	1	.	1	.	19	4	23	2	1
Monaghan, ...	.	.	.	.	32	10	4	2	.	.	4	3	40	20	60	.	.
" Juven's, ...	1	.	.	.	16	4	4	1	.	.	3	.	27	0	27	1	1
Rosemount, ...	1	.	.	.	20	12	2	1	.	.	3	.	29	13	42	.	4
Sligo, ...	2	.	.	.	23	9	1	4	.	.	1	.	27	13	40	0	3
Tipperary, Nenagh, ...	.	.	.	.	34	8	3	.	.	.	14	1	51	9	60	0	4
Tipperary, Clonmel, ...	1	.	1	.	47	21	11	12	.	.	13	8	73	45	118	5	4
Tyrone, ...	.	.	7	.	17	17	11	0	.	.	.	.	35	28	63	.	.
Waterford County, ...	.	.	1	.	16	9	3	1	.	1	.	.	23	6	29	.	.
" City, ...	2	.	.	.	8	8	3	3	.	.	.	.	11	11	22	.	.
Westmeath, ...	.	.	1	.	14	13	7	2	.	.	.	.	22	10	32	.	.
Wexford, ...	.	.	1	.	18	16	19	7	.	.	18	4	46	27	73	8	.
Wicklow, ...	.	.	2	.	12	5	2	4	.	.	2	5	18	14	32	.	1
Total Males, ...	93	.	34	.	1,090	709	228	141	5	1	141	.	1,571	.	1,571	65	74
Total Females, ...	.	8	3	.	.	683	.	141	.	.	.	106	.	845	.	65	68
Total M. and F., 1859, ...	93	.	37	.	1,773	.	377	.	5	.	247	.	2,518	.	2,518	130	142
Total M. and F., 1858, ...	90	8	43	6	1,295	759	303	133	10	22	90	73	1,813	1,082	.	103	74
	74	.	43	.	2,034	.	436	.	32	.	191	.	2,535	.	2,535	173	118
	123	.	.	.	2,430	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.

TABLE XXVI.—COMMITTEES to and EXPENSES of BRIDEWELLS, in the Year 1859.

COUNTIES AND BRIDEWELLS.	Number of Commitments.		Of whom were Drunkards.		Number supported at Public Expense.		Number of Males actually lodged.	Cost of Meals.			Cost of Straw, Candles, Fuel, &c.			Incidental Expenses.			Keeper's Salary.			TOTAL.	Cost of Dietary per head per day.			
	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.		£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.		£	s.	d.	
ANTRIM:																								
Antrim, . . .	227	87	100	39	200	87	1,020	10	18	9	8	1	11	3	2	4	20	0	0	40	19	1	} 5 5	
Ballymena, . .	312	116	105	30	204	116	1,467	15	1	5	8	0	7	0	16	7	20	0	0	41	18	7		
Ballymoney, . .	140	43	58	21	81	46	935	8	7	8	8	18	5	4	11	3	20	0	0	41	17	5		
	644	249	258	89	578	247	3,278	34	2	11	25	1	0	7	11	2	60	0	0	124	18	11	-	-
ARMAGH:																								
Ballybet, . . .	107	46	41	6	79	45	697	4	8	5	8	5	0	4	8	0	20	0	0	37	2	7	} 30 0	
Lurgan, . . .	188	123	51	50	148	123	1,527	11	0	1	10	10	2	6	0	0	25	0	0	55	0	0		
Markethill, . .	64	0	47	2	49	5	141	1	0	11	6	17	1	1	10	7	15	0	0	24	8	7		
N.T.Hamilton, .	100	43	84	25	104	42	667	3	9	11	7	7	0	6	2	5	15	0	0	35	13	4		
	459	227	187	89	373	217	2,792	19	13	4	34	8	0	16	10	5	73	0	0	146	12	6	-	-
CAVAN:																								
Balleborough, .	115	41	35	20	115	41	648	5	10	20	5	15	10	2	17	8	20	0	0	44	8	6	4	4
Ballyconnell, .	50	14	1	8	20	14	110	1	0	7	6	0	0	6	0	7	20	0	0	32	10	2	5	5
Costello, . . .	57	21	21	16	54	30	291	3	1	2	6	0	0	6	2	2	20	0	0	45	5	4	3	5
	221	80	80	44	187	85	1,072	9	15	0	17	15	10	14	0	20	60	0	0	121	17	0	-	-
CLARE:																								
Ennistimon, . .	164	20	124	7	63	27	264	3	0	8	6	0	0	0	14	11	20	0	0	39	13	7	4	4
Killic, . . .	48	20	2	—	43	20	677	5	4	0	6	0	0	2	0	8	20	0	0	33	11	0	4	4
Kilrush, . . .	121	30	69	5	120	30	1,163	12	6	3	6	0	0	0	18	9	30	0	0	55	5	0	5-28	5-28
Sirrahbridge, . .	30	11	24	—	37	16	543	4	10	8	6	0	0	0	19	4	20	0	0	31	10	0	4-47	4-47
Tulla, . . .	47	24	17	6	37	23	573	8	2	3	6	0	0	1	11	8	20	0	0	28	13	7	4	4
	409	120	200	18	208	120	3,111	26	13	24	28	0	0	12	10	11	110	0	0	188	4	21	-	-
COKE:																								
Bandon, . . .	225	74	21	17	104	73	876	3	4	9	14	17	6	7	13	8	23	0	0	30	14	10	1-73	1-73
Bantry, . . .	110	38	49	10	89	51	510	2	13	0	10	8	4	1	2	2	25	0	0	29	3	6	2-5	2-5
Crookstown, . .	78	10	28	—	66	17	828	2	19	3	6	29	0	4	9	5	15	0	0	32	0	8	3-22	3-22
Charleville, . .	48	20	43	10	50	21	367	1	11	0	11	3	4	15	8	3	15	0	0	44	2	4	2-07	2-07
Clewaddy, . . .	116	20	38	—	103	29	474	2	16	10	11	3	4	1	18	8	28	0	0	39	18	10	2-75	2-75
Dummanon, . . .	97	18	22	—	86	18	309	1	11	4	10	8	4	3	0	8	15	0	0	20	9	4	2-01	2-01
Fernoy, . . .	288	160	160	86	273	160	2,030	9	18	8	13	7	4	7	15	4	25	0	0	56	2	2	1-83	1-83
Kenturk, . . .	105	32	44	6	90	32	634	5	8	8	12	12	0	5	10	2	25	0	0	45	10	7	2-12	2-12
Kinsale, . . .	58	22	30	28	46	31	359	1	10	0	8	19	0	0	11	10	17	10	0	37	11	7	2-42	2-42
Macroom, . . .	191	22	116	6	180	19	336	2	12	9	17	3	4	0	13	10	25	0	0	30	8	11	2-20	2-20
Mallow, . . .	241	62	85	3	273	61	2,450	10	11	3	14	2	4	9	1	8	28	0	0	33	15	8	2-07	2-07
Middleton, . . .	120	63	31	17	120	61	875	3	10	10	9	4	4	4	14	0	25	0	0	42	15	2	2-11	2-11
Milford, . . .	67	14	30	5	42	21	317	1	19	10	7	0	4	1	27	3	13	0	0	25	6	4	2-01	2-01
Mitchellstown, .	153	42	68	11	124	43	1,093	4	0	1	10	3	4	6	1	8	15	0	0	29	10	1	1-92	1-92
Quemstown, . . .	220	141	80	87	150	142	1,694	8	19	0	11	11	10	7	19	4	18	0	0	43	10	2	3-00	3-00
Shilbhera, . . .	188	30	190	6	245	27	1,034	6	9	10	10	6	0	6	2	5	20	0	0	47	18	1	2-04	2-04
Youghal, . . .	83	23	6	7	64	29	728	3	2	11	11	9	4	1	8	4	20	0	0	40	6	7	2-07	2-07
	3304	928	936	199	2043	904	13,285	74	6	0	187	0	0	88	15	5	357	10	0	707	17	8	-	-
COKE CITY, . .	4105	1654	1150	1385	1600	1611	8,388	48	18	7	23	2	8	104	1	7	60	0	0	271	18	8	2-75	2-5
DUBLIN:																								
Burrows, . . .	39	5	10	—	20	5	191	1	11	10	7	0	4	2	9	5	20	0	0	41	7	7	} 4 4	
Donagh, . . .	103	27	41	10	103	27	465	3	17	2	9	2	8	6	1	8	20	0	0	49	1	4		
Donogh, . . .	87	9	9	1	39	8	184	1	12	8	5	10	7	3	14	4	20	0	0	41	2	7		
Letterkenny, . .	137	32	21	13	137	32	601	5	2	0	10	9	4	4	16	3	30	0	0	53	8	4		
	356	74	81	20	319	71	1,439	12	4	5	22	14	11	19	1	6	130	0	0	184	8	10	-	-

(continued.)

TABLE XXVI. continued.—COMMITTEES to and EXPENSES of BRIDEWELLS, in the Year 1859.

COUNTIES AND BRIDEWELLS.	Number of Commit- tals.		Of whom were Drunkards.		Number sup- ported at Public Expense.		Number of Months actually boarded.	Cost of Meals.	Cost of Bread, Candles, Fuel, &c.	Incidental Expenses.	Keeper's Salary.	TOTAL.	Cost of Bridewell per head per day.
	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.		£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	M. d.
Down:													
Newry, . . .	252	146	32	92	252	241	2,627	15 13 4	13 17 0	31 6 11	50 0 0	172 18 0	2-54 2-02
Newtownards, . .	72	32	23	6	45	32	426	6 14 2	18 14 8	2 10 2	35 0 0	52 13 8	2-0 4-0
	324	178	55	98	297	273	3,053	21 7 6	31 12 0	33 17 1	75 0 0	225 14 8	- -
FERRANACH:													
Newtownshelton, . .	26	10	5	1	24	7	100	0 10 0	11 0 0	1 9 11	20 0 0	33 3-8	4 4
GALWAY:													
Ballinasloe, . . .	159	113	35	64	118	100	920	6 3 8	5 13 2	4 16 8	13 9 6	35 4 1	8-5 3
Chifflin, . . .	77	30	25	2	61	15	567	0 10 11	5 6 7	19 0 8	27 8 6	55 9 9	3-5 3
Eyrescourt, . . .	28	9	22	4	12	9	175	0 17 4	7 19 0	24 28 8	18 8 6	31 16 7	3-0 3
Geet, . . .	112	44	52	13	67	48	1,000	9 3 1	8 14 1	4 19 9	20 8 6	32 1 11	4-77 1-25
Loughrea, . . .	107	102	35	10	99	102	1,432	7 2 8	9 0 7	5 8 5	27 0 0	40 7 8	2-04 2
Oughlin, . . .	40	13	7	-	40	12	195	1 3 8	5 6 4	3 16 11	18 9 6	32 0 6	3-78 2-25
Portlaoine, . . .	38	17	17	9	18	15	140	1 3 0	9 2 7	6 2 6	18 9 6	34 17 1	3-3 0-25
Tulla, . . .	223	107	39	29	189	101	1,466	10 10 7	6 17 10	3 15 1	18 9 6	50 19 0	3-122 2
Woodford, . . .	48	16	31	-	47	16	372	2 4 4	0 0 0	3 14 0	18 9 6	31 7 4	4-3 0-25
	625	424	203	121	245	412	6,242	43 11 10	65 1 2	81 2 8	192 1 6	581 17 5	- -
KERRY:													
Caherbreen, . . .	90	30	62	3	89	30	341	3 6 8	0 0 0	0 11 0	16 0 0	50 17 3	
Castleisland, . . .	83	29	38	8	35	18	355	3 7 10	0 0 0	2 16 4	10 0 0	22 4 2	
Dingle, . . .	83	4	27	-	2	3	35	0 7 5	3 0 0	1 10 2	16 0 0	18 3 7	
Kerrow, . . .	75	15	37	8	50	15	359	3 10 4	0 0 0	4 3 0	10 0 0	28 16 4	
Killarney, . . .	223	98	79	37	172	79	1,146	11 11 0	0 0 0	2 17 2	26 0 0	40 8 3	5 4-25
Listowel, . . .	490	42	241	8	293	42	1,132	11 9 9	0 0 0	3 1 4	20 0 0	42 8 1	
Milltown, . . .	85	11	33	-	71	16	311	3 3 4	0 0 0	4 16 0	10 0 0	25 18 4	
Tarbert, . . .	34	10	18	1	36	10	301	2 18 10	8 0 0	3 14 0	15 0 0	27 11 4	
	934	182	325	62	730	197	4,485	44 12 24	48 0 0	31 17 0	100 0 0	299 9 9	- -
KILKENNY:													
Callan, . . .	178	33	143	25	38	18	140	1 3 3	3 10 2	3 1 2	15 0 0	25 0 5	
Thomastown, . . .	100	14	48	-	34	15	311	2 11 6	0 0 0	0 2 1	25 0 0	33 28 7	4 4
Urringford, . . .	50	10	10	4	32	15	307	4 14 0	0 0 0	1 10 2	15 0 0	27 4 9	
	328	71	210	29	122	48	1,018	8 9 5	17 12 2	4 12 5	35 0 0	85 10 1	- -
KING'S:													
Parsonstown, . . .	251	85	77	25	204	62	2,394	15 14 3	24 1 10	19 18 3	40 0 0	95 14 8	2-54 3
LIMERICK:													
Ballinacorney, . . .	88	31	20	14	43	21	519	1 17 0	0 0 0	2 7 6	35 0 0	43 4 9	2-04 2-04
Monkhamilton, . .	35	23	16	8	23	21	570	2 10 1	7 4 9	5 9 10	35 0 0	30 4 9	2-5 2-6
	123	44	36	22	66	42	889	4 7 2	15 4 5	7 17 6	70 0 0	85 0 6	- -
LONDON:													
Bruck, . . .	89	22	21	2	75	17	316	4 16 8	23 10 8	9 3 0	23 0 0	62 10 3	
Crook, . . .	16	4	6	-	13	4	93	0 17 3	13 0 5	4 14 8	15 0 0	33 12 1	
Old, . . .	30	4	11	3	20	4	124	1 8 6	7 17 0	0 16 11	15 0 0	81 2 2	
Kilbane, . . .	62	22	21	-	36	21	694	6 10 6	24 8 10	4 5 5	13 0 0	59 4 9	4-5 4-5
Newcastle, . . .	142	40	64	4	99	38	629	6 9 3	17 3 3	8 2 4	23 0 0	34 19 9	
Rathfriland, . . .	151	53	41	-	130	57	1,803	17 12 3	19 11 0	10 0 11	25 0 0	77 4 11	
	489	120	164	7	401	121	4,036	37 14 10	109 17 3	43 1 10	120 0 0	311 14 1	- -

[continued.]

TABLE XXVI. continued.—COMMITTEES to and EXPENSES of BRIDEWELLS, in the Year 1859.

COUNTIES AND BRIDEWELLS.	Number of Commit- tals.		Of whom were Drunk- ards.		Number sup- ported at Public Expense.		Number of Males actually lodged.	Cost of Males.		Cost of Stew, Candles, Fuel, &c.		Incidental Expenses.		Keeper's Salary.		TOTAL.		Cost of Dietary per head per day.			
	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.		£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	M.	F.
LONDONDERRY:																					
Coleraine, .	45	36	21	8	43	30	251	2	12	39	6	0	0	4	12	0	20	0	0	33	5
Magherafelt,	50	32	31	18	74	51	652	6	15	10	6	0	0	6	7	09	20	0	0	39	2
Newtownswilly, .	141	31	58	15	30	30	568	3	4	2	0	0	0	2	9	9	26	0	0	31	13
	244	113	110	41	227	111	1,211	12	12	51	12	0	0	12	9	63	60	0	0	104	1
LOUTH:																					
Ardee, .	69	40	32	26	48	42	641	4	13	65	0	0	0	4	5	0	50	0	0	61	16
MAYO:																					
Ballina,	157	73	29	9	128	71	1,067	31	11	54	6	0	0	1	3	3	15	0	0	33	14
Ballinrobe,	100	48	35	15	30	45	590	6	17	31	0	0	0	—	—	15	0	0	27	17	
Belmullet,	50	5	—	—	10	5	435	4	3	04	0	0	0	1	2	0	15	0	0	26	19
Swinsford,	128	29	28	7	115	29	956	9	17	75	6	0	0	6	18	0	15	0	0	33	15
Westport,	31	0	14	1	28	0	73	0	12	6	6	0	0	—	—	15	0	0	21	12	
	441	164	113	32	282	160	3,120	53	7	43	30	0	0	2	2	3	73	0	0	141	10
MEATH:																					
Kells, .	143	54	30	18	129	51	664	5	3	31	11	19	9	4	7	3	40	0	0	61	18
Navan, .	147	67	126	14	134	42	887	5	0	7	0	8	3	17	14	0	60	0	0	72	0
	290	121	216	32	263	93	1,551	10	3	108	21	3	3	22	1	3	100	0	0	133	13
MOWATHE:																					
Carrickma- cross,	144	41	80	24	105	40	522	4	17	0	0	0	0	6	13	11	35	0	0	32	10
Castleblayney,	144	89	67	11	143	89	550	7	7	5	6	0	0	5	12	11	40	0	0	32	0
Clonm., .	62	27	33	13	49	37	370	3	2	4	6	0	0	7	8	5	35	0	0	51	10
	340	157	179	37	295	166	1,542	15	7	2	18	0	0	22	14	11	110	0	0	166	3
QUEEN'S:																					
Abbeyfeix, Borris-in- Osney, Strathally,	73	10	93	1	73	19	802	9	13	69	3	0	0	1	7	0	35	0	0	35	0
	23	4	—	—	27	1	116	6	19	51	6	0	0	1	4	0	25	0	0	33	0
	20	2	1	—	23	6	16	1	4	6	6	0	0	1	12	3	25	0	0	33	16
	124	27	94	4	123	26	934	4	17	9	13	0	0	4	3	3	75	0	0	162	1
ROSSKILL:																					
Athlone, .	82	45	14	22	42	43	507	3	1	2	2	0	0	2	0	5	15	0	0	28	1
Bogin, .	91	38	29	6	56	35	681	5	14	0	0	0	0	4	7	9	15	0	0	31	1
Chesham, Stokestown,	73	20	53	5	63	25	379	9	9	5	3	0	0	3	19	1	10	0	0	23	8
	177	51	82	2	165	23	360	8	14	70	5	0	0	4	15	2	15	0	0	32	10
	350	126	168	31	300	125	2,236	13	10	9	21	0	0	15	2	5	60	0	0	118	2
SLEIGH:																					
Ballymote, .	53	12	3	—	49	11	503	2	8	5	6	0	0	4	15	11	40	0	0	53	7
TIPPERARY, N.E.																					
Borrisokane, .	41	15	14	3	40	15	374	1	16	3	7	2	11	3	1	7	30	0	0	45	0
Newport,	136	6	70	—	80	4	473	3	17	11	6	15	11	4	17	11	36	0	0	45	11
Roscrea,	252	48	138	29	179	40	937	6	3	11	9	7	8	7	9	1	39	0	0	52	2
Templemore,	701	33	116	17	136	32	525	3	3	10	10	0	7	5	3	9	30	0	0	50	16
Thurles,	878	41	219	11	212	89	1,372	7	13	6	13	17	3	17	5	10	62	1	2	66	3
	3082	144	609	49	673	150	3,984	33	10	4	32	3	7	41	1	2	172	7	5	200	16

(continued.)

* The wife of each Keeper has been appointed Matron of the respective Bridewells at salaries of £3 per annum each, com-
mencing last August, but none has as yet been paid them.

TABLE XXVI. continued.—COMMITTEES to and EXPENSES of BRIDEWELLS, in the Year 1859.

COUNTIES AND BRIDEWELLS.	Number of Commit- tals.		Of whom were Drunk- ards.		Number sup- ported at Public Expenses.		Number of Men actually lodged.		Cost of Meals.	Cost of Straw, Candles, Fuel, &c.	Incidental Expenses.	Keeper's Salary.	TOTAL.	Cost of Bridewell per head per day.
TIPPERARY, S.R.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.			£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	M. F.
Cahore, . . .	250	26	143	31	233	97	1,114	11 10 7	17 3 6	4 3 11	25 0 0	70 0 0	3-04	2-24
Carrick-on- Sule, . . .	351	100	207	24	230	91	1,569	12 13 5	10 10 1	2 7 0	25 0 0	60 17 6	4-38	3-05
Cashel, . . .	512	89	432	41	433	84	2,605	14 12 4	20 7 4	20 10 1	25 0 0	85 3 9	2-75	2-08
Cloughra, . .	139	16	59	8	111	15	625	3 8 4	14 7 3	7 7 10	25 0 0	60 3 4	2-75	2-75
Newberrin- ham, . . .	30	6	24	—	82	0	475	4 17 10	14 10 10	11 5 9	25 0 0	63 19 5	5	4
Tipperary, . .	950	139	731	40	400	108	2,807	17 3 0	30 5 0	20 10 3	40 0 0	164 8 4	3-25	3-25
	1596	235	1072	159	1003	401	8,555	63 12 10	103 0 4	63 10 4	220 0 0	437 13 0	—	—
TRADE:														
Cloughra, . .	51	22	21	6	51	22	418	8 8 10	12 15 3	4 13 1	40 0 0	70 17 2	4	—
Dungannon, . .	297	100	156	28	211	97	2,142	14 3 8	15 14 5	8 11 10	40 0 0	141 3 4	3-0	3-5
Strabane, . .	98	47	35	25	65	44	504	8 4 5	6 15 8	8 11 2	40 0 0	60 11 5	4-5	4-5
	386	169	184	50	328	163	2,924	20 16 0	25 5 7	21 10 1	50 13 4	290 13 10	—	—
WATERFORD:														
Dungarvan, . .	193	55	83	5	188	53	1,395	9 7 2	8 0 0	20 11 6	35 0 0	103 15 8	3-75	3-43
Iismore, . . .	80	15	41	1	56	8	797	5 15 5	6 8 0	1 10 0	20 0 0	33 5 5	3-75	3-25
	269	70	124	6	244	61	2,192	15 2 5	14 0 0	20 1 6	55 0 0	136 11 1	—	—
WESTMIDLAND:														
Meath, . . .	101	35	27	15	98	58	738	5 11 5	7 13 4	10 14 4	35 0 0	88 19 1	3-0	2-9
WEXFORD:														
Ennisceorty, . .	81	60	12	—	67	58	872	8 1 8	3 15 0	4 1 11	30 0 0	45 15 7	5	5
Geray, . . .	52	3	12	1	49	9	462	4 10 0	3 5 11	5 8 7	30 0 0	41 4 6	5	5
New Ross, . .	114	23	53	—	99	19	297	5 5 3	0 17 4	2 7 4	30 0 0	54 9 11	5-5	5
	247	91	77	1	176	86	1,631	16 10 11	6 15 3	8 17 10	90 0 0	123 13 0	—	—
WICKLOW:														
Ballinglass, . .	78	14	24	5	78	14	1,583	10 15 11	29 15 8	102 5 3	50 0 0	192 15 11	2	3
Tinahely, . .	24	14	1	—	13	12	218	2 0 8	6 0 0	0 8 2	25 0 0	33 8 10	3	4
	102	28	25	5	91	26	2,100	12 14 7	35 15 8	102 11 5	75 0 0	225 4 5	—	—
	1520	420	1022	100	1219	400	8,485	60 15 5	1,063 17 2	232 14 1	1,000 0 0	2,021 15 0	—	—
Total, 1859, . .	85,100	12,200	18,120	—	60,480	—	60,480	60 15 5	1,063 17 2	232 14 1	1,000 0 0	2,021 15 0	—	—
Total, 1858, . .	85,120	12,200	18,120	—	60,480	—	60,480	60 15 5	1,063 17 2	232 14 1	1,000 0 0	2,021 15 0	—	—
Difference in 1859, Increase in 1858, . .	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

* Meters.

† Rations.

‡ Including £30 for repairs.

APPENDIX TO TABLE XXVI.—Comparative Statement of Bridewell Expenses in 1858 and 1859.

County, &c., wherein the Expense Incurred in 1829.				County, &c., wherein the Expense Incurred in 1830.			
County, &c.	Expense.		Expense in 1829.	County, &c.	Expense.		Expense in 1830.
	1829.	1830.			1829.	1830.	
Cork County, . . .	£ 8. 13 7	£ 7. 12 5	8 18 10	Antrim, . . .	£ 12 13 7	£ 12 15 1	12 16 6
County, . . .	178 4 4	184 10 5	5 16 6	Armagh, . . .	178 8 2	145 12 0	23 15 8
Fermagh, . . .	25 8 10	33 6 8	7 17 9	Carraig, . . .	121 18 8	121 17 0	0 1 4
Lisnakeil, . . .	200 3 6	311 14 1	2 10 7	Clare, . . .	183 15 6	181 4 2	2 13 4
Mayo, . . .	140 12 0	141 10 7	0 17 7	Cork City, . . .	239 3 3	271 19 8	37 3 7
Monaghan, . . .	165 6 8	165 2 1	0 15 3	Derna, . . .	335 9 2	225 16 8	9 12 6
Tipperary, N.H., . . .	276 11 8	299 16 9	14 5 1	Galway, . . .	484 0 0	381 17 5	102 8 7
Town, . . .	278 16 0	280 13 10	1 15 9	Kerry, . . .	236 15 11	229 8 9	6 6 2
Westmeath, . . .	45 10 9	83 10 1	33 2 4	Kilkenney, . . .	93 17 4	86 10 1	7 16 3
Wicklow, . . .	218 1 1	220 4 0	13 3 8	Kings, . . .	100 6 4	12 14 8	8 11 7
1829, . . .	£ 3,41 17 7	—	—	Lisnakeil, . . .	104 14 7	25 9 6	9 5 1
1830, . . .	—	£ 3,43 1 3	—	Londonderry, . . .	112 11 2	104 1 10	8 3 4
Increase in 1829, . . .	—	—	80 8 8	Louth, . . .	47 17 7	64 16 6	2 18 1
				Meath, . . .	129 10 2	123 13 4	5 14 10
				Queen's, . . .	104 9 10	102 1 3	2 8 8
				Monaghan, . . .	140 12 1	118 2 2	21 9 11
				Sligo, . . .	55 5 0	53 7 7	1 17 0
				Tipperary, S.H., . . .	549 5 0	437 18 0	111 7 0
				Waterford, . . .	145 0 6	124 3 1	21 6 7
				Wexford, . . .	142 3 3	122 12 0	20 11 3
				1829, . . .	£ 3,20 10 0	—	—
				1830, . . .	—	£ 3,236 17 3	—
				Decrease in 1829, . . .	—	—	377 12 6
				Increase in 1829, . . .	—	—	49 3 1
				Total Decrease, . . .	—	—	284 9 0

TABLE XXVII.—LIST OF PRISONS.

County.	Site.	Class of Prison.	County.	Site.	Class of Prison.
NORTH DISTRICT.					
Antrim.	Belfast.	County Gaol & House of Correction.	Londonderry.	Londonderry.	County Gaol.
	Antrim.	Bridewell.		Coleraine.	Bridewell.
	Ballymena.	ditto.		Magherafelt.	ditto.
	Ballymore.	ditto.		Newtownhamilton.	ditto.
Armagh.	Armagh.	County Gaol.	Longford.	Longford.	County Gaol.
	Ballytot.	Bridewell.	Leath.	Dundalk.	ditto.
	Lurgan.	ditto.		Ardee.	Bridewell.
	Markethill.	ditto.		Drogheda.	Town Gaol.
	Newtownhamilton.	ditto.	Mayo.	Castlebar.	County Gaol.
Cavan.	Cavan.	County Gaol.		Ballina.	Bridewell.
	Ballinacorney.	Bridewell.		Ballinrobe.	ditto.
	Ballyvaughan.	ditto.		Belmullet.	ditto.
	Castell.	ditto.		Swinsford.	ditto.
				Westport.	ditto.
Down.	Lifford.	County Gaol.	Meath.	Trim.	County Gaol.
	Buncrana.	Bridewell.		Kells.	Bridewell.
	Downpatrick.	ditto.		Navan.	ditto.
	Downpatrick.	ditto.	Monaghan.	Monaghan.	County Gaol.
	Letterkenny.	ditto.		Carrikkmore.	Bridewell.
Dublin.	Downpatrick.	County Gaol.		Castledragney.	ditto.
	Newry.	Bridewell.		Clones.	ditto.
	Newtownards.	ditto.	Roscommon.	Roscommon.	County Gaol.
Fermanagh.	Finniskillen.	County Gaol.		Athlone.	Bridewell.
	Newtownbutler.	Bridewell.		Boyle.	ditto.
Leitrim.	Carrikk-on-Shan.	County Gaol.		Castletagh.	ditto.
	Ballinamore.	Bridewell.		Strakestown.	ditto.
	Manorhamilton.	ditto.	Sligo.	Sligo.	County Gaol.
				Ballymote.	Bridewell.

continued

TABLE XXVII. continued.—LIST of PRISONS.

County.	Site.	Class of Prison.	County.	Site.	Class of Prison.
NORTH DISTRICT—continued.			Kildare, .	Naas, .	County Gaol.
Tyrene, .	Omagh, .	County Gaol.	Asby, .	ditto.	ditto.
	Clogher, .	Bridewell.	Kilkenny, .	Kilkenny, .	ditto.
	Doonagadoo, .	ditto.		Callan, .	Bridewell.
	Strahane, .	ditto.		Thomastown, .	ditto.
Westmeath, .	Mullingar, .	County Gaol.		Uxlingford, .	ditto.
	Monks, .	Bridewell.		Kilkenny, .	City Gaol.
SOUTH DISTRICT.			King's Co., .	Tullamore, .	County Gaol.
				Parsonstown, .	District Bridewell.
Carlow, .	Carlow, .	County Gaol.	Limerick, .	Limerick, .	County Gaol.
Clare, .	Ennis, .	ditto.		Bruff, .	Bridewell.
	Ennistimon, .	Bridewell.		Croom, .	ditto.
	Killaloe, .	ditto.		Glin, .	ditto.
	Kilrush, .	ditto.		Kilfinnec, .	ditto.
	Skirrebedge, .	ditto.		Newcastle, .	ditto.
	Tulla, .	ditto.		Rathkeale, .	ditto.
Cork, .	Cork, .	County Gaol.		Limerick, .	City Gaol.
	Pandon, .	Bridewell.	Queen's Co., .	Maryborough, .	County Gaol.
	Bantry, .	ditto.		Abbeyleix, .	Bridewell.
	Castletown, .	ditto.		Borris-in-Osney, .	ditto.
	Charleville, .	ditto.		Stradbally, .	ditto.
	Classakilly, .	ditto.	Tipperary, .	Near, .	County Gaol.
	Dunamaury, .	ditto.		Near, .	Bridewell.
	Fermoy, .	ditto.		Newport, .	ditto.
	Kantark, .	ditto.		Roscrea, .	ditto.
	Kinsale, .	ditto.		Templemore, .	ditto.
	Marree, .	ditto.		Thurles, .	ditto.
	Mallow, .	ditto.	Tipperary, .	Clocomel, .	County Gaol.
	Middleton, .	ditto.		Cahir, .	Bridewell.
	Millstreet, .	ditto.		Curick-co-Gair, .	ditto.
	Mitchelstown, .	ditto.		Cashel, .	ditto.
	Queensdown, .	ditto.		Glaghacoe, .	ditto.
	Scibberden, .	ditto.		New Birmingham, .	ditto.
	Youghal, .	ditto.		Tipperary, .	ditto.
	Cork, .	City Gaol.	Waterford, .	Waterford, .	County Gaol.
	Cork, .	Bridewell.		Doonagadoo, .	Bridewell.
Galway, .	Galway, .	County Gaol.		Lismore, .	ditto.
	Ballinasloe, .	Bridewell.		Waterford, .	City Gaol.
	Clifden, .	ditto.		Waterford, .	House of Correction.
	Eyrenewry, .	ditto.	Wexford, .	Wexford, .	County Gaol.
	Gort, .	ditto.		Ennisconny, .	Bridewell.
	Loughrea, .	ditto.		Gorey, .	ditto.
	Oughterard, .	ditto.		New Ross, .	ditto.
	Portlanna, .	ditto.	Wicklow, .	Wicklow, .	County Gaol.
	Tulla, .	ditto.		Ballinglass, .	District Bridewell.
	Woodford, .	ditto.		Timahilly, .	Bridewell.
	Galway, .	Town Gaol.	DUBLIN DISTRICT.		
Kerry, .	Trillick, .	County Gaol.	Dublin, .	Kilmainham, .	County Gaol.
	Caldermoyle, .	Bridewell.		Richmond Bridge, .	County Gaol and House of Correction.
	Castleside, .	ditto.		Gangegorman-lane, .	ditto (female).
	Dioge, .	ditto.		Marshall-lane, .	Four Courts Marshalsea.
	Kennedy, .	ditto.			
	Killarney, .	ditto.			
	Lestowel, .	ditto.			
	Miltown, .	ditto.			
	Tarbert, .	ditto.			

APPENDIX II.

REPORTS ON SEPARATE PRISONS.

NORTH DISTRICT.

COUNTY OF ANTRIM GAOL, AT BELFAST.—VISITED THE 24TH OF SEPTEMBER, 1859.

NORTH DISTRICT.

County of Antrim Gaol.

State.

Denomination of Class.	No. in each Class.			No. Sick in Hospital.		
	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.
Master Debtors, ...	10	1	11	—	—	—
Pauper Debtors, ...	6	2	8	—	1	1
UNTRIED.						
For Felony, ...	2	—	2	—	—	—
„ Larceny, ...	4	3	7	—	—	—
„ Misdemeanors, ...	1	—	1	—	—	—
TRIED.						
<i>Cases Disposed of at Assizes and Sessions.</i>						
<i>Of Felony or Larceny:—</i>						
To Imprisonment, ...	17	13	30	—	2	2
<i>Disposed of Summarily.</i>						
For Larceny, ...	24	21	45	—	—	—
In default of Bail, ...	12	5	17	—	—	—
Non-payment of Fines and Penalties, ...	10	20	30	—	—	—
Other Misdemeanors, ...	25	13	38	—	1	1
Vagrants, ...	2	3	5	—	1	1
Drunkards, ...	1	3	4	—	—	—
Dangerous Lunatics, ...	2	2	4	—	—	—
Gross Totals, ...	116	66	202	—	5	5

Offences, &c., of Juveniles Classified at the time of Inspection.

	10 Years and under.		16 Years and above 10.		20 Years and above 16.	
	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.
Summary Convictions, ...	—	1	7	7	—	—
Twice imprisoned, ...	—	—	1	—	—	—
Three times imprisoned, ...	—	—	1	1	—	—
Five times imprisoned and upwards, ...	—	1	3	4	—	—

Total number of all classes in gaol on the day of inspection, and on the corresponding day for the three preceding years:—

	M.	F.	Total.		M.	F.	Total.
1856, .	109	75	184	1858, .	119	78	197
1857, .	162	71	233	1859, .	116	86	202

NORTH
DISTRICT.
County of
Antrim
Goal.

Commitments, Re-commitments, and Averages.

From 1st January to 31st December, 1858.

	M.	F.
Commitments—Debtors, . . .	104	9
Criminals, . . .	1,306	849
Vagrants, . . .	29	15
Drunkards, . . .	234	425
Lunatics, . . .	21	7
Total, . . .	1,574	1,305
Re-commitments—Once, . . .	67	105
Twice, . . .	27	48
Thrice, . . .	10	20
Four times and more, . . .	5	30
Total, . . .	109	203
Average daily number, including Debtors, . . .	139½	71½
Highest at any one time, . . .	210	78
Lowest ditto, . . .	103	58
Average daily number in Hospital, . . .	1	4

From 1st Jan. to day of Inspection, 1858.

	M.	F.
Commitments—Debtors, . . .	90	10
Criminals, . . .	764	748
Vagrants, . . .	16	14
Drunkards, . . .	212	290
Lunatics, . . .	17	11
Total, . . .	1,099	1,073
Re-commitments—Once, . . .	65	111
Twice, . . .	15	37
Thrice, . . .	3	15
Four times and more, . . .	2	21
Total, . . .	85	184
Average daily number, . . .	133½	83½
Highest at any one time, . . .	166	109
Lowest ditto, . . .	109	53
Average daily number in Hospital, . . .	½	4

Upon examining the foregoing records, which present a very accurate estimate of the occupants of the prison, we do not find any change of such a character as to demand special notice, when we take into consideration the rapidly increasing population of Belfast. There is observable, on the one hand, a proportionate excess in the female commitments and re-commitments, which are chiefly derived from the class of prostitutes and disorderly persons, upon whom, the periods of confinement being very short, no good discipline, however stringent, ordinarily produces a salutary effect. On the other hand, there is an advance in the number of lunatics, which appears to be attributable to the religious excitement latterly prevalent, especially in this province. Juvenile offences exhibit a decline; and vagrancy, properly so termed, is greatly reduced. There were no prisoners under rule of penal servitude, but there were four, two of each sex, who were ascertained to be "returned convicts."

Accommodation.

	M.	F.		M.	F.
Wards, . . .	11	2	Workshops, . . .	107	-
Yards, . . .	23	15	Kitchens—One, . . .	-	-
Day Rooms, . . .	4	1	Store Rooms, . . .	3	2
Solitary Cells, . . .	8	8	Laundries, . . .	-	1
Single Cells, not less in size than 9 ft. long, 6 ft. wide, 8 ft. high, containing 432 cubic feet, . . .	-	-	Drying Rooms, . . .	-	2
Single Cells of larger size, . . .	329	103	Lavatories, . . .	2	1
Hospital Rooms, . . .	5	5	Baths, . . .	1	1
Chapels—One, . . .	-	-	Privies, . . .	8	1
School-rooms—Chapel used as a School-room, . . .	-	-	Water-closets, . . .	27½	103
Workshops—One, Carpenters, weavers, tailors, and shoemakers work in cells, . . .	-	-	Reception Rooms, . . .	4	3
			Wells, . . .	-	1
			Other machines for labour—a crank pump for raising water to supply the prisoners, &c., . . .	-	-

Stock at the time of Inspection.

		Male Clothing.		Female Clothing.	
Pairs Blankets, . . .	471	Shirts, . . .	468	Pairs Slippers, . . .	395
Pairs Sheets, . . .	724	Jackets, . . .	283	Caps, . . .	150
Rugs, . . .	409	Trowsers, . . .	244	Shifts, . . .	140
Hammocks or Cots, . . .	358	Caps, . . .	323	Gowns, . . .	120
Bed-ticks, . . .	410	Socks or Stockings, . . .	40	Petticoats, . . .	100
		Pairs Clogs, . . .	255	Stockings, . . .	40
				Shoes, . . .	100

NORTH
DESCHART.
County of
Antrim
Gaol.

I found the prison throughout in a most creditable condition of order, cleanliness, and discipline, and amply supplied with bedding, blankets, sheets, and clothing. The atmosphere of the cells is strikingly improved; a result which seems to have been produced by the acclimatization of the building in process of time. The sewerage is effective, and a well within the walls is in progress of sinking, which, when completed, will save a considerable sum now expended in the purchase of water from the Town Commissioners. Since the last inspection a steam-engine, for pumping, has been erected, but the crank pump is still occasionally employed, the use of it being considered by the Medical Officer to be a salutary change of exercise.

No other alteration has taken place; and, as it is unnecessary to recapitulate minutely what has been so frequently detailed in former reports, it only remains for me to state that complete separation, for both sexes (except that in the female quarter those engaged in mangling are temporarily associated, an exception which is about to be remedied), is strictly carried out, without detriment to bodily or mental health, but with the important moral advantages inseparable from the prevention of mutual contamination.

The lock-up is attended by the Governor, and the regularity of the circuits of the night patrol is measured and recorded by a tell-tale clock.

Punishments for Prison Offences.

<i>From 1st January to 31st December, 1858.</i>			<i>From 1st January to day of Inspection, 1858.</i>		
	M.	F.		M.	F.
Punishment Cells, ...	—	—	Punishment Cells, ...	14	4
Other Punishments, ...	252	92	Other Punishments, ...	173	45

Employment—Industrial Labour.

MALES.		FEMALES.	
Breaking stones, ...	29	Washing, ...	30
freestones, ...	3	Sewing, ...	5
Filling stones, ...	4	Veining, ...	17
Staking pump, ...	3	Flowering, ...	5
Weaving, ...	8	Spinning, ...	3
Winding yarn, ...	2	Cordling wool, ...	2
Making mats, ...	6	Quilting, ...	2
Carpenter, ...	1	Knitting, ...	2
Plasterer, ...	1	Prison duties, ...	3
Tailor, ...	3	School, ...	8
Shoemakers, ...	3	Sick and unfit to work, ...	7
Cooking for prisoners, ...	6	Female debtors not employed, ...	3
Prison duties, ...	11		
Attending school, 1st class from 10 to 1 o'clock, ...	12		
Debtors unemployed, ...	16		
Sick and unfit to work, ...	8		

The foregoing schedule exhibits a large amount of activity and industrial employment, and a variety of occupations, of which the laundry department is by far the most productive. "Punitive" or "hard labour" is almost, if not quite a nullity here, for the crank-pump is nearly superseded by the steam-engine referred to above, and stone-breaking is carried on without distinction, as has been remarked in former reports.

Total of net profit produced by articles disposed of outside the gaol, and return of same for the last two years, separately:—

1857, . . £802 18s. 1½d. | 1858, . . £873 11s. 7d.

Schools.

School-hours.—Males, from 10 o'clock till 1 o'clock, p.m. Tradesmen, from 2½ o'clock to 4 o'clock. Females, from 12 o'clock till 1½ o'clock.

Number of individual prisoners attending school during the year 1858.

MALES.		FEMALES.	
1858, ...	371	1858, ...	160

NORTH DISTRICT. County of Antrim Gaol.	Average number attending daily.	
	MALES.	FEMALES.
1856,	19	10
Number sentenced during the year 1856 to—		
Solitary confinement,	M. 1	M. 12
	Whipping,	

The prisoners of both sexes are taught daily in the chapel, for the periods specified, by a competent master; the matron, of course, attending the females during instruction. The Chaplains of this prison visit the school frequently, and record their observations upon its administration, a very satisfactory practice, which operates as a stimulant both to the pupils and to the teachers.

Dietary and Contracts.

Males.—Breakfast—8 oz. meal made into stirabout and 1 pint buttermilk. Dinner—14 oz. white bread and 1 pint new milk.

Females.—Breakfast—7 oz. meal made into stirabout and 1 pint buttermilk. Dinner—12 oz. white bread and $\frac{3}{4}$ pint new milk.

Boys and girls under fifteen years.—Breakfast—5 oz. meal made into stirabout and 1 pint buttermilk. Dinner—8 oz. white bread and $\frac{3}{4}$ pint gruel. Supper—4 oz. white bread.

Males and females sentenced to one calendar month imprisonment and under get gruel, in place of milk, for dinner.

Contracts.—Bread, per cwt., 11s.; new milk, per gallon, 8d.; buttermilk, per gallon, 2d.; coals, per ton, 10s. 9d.

Net cost of dietary per day for each prisoner on the day of inspection and on the corresponding day in the three preceding years:—

1859, . 2½d. | 1858, . 2½d. | 1857, . 3½d.

There were no complaints of the provisions, which upon tasting I found to be of good quality. The Chaplains were regular in their inspection of the different articles of consumption, entering their opinions, but not in the form recommended by the Inspectors-General.

Books and Accounts.

All the registries, and the books relating to matters of discipline and expenditure, as well as the journals of the respective officers, are kept with fulness and accuracy.

Total net cost of gaol, including dietary, salaries, for the three preceding years, separately:—

1856, . £2,577 6s. 3d. | 1857, . £2,465 11s. 8d. | 1858, . £2,411 8s. 7d.

Officers and Salaries.

	£	s.	d.		£	s.	d.
Rev. Richard Oulton, Local Inspector, ...	150	0	0	John Martin, ...	35	0	0
T. H. Purdon, Surgeon, ...	74	0	0	Edward McKinney, ...	35	0	0
James Moore, Apothecary, ...	—			Robert Blair, ...	35	0	0
Rev. Chas. Allen, Protestant Chaplain, ...	46	3	1	William Campbell, Weaver, ...	35	0	0
Rev. Geo. Shaw, Presbyterian Chaplain, ...	46	3	1	George Hancock, ...	35	0	0
Rev. George Conway, Roman Catholic Chaplain, ...	46	3	1	Samuel Young, ...	35	0	0
John Forbes, Governor, ...	800	0	0	Thomas McBride, Tailor, ...	35	0	0
Wm. Skilken, Deputy Governor, ...	75	0	0	William Gorman, ...	35	0	0
John McAuley, ...	45	0	0	John Howell, Schoolmaster, ...	40	0	0
James Gorman, Shoemaker, ...	45	0	0	Mrs. Ashe, Matron, ...	45	0	0
John Mullan, ...	40	0	0	Miss Mullan, Assist. Matron, ...	30	0	0
David Beattie, ...	40	0	0	Eliza Scannell, Hospital Nurse, ...	20	0	0
Robert Auld, ...	40	0	0	Matilda Pollock, Launderess, ...	27	10	0
				Maria Stewart, Assistant Launderess, ...	21	0	0
				Terence Reilly, Messenger, ...	20	16	0
				Ellen Poag, Servant, ...	9	2	0

Since the last inspection, three vacancies, which occurred among the warders, have been duly filled.

The extern officers and the Governor receive their salaries at each assizes, and the remainder are paid monthly. The warders, three of whom are handicraftsmen, viz., a shoemaker, a weaver, and a tailor, are provided with uniforms and fire-arms, but not with rations, which are supplied only to a female servant in charge of the office and Board-room.

NORTH
DISTRICT.
County of
Antrim
Gaol.

Officers' Visits.

	From 1st Jan. to 31st Dec. in the Year 1855.	From 1st Jan. up to day of Inspection, 1855.
Local Inspector, ...	136	76
Surgeon, &c., ...	151	114
Protestant Chaplain, ...	133	111
Presbyterian or Dissenting Chaplain, ...	156	116
Roman Catholic Chaplain, ...	152	103

The attendance of the extern officers are totted up, and submitted to the Board of Superintendence at their monthly meetings.

Hospitals.

The hospital accommodation, though small in comparison with the other quarters of the establishment, is sufficient for the requirements of the sick; the slighter cases being dealt with in the cells, in order to maintain, as far as possible, the integrity of the "separate system." Indeed, no better commentary can be offered upon the innocuousness of this system, when carefully administered, than the fact that at my inspection *there was not one patient suffering under acute disease*; the rooms being occupied solely by pregnant females, by those who had lately been delivered, and by one person labouring under *chronic delirium*.

Number in hospital, total number of days and cost of medicine, and number of deaths for the last three years; each year separately:—

	1855.	1857.	1858.
Number in Hospital, ...	49	39	39
Total number of days, ...	1,043	1,082	1,799
Deaths, ...	4	2	3
Cost of medicine, ...	£11 4s. 1d.	£14 6s. 7d.	£10 3s. 1d.

Board of Superintendence.

Robt. Thompson, esq., J.P.	Conway R. Debbs, esq., J.P.	James R. Leslie, esq., J.P.
Ths. Montgomery, esq., J.P.	Saml. G. Fenton, esq., J.P.	George J. Clarke, esq., J.P.
John Clarke, esq., J.P.	Rev. R. W. Bland, J.P.	John Dickey, esq., J.P.
Thomas Verner, esq., J.P.	Charles O'Hara, esq., J.P.	Henry M'Neill, esq., J.P.

The Board assembles monthly for the transaction of general business, and for the discharge of liabilities by means of cheques, under the signatures of three members, payable to the several creditors. In the interval between each meeting, it would be very desirable that one member of the Board should inspect the gaol at some indefinite and unexpected period, according to his own convenience.

Bridewells.

The annexed tabular synopsis of the county bridewells is compiled from the observations of the Inspector-General and Local Inspector at their respective visits.

Bridewells.

NORTH
DISTRICT.

STATE OF BRIDEWELLS.

County of Antrim	Ballymoney.		Ballymena.		Antrim.	
<i>Bridewells.</i>	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.
No. of Commitments in past year, . . .	175	61	492	133	308	120
Of whom were Drunkards, . . .	73	31	263	38	96	22
No. of Commitments in the quarter preced- ing inspection, . .	22	9	90	34	60	28
Of whom were Drunkards, . . .	10	1	29	9	24	10
Petty Sessions, . .	Petty Sessions first and third Monday of each month.		Fortnightly.		Monthly.	
Transmittals, . . .	Direct.		Direct.		Regular.	
Commitments, . . .	Correct.		Correct.		Correct.	
Registry, ...	Correct.		Correct.		Correct.	
Repairs and Order, .	In fair repair.		Pretty good.		Good.	
Security, ...	Quite inadequate.		Inadequate.		Adequate.	
Accommodation . .	Inadequate.		Sufficient.		Ample.	
Bedding & Furniture,	Some beds wanted, drunkards being henceforth to be kept in the police lock-up.		Sufficient.		Good and sufficient.	
Water, ...	Sufficient.		Abundant.		Supplied by pumps.	
Sewerage, ...	Ineffective.		Effective.		Effective.	
Dryness, Ventilation, and Cleanliness,	Tolerably venti- lated, but some- what damp in moist weather.		Day-rooms very dark.		Satisfactory.	
Cost of Dietary, per head, per day,	5d. for both sexes.		5d. for both sexes.		5d. for both sexes.	
Salary of Keeper, .	£20 0 0		£20 0 0		£20 0 0	
Whether Keeper fol- lows any other em- ployment,	None.		Court-keeper.		Court-keeper.	
Remarks, ...	Local Board formed; a consta- bulary lock-up has been built here.		Local Board formed.		Local Board formed; a consta- bulary lock-up about to be built.	

J. CORY CONNELLAN, *Inspector-General.*

COUNTY OF ARMAGH GAOL, AT ARMAGH.—VISITED THE 28TH OF APRIL, 1859.

NORTH DISTRICT.

County of Armagh Gaol.

State.

Denomination of Class.	No. in each Class.			No. Sick in Hospital.		
	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.
Master Debtors, ...	1	—	1	—	—	—
Pamper Debtors, ...	2	—	2	—	—	—
UNTRIED.						
For Felony, ...	6	—	6	—	—	—
Debtors, ...	1	—	1	1	—	1
TRIED.						
<i>Cases Disposed of at Assizes and Sessions.</i>						
Of Felony or Larceny:—						
To Imprisonment, ...	13	5	18	2	—	2
Of Misdemeanors, &c., ...	9	2	11	—	—	—
<i>Disposed of Summarily.</i>						
Offences under Larceny Act, . .	3	6	9	—	—	—
In default of Bail, ...	2	3	5	—	—	—
Non-payment of Fines and Penalties, .	1	6	7	—	1	1
Other Misdemeanors, ...	5	1	6	—	—	—
Drunkards, ...	1	—	1	—	—	—
Dangerous Lunatics, ...	5	2	7	—	—	—
Gross Totals, ...	40	25	65	3	1	4

Offences, &c., of Juveniles Classified at the time of Inspection.

Summary Convictions—Other offences, 1 male and 1 female, between 10 and 16 years of age.

Total number of all classes in gaol on the day of inspection, and on the corresponding day for the three preceding years:—

1859, 74. | 1858, 86. | 1857, 60. | 1856, 74.

Committals, Re-committals, and Averages.

From 1st January to 31st December, 1858. | From 1st January to day of Inspection, 1859.

	M. F.			M. F.	
	M.	F.		M.	F.
Committals—Debtors, ...	17	2	Committals—Debtors, ...	5	1
Criminals, ...	366	203	Criminals, ...	90	33
Vagrants, ...	11	6	Vagrants, ...	1	3
Drunkards, ...	99	90	Drunkards, ...	33	23
Lunatics, ...	12	5	Lunatics, ...	4	1
Total, ...	505	306	Total, ...	133	68
Re-committals—Once, ...	36	22	Re-committals—Once, ...	3	5
Twice, ...	5	4	Twice, ...	1	1
Thrice, ...	—	4	Thrice, ...	—	—
Four times and more, ...	3	5	Four times and more, ...	—	—
Total, ...	44	35	Total, ...	4	7
Average daily number, ...	47.33	27.03	Average daily number, ...	27	26
Highest at any one time, ...	63	38	Highest at any one time, ...	54	34
Lowest ditto, ...	34	19	Lowest ditto, ...	26	21
Average daily number in Hospital, ...	3.118	1.197	Average daily number in Hospital, ...	1	1

NORTH
DISTRICT.
County of
Aroona
Gaol.

A comparison of the number in custody on the day of inspection, and on the corresponding days of the three preceding years, does not lead to the conclusion that the diminution in offences has been as normal and progressive here as in some other parts of the Kingdom. A more reliable test of prison population, the daily average in 1858, shows among the males a considerable excess over that in 1857, and but a trifling diminution among the females. This excess is attributed to the existence of party spirit, and to the presence of railway labourers, in the one sex, while in the other the constant recurrence of prostitutes, prevents any great alteration of the aggregate. During the expired portion of the current year, however, the reduction in the average of the males, as contrasted with that of 1858, is an evidence of improvement, which is also to be found in the totals of committals and re-committals in the same period. There were no returned convicts, and no prisoners under sentence of penal servitude, but there were no less than seven lunatics, a class from which it is to be expected that the Legislature will speedily relieve our gaols.

Juvenile offences, I am happy to add, have become very rare, and vagrancy has almost ceased to occupy a place in the registry.

Accommodation.

	M.	F.		M.	F.
Wards, ...	3	2	Workshops, ...	10	-
Yards, ...	15	3	Kitchens, ...	1	-
Day Rooms, ...	2	2	Store Rooms, ...	4	-
Solitary Cells, ...	3	-	Laundries, ...	-	1
Single Cells of larger size, ...	61	38	Drying Rooms, ...	-	1
Cells to contain three persons, ...	11	9	Lavatories, ...	-	2
Sleeping Rooms, ...	7	3	Baths, ...	1	2
No. of Beds in such Rooms, ...	12	2	Privies, ...	4	2
Hospital Rooms, ...	1	1	Water-closets, ...	86	5
Chapels, ...	1	-	Pumps and Wells, ...	1	1
School Rooms (Chapel used), ...	-	-	Tread-wheels, ...	1	-

I found the building in excellent order throughout as to repair, ventilation, and cleanliness, except in the debtors' quarter, which was rather slovenly. The supply of water was abundant, the sewerage effective, and the stock of bedding, blankets, sheets, and clothing, and of raw material, adequate.

A presentment for improving the front of the gaol, and for giving additional accommodation to the Governor, has been temporarily suspended. It is proposed to conduct pipes from the kitchen boiler, for the purpose of supplying the bath-rooms, of heating the drying-rooms, and of boiling the water for washing, the existing system of heating being slow and expensive.

The laundry still remains undivided by partitions, exhibiting the sole deficiency in the means of completely applying the separate system, which in all other respects is very strictly maintained, and carefully administered in this excellent institution.

The lock-up is attended by the Deputy-Governor, and one turnkey patrols at night, without, however, the salutary check of a tell-tale clock.

One prisoner escaped in the course of the year, being employed in the kitchen while it was undergoing repair. The Board, having investigated the case fully, arrived at the decision that no blame was to be attached to the officers of the prison.

The punishments, which were inflicted by the sole authority of the Governor, amounted to four only, since the 1st of January.

Punishments for Prison Offences.

From 1st January to 31st December, 1858.			From 1st January to day of Inspection, 1859.		
	M.	F.		M.	F.
Punishment Cells, ...	-	-	Punishment Cells, ...	-	-
Other Punishments, ...	24	8	Other Punishments, ...	4	4

Escape.—John Blevins, 25 years of age, escaped on the 5th of August, 1858, and has not yet been retaken; he was convicted of stealing wearing apparel, and was confined separately.

Employment.
Industrial Labour.

MALES.			FEMALES.			NORTH DISTRICT. County of Armagh Gaol.
Weaving, ...	9		Knitting, ...	10		
Shoemaking, ...	1		Sewing, ...	6		
Tailoring, ...	1		Veining, ...	3		
Mat-making, ...	2		Prison duties, ...	3		
Stone-breaking, ...	30					
Prison duties, ...	6					
Total, ...	49		Total, ...	22		

No labour of a punitive character is maintained here, as the tread-wheel is disused, and as stone-breaking, which constitutes the only approximation to it, is equally classed under the head of industrial work.

The males are actively, as well as productively, engaged in trades, three of the turnkeys—viz., a tailor, a shoemaker, and a weaver—being handicraftsmen; but the employment of the females is restricted to knitting, needlework, and washing.

Total of net profit produced by articles disposed of outside the gaol, and return of same for the last two years, separately:—

1856, £49 2s. 8d.; 1857, £29 8s. 5d.

Stock at the time of Inspection.

Pairs Blankets, ...	136	Rugs, ...	134	Bed-ticks, ...	116
Pairs Sheets, ...	122	Hammocks or Cots, ...	62		

Male Clothing.

Shirts, ...	83	Trowsers, ...	72	Socks or Stockings, ...	—
Jackets, ...	61	Caps, ...	30	Pairs Shoes, ...	73

Female Clothing.

Caps, ...	206	Gowns, ...	76	Stockings, ...	—
Shifts, ...	51	Petticoats, ...	119	Pairs Shoes, ...	24

Schools.

Instruction is given for two hours on alternate week-days to prisoners of both sexes (a matron being present when the females are taught), by a schoolmaster turnkey. The form of registry recommended by my colleague and myself has been adopted, and the Protestant and Presbyterian Chaplains examine their pupils from time to time, but do not enter their comments on the face of the Record, under the column headed "Remarks." The stalls in the chapel having been found inconvenient for writing, a room has been assigned to this branch of education.

Number of individual prisoners attending school during the year 1857,	M.	F.
Average number attending daily,	106	117
	10	12

Dietary and Contracts.

Class No. 1, Males.—Breakfast—8 oz. of oatmeal in stirabout, and $\frac{1}{2}$ pint new milk. Dinner—14 oz. brown bread, and 1 pint new milk.

Second Class, Females.—Breakfast—7 oz. oatmeal in stirabout and $\frac{1}{2}$ pint new milk. Dinner—12 oz. brown bread, and $\frac{1}{2}$ of a pint of new milk.

Third Class, Males and Females.—Breakfast—5 oz. oatmeal and $\frac{1}{2}$ pint new milk. Dinner—8 oz. brown bread and 1 pint of soup. Supper—4 oz. of brown bread.

Gruel is substituted for milk at dinner twice a-week (on Mondays and Thursdays) for all prisoners, and daily for those whose sentences do not exceed one month.

Contracts.—Bread, white, per cwt., 11s. 8d.; brown bread, per cwt., 10s. 8d.; oatmeal, per cwt., 11s.; new milk, per gallon, 6d.; salt, per cwt., 2s.; coals, per ton, 16s.; straw, per ton, 4s.; candles, per lb., 6d.; soap, per cwt., £1 14s.

Net cost of dietary per day for each prisoner on day of inspection, and on the corresponding day in the three preceding years:—

1856, 2-52d.; 1856, 2-75d.; 1857, 2-32d.; 1856, 2-43d.

NO. 228
DISTRICT.
—
City of
A rough
Goal.

There were no complaints of the diet on the part of the prisoners, but I found some exceptions to the milk recorded by the Chaplains, who inspect the provisions regularly, but have not adopted the separate form submitted by us, which requires an expression of opinion on the quality of each item of consumption.

Books and Accounts.

The books and accounts are kept with laudable care, but it would be desirable that all the forms suggested by the Inspectors-General, several of which have not been yet adopted here, should be observed.

Total net cost of gaol, including dietary and salaries, for the three preceding years, separately:—

1858, £1,473 6s. 6d.; 1857, £1,300 4s.; 1856, £1,344 5s. 1d.

Officers and Salaries.

John M'Klastry, Local Inspector, £80	John Agnew, 2nd Turnkey, Tailor, £30
Rev. J. W. Murray, Protestant Chaplain, 30	John Jenkinson, Schoolmaster, 30
Rev. Wm. Henderson, Presbyterian do. 30	Henry Jenkinson, 3rd Turnkey, Weaver, 33
Rev. Jas. Campbell, R. C. Chaplain, 30	Samuel Walker, 4th Turnkey, 30
Alexander Robinson, Surgeon, —	George Agnew, 5th do. Weaver, 30
Meredith Armstrong, Apothecary, 30	Asaph Moore, 6th do. 30
John M'Cutcheon, Governor, 170	Wm. Jenkinson, 7th do. Shoemaker, 30
Eliza Walker, Matron, 30	Mary Moran, Sub-Matron, 15
John Armstrong, 1st Turnkey, 45	

The surgeon is paid in one presentment for his attendance at the infirmary and the prison. The superior officers receive their salaries half-yearly, and the subordinates quarterly. None of the latter are on the gaol allowance, except the sub-matron. The turnkeys are provided with firearms and uniforms. I am happy to state that the report to me of the conduct of the staff was highly satisfactory.

Officers' Visits.

	From 1st Jan. to 31st Dec. in the Year 1858.	From 1st Jan. up to day of Inspection, 1859.
Local Inspector, ...	107	49
Surgeon, &c., ...	133	37
Protestant Chaplain, ...	161	51
Presbyterian or Dissenting Chaplain, ...	150	50
Roman Catholic Chaplain, ...	143	48

Hospitals.

The hospital, which is very limited in point of accommodation, was not occupied at the period of my visit, and, in consequence of the vacancy caused by the resignation of the hospital matron not being filled, was in rather a neglected condition. It is the practice here, in order to maintain the advantages of the "separate system," to treat all minor cases in the cells.

Number in hospital, total number of days and cost of medicine, and number of deaths for the last three years, each year separately:—

	1854.	1857.	1856.
Number in hospital, ...	108	125	153
Number of days in hospital, ...	1,640	1,816	2,563
Cost of Medicine, ...	£19 2s. 5d.	£21 8s. 1d.	£21 7s. 10d.
Deaths, ...	1	1	1

Board of Superintendence.

Lord Lurgan.	Thomas Dobbin, esq.	John Hancock, esq.
William Paton, esq.	Thomas A. Prentice, esq.	Joseph Atkinson, esq.
Henry L. Prentice, esq.	George Robinson, esq.	Jas. Matthew Stronge, esq.
Maxwell Croes, esq.	James Harden, esq.	Hugh Boyle, esq.

The Board assembles monthly with great regularity, and at each meeting the incidental expenses are defrayed, the discharge of contracts, &c., being reserved for the Assizes, and payment, in all cases, being made by means of cheques, signed by three members of the Board, and countersigned by the Local Inspector.

STATE OF BRIDEWELLS.

NORTH
DISTRICT.
County of
Armagh.
Bridewells.

	Lurgan.		Ballybet.		Markethill.		Newtownhamilton.	
	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.
No. of Commit- tals in past year, . . .	268	118	108	33	91	23	104	36
Of whom were Drunkards,	107	38	39	11	54	11	56	15
No. of Commit- tals in the quarter pre- ceding inspec- tion, . . .	33	22	27	14	28	3	23	10
Of whom were Drunkards,	10	13	10	—	12	—	13	6
Petty Sessions, Transmittals, . Committals, .	Fortnightly. Immediate. Correct.		Weekly. Immediate. <i>One illegal com- mittal in last quarter.</i>		Weekly. Immediate. Correct.		Weekly. Immediate. Correct.	
Registry, . .	Correct.		<i>Constabulary do not sign their names on re- moving prison- ers.</i>		Correct.		Correct.	
Repairs and Order,	Good.		Repairs fair, but now flagging wanted.		Fair.		Good.	
Security,	<i>Imperfect.</i>		Tolerable.		Circuit wall too low.		<i>Imperfect.</i>	
Accommodation,	Sufficient.		Inadequate.		Adequate.		<i>Miserable; the building is ut- terly unfit.</i>	
Bedding, . .	Sufficient.		Sufficient.		Sufficient, ex- cept sheets.		Sufficient.	
Water, . . .	Supply ample.		Undrinkable.		<i>None on pre- mises.</i>		Pump on pre- mises.	
Sewerage, . .	Effective.		Improved.		<i>Not effective.</i>		<i>None.</i>	
Dryness and Ventilation,	Free from damp, and airy.		<i>Dark and damp.</i>		<i>Partially damp.</i>		<i>Dark, damp, and ill-ventilated.</i>	
Cost of Dietary, per head, per day,	3½d., average.		3½d. per day for both sexes.		3½d.		3½d.	
Salary of Keeper, Whether Keeper follows any other employ- ment,	£25 0 0 None.		£20 0 0 None.		£15 0 0 None.		£15 0 0 Holdsworthland.	
Remarks, . .	A deserter es- caped, but was retaken.		—		—		—	

J. CORRY CONNELLAN, Inspector-General.

NORTH
DISTRICT.

COUNTY OF CAYEN GAOL, AT CAYEN.—VISITED THE 15TH OF JUNE, 1859.

County of
Cayen
Gaal.

State.

Denomination of Class.	No. in each Class.			No. Sick in Hospital.		
	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.
Master Debtors, ...	1	—	1	—	—	—
UNTRIED.						
For Felony, ...	5	3	8	—	1	1
„ Misdemeanors, ...	2	1	3	—	1	1
TRIED.						
<i>Cases disposed of at Assizes and Sessions.</i>						
<i>Of Felony or Larceny:—</i>						
To Imprisonment, ...	4	5	9	—	—	—
Of Misdemeanors, &c., ...	3	—	3	—	—	—
<i>Disposed of Summarily.</i>						
For Larceny, ...	3	2	5	—	—	—
In default of Bail, ...	1	2	3	—	—	—
Non-payment of Fines and Penalties, ...	1	—	1	—	—	—
Other Misdemeanors, ...	6	1	7	—	—	—
Dangerous Lunatics, ...	8	9	17	—	1	1
Gross Total, ...	34	23	57	—	3	3

Total number of all classes in gaol on the day of inspection, and on the corresponding day for the three preceding years:—

	M.	F.		M.	F.
1856, ...	35	25	1858, ...	43	30
1857, ...	31	17	1859, ...	34	23

Committals, Re-committals, and Averages.

From 1st January to 31st December, 1858. From 1st January to day of Inspection, 1859.

	M.	F.		M.	F.
Committals—Debtors, ...	23	1	Committals—Debtors, ...	6	1
Criminals, ...	242	110	Criminals, ...	85	28
Vagrants, ...	2	6	Vagrants, ...	—	—
Drunkards, ...	87	50	Drunkards, ...	27	32
Lunatics, ...	10	8	Lunatics, ...	7	6
Total, ...	364	175	Total, ...	127	67
Re-committals—Once, ...	10	14	Re-committals—Once, ...	5	7
Twice, ...	2	4	Twice, ...	—	1
Thrice, ...	1	—	Thrice, ...	—	1
Four times and more, ...	1	2	Four times and more, ...	1	—
Total, ...	14	20	Total, ...	6	9

From 1st January to 31st December, 1858.

From 1st Jan. to day of Inspection, 1859.

	M.	F.		M.	F.
Average daily number, ...	30	27	Average daily number, ...	30	25
Highest at any one time, ...	50	29	Highest at any one time, ...	40	27
Lowest ditto, ...	15	22	Lowest ditto, ...	18	21
Average daily number in hospital, ...	—	2½	Average daily number in hospital, ...	—	3

NORTH
DISTRICT.
County of
Caron
Gaol.

The year 1857 appears to have been exceptional in this county, the total of criminals confined within that period having fallen far below that of the previous year, while 1858 exhibited a large increase; and this latter amount seems likely to be maintained during the current year, the average daily aggregate for the expired portion of it up to the date of my inspection having been almost the same; but it is to be noticed that the proportion of committals is somewhat smaller, thus indicating longer terms of sentence for fewer persons, so that any slight advantage in the number of the offenders is counterbalanced by the gravity of the offences.

There were, I am happy to report, no juvenile delinquents, no vagrants, no workhouse prisoners, and none under rule of penal servitude; there was, however, one returned convict, a male. On the other hand, I have to state with great regret that there were no less than seventeen lunatics—eight males and nine females, *nearly one-third of the inmates*—whose presence in a gaol militates against general discipline, while the absence of all special means for dealing with their infirmity of mind deprives this unhappy class of the probability of recovery.

It is earnestly to be hoped that the *principles*, at least, of the Bill conversant with this subject, which was introduced in the last session of Parliament, will be carried out, and that the prisons will be finally relieved of these most unfit inmates.

Accommodation.

	N.	F.		N.	F.
Yards, ...	8	2	Workshops, ...	3	-
Day Rooms, ...	10	3	Kitchens, ...	1	-
Solitary Cells, ...	4	2	Store Rooms, ...	2	1
Single Cells, not less than 9 feet long, 6 feet wide, and 8 feet high = 432 cubic feet, ...	70	-	Laundries, ...	-	1
Cells to contain three persons, ...	-	18	Baths, ...	1	1
Sleeping Rooms, ...	4	1	Privies, ...	9	1
No. of Beds in such Rooms, ...	12	3	Water-closets, ...	3	3
Hospital Rooms, ...	2	1	Reception Room, ...	1	-
Chapels, ...	1	-	Pumps and Wells, ...	2	-
			Tread-wheels, ...	1	-

The gaol was clean, well ventilated, free from damp, secure, and in sound repair. The sewerage is adequate, but the supply of water was affected by the imperfect action of the tread wheel-pump.

The schedule of stock, including blankets, sheets, and clothing, exhibits in some items, especially in that of shoes, a very scanty amount, when compared with the *highest* number in custody at any one time in this year, for which at least full provision should be made. Clogs, however, are partially issued for use.

Stock at time of Inspection.

		Male Clothing.	Female Clothing.
Pairs Blankets, ...	123	Shirts, ... 127	Caps, ... 48
Pairs Sheets, ...	129	Jackets, ... 76	Shifts, ... 31
Rugs, ...	96	Trowsers, ... 77	Gowns, ... 42
Bed-ticks, ...	120	Caps, ... 142	Petticoats, ... 55
		Pairs Shoes, ... 21	

No alteration except the erection of a new iron gate has been made since the last inspection. With regard to the accommodation, which in many particulars is lamentably deficient, the hospital is a wretched makeshift, the laundry is quite insufficient for the purpose to which it is applied, and there is no drying-room, nor reception room for females on their admission, in direct contravention of the *twenty-sixth* general rule annexed to the 109th section of the Prisons Act, which prescribes that every prisoner shall be examined by the surgeon, "before he or she shall be passed into the proper ward." I learned, however, with satisfaction, that gas is about to be introduced, and that some disposition exists to entertain a plan for establishing in a part of the old prison the above mentioned indispensable requisites, a work of easy execution; and I trust that this intention may be taken as an earnest of future improvements. There are no lavatories, but tubs are supplied for daily ablution, and there are two baths, which are not sufficiently turned to account.

The accommodation for the males being ample, they are classified in compliance with the Prisons Act, and are enabled to sleep and to take their meals in

North
District.
County of
Cleveland
Gaol.

single cells; but when employed on the tread-wheel, or in the stone-breaking yards, which are not divided by partitions, they are necessarily congregated. The females are placed in three sections, according to known or presumed character, and an attempt is made to maintain a certain amount of separation; but the structure of the quarter assigned to them renders this quite illusory, and consequently the prisoners of this sex are constantly exposed to the contaminating influences arising from almost unrestrained association.

The Governor or his deputy attends the lock-up, and one turnkey patrols at night, without, however, the salutary check of a tell-tale clock.

There were but three punishments from the 1st of January up to the day of inspection, which were inflicted by the sole authority of the Governor. It would be desirable that the punishment book should be laid before the Board at each meeting, and initialed by the Chairman, as an evidence of their inspection.

Punishments for Prison Offences.

<i>From 1st January to 31st December, 1858.</i>				<i>From 1st January to day of Inspection, 1859.</i>			
	M.	F.			M.	F.	
Punishment Cells, ...	3	6		Punishment Cells, ...	2	1	
Other Punishments, ...	3	-		Other Punishments, ...	-	-	
Total, ...	6	6		Total, ...	2	1	

Employment.

Punitive Labour.

Employed on tread-wheel, 16 males. Washing and cleaning the prison, 9 females.

Industrial Labour.

Breaking stones, 12 males. Sewing and knitting, 5 females.

It will be observed that industrial employment in the sense of *skilled* labour scarcely exists here, but one of the turnkeys being an handicraftsman, viz., a shoemaker.

Total of net profit produced by articles disposed of outside the gaol, and return of same for the last two years separately:—

1857, . £4 12s. 3d. | 1858, . £3 8s. 0d.

Schools.

The males are instructed for two hours, and the females for one hour daily, by a schoolmaster-turnkey; the form of registry recommended by the Inspectors-General is in operation here. The column headed "remarks" is intended for the comments of the Chaplains, it being found an useful stimulus both to teacher and pupils, when the opinions of the examiners are entered on the face of the record of progress.

School-hours.—Males.—From 10 o'clock, A.M., to 12 o'clock, noon. Females.—From 1 o'clock, P.M., to 2 o'clock, P.M.

	M.	F.
Number of individual prisoners attending school during the year 1858, ...	238	103
Average number attending daily, ...	15	10

Dietary and Contracts.

Males.—Breakfast—9 oz. of meal in stirabout, and 1 pint of buttermilk. Dinner—14 oz. of wholemeal bread, and 1 pint of sweet milk.

Females.—Breakfast—7 oz. of meal in stirabout, and 1 pint of buttermilk. Dinner—12 oz. of wholemeal bread, and $\frac{1}{2}$ of a pint of sweet milk.

All prisoners confined for a month and under get gruel daily, and gruel is given on Wednesday and Friday to all in prison.

Contracts.—Bread, per lb., 1½d.; oatmeal, per cwt., 11s. 3d.; potatoes, per cwt., 2s. 11d.; new milk, per gallon, 8d.; buttermilk, per gallon, 2½d.; salt, per cwt., 1s. 9d.; coals, per ton, £1 1s. 3d.; turf, per box, 11½d.; straw, per cwt., 1s. 11d.; candles, per lb., 6d.; soap, per cwt., £1 2s. 8d.

Net cost of dietary per day for each prisoner on the day of inspection, and on the corresponding day in the three preceding years:—

1856, . 2½d. | 1857, . 2½d. | 1858, . 3d. | 1859, . 3½d.

There was but one complaint of the bread, which, upon tasting, I ascertained

to be rather sour. The Chaplains have adopted a book of inspection of provisions, similar to that suggested by my colleague and myself, and I did not find any exceptions taken to the diet.

Books and Accounts.

The registries, the gaol books, and accounts, are kept with fulness and accuracy, and most of the forms submitted by us are observed. It is unnecessary that I should specify those which are not in action, as it is proposed to render hereafter the observance of them imperative. The Local Inspector, the Chaplains of the respective denominations, the Medical Officer, and the Governor, are furnished with journals.

Total cost of gaol, including dietary and salaries, for the three preceding years, separately:—

1856, £1,408 0s. 6½d. | 1857, £1,228 5s. 6½d. | 1858, £1,493 13s. 0d.

Officers and Salaries.

Theophilus Thompson, Esq., Local Inspector, ...	£100	W. M. Brice, Apothecary, ...	—
George Gallogly, Governor, ...	200	Ctms. Claudising, 1st Turnkey, £38 7s. 6d.	
George R. Gallogly, Deputy Governor, ...	£35 7s. 8d.	George Reilly, 2nd do.	£30
Andrew Mease, Physician, ...	£74	Archibald Temple, 3rd do.	30
Rev. W. H. Stone, Protestant Chaplain, ...	30	Henry Ferguson, 4th do.	30
Rev. James Carson, Presbyterian Chaplain, ...	30	Thomas McDowell, 5th do., and Schoolmaster, ...	30
Rev. Thos. Mulvany, R. C. Chaplain, ...	30	Margaret M. Sturdy, Matron, ...	40
		Jane Temple, Assistant-Matron, ...	16
		Frances Dowling, Nurse, ...	10

Since the last inspection, one turnkey and the assistant matron having resigned, their vacancies were filled up by the Board. The latter officer and the hospital nurse alone receive rations. The turnkeys are now clothed in a neat uniform. A copy of a petition addressed to the Board was placed in my hands, on the part of the subordinate officers, praying that their salaries might be paid monthly, as is the practice in the majority of prisons. I would venture to urge strongly an acquiescence in this very reasonable request, which would confer an important boon upon the petitioners, by enabling them to deal on more advantageous terms in the purchase of necessaries, than by the present system of long credit.

Officers' Visits.

	From 1st Jan. to 31st Dec. in the Year 1858.	From 1st Jan. up to day of Inspection, 1859.
Local Inspector, ...	197	88
Surgeon, &c., ...	118	50
Protestant Chaplain, ...	168	63
Presbyterian or Dissenting Chaplain, ...	164	75
Roman Catholic Chaplain, ...	153	77

Hospitals.

I have referred above to the defective state of this miserable quarter, which is so utterly unprovided with the requirements indispensable for the due treatment of the sick, as to be rarely occupied. The sanitary condition of the prison was and had been satisfactory.

Number in hospital, total number of days, and cost of medicine, and number of deaths for the last three years, each year separately:—

	1856.	1857.	1858.
Number in Hospital, ...	23	27	45
Number of days in Hospital, ...	534	738	1,156
No. of Deaths, ...	1	—	1
Cost of Medicine, ...	£13 8s. 4d.	£4 0s. 11½d.	£20 0s. 2d.

Board of Superintendence.

Lord Farnham.	Joseph Story, esq.	Robert Erskine, esq.
Lord Bishop of Kilmore.	Samuel Moore, esq.	Michael Phillips, esq.
Robert Burrows, esq.	John E. Vernon, esq.	Wm. A. Moore, esq.
William Humphreys, esq.	Rev. Dr. Hogg.	James Fay, esq.

The Board is convened monthly, and generally assembles with regularity, but all salaries and other liabilities are discharged at the assizes by means of cheques, payable to the parties entitled at the hands of the Local Inspector.

NO. 135.
DUBLIN.
County of
Cavan
Gaol.

NORTH
DISTRICT.

BRIDEWELLS.

County of
Cavan.

Bridewells.

	Baillieborough.		Ballymacoll.		Cootshill.	
	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.
No. of Committals in past year, . . .	96	39	38	30	64	31
Of whom were Drunkards, . .	53	15	3	11	25	3
No. of Committals in the quarter preceding inspection, .	28	13	5	5	12	3
Of whom were Drunkards, .	8	9	2	1	4	2
Petty Sessions, . .	Weekly.		Fortnightly.		Fortnightly and weekly for the town.	
Transmittals, . .	Direct.		Direct.		Regular.	
Committals, . .	Correct.		Correct.		Some illegal imprisonments in the Bridewell.	
Registry, . .	Correct.		Correct.		Correct.	
Repairs and Order, .	Very fair; chimney still smokes.		House untidy, and chimneys smoky; the roof leaky, and waterspouts in bad order.		Lately repaired.	
Security, . .	Inadequate.		Defective.		Quite inadequate.	
Accommodation, .	Sufficient.		Limited.		Inadequate; but one cell for females.	
Bedding and Utensils,	Sufficient; some ticks and blankets rather worn.		Sufficient.		Fair; some rugs and tickens about to be furnished.	
Water, . .	Abundant.		Pump effective.		Supplied by a good pump.	
Sewerage, . .	Effective.		Ineffective.		Ineffective.	
Dryness and Ventilation,	Well ventilated, and tolerably dry.		Well ventilated, but damp.		Fair.	
Cost of Dietary, per head, per day,	4d. for both sexes.		5½d.		5d.	
Salary of Keeper, .	£30 0 0		£20 0 0		£30 0 0	
Whether Keeper follows any other employment,	None.		None.		None.	
Remarks, . .	Auxiliary Board formed.		Do.		Do.	

J. CORRY CONNELLAN, *Inspector-General.*

COUNTY OF DONEGAL GAOL, AT LIFFORD.—VISITED THE 20TH OF MAY, 1859.

NORTH DISTRICT.
County of Donegal Gaol.

State.

Denomination of Class.	No. in each Class.			No. Sick in Hospital.		
UNTRIED.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.
For Felony, ...	2	—	2	—	—	—
„ Larceny, ...	1	2	3	—	—	—
„ Misdemeanors, ...	1	—	1	—	—	—
TRIED.						
<i>Cases disposed of at Assizes and Sessions.</i>						
Of Felony or Larceny—						
To Imprisonment, ...	4	2	6	—	—	—
Of Misdemeanors, &c., ...	2	—	2	—	—	—
<i>Disposed of Summarily.</i>						
For Larceny, ...	—	2	2	—	—	—
In default of Bail, ...	—	1	1	—	—	—
Non-payment of Fines and Penalties, ...	1	1	2	—	—	—
Other Misdemeanors, ...	11	—	11	—	—	—
Under Revenue Laws, ...	3	1	4	—	—	—
Drunkards, ...	—	1	1	—	—	—
Dangerous Lunatics, ...	1	6	7	—	—	—
Gross Totals, ...	26	16	42	—	—	—

Offences, &c., of Juveniles Classified at the time of Inspection.

	10 Years and under.		16 Years and above 10.		20 Years and above 16.	
	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.
Felons convicted, ...	—	—	1	—	—	—
Committed for Trial at Assizes and Sessions—Felons, ...	—	—	1	—	—	—
Summary convictions—Other offences, ...	—	—	1	—	—	—

Total number of all classes in gaol on the day of inspection, and on the corresponding day for the three preceding years:—

May 20, 1859, 42—26 males, 16 females; corresponding day of 1858, 73—48 males, 25 females; 1857, 62—46 males, 16 females; 1856, 46—28 males, 18 females.

Committals, Re-Committals, and Averages.

From 1st January to 31st December, 1858. From 1st January to day of Inspection, 1859.

	M.	F.		M.	F.
Committals—Debtors, ...	11	—	Committals—Debtors, ...	—	—
Criminals, ...	356	88	Criminals, ...	128	25
Vagrants, ...	5	4	Vagrants, ...	—	—
Drunkards, ...	35	29	Drunkards, ...	15	10
Lunatics, ...	15	11	Lunatics, ...	5	5
Total, ...	422	132	Total, ...	148	40

NORTH
DISTRICT.*Committals, Re-committals, and Averages—continued.*

DISTRICT.	From 1st January to 31st December, 1858.			From 1st January to day of Inspection, 1859.		
County of Danevol Gaul.		M.	F.		M.	F.
Re-committals—Once, .	15	9		Re-committals—Once, .	3	1
Twice, ...	2	—		Twice, ...	—	—
Thrice, ...	—	—		Thrice, ...	—	—
Four times and more, .	—	2		Four times and more, .	—	1
Total, ...	17	11		Total, ...	3	2
Average daily number, .	43	18½		Average daily number, .	40½	12½
Highest at any one time, .	69	31		Highest at any one time, .	67	31
Lowest ditto, ...	27	8		Lowest ditto, ...	22	9
Average daily number in Hospital, ...	7½	—		Average daily number in Hospital, ...	½	—

A comparison of the number of prisoners in custody on the day of inspection, and on the corresponding days of the three preceding years, exhibits a marked decline, as contrasted with the returns of 1856 and 1857, and a trifling diminution as regards 1858.

In 1858 the committals of both sexes, especially of the males, largely exceeded those in 1857, but the daily average was somewhat lower, thus indicating shorter terms of imprisonment among the inmates. The aggregate of both committals and re-committals, and the daily average, during the portion of the current year preceding the day of inspection, evidence an improvement in juxtaposition with similar records of the past year.

At my visit there were no debtors nor convicts, but the total of dangerous lunatics was considerable, viz., one male and six females, of whose speedy removal I was unable to obtain, on application, any promise, in consequence of the crowded state and inadequate accommodation of the Lunatic Asylum, with which this county is in connexion; and I have, therefore, only to express the earnest hope, that the Legislature will not fail to give effect to the recommendation of the Royal Commission on Lunatic Asylums, which recommendation was embodied in a bill laid before the late Parliament, namely, that this most unfit class of occupants should be withdrawn wholly from prisons, and provided for in suitable receptacles.

Accommodation.

	M.	F.		M.	F.
Wards, ...	6	3	Workshops, ...	4	1
Yards, ...	8	2	Workshops, ...	4	—
Day Rooms, ...	10	3	Kitchens, ...	1	1
Solitary Cells, ...	7	2	Store Rooms, ...	4	—
Single Cells, not less than 9 feet long, 6 feet wide, and 8 feet high—432 cubic feet, ...	—	—	Laudries, ...	—	1
Single Cells of smaller size, . . .	73	20	Drying Rooms, ...	—	1
Cells to contain three persons, . .	2	—	Lavatories, ...	6	1
Sleeping Rooms, ...	8	3	Baths, ...	1	—
No. of Beds in such Rooms, . . .	24	12	Privies, ...	10	2
Hospital Rooms, ...	2	2	Water-closets, ...	2	2
Chapels, ...	1	—	Fumigating Rooms, ...	1	—
School Rooms, ...	4	1	Reception Rooms, ...	1	—
			Pumps and Wells, ...	1	—

I found the prison at my visit, which was quite unexpected, in a very creditable condition of order, cleanliness, and discipline, as, I am bound to say, has been the case at all my former inspections.

The sewerage is ineffective; but this evil is scarcely felt, in consequence of the introduction of movable soil-boxes, which are emptied daily. Provision is about to be made for the conveyance of a larger supply of water, of which there is occasionally a deficiency.

Troughs, with towels and soap, are furnished for ablution, there being no lavatories, and the bath being used only on the committal of prisoners.

The stock of bedding, blankets, sheets, and prison clothing, &c., was adequate, save that the amount of shoes for females was somewhat scanty.

Stock at the time of Inspection.

Pairs Blankets, . . . 132	Shirts, . . . 100	Pairs Shoes, . . . 117	NORTH DISTRICT. County of Down Gaol.
Pairs Sheets, . . . 126	Jackets, . . . 186	Shifts, . . . 96	
Rugs, . . . 114	Trowsers, . . . 164	Gowns, . . . 30	
Bedsteads (metal), . . 134	Caps, . . . 226	Petticoats, . . . 60	
Bed-ticks, . . . 131	Socks or Stockings, 43		

The males are classified conformably to the prescriptions of the Prisons Act, and are associated at meals and at work, except when engaged in stone-breaking, to which purpose stalled sheds are allocated. They, however, sleep singly, the accommodation being ample.

The females are ordinarily divided into two sections, according to their known or presumed character, and are similarly congregated; but, when the numbers admit of it, they also occupy, at night, single cells, which now amount to twenty assigned to this sex.

This department, in consequence of the undue pressure of lunatics, was in an abnormal condition, the services of the same prisoners being almost exclusively demanded for supervision of, and attendance upon these unhappy beings, and to the entire detriment of discipline on the one hand, and of recovery on the other.

Anticipating a speedy relief from their presence, which will be an important advantage to the interests of the establishment, and submitting that a yet greater boon will be conferred by the fulfilment of the recommendation of the "Special Committee upon County Rates (Ireland)," viz., that nearly the whole of the cost of maintaining prisoners convicted by a jury, should be transferred from the local levy to the Consolidated Fund, I would earnestly impress upon the Board or Grand Jury, the policy of at once adapting the female prison to the "separate system," a benefit which could be obtained at a very trifling outlay, and from which, wherever it has been put into action, the most successful results, especially with regard to prisoners of this sex, have been derived. These results might be confidently expected here; for I have much pleasure in bearing testimony to the ability and experience of the Local Inspector, and to the zeal and assiduity of the Governor, while I have received from both the assurance of their satisfaction with the conduct of the subordinate officers.

The Governor attends the lock-up, and a turnkey patrols at night, without, however, the salutary check of a toll-tale clock.

Punishments for Prison Offences.

From 1st January to 31st December, 1858.			From 1st January to day of Inspection, 1859.		
	N.	P.		N.	P.
Punishment Cells, . . .	27	1	Punishment Cells, . . .	11	4
Other Punishments, . . .	34	-	Other Punishments, . . .	-	-
Total, . . .	61	1	Total, . . .	11	4

The punishments were all inflicted by the sole authority of the Governor. It would be desirable that the Punishment-book should be laid before the Board at each meeting, and initialed by the Chairman, as an evidence of examination.

*Employment on the day of Inspection.**Punitive Labour.*

MALES.		FEMALES.	
Stonebreaking from morning to lock-up, 6		Pulverizing freestone for same time, 3	
<i>Industrial Labour.</i>			

MALES.		FEMALES.	
Stonebreaking from morning to 2 p.m. 16		Washing, sewing, knitting, mending	
Shoemaker employed, . . . 1		male clothing, sheets, &c., . . . 7	

It will be observed that the distinction between "hard" and "industrial" labour is marked solely by the longer period during which prisoners, sentenced to the former, are engaged in the same employment, there being no tread-wheel here, or other modes of carrying out the severer forms of discipline. But one of the turnkeys is a handicraftsman, viz., a shoemaker.

Total of net profit produced by articles disposed of outside the gaol, and return of same for the last two years, separately:—

1857, £44 10s. 3d.; 1858, £39 10s. 3d.

NORTH
DISTRICT.
County of
Donegal
Gaol.

Schools.

School-hours.—Males, from 10, a.m., to 1, p.m. Females, from 12, noon, to 2, p.m.

	M.	F.
Number of individual prisoners attending school during the year 1858,	220	84
Average number attending daily, 1858,	21	10

The males are instructed efficiently for three hours by a schoolmaster turnkey, and the females for two hours, daily, by the matron. But little, however, is effected among prisoners of the latter sex, a large portion of them being withdrawn, as stated above, for the purpose of attendance upon the inmates. The form of registry is satisfactory, and the Protestant Chaplain alone examines the pupils from time to time.

Dietary and Contracts.

Class 1, Males.—Breakfast—8 oz. meal and 1 pint buttermilk. Dinner—14 oz. bread and 1 pint new milk.

Class 2, Females.—Breakfast—7 oz. meal and 1 pint buttermilk. Dinner—12 oz. bread and $\frac{1}{2}$ pint new milk.

Class 3, Children under 15 years of age.—Breakfast—5 oz. meal and 1 pint buttermilk. Dinner—10 oz. bread and $\frac{1}{2}$ pint new milk. Supper—4 oz. bread and $\frac{1}{2}$ pint new milk.

Potatoes may be substituted for bread for dinner, for 1st and 2nd classes, on four days in each week; and oatmeal gruel substituted for new milk, for 1st and 2nd classes, on two days in each week; and for prisoners whose term of imprisonment does not exceed one calendar month, daily.

N.B.—The meal may be Indian meal, or oatmeal, or rye meal. Instead of new milk, buttermilk may be used in the proportion of half-a-pint of new milk to one pint of buttermilk.

Potatoes may be substituted for strabont or bread in each meal, in the following proportion, viz:—

Class 1.—Breakfast, 3 lbs. Dinner, 4 lbs.

Class 2.—Breakfast, 2½ lbs. Dinner, 3½ lbs.

Class 3.—Breakfast, 2 lbs. Dinner, 3 lbs. Supper, 1 lb.

Contracts.—Bread, per lb., 1½d.; oatmeal, per 112 lbs., 12s.; Indian meal, per 112 lbs., 9s.; potatoes, per cwt., 2s. 2d.; meat, per lb., 6d.; new milk, per gallon, 7d.; buttermilk, per gallon, 3d.; salt, per cwt., 1s.; coals, per ton, 13s. 6d.; bog-wood, per barrel, 1s.; straw, per ton, 44s.; candles, per doz. lbs., 6s. 3d.; soap, per cwt., 28s.

Net cost of dietary per day for each prisoner on the day of inspection, and on the corresponding day in the three preceding years:—

1856, 2-5d.; 1857, 2-75d.; 1858, 2-7½d.; 1859, 2-7½d.

There were no complaints of the provisions, which are inspected by the Chaplains, but the record of their examination is not in accordance with the form recommended by my colleague and myself, which specifies each article of diet to be commented on separately.

Books and Accounts.

The general registries, and the four books sanctioned by the Court of Queen's Bench, are kept with much care and regularity; and the check books, recording each item of daily consumption, are very neat and clear in form.

The Local Inspector, the Chaplains, and the Governor, are all provided with journals, and the Medical Officer observes the forms suggested by the Inspector-General.

Many of the other forms, similarly recommended, are in use; but some few are wanting, which it would be desirable to supply, in order to maintain uniformity throughout the kingdom, with the view of comparing the administration of the several prisons.

Total net cost of gaol, including dietary and salaries, for the three preceding years:—

1856, £1,544 0s. 1d.; 1857, £1,401 14s. 7d.; 1858, £1,558 17s. 2d.

Officers and Salaries.

		Non-Resident District.	
Rev. E. M. Clarke, Local Inspector, £130	James Baird, 3rd Warder, . . .	£30	County of Donegal Gaol.
Rev. E. M. Clarke, Chaplain, . . . 30	George Walker, 4th do., . . .	25	
Rev. W. M'Crea, Presbyterian do., . . 30	John Vance, Shoemaker, 5th do., . . 25		
Rev. W. Brown, Roman Catholic do., . 30	John Scott, 6th do., . . .	24	
James Gillespie, Apothecary, . . . 20	John Brown, Clerk & Schoolmaster, . 24		
Samuel Searle, Governor, . . . 130	Janet Ash, Matron, . . .	30	
John Birnie, 1st Warder, . . . 40	Anne Reilly, Assistant Matron, . . 10		
Patrick M'Fall, 2nd do., . . . 30	Mary Birnie, Nurse-tender, . . . 10		

The salaries of the apothecary and the intern officers are paid quarterly, and those of the Governor and externs half-yearly.

All the interns, with the exception of the nurse-tender, receive an allowance of diet, fuel, and candles, and the turnkeys are furnished with fire-arms and uniforms.

The salary of the assistant-matron is remarkably low.

Visits paid by Officers.

	From 1st Jan. to 31st Dec. in the year 1833.	From 1st Jan. up to day of Inspection, 1839.
Local Inspector, ...	104	46
Surgeon, &c., ...	140	44
Protestant Chaplain, ...	174	83
Presbyterian or Dissenting Chaplain, . . 124		38
Roman Catholic Chaplain, ...	72	32

I regret much to again call attention to the default in the attendance of the Presbyterian and Roman Catholic Chaplains, but especially of the latter, and to urge the enforcement of the 70th section of the Prisons Act (the 9th Geo. IV., cap. 74), which prescribes the payment of these officers only, "Provided that it shall fully appear to the Grand Jury, and to the Court or Judge, that such Chaplains duly and regularly executed the several duties of their said offices respectively."

The hospitals for both sexes were orderly, clean, well ventilated, and provided with baths and water-closets, and at the period of my inspection did not contain a single patient; the sanitary condition of the prison having been highly satisfactory.

Number in hospital, total number of days and cost of medicine, and number of deaths for the last three years; each year separately:—

	1836.	1837.	1838.
Number in Hospital, ...	17	13	15
Number of days in Hospital, ...	444	218	206
Cost of Medicine, ...	£1 19 9d.	£8 10s. 6d.	£3 13s.
Deaths, ...	1	—	1*

Board of Superintendence.

Sir E. S. Hayes, bart.	F. Mansfield, esq.	R. G. Montgomery, esq.
Sir J. Stewart, bart.	W. Fenwick, esq.	A. J. R. Stewart, esq.
Rev. W. Knox.	Lieut.-Col. Humphrey.	W. D. Humphreys, esq.
J. V. Stewart, esq.	W. Sinclair, esq.	John Cochrane, esq.

The Board is convened each month for the discharge of all accounts, which are duly examined; the form of payment being to include the whole amount in one cheque, committed to the hands of the Local Inspector, who is bound to produce the vouchers and receipts at the next ensuing assemblage.

Bridewells.

Bridewells.

I would beg to direct the notice of the local authorities to the state of the bridewells of the county, the annexed tabular synopsis of which is compiled from the observations of the Inspector-General and the Local Inspector, and to request their consideration of the portion of our Annual Report, which deals with the policy and the condition of these minor prisons generally.

* Lunatic committed suicide.

NORTH
DISTRICT.

STATE OF BRIDEWELLS.

County of
Donegal.

Bridewells.

	Letterkenny.		Donegal.	
	M.	F.	M.	F.
No. of Commitments in past year, .	170	41	143	27
Of whom were Drunkards, .	43	12	66	12
No. of Commitments in quarter pre- ceding Inspection, ...	90	16	43	7
Of whom were Drunkards, .	20	2	18	3
Transmittals, ...	Immediate.		Direct.	
Petty Sessions, ...	Fortnightly.		Every three weeks.	
Commitments, ...	Correct.		Correct.	
Registry, ...	Correct.		Well kept.	
Repairs and Order, ...	Fair.		Fair.	
Security, ...	Fair.		Quite insecure.	
Accommodation, ...	Adequate.		Wretched; the building utterly unfit for a place of detention.	
Bedding, Furniture, and Utensils,	Some about to be sup- plied.		Sufficient; but injured by damp.	
Water, ...	Good water from pump.		None on premises.	
Sewerage, ...	Effective.		Effective.	
Dryness, Ventilation, and Clean- liness,	Some small cells damp; ventilation good.		Damp and ill-venti- lated, but clean.	
Cost of Dietary per head per day,	4d. per head for both.		4d.	
Salary of Keeper, ...	£30.		£30.	
Whether Keeper follows any other Employment,	None.		None.	
Remarks, ...	Auxiliary Board formed		Auxiliary Board formed.	

STATE OF BRIDEWELLS—continued.

	Glenties.		Bannina.		North District. County of Donegal. Bridewells.
	M.	F.	M.	F.	
No. of Committals in past year, .	25	7	54	9	
Of whom were Drunkards, .	5	—	15	1	
No. of Committals in quarter pre- ceding Inspection, ...	9	—	23	3	
Of whom were Drunkards, .	2	—	2	—	
Transmittals, ...	Immediate.		Direct.		
Petty Sessions, ...	Monthly.		Fortnightly.		
Committals, ...	Correct.		Correct.		
Registry, ...	Correct.		Correct.		
Repairs and Order, ...	Good.		Good.		
Security, ...	Quite insecure.		Quite insecure.		
Accommodation, ...	Sufficient.		Sufficient.		
Bedding, Furniture, and Utensils,	Adequate.		Adequate.		
Water, ...	None on premises.		None on premises.		
Sewerage, ...	Effective.		Now effective.		
Dryness, Ventilation, and Clean- liness, ...	Dry, airy, and clean.		Very clean, imperfectly ventilated, and wretchedly damp.		
Cost of Dietary per head per day,	2d.		4d.		
Salary of Keeper, ...	£30.		£30.		
Whether Keeper follows any other Employment, ...	None.		Petty Sessions Clerk.		
Remarks, ...	No criminal business transacted here; the bridewell useless.		—		

J. CONRY CONNELLAN, Inspector-General.

NORTH
DISTRICT.COUNTY OF DOWN GAOL, AT DOWNPATRICK.—VISITED THE 1ST OF
OCTOBER, 1859.County of
Down,
Gaol.

State.

Denomination of Class.	No. in each Class.			No. Sick in Hospital.		
	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.
Master Debtors, ...	2	1	3	—	—	—
Pauper Debtors, ...	—	1	1	—	—	—
UNTRIED.						
For Felony, ...	1	—	1	1	—	1
„ Larceny, ...	7	6	13	—	—	—
„ Misdemeanors, ...	—	1	1	—	—	—
TRIED.						
<i>Cases Disposed of at Assizes and Sessions.</i>						
Of Felony or Larceny:—						
To Imprisonment, ...	10	11	21	2	—	2
Of Misdemeanors, &c., ...	7	—	7	—	—	—
<i>Disposed of Summarily.</i>						
Offences under Larceny Act, ...	5	6	11	1	—	1
In default of Bail, ...	2	5	7	—	—	—
Non-payment of Fines and Penalties, ...	6	4	10	—	—	—
Dangerous Lunatics, ...	9	5	14	—	—	—
Gross Totals, ...	49	40	89	4	—	4

Offences, &c., of Juveniles Classified at the time of Inspection.

	10 Years and under.		10 Years and above 10.		20 Years and above 10.	
	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.
Felons Convicted, ...	—	—	1	—	—	—
Committed for Trial at Assizes and Sessions—Felons, ...	—	—	1	—	—	—
Summary Convictions, ...	—	—	3	—	—	—

Total number of all classes in gaol on the day of inspection, and on the corresponding day for the three preceding years:—

	M.	F.	Total.		M.	F.	Total.
1856, ...	45	27	72	1856, ...	55	33	88
1857, ...	52	34	86	1859, ...	49	40	89

Committals, Re-committals, and Averages.

From 1st January to 31st December, 1858.

From 1st January to day of Inspection, 1859.

	M.	F.		M.	F.
Committals—Debtors, ...	31	2	Committals—Debtors, ...	26	2
Criminals, ...	288	193	Criminals, ...	204	164
Vagrants, ...	8	5	Vagrants, ...	2	5
Drunkards, ...	40	29	Drunkards, ...	37	35
Lunatics, ...	18	10	Lunatics, ...	15	13
Total, ...	385	239	Total, ...	284	219

Commissals, Re-Commissals, and Averages—continued.

From 1st January to 31st December, 1838.		From 1st Jan. to day of Inspection, 1839.		NORTH DISTRICT. County of Down Gaol.
Re-commissals—Once,	24 15	Re-commissals—Once,	16 19	
Twice,	9 9	Twice,	6 11	
Thrice,	2 5	Thrice,	5 6	
Four times and more,	11 24	Four times and more,	5 27	
Total,	46 53	Total,	32 63	
Average daily number, including debtors,	54½ 31	Average daily number,	51½ 33	
Highest at any one time,	68 44	Highest at any one time,	64 44	
Lowest ditto,	40 16	Lowest ditto,	41 23	
Average daily number in Hospital,	2½ 2½	Average daily number in Hospital,	2½ 2½	

Upon examining the foregoing records of the occupants of this gaol, which are presented under various aspects, we find no changes requiring any special comment. At the period of inspection there were none confined under sentence of penal servitude, and no returned convicts; but I lament to say that, the Bill for the withdrawal of lunatics from prisons not having passed into a law in the last Session of Parliament, no less than fourteen of these most unfit inmates (*viz.*, nine males and five females), were in custody here. For the females quarters have been assigned under the charge of a nurse specially appointed for this duty, it being obviously impossible to apply to the insane the separate system, to which the prisoners of this sex are subjected.

Accommodation.

	M.	F.		M.	F.
Wards,	7	3	Bakery,	1	—
Yards,	8	2	Store Rooms,	6	3
Day Rooms,	7	2	Laundries,	—	1
Solitary Cells,	14	1	Drying Rooms,	—	1
Single Cells, not less than 9 feet long, 6 feet wide, and 8 feet high = 432 cubic feet,	108	49	Latrines,	7	7
Single Cells of larger size,	7	10	Baths,	2	—
Hospital Rooms,	4	2	Privies,	12	4
Chapels,	1	—	Water-closets,	—	12
Workshops,	15	—	Fumigating Rooms,	1	—
Workshops,	24	—	Reception Rooms,	1	1
Kitchens,	1	—	Pumps and Wells,	—	1
			Capstan-mill,	1	—
			Other Machines for Labour,	8	—

Stock at the time of Inspection.

		Male Clothing.		Female Clothing.	
Pairs Blankets,	232	Shirts,	168	Caps,	67
Pairs Sheets,	242	Jackets,	129	Shifts,	166
Rugs,	245	Trowsers,	97	Gowns,	110
Hammocks or Cots,	6	Caps,	68	Petticoats,	168
Bed-ticks,	193	Pairs Shoes,	70	Shoes,	44

I found the prison in a creditable condition of cleanliness, discipline, and order, as far as the latter was compatible with the disarrangement caused by the alterations in progress, and in good repair, except with regard to the pavement of the entrance court, which requires to be re-laid or replaced with gravel; the sewerage is generally effective, save under the Governor's house; the supply of water is abundant, and the ventilation of the cells occupied by the females has been further improved by the perforation of the doors. Some of the cells, however, in the above cells are imperfect, and subject to leakage. Since the last inspection a commodious board-room has been erected, and reception-cells (for the females), together with baths, and a laundry and ironing-room, are advancing towards completion. It is designed to fit the laundry with partitions, which will be also indispensable in the ironing-room, for preventing undue communication.

The Governor having called my attention to the limited accommodation and the inconvenient construction of his house, in the top-story of which the chapel is placed, I throw out for the consideration of the local authorities a design for building a new chapel between the wings now allocated to the respective sexes,

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which would be conveniently accessible on both sides, and which would render disposable the story in question.

Plans have been approved, and are now in process of execution, for adapting a wing to the separate system for males; and, when these shall have been fully carried out, with the necessary addition of reception-rooms and baths for the prisoners of this sex, this gaol may bear comparison in all the appliances of discipline with the best conducted institutions of the kingdom.

The females at present are subjected to entire "separation" at all times, except when engaged in the laundry and attending chapel; while the males, pending the alterations of their quarters, are divided into seven classes, sleeping and taking their meals in single cells, and being placed apart during the hours of industrial labour. There are, besides, and have been for a considerable period, five cells allocated to juveniles of this sex, fully furnished with all the requirements of "separation."

The Governor or his deputy always attends the lock-up, and the regularity of the night-patrol is ascertained by a tell-tale clock.

Punishments for Prison Offences.

From 1st January to 31st December, 1858.			From 1st January to day of Inspection, 1859.		
	M.	F.		M.	F.
Punishment Cells,	39	11	Punishment Cells,	20	5
Other Punishments,	-	-	Other Punishments,	-	-
Total,	39	11	Total,	20	5

Number sentenced during the year to solitary confinement—3 males.

It would be desirable that the Punishment-book should be submitted to the Board at each meeting, and initialed by the Chairman as an evidence of cognizance.

Employment.

Penitentiary Labour.

MALES.		FEMALES.	
Breaking Stones,	4	Washing,	5

Industrial Labour.

MALES.		FEMALES.	
Weaving,	3	Sewing,	6
Winding,	2	Flowering,	13
Tailoring,	1	Nursing,	1
Mat-making,	3	Cleaning,	2
Baking,	3	Attending Lunatics,	1
Labouring,	3		
Cooking,	3		
Cleaning,	4		
Attending sick prisoners and lunatics,	3		
Schooling,	3		
Insane,	9	Insane,	5
Sick,	4	Unable to work,	4
Unemployed not on diet,	4	Not on diet,	1
		Discharged,	2

The foregoing schedule accounts for every prisoner in the gaol on the day of inspection, and may be accepted as an illustration of their usual employment and disposition. The absence of any "hard labour" is noticeable, and has been already commented on in former Reports; for stone-breaking cannot be considered as falling under this denomination, especially among prisoners derived almost exclusively from the agricultural class.

The total of net profit produced by articles disposed of outside the gaol, and return of same for the last two years, separately:—

1857, . . . £18 0s. 10d.	1858, . . . £9 11s. 3d.
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Schools.

School Hours.—Males—Adults, ten to twelve. Juveniles, seven to a quarter past eight A.M.; a quarter past twelve to a quarter past two, P.M.; and four to five, P.M. Females—Ten to twelve.

	M.	F.
Number of individual prisoners attending school during the year 1858,	258	177
Average number attending daily,	29	17

The males are taught daily during the hours specified by a trained schoolmaster, and the registry of progress, recommended by the Inspectors-General, is observed; but none is kept for the females, who are thus placed on a less advantageous footing. The Chaplains occasionally visit the schools.

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Dietary.

Males.—Breakfast—8 oz. mixed oat and Indian meal made into stirabout, with 1 pint buttermilk. Dinner—14 oz. wheatmeal bread, with 1 pint new milk.

Females.—Breakfast—7 oz. mixed oat and Indian meal made into stirabout, with 1 pint buttermilk. Dinner—12 oz. wheatmeal bread, with $\frac{1}{2}$ pint new milk.

Males and females under 15 years of age.—Breakfast—3 oz. mixed meal made into stirabout, with 1 pint buttermilk. Dinner—8 oz. bread, and $\frac{1}{2}$ pint new milk. Supper—4 oz. bread.

All prisoners sentenced to one calendar month's imprisonment and under get gruel in place of milk for dinner. All other prisoners get gruel in place of milk for dinner on Tuesdays and Fridays.

Contracts.—Bread, white, per lb., 2d.; brown, 1½d.; oatmeal, per cwt., 11s. 6d.; Indian meal, per cwt., 9s.; new milk, per gallon, 9d.; buttermilk, per gallon, 3d.; salt, per cwt., 1s. 3d.; coals, per ton, 13s.; turf, per load, 3s. 6d.; straw, per cwt., 1s. 6d.; candles, per doz. lbs., 6s. 4d. and 8s.; soap, per cwt., 39s. and 37s.

There were no complaints preferred by the prisoners against the provisions, which are regularly inspected in the prescribed form by the Chaplains; and I found but few exceptions taken in that record to any item of diet.

Net cost of dietary per day for each prisoner on the day of inspection, and on the corresponding day in the three preceding years:—

1856, . 2·75d. | 1857, . 2·85d. | 1858, . 2·85d. | 1859, . 2·75d.

Books and Accounts.

The registries, and all the books embracing matters of discipline, consumption, and expenditure, are kept with clearness and accuracy; and the Local Inspector, the Chaplains, the Medical Officer, and the Governor, are provided with journals.

Total net cost of gaol, including dietary and salaries for the three preceding years separately:—

1856, . £1,756 6s. 6d. | 1857, . £1,938 14s. 5d. | 1858, . £1,874 13s. 9d.

Officers and Salaries.

	£	s.	d.		£	s.	d.
D. Hurvel, Local Inspector,	100	0	0	Hugh Jennings, Turnkey,			
George F. Echlin, Governor,	200	0	0	Shoemaker,	30	0	0
John Waterworth, Deputy				William Gibson, sen., " do.,			
Governor,	100	0	0	Miller,	30	0	0
Very Rev. Thomas Wood-				Samuel Malone, do.,	30	0	0
ward, Protestant Chaplain,	30	0	0	Nathaniel Yeates, do.,	30	0	0
Rev. Wm. White, Presbyte-				James Seed, do.,	30	0	0
rian Chaplain,	30	0	0	Kester Jennings, do.,			
Rev. B. M'Auley, Roman				Shoemaker,	30	0	0
Catholic Chaplain,	30	0	0	Adam Young, do.,			
John K. Macconchy, Surgeon,	—			Carpenter,	30	0	0
S. K. Parkinson, Apothecary,	27	13	10	George H. Whiteside, School-			
Ellis Jackson, Turnkey,				master,	40	0	0
Tailor,	55	0	0	Eliza Cochran, Matron,	30	0	0
William Gibson, jun., do.,				Eliza Davidson, Matron,	30	0	0
Weaver,	42	10	0	Jane Duncan, Hospital Nurse,	18	0	0
William Magee, do.,	30	0	0	— Gibson, Nurse for Lunatics,	26	0	0

Since the last inspection, Dr. Forde having died, Dr. Macconchy was appointed in succession; and vacancies created by the resignation of the schoolmaster and one turnkey, and by the superannuation of the hospital nurse, have been duly filled. The higher officers receive their salaries at the Assizes, and the subordinates at each meeting of the Board. The residents are provided with coals and candles, but not with rations. The turnkeys, six of whom are handicraftsmen, viz., two shoemakers, a tailor, a weaver, a miller, and a carpenter, are supplied with fire-arms and uniforms.

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A respectfully-worded memorial, addressed to the Inspectors-General, was handed to me by the turnkeys, which prays our interference with the Executive or the Legislature, to get them placed on the same footing as public civil servants, under the 22nd Vic., cap. 26, "The Superannuation Act." This prayer we consider to be beyond our province, inasmuch as gaol officers are paid solely out of local funds, and as the 17th section declares, "That no person shall be entitled to any superannuation allowance under this Act, unless his salary or remuneration has been provided out of the Consolidated Fund of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, or out of moneys voted by Parliament."

The acting Roman Catholic Chaplain, the Rev. P. O'Kane, whom I did not see at the period of my inspection, having addressed a letter direct to the Inspectors-General, firstly complaining, "that Roman Catholic prisoners had been interfered with in attending to their religious duties on Sundays, by being required by the officers of the gaol to work in the kitchen;" and, secondly, requesting that all prisoners of his faith, who were capable of reading, should be supplied with the prayer-books used by their Church; we submitted both matters to the Board, recommending that the request should be entertained, a similar concession having been made in Belfast Gaol, in 1851, and continued to the present time. With regard to the first point the Board promptly adopted measures for enabling prisoners of different persuasions to attend Divine Service on Sundays, without interruption, according to their respective denominations; and with regard to the second, they passed the subjoined resolution:—

"That the Board of Superintendence have hitherto declined furnishing any other books than Bibles and Testaments of the Authorized and Douay versions for the prisoners of each persuasion respectively, they beg most respectfully to decline departing from this rule; and the Board take this opportunity of expressing their extreme surprise that the acting Roman Catholic Chaplain should make any complaint to the Inspectors-General relative to the intern economy of the gaol, or prefer a charge against one of the superior officers of the gaol, without first applying to the Board of Superintendence."

In the final part of this resolution we felt bound to express our entire concurrence, as it is clearly the duty of every officer of a prison to prefer any complaint, or to offer any suggestion, relative to matters of administration, in the first instance to the local authorities; and, as in the case of Chaplains, or their substitutes (when duly appointed and approved), it is specially prescribed by the 11th section of the Amended Prisons Act (the 19th and 20th Vic., cap. 68), that "*every Chaplain, and every such substitute, shall communicate from time to time to the Board of Superintendence of the County Gaol, any abuse or impropriety which shall have come to his knowledge.*"

For his direct breach, therefore, of the section in question, the Rev. Mr. O'Kane tendered an apology, which was considered satisfactory by the Board, and thus the matter terminated.

Officers' Visits.

	From 1st Jan. to 31st Dec. in the year 1855.	From 1st Jan. up to day of Inspection, 1855.
Local Inspector, ...	225	179
Surgeon, &c., ...	362	189
Protestant Chaplain, ...	193	167
Presbyterian or Dissenting Chaplain, ...	183	178
Roman Catholic Chaplain, ...	181	135

Hospitals.

There are hospitals for each sex, which are rather limited in point of accommodation. They are provided with slipper-baths, but not with water-closets. There were four patients (males), at the time of my visit. The general health of the prison had been highly satisfactory.

Number in hospital, total number of days and cost of medicine, and number of deaths for the last three years, each year separately:—

	1854.	1855.	1856.
Number in Hospital, ...	75	108	97
Number of days in Hospital, ...	2,212	2,644	2,113
Deaths, ...	1	—	1
Cost of Medicine, ...	£1 17s. 3d.	£18 0s. 11d.	£3 1s. 6d.

Board of Superintendence.

J. W. Maxwell, esq.
A. H. Montgomery, esq.
Alexander Miller, esq.
Rev. John F. Gordon.

Rev. James O. Gordon.
William Keown, esq.
P. H. Despard, esq.
Robert Heron, esq.

Andrew Nugent, esq.
A. R. Hamilton, esq.
Lt.-Col. W. B. Forde, M.P.
D. S. Keer, esq., M.P.

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The Board assembles monthly, in sufficient numbers, with praiseworthy regularity; and at each meeting the smaller liabilities are discharged, the larger sums and contracts being reserved for the Assizes. All payments are made by means of a cheque embracing the total amount, which is placed in the hands of the Local Inspector, who produces the receipts at the next ensuing meeting.

STATE OF BRIDEWELLS.

Bridewells.

	Newtownards.		Newry.	
	M.	F.	M.	F.
No. of Commitments in past year, . . .	82	48	419	322
Of whom were Drunkards, . . .	19	17	117	135
No. of Commitments in quarter pre- ceding Inspection, . . .	19	16	68	86
Of whom were Drunkards, . . .	5	2	26	35
Petty Sessions, ...	Fortnightly.		Weekly, and Town Magistrates sit daily.	
Transmittals, ...	Regular.		Direct.	
Commitments, ...	Correct, except one.		Correct.	
Registry, ...	Correct.		Correct.	
Repairs and Order, ...	Fair.		Fair, but some repairs required.	
Security, ...	Satisfactory.		Satisfactory.	
Accommodation, ...	Sufficient.		Ample.	
Bedding and Furniture, ...	Some sheets required, otherwise adequate.		Sufficient, but some blankets rather worn.	
Water, ...	Well supplied by pump.		Abundant, by public main.	
Sewerage, ...	Effective.		Effective.	
Dryness, Ventilation, and Clean- liness, ...	Satisfactory.		Satisfactory.	
Cost of Dietary per head per day, ...	5d. for both sexes.		2½d. for males; 2½d. for females.	
Salary of Keeper, ...	£23		£26	
Whether Keeper follows any other employment, ...	None.		None.	
Remarks, ...	Local Board formed.		Local Board formed.	

J. CORRY CONNELLAN, Inspector-General.

NORTH
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County of
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COUNTY OF FERMANAGH GAOL, AT ENNISKILLEN.—VISITED THE 2ND OF
MAY, 1859.

State.

Denomination of Class.	No. in each Class.			No. Sick in Hospital.		
	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.
Pauper Debtors, ...	4	—	4	1	—	1
UNTRIED.						
Debtors, ...	1	—	1	—	—	—
TRIED.						
<i>Cases disposed of at Assizes and Sessions.</i>						
Of Felony or Larceny—						
To Penal Servitude, ...	1	—	1	1	—	1
„ Imprisonment, ...	9	2	11	—	—	—
Of Misdemeanors, &c., ...	12	2	14	1	1	2
<i>Disposed of Summarily.</i>						
Vagrants, ...	1	—	1	—	—	—
Drunkards, ...	—	2	2	—	—	—
Dangerous Lunatics, ...	1	—	1	1	—	1
Gross Totals, ...	29	6	35	4	1	5

Offences, &c., of Juveniles Classified, at the time of Inspection.

Felons convicted, 16 years and above 10, ... M. 2

Total number of all classes in gaol on the day of inspection, and on the corresponding day for the three preceding years:—

	M.	F.	Total.		M.	F.	Total.
1856,	34	24	58	1858,	28	9	37
1857,	23	15	38	1859,	29	6	35

Committals, Re-Committals, and Averages.

From 1st January to 31st December, 1858. From 1st Jan. to day of Inspection in 1859.

	M.	F.		M.	F.
Committals—Debtors, ...	25	1	Committals—Debtors, ...	5	—
Criminals, ...	229	75	Criminals, ...	56	22
Vagrants, ...	4	3	Vagrants, ...	1	—
Drunkards, ...	61	34	Drunkards, ...	15	15
Lunatics, ...	8	11	Lunatics, ...	2	2
Total, ...	327	124	Total, ...	79	39
Re-committals—Once, ...	18	9	Re-committals—Once, ...	8	4
Twice, ...	10	8	Twice, ...	3	5
Thrice, ...	5	7	Thrice, ...	1	2
Four times and more, ...	2	2	Four times and more, ...	—	2
Total, ...	35	26	Total, ...	12	13
Average daily number, ...	30	11	Average daily number, ...	42	11
Highest at any one time, ...	46	20	Highest at any one time, ...	57	14
Lowest ditto, ...	15	5	Lowest ditto, ...	27	5
Average daily number in hospital, ...	5	3	Average daily number in hospital, ...	5	2

The number in custody on the day of inspection, and on the corresponding days of the two preceding years differ so little as to require no comment, and the same observation applies to the proportion of committals from the 1st of

January in the current year, as contrasted with those of 1858. There appears to be a trifling advance in the re-committals for the same period, but these latter are derived chiefly from the recurrence of drunkards and prostitutes. The daily average of males shows an increase, but, when their aggregate is compared with the record of committals, it is obviously attributable, not to the influx of a greater number of criminals, but to the longer terms of imprisonment, to which the inmates have been sentenced.

Vagrancy and juvenile offences have, I am happy to state, diminished to such an extent as to scarcely hold a place in the registry.

There was one prisoner under rule of penal servitude, who was about to be removed immediately, and one lunatic; but both these classes will, at no distant period, cease to occupy our prisons.

The accommodation consists of:—

	M.	F.		M.	F.
Wards, ...	7	3	Kitchens, ...	1	—
Yards, ...	5	3	Bakery, ...	1	—
Day Rooms, ...	3	1	Store Rooms, ...	1	1
Solitary Cells, ...	1	—	Laundries, ...	—	2
Single Cells, "not less in size than 9 ft. long, 6 ft. wide, 8 ft. high, containing 432 cubic ft., 66	35	—	Lavatories, ...	—	1
Sleeping Rooms, ...	5	2	Baths, ...	1	—
No. of Beds in such Rooms, ...	6	—	Privies, ...	4	1
Hospital Rooms, ...	4	4	Waterclosets, ...	13	1
Workshops, ...	1	—	Reception Room, ...	1	1
Workshops, ...	20	—	Pumps and Wells, ...	2	—
			Crank Mill, ...	1	—
			Other Machines for Labour, ...	1	—

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The building was throughout clean, well ventilated, dry (the leakage noticed in former reports having been stanchd), and amply supplied with water, which is directed to flushing the sewers. No alteration has taken place since the last inspection, except the erection of an apparatus for heating the male prison; but the laundry, the drying-room, and the exercising yards, remain in the same unimproved condition, which has frequently been commented on by the Inspectors-General; nor does there appear to exist any intention to apply to either sex "separation" in its integrity, which could be put into operation here at a very trifling expenditure when compared with the advantages resulting from this invaluable form of discipline. The reception-rooms for both sexes lie close together at the entrance, a very objectionable juxta-position.

Stock at the time of Inspection.

Pairs Blankets, ...	118	Rings, ...	97	Bed-ticks, ...	105
Pairs Sheets, ...	181	Hammocks or Cots, ...	123		

Male Clothing.

Shirts, ...	100	Trowsers, ...	37	Socks or Stockings, ...	—
Jackets, ...	32	Caps, ...	—	Pairs Shoes, ...	39

Female Clothing.

Caps, ...	—	Gowns, ...	17	Stockings, ...	—
Shifts, ...	16	Petticoats, ...	16	Shoes, ...	10

The stock of clothing and shoes being scanty I called the attention of the Board to the deficiency, and I have since learned that orders were issued for an adequate supply. The bedding was sufficient, and there were some new blankets and sheeting in store.

The males, who are classified according to the prescriptions of the Prisons Act, are generally kept apart, taking their meals, sleeping, and receiving educational instruction in their cells; but, when engaged in pumping water and during divine service, they are congregated, under the supervision, however, of prison officers. The females, also, when the accommodation permits, are similarly separated, but are associated in the laundry and at school, the master and a matron being present.

The lock-up is attended by the Governor, who makes a final circuit of the prison at nine o'clock, p.m., and there is one turnkey on the night patrol, without, however, the salutary check of a tell-tale clock.

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The punishments from the 1st of January up to the day of inspection amounted to eleven, and were all inflicted by the sole authority of the Governor. One prisoner, a pauper debtor, who was somewhat slighty in his manner, complained of his punishment, but there did not appear to me to be grounds for exception. It would be very satisfactory that the Punishment Book should be submitted to the Board at each meeting, in order that all the circumstances should be ascertained in cases where inquiry might be desirable.

Punishments for Prison Offences.

From 1st January to 31st December, 1858.			From 1st January to day of Inspection, 1859.		
	M.	F.		M.	F.
Punishment Cells, .	5	5	Punishment Cells, .	5	6
Other Punishments, .	6	2	Other Punishments, .	-	-
Total, .	11	7	Total, .	5	6

Employment.

Punitive Labour.

MALES.			FEMALES.	
Pumping water, stone-breaking, and bone-bruising, .	21	Nil.		
Cooking, .	2			
Total, .	23			

Industrial Labour.

MALES.			FEMALES.	
Shoemaking, .	2	Sewing, . Washing, .	2	
Total, .	2		3	
			Total, .	5

I have only to repeat what has been noticed in former reports, that there are no distinctive appliances for enforcing "*hard labour*" in this prison, the requirements of the forcing pump, by means of which water is raised for the use of the gaol, embracing almost necessarily, except when there is an unusual number of inmates, some of those who are not under this sentence. The aggregate of females having been latterly very small but little has been effected by prisoners of this sex. The males are chiefly employed industrially as recorded above, and there are among the turnkeys three handicraftsmen, viz., a shoemaker, a cooper, and a carpenter.

Total of net profit produced by articles disposed of outside the gaol, and return of same for the last two years, separately:—

1857, £30 10s. 3d.; 1858, £35 8s. 8d.

Schools.

Educational instruction is given for four hours daily to the males in their cells by a schoolmaster, who also teaches the females for one hour, congregated in the presence of the matron. The master had been but recently appointed. The Chaplains are stated to examine the pupils from time to time, but they do not enter their comments upon the face of the Registry of Progress, for which the form recommended by the Inspectors-General is about to be substituted—a very desirable improvement.

Number of individual prisoners attending school during the year, .	112	69
Average number attending daily, .	16	5

Dietary and Contracts.

Males.—Breakfast—8 oz. oatmeal made into stirabout, with 1 pint of buttermilk. Dinner—4 lb. of potatoes and 1 pint of sweet milk or 1 pint of gruel, soup two days weekly.

Females.—Breakfast—7 oz. oatmeal made into stirabout, with 1 pint buttermilk. Dinner—3½ lbs. of potatoes, and ½ pint of sweet milk, or 1 pint gruel two days weekly.

North
Dunau,
County of
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Gaol.

Contracts.—Bread, white, per 4 lbs., 5½d.; bread, brown, per 4 lbs., 3d.; oatmeal, per ton, £13 10s.; potatoes, per stone, 6d.; meat, per lb., 5½d.; new milk, per impl. gallon, 5½d.; buttermilk, per score quarts, 7d.; salt, per cwt., 1s. 2d.; coals, per ton, £1 1s.; straw, per ton, £2; candles, per doz. lbs., 6s.; soap, per cwt., £1 2s.

Net cost of dietary per day for each prisoner on the day of inspection, and on the corresponding day in the three preceding years:—

1856, 2-29d.; 1857, 2-30d.; 1858, 2-16d.; 1859, 2-15d.

There were no complaints of the provisions, except one against the potatoes by a female prisoner, which appeared to me to be groundless. The Chaplains observe the form of record submitted by us in their inspection of the several articles of consumption.

Books and Accounts.

The books are generally well kept, and, I am happy to be informed, that shortly after my inspection the Board ordered that several of the forms, which we are desirous of bringing into universal operation, should be forthwith procured.

Some of them, indeed, such as journals for the chaplains, are distinctly prescribed by the Prisons Acts, and directed to be laid at each meeting before the Board.

Total net cost of gaol, including dietary and salaries, for the three preceding years, separately:—

1856, £1,057 2s. 9d.; 1857, £953 10s. 6d.; 1858, 1,090 10s. 7d.

Officers and Salaries.

	£	s.	d.		£	s.	d.
Wm. Corry, esq., Local Inspector,	80	0	0	Jas. Drennan, 3rd Turnkey,	29	0	0
Hon. and Rev. Mr. Maude, Protestant Chaplain,	30	0	0	Joseph Masterson, 4th Turnkey, Cooper,	29	0	0
Rev. A. C. Macleachy, Presbyterian Chaplain,	30	0	0	Wm. McMullen, 5th Turnkey, Carpenter,	29	0	0
Rev. Dean Boylan, R. C. do.,	30	0	0	James Graydon, Schoolmaster,	34	0	0
James Jeffers, Governor,	130	0	0	Margaret Morrison, Matron,	31	10	0
H. Morrison, 1st Turnkey,	40	0	0	Catherine McMulkin, Nurse-tender,	18	10	0
Wm. Clegg, 2nd do., Shoemaker,	29	0	0				

Since the last inspection the schoolmaster and one turnkey resigned, and the vacancies thus created have been filled up by the Board. The extern officers are paid at each assizes, and the interns weekly. None of the latter receive rations, and the turnkeys are, I regret to observe, still unprovided with uniforms.

Visits of Extern Officers.

	From 1st Jan. to 31st Dec. in the year 1856.	From 1st Jan. up to day of inspection, 1859.
Local Inspector,	211	49
Surgeon, &c.,	249	54
Protestant Chaplain,	267	62
Presbyterian or Dissenting Chaplain,	241	51
Roman Catholic Chaplain,	237	59

The attendance of the officers, as shown by the above schedule, is very zealous.

Hospitals.

The accommodation, including baths and water-closets, provided for both sexes is sufficient, and the wards are clean and well ventilated. A larger number than is usual in gaols containing the same average of inmates is to be found here. This, however, is not to be attributed to a low sanitary condition, but to the custom of sending to the hospital inmates, women having children, and those labouring under chronic diseases. Care should, however, be taken to draw a line of demarcation, in order to prevent malingering, with the view of enjoying the unrestricted association which is inevitable in an hospital.

Number in hospital, total number of days and cost of medicine, and number of deaths for the last three years, each year separately:—

	1856.	1857.	1858.
Number in hospital,	81	62	48
Number of days in hospital,	3,649	2,938	2,387
Cost of Medicines,	£34 12s. 7½d.	£29	£30 1s. 1d.
Deaths,	4	1	1

NORTH
DISTRICT.
County of
Fermanagh
Gaol.

Barl of Enniskillen.
Rev. J. G. Porter.
Wm. Archdall, esq.
Captain Morony.

Board of Superintendence.

Charles Ovenden, esq.
Hon. and Rev. J. C. Maude.
Paul Dana, esq.
Robert Archdall, esq.

F. W. Barton, esq.
H. M. J. D'Arcy, esq.
J. C. Bloomfield, esq.
Lord Adam Loftus.

The Board meets monthly, and an adequate number attends for the discharge of general business, but not for the confirmation of appointments, some of which consequently remain still in a probationary state. The payment of contracts and the larger bills (the smaller liabilities being discharged at each meeting) takes place at each Assizes, by means of cheques, which bear the signature of three members of the Board.

Bridewells.

STATE OF BRIDEWELLS.

		Newtownbutler.	
		M.	F.
No. of Commitments in past year,	.	72	12
Of whom were Drunkards,	.	23	5
No. of Commitments in the quarter preceding Inspection,	.	—	—
Of whom were Drunkards,	.	—	—
Petty Sessions,	.	Fortnightly.	
Transmittals,	.	Regular.	
Commitments,	.	Correct.	
Registry,	.	Correct.	
Repairs and Order,	.	Fair, but yards still in grass, and some pointing wanted.	
Security,	.	Sufficient.	
Accommodation,	.	Very limited. Female day-room occupied by keeper's family.	
Bedding,	.	Adequate.	
Water,	.	Supplied by a pump.	
Sewerage,	.	Nil.	
Dryness and Ventilation,	.	Fair.	
Cost of Dietary per head per day,	.	4d.	
Salary of Keeper,	.	£20 0 0	
Whether Keeper follows any other employment,	.	None.	
Remarks,	.	None.	

J. CORRY CONNELLAN, Inspector-General.

COUNTY OF LEITRIM GAOL, AT CARRICK-ON-SHANNON.—VISITED THE 3RD OF MAY, 1859.

NORTH DISTRICT.
County of Leitrim Gaol.

State.

Denomination of Class.	No. in each Class.			No. Sick in Hospital.		
	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.
Pauper Debtors, ...	1	—	1	—	—	—
UNTRIED.						
For Felony, ...	1	—	1	—	—	—
„ Misdemeanors, ...	1	—	1	—	—	—
TRIED.						
<i>Cases disposed of at Assizes and Sessions.</i>						
Of Felony or Larceny:—						
To Imprisonment, ...	3	2	5	—	—	—
Of Misdemeanors, &c., ...	8	1	9	2	—	2
<i>Disposed of Summarily.</i>						
Offences under Larceny Act, ...	—	1	1	—	—	—
Non-payment of Fines and Penalties, ...	4	—	4	—	—	—
Other Misdemeanors, ...	3	—	3	—	—	—
Gross Total, ...	21	4	25	2	—	2

Total number of all classes in gaol on the day of inspection, and on the corresponding day for the three preceding years:—

	M.	F.		M.	F.
On day of Inspection, ...	21	4	1837, ...	32	7
1838, ...	33	8	1836, ...	16	15

Committals, Re-committals, and Averages.

From 1st January to 31st December, 1858. From 1st Jan., to day of Inspection, 1859.

	M.	F.		M.	F.
Committals—Debtors, ...	13	1	Committals—Debtors, ...	—	—
Criminals, ...	170	52	Criminals, ...	46	10
Vagrants, ...	—	3	Vagrants, ...	—	—
Drunkards, ...	31	23	Drunkards, ...	14	16
Lunatics, ...	3	—	Total, ...	60	26
Total, ...	217	81			
Re-committals—Once, ...	9	8	Re-committals—Once, ...	5	3
Twice, ...	—	1	Twice, ...	—	2
Thrice, ...	—	1	Thrice, ...	—	—
Four times and more, ...	—	1	Four times and more, ...	—	—
Total, ...	9	11	Total, ...	5	5
Average daily number, ...	22½	6½	Average daily number, ...	17½	6½
Highest at any one time, ...	50	15	Highest at any one time, ...	29	14
Lowest ditto, ...	6	3	Lowest ditto, ...	12	4
Average daily number in hospital, ...	1½	0½	Average daily number in hospital, ...	1½	0½

It is to be observed that the numbers in custody on the day of inspection are smaller than those recorded on any of the corresponding days of the three preceding years, and that the committals and averages for the expired portion of the current year show a proportionate decline, as contrasted with those of 1858.

The females are much diminished, juvenile offences have become very rare, and vagrancy is almost effaced from the registry.

NORTH
DISTRICT.

Accommodation.

	M.	F.		M.	F.
County of Leitrim Gaol.			Workshops,	1	—
Wards,	5	5	Workshops,	34	—
Yards,	9	5	Kitchens,	1	1
Day Rooms,	14	3	Store Rooms,	2	1
Solitary Cells,	5	2	Laundries,	—	2
Single Cells, not less in size than 9 ft. long, 6 ft. wide, 8 ft. high, = 432 cubic feet,	56	19	Lavatories,	1	—
Single Cells of larger size,	—	2	Baths,	2	—
Cells to contain 3 persons,	—	2	Privies,	17	—
Sleeping Rooms,	7	—	Reception Rooms,	1	1
No. of Beds in each Room,	12	—	Pumps and Wells,	3	—
Hospital Rooms,	5	3	Tread-wheels,	1	—
Chapels,	1	1	Crank Mill (Flax Scutching Mill)	1	—
			Looms for Weaving,	4	—

The building was in sound condition, airy, dry (except from the weeping, in damp weather, of the limestone of which it is constructed), clean, and secure, the locks being in good working order.

The supply of water is abundant, and is applicable to flushing the sewers, which have been rendered effective.

The bedding and clothing were sufficient, as may be seen by the subjoined schedule of articles in use and in store.

Stock at the time of Inspection.

		Male Clothing.		Female Clothing.	
Pairs Blankets, .	101	Shirts, .	141	Shifts, .	42
Pairs Sheets, .	165	Jackets, .	47	Petticoats, .	34
Rugs, .	109	Trowsers, .	47	Pairs Shoes, .	21
Hammocks or Cots, .	7	Caps, .	79		
Bed-ticks, .	194	Pairs Shoes, .	53		

No alteration, except the erection of a clock, has taken place since the last inspection; but it is in contemplation, as particularized below, to partition the school-room and tread-wheel, the stone-breaking yard being already provided with sheds for keeping the prisoners apart, when engaged in this form of labour. This is a step in the right direction, and I trust will be followed not only by arranging the laundry in a similar manner, and by erecting a drying-room, which is much needed, but by establishing "separation" in its integrity for both sexes, which would be now attainable at a very moderate outlay, as the numbers, already greatly lowered, would be still further diminished by the enforcement of this invaluable form of discipline; and as the local authorities will be henceforth relieved of nearly the whole expense of maintaining prisoners convicted by a jury, the Treasury having assented to the recommendation of the County Rates Committee (which reported to the House of Commons in the past year) that Ireland should be placed on an approximately equal footing with England in this particular.

The Marsh-balcony, the cook-house, and the reception-wards are all satisfactory.

The males are classified in accordance with the prescriptions of the Prisons Act, and the females are placed in divisions according to character. The former invariably take their meals and sleep in single cells, and the latter whenever the limited amount of the accommodation assigned to them permits (the lower tier of cells in their quarter being badly lighted and exceptionable for constant occupation), but at other times they are more or less in association.

The Governor, who appears to be an anxious and assiduous officer, attends the lock-up, and one turnkey patrols at night, without, however, the salutary check of a tell-tale clock.

The punishments, which were all inflicted by the Governor, are very few in number.

Punishments for Prison Offences.

From 1st January to 31st December, 1858.	M.	F.	From 1st January to day of Inspection, 1859.	M.	F.
Punishment Cells,	2	4	Punishment Cells,	1	4
Other Punishments,	—	—	Other Punishments,	—	—
Total,	2	4	Total,	1	4

Employment on day of Inspection.

Positive Labour.

NORTH
DISTRICT.

County of
Lettin
Gaul.

MALES.	None.	FEMALES.
3 at Tread-wheel.		
Industrial Labour.		
MALES.		FEMALES.
2 Shoemakers.	3 Washing.	
1 Tailor.	1 Nursing.	
1 Tinker.		
2 Cooking.		
6 Stone-breaking.		

A sum has been presented by the Grand Jury for certain improvements, among which is the addition of partitions to the tread-wheel, in order to prevent communication. The reduction in numbers, and the fact that the great majority of the prisoners is derived from the rural class, unacquainted with skilled labour, have naturally tended to limit the industrial operations here, which, had it been otherwise, would doubtless have been effectively carried on here, as some of the tarakeys are handicraftsmen.

The total of net profit produced by articles disposed of outside the gaol, and return of same for the last two years separately, stands thus:—

1857.—NIL. 1858.—£8 10s. 4½d. for broken stones, a large quantity of which is now on hands for sale.

Schools.

Educational instruction is given daily to both sexes, the females being taught in the presence of the Matron by the Assistant Schoolmaster, who was selected for this purpose, and appointed, since the last inspection, upon the superannuation of one of the turnkeys.

It is intended to fit up the school-room with stalls, so as to check undue intercourse, and the Form of Registry of Progress recommended by my colleague and myself is about to be adopted.

School-hours.—Males.—One hour each day from half-past ten to half-past eleven o'clock, a.m. Females.—One hour each day from half-past eleven to half-past twelve o'clock, a.m.

	M.	F.
Number of individual prisoners attending school during the year 1858,	133	25
Average number attending daily, 1858,	94½	14½

Dietary and Contracts.

Males.—Breakfast—8 oz. Indian meal and ½ pint new milk. Dinner—4 lbs. of potatoes and 1 pint of milk.

Females.—Breakfast—7 oz. of Indian meal and ½ pint new milk. Dinner—3½ lbs. potatoes and ½ pint new milk.

Males on Wednesday and Friday in each week, get 14 oz. bread, seconds flour, and 1 pint oatmeal gruel, 1½ oz. meal, for dinner.

Females on Wednesday and Friday in each week get 12 oz. bread, seconds flour, and ½ pint oatmeal gruel (1½ oz. meal), for dinner.

Males and females under fifteen years of age.—Breakfast—5 oz. Indian meal and ½ pint new milk. Dinner—8 oz. brown bread, and 1 pint soup. Supper—4 oz. brown bread.

Contracts.—Bread, white, per lb., 1½d.; do., brown, per lb., 1½d.; oatmeal, per cwt., 14s. 10½d.; Indian meal, per cwt., 11s.; potatoes, per cwt., 2s.; beef, per lb., 6d.; mutton, per lb., 7d.; new milk, per gallon, 7½d.; salt, per cwt., 3s. 2d.; coals, per cwt., 8½d.; turf, per box, 11½d.; straw, per cwt., 1s. 7d.; candles, per lb., 6½d.; soap, per cwt., £1 14s.

Net cost of dietary per day for each prisoner on the day of inspection, and on the corresponding day in the three preceding years:—

Day of Inspection.	1856.	1857.	1858.
3rd Oct.	3rd Oct.	3rd Oct.	3rd Oct.
3rd Oct.	3rd Oct.	3rd Oct.	3rd Oct.

There were no complaints against the provisions, which are regularly inspected by the Protestant Chaplain, who records his comments in the form submitted by us. I found that a short time ago some exception had been taken to the milk, but latterly it has been reported to be of good quality.

NORTH
DISTRICT.
County of
Leitrim
Gaol.

Books and Accounts.

All the documents relating to the finance and discipline of the prison are kept with laudable accuracy.

Total net cost of gaol, including dietary and salaries, for the three preceding years, separately:—

1856, . £1,340 12s. 0½d. | 1857, . £1,364 7s. 7d. | 1858, . £1,359 5s. 3d.

Officers and Salaries.

Wm. Peyton, esq., Local Inspector, ...	£100	Mrs. C. Brady, Nurse-tender, ...	£20
Rev. W. A. Percy, Protestant Chaplain, ...	30	William Douglas, Turnkey, does the glazing of the prison, superintends the tailoring, and is an upholsterer by trade, ...	30
Do. for extra duty, ...	15	Hugh Tonycliff, Turnkey, superintends tread-wheel, ...	30
Mr. Swayne, Surgeon, ...	45	Martin McGuire, Gate Porter, ...	30
Mr. E. J. Wynne, Apothecary, ...	20	Chas. Irwin, Turnkey, Shoemaker, ...	30
Mr. Hyacinth Dickson, Governor, ...	200	John Weir, Turnkey, Weaver, ...	30
Mr. M. R. Sweeny, First Turnkey, Clerk and Schoolmaster, ...	41	George Robinson, Turnkey and Assistant Schoolmaster, ...	30
Miss M. A. Bourne, Matron, ...	30		
Miss M. McCulla, Assistant Do., ...	20		

In the two last Reports reference was made to the vacancy in the office of Roman Catholic Chaplain, which, I regret to state, still exists. The prisoners, however, of that persuasion are now not altogether deprived of spiritual ministrations, inasmuch as the Very Rev. P. Dawson has volunteered his occasional services, which have been accepted by the Board, orders being given for his admission to the gaol at his discretion, and at reasonable hours. Under these circumstances the addition of £15 per annum is continued to the Protestant Chaplain as a remuneration for his inspection of the diet.

The salaries of all the officers are paid monthly. The turnkeys, of whose conduct I was happy to obtain a favourable report from the Governor, are provided with uniforms. The nurse-tender alone receives rations, but an allowance of coal is supplied to all the interns.

Officers' Visits.

	From 1st Jan. to 31st Dec., 1858.	From 1st Jan. up to day of inspection, 1858.
Local Inspector, ...	233	103
Surgeon, &c., ...	151	50
Protestant Chaplain, ...	154	53

Hospitals.

There were but two patients, both males, at the period of my visit, the general health of the prison having been very satisfactory. The accommodation for both sexes is adequate, and the wards were clean and well ordered. There is one bath for the use of the sick, but no water-closet.

Number in hospital, total number of days and cost of medicine, and number of deaths for the last three years, each year separately:—

	1856.	1857.	1858.
Number in hospital, ...	56	44	52
Number of days in hospital, ...	1,350	1,154	1,321
Deaths, ...	—	1	1
Cost of Medicine, ...	£8 1s. 11d.	£7 17s. 4d.	£14 2s. 1½d.

Board of Superintendence.

The Earl of Leitrim.	Lt.-Colonel Cox.	Edward K. Tenison, esq.
W. R. Ormsby Gore, esq., M.P.	Francis LaTouche, esq.	Guy Lloyd, esq.
H. L. Montgomery, esq.	John A. LaTouche, esq.	William Lawder, esq.
Captain Burchall.	John R. Dickson, esq.	Pierce Simpson, esq.

The Board is convened monthly, when all liabilities are discharged, payment being made by cheques placed in the hands of the Local Inspector, who produces his vouchers at the next ensuing meeting.

STATE OF BRIDEWELLS.

	Bellinamere.		Mallowhamilton.		NORTH DISTRICT. County of Leitrim. Bridewells.
	M.	F.	M.	F.	
No. of Commitments in past year,	118	23	69	32	
Of whom were Drunkards, .	24	7	19	12	
No. of Commitments in the quarter preceding inspection, . . .	13	5	9	8	
Of whom were Drunkards, .	2	3	2	2	
Petty Sessions, ...	Fortnightly.		Fortnightly.		
Transmittals, ...	Direct.		Direct.		
Commitments, ...	Correct.		Correct.		
Registry, ...	Correct.		Correct.		
Repairs, Order, and Cleanliness,	Fair.		Good.		
Security, ...	Quite inadequate.		Sufficient.		
Accommodation, ...	Very limited.		Improved.		
Bolting, ...	Sufficient.		Sufficient.		
Water, ...	Good and ample.		Supplied by pump.		
Sewerage, ...	Effective.		Effective.		
Dryness and Ventilation, . .	Damp in winter; well ventilated.		Improved.		
Cost of dietary per head per day,	Males, 2½d.; females, 2½d.		Males, 3½d.; females, 2½d.		
Salary of Keeper, ...	£35.		£35.		
Whether Keeper follows any other employment, ...	None.		None.		
Remarks, ...	Local Board formed.		Local Board formed.		

J. CONRY CONNELLAN, *Inspector-General.*

NORTH DISTRICT. COUNTY OF LONDONDERRY GAOL, AT LONDONDERRY.—VISITED ON THE 22ND AND 23RD OF SEPTEMBER, 1859.

County of
Londonderry
Gaol.

State on the 22nd of September.

Designation of Class.	No. in each Class.			No. Sick in Hospital.		
	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.
Master Debtors, ...	1	—	1	—	—	—
TRIED.						
<i>Cases Disposed of at Assizes and Sessions.</i>						
Of Felony or Larceny:—						
To Imprisonment, ...	12	6	18	—	—	—
Of Misdemeanors, &c., ...	4	—	4	—	—	—
<i>Disposed of Summarily.</i>						
For Larceny, ...	2	2	4	—	—	—
Non-payment of Fines and Penalties, .	4	—	4	1	—	1
Other Misdemeanors, ...	11	2	13	—	—	—
Drunkards, ...	2	3	5	—	—	—
Dangerous Lunatics, ...	3	—	3	—	—	—
Gross Totals, ...	39	13	52	1	—	1

Offences, &c., of Juveniles Classified at the time of Inspection.

	10 Years and under.		16 Years and above 10.		20 Years and above 16.	
	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.
Felons convicted, ...	1	—	—	—	—	—
Misdemeanants convicted, ...	—	—	1	—	—	—
Summary Convictions, ...	—	—	1	1	—	—

Total number of all classes in gaol on the day of inspection, and on the corresponding day for the three preceding years:—

	M.	F.	Total.		M.	F.	Total.
1856,	46	27	73	1858,	45	25	70
1857,	41	14	55	1859,	39	13	52

Committals, Re-committals, and Averages.

From 1st January to 31st December, 1858. From 1st January to day of Inspection, 1859.

	M.	F.		M.	F.
Committals—Debtors, ...	15	—	Committals—Debtors, ...	8	—
Criminals, ...	315	146	Criminals, ...	154	96
Vagrants, ...	8	8	Vagrants, ...	—	5
Drunkards, ...	112	171	Drunkards, ...	79	160
Lunatics, ...	6	3	Lunatics, ...	9	4
Total, ...	456	328	Total, ...	250	265
Re-committals—Once, ...	16	26	Re-committals—Once, ...	8	16
Twice, ...	7	4	Twice, ...	7	11
Thrice, ...	2	3	Thrice, ...	1	5
Four times and more, ...	2	7	Four times and more, ...	1	9
Total, ...	27	40	Total, ...	17	41

Committals, Re-committals, and Averages—continued.

From 1st January to 31st December, 1856.	From 1st January to day of Inspection, 1857.
Average daily number, ... 513 21 1/2	Average daily number, ... 311 15 1/2
Highest at any one time, ... 71 24	Highest at any one time, ... 44 20
Lowest ditto, ... 33 22	Lowest ditto, ... 28 7
Average daily number in hospital, ... 311 15 1/2	Average daily number in hospital, ... 16 5 1/2

NORTH
DISTRICT.
County of
Londonderry and
Gael.

A comparison of the aggregate in custody on the day selected for the record of the inspection, and on the corresponding days of the three preceding years, evidences a reduction; and if we examine the daily average, and the committals and re-committals, during the expired portion of the current year, we find that both these schedules show a decline from 1856, which was, it is to be noted, somewhat in advance of 1857. There is nothing, therefore, which requires observation as to the amount of crime, nor indeed as to its quality, except that the religious excitement, which has latterly prevailed here, as well as in other parts of the kingdom, has tended to increase the number of lunatics, who pass through the gaol to the asylum.

Accommodation.

	N.	F.		N.	F.
Wards, ...	11	—	Workshops, ...	4	—
Yards, ...	13	4	Workshops, ...	66	—
Day Rooms, ...	6	4	Kitchens, ...	—	1
Solitary Cells, ...	10	2	Store Rooms, ...	4	2
Single Cells, not less than 9 feet long, 6 feet wide, and 8 feet high=432 cubic feet, ...	140	36	Laundries, ...	—	1
Single Cells of larger size, ...	6	—	Lavatories, ...	2	6
Sleeping Rooms, ...	5	1	Baths, ...	15	4
No. of Beds in such Rooms, ...	12	2	Privies, ...	14	—
Hospital Rooms, ...	3	3	Water-closets, ...	4	5
Chapels, ...	1	—	Fumigating Rooms, ...	1	—
School Rooms, ...	2	1	Reception Rooms, ...	1	1
			Pumps and Wells, ...	1	—

Since the last inspection several improvements have been completed, or are in progress, or in contemplation.

Sleeping apartments, and a day-room for the occupation of the male officers, have been fitted up in the correctionals, and some judicious alterations have been carried out in the office. The walls of the male prison have been thoroughly scraped, and a thick mass of incrustated whitewash has been removed, and the Governor's house has been repaired, papered, and painted.

The soil boxes in the male working-yards have been discontinued, and effective water-closets have been substituted for them. A serious leak in the underground water-pipes having been discovered, measures were taken against its recurrence. The paving and roofing of the male work-sheds are in course of execution, and the whole of the buildings allocated to prisoners of this sex, are about to be furnished with metal spouting.

The removal of some old walls in the female quarter, referred to in former reports, is proceeding, which will create a large area for exercise, and I am happy to learn that the Board entertains the project of erecting a laundry, a drying room, and baths. As a matter of economy I would submit that the existing laundry might be retained either for its present purpose, by dividing it with stalls, or adapted for a drying-room, and in the event of a steam boiler, which is included in the plan under consideration, not being thought indispensable, it appears that a considerable saving might be effected, if one fire could be rendered applicable to the several duties of cooking, of supplying hot water for the laundry, and the baths, and of heating the drying-room, and the female solitary cells.

The males, for whom accommodation far exceeding present or probable future requirements, exists, are classified according to the prescriptions of the Prisons Act, but are subjected to approximative separation, taking their meals, and sleeping in single cells, and being placed in sheds apart, when employed in stone-breaking. In fact they are congregated solely at school, and at chapel, and while engaged in trades. Under these circumstances, and as they are confined in their cells during the winter, from lock-up to the following morning, (a period

North
District.

County of
London-
derry Goal

of sixteen hours out of the twenty-four), I submit that it would be highly desirable that the cells should be artificially heated, and lighted with gas, to be used for some hours after lock-up, with a view to educational and industrial instruction. It would also be essential to the prevention of undue communication, that both the male and female school-rooms should be divided by stalls; and the present male school-room being from its structure almost incapable of such division, I would throw out to the Board the adaptation to this purpose, of a part of the correctional, if, upon examination of the arched partitions, the plan should be found practicable.

The females occupy separate cells completely adapted to separation, but are also associated at school and chanel, and in cooking and washing.

Stock at the time of Inspection.

	Male Clothing.	Female Clothing.
Pairs Blankets, . . . 447½	Shirts, . . . 136	Caps, . . . 99
Pairs Sheets, . . . 193	Jackets, . . . 102	Shifts, . . . 93
Rugs, . . . 24	Trousers, . . . 126	Gowns, . . . 60
Bed-ticks, . . . 254	Caps, . . . 85	Petticoats, . . . 100
	Socks or Stockings, . . . 259	Stockings, . . . 60
	Pairs Clogs, . . . 137	Shoes, . . . 60

I found the prison throughout in a highly creditable condition of order and discipline, in sound repair, clean, airy, and abundantly supplied with water. The main sewers are large and effective, but the smaller sewers leading from some of the privies are stated to be imperfect. The stock of bedding, blankets, sheets, and gaoi clothing was ample. The Governor attends the lock-up, and a nightly patrol is now maintained by all the turnkeys in rotation, without, however, the salutary and certain check of a tell-tale clock.

Punishments for Prison Offences.

From 1st January to 31st December, 1838. (From 1st January to day of Inspection, 1839.)

Punishment Cells,	M.	F.		Punishment Cells,	M.	F.
	35	10			23	24
Number sentenced during the year to solitary confinement,					M.	F.
" " whipping,					1	-
					1	-
Total,					2	-

The Punishment-book is very properly submitted to the Board at each meeting, and initialed by the Chairman, as an evidence of cognizance.

Employment on day of Inspection

MALES.		FEMALES.	
Wardsmen, ...	2	Laundry, ...	2
Picking oakum, ...	2	Cooks, ...	2
Breaking stones, ...	17	Sewing, ...	2
Wheeling stones, ...	2	Spinning, ...	2
Sledging stones, ...	2	Picking oakum, ...	5
Cleaning gail, ...	2		
Carpenters, ...	2	Total, ...	13
Shoemakers, ...	2		
Tailors, ...	1		
Lunatics, ...	3		
In charge of lunatics pick- ing oakum, ...	2		
Hospital, ...	1		
Debtor, ...	1		
Total, ...	39		

It will be observed that a very large proportion of males is allocated to stone-breaking, which thus represents both industrial and hard labour; for the absence of a tread-wheel, crank-pump, or capstan-mill on the one hand, and of skilled handicraftsmen on the other, leaves little distinction between the more punitive and the more reproductive forms of employment.

Total of net profit produced by articles disposed of outside the goal, and return of same for the last two years, separately:—

1856, £86 16s. 11½d. | 1857, £107 11s. 10½d. | 1858, £98 4s.

Schools.

School-hours.—Males—One hour and a-half to each of the two schools. Females—One hour daily.

	M.	F.
Number of individual prisoners attending school during the year,	290	303
Average number attending daily,	43½	17½

The prisoners of both sexes are taught by an efficient master, a matron attending the females during instruction. The form of registry is satisfactory, and the schools are superintended from time to time by the Protestant and Presbyterian Chaplains. I have alluded above to the expediency of enabling the prisoners to turn the winter evenings to account, and I would again put forward the suggestion that the schools should be held after lock-up in that season.

Dietary.

Prisoners exceeding one month.—Breakfast—Males, 8 oz. meal in stirabout, and 1 pint buttermilk. Females—7 oz. meal in stirabout, and 1 pint buttermilk. Males and Females under 15 years of age, 5 oz. meal in stirabout, 1 pint buttermilk.

Dinner.—Males—14 oz. bread, and 1 pint new milk. Females—12 oz. bread, ½ pint new milk. Males and Females under 15 years, 8 oz. bread, 1 oz. oatmeal made into gruel.

Prisoners not exceeding one month.—Breakfast same as described above.—Dinner—Males—14 oz. bread, and 1 oz. oatmeal made into gruel. Females—12 oz. bread, and 1 oz. oatmeal in gruel. Males and Females under 15 years, 8 oz. bread, 1 oz. oatmeal in gruel. Supper—Males and Females under 15 years—4 oz. bread.

Contracts.—Bread, per lb., 1½d.; oatmeal, per cwt., 11s. 6d.; new milk, per gallon, 6½d.; buttermilk, 20 quarts, 9d.; coals, per ton, 12s. 2d.; candles, per doz. lbs., 6s. 6d.; soap, per cwt., 30s.

Net cost of dietary per day for each prisoner on the day of inspection, and on the corresponding day in the three preceding years.

1856, . 3½d. | 1857, . 2½d. | 1858, . 2½d. | 1859, . 2½d.

There were no complaints preferred by any of the prisoners with regard to the dietary. The provisions are regularly inspected by the Chaplains, and I found but few exceptions taken by them to any item of consumption.

Books and Accounts.

The registries and the prison books, and the accounts, are kept with clearness and accuracy, and most of the forms recommended by the Inspectors-General are observed.

Total net cost of goal, including dietary, salaries, for the three preceding years, separately:

1856, £1,759 14s. 11d. | 1857, £1,703 19s. 0½d. | 1858, 1,671 8s. 0½d.

Officers and Salaries.

	£	s.	d.		£	s.	d.
Thos. Chambers, esq., Local Inspector,	110	0	0	Archibald Mahon, Schoolmaster,	40	0	0
Thomas H. Babington, esq., Surgeon to Gaol and County Infirmary,	—			Thomas Swan, First Turnkey,	40	0	0
Rev. William Beresford, Protestant Chaplain,	46	3	1	Benjamin Wilson, Second Turnkey, could teach Mat-making,	38	0	0
Rev. Wm. McClure, Presbyterian Chaplain,	46	3	1	Robert Cusack, Third Turnkey,	35	0	0
Rev. W. McLoughlin, Roman Catholic Chaplain,	46	3	1	Joe Devlin, Fourth Turnkey, could teach Brush making,	32	0	0
Lieutenant Richard Boyd, Governor,	160	0	0	Richard McElroy, Fifth Turnkey,	30	0	0
Thomas Lecky, Deputy-Governor, Stone-mason,	70	0	0	Eliza Kennedy, Matron,	40	0	0
Marcus Mooney, Clerk,	50	0	0	Isabella Donaghy, Assistant Matron,	30	0	0
				Letitia Wilson, Hosp. Nurse,	22	0	0

NORTH
DISTRICT.
County of
London-
derry Gaol.

Since the last inspection the probationary appointments of Mr. Chambers as Local Inspector, and of Lieutenant Boyd as Governor, have been confirmed; and it is due to two very zealous and efficient officers, that I should express my entire concurrence in the selection of them made by the Board. The Roman Catholic Chaplain, the Rev. E. Doherty, having resigned, he has been succeeded by the Rev. W. M'Loughlin; and two vacancies, created by the superannuation of a turnkey, and the resignation of the Assistant Matron, have been duly filled. The extern officers and the Governor receive their salaries at each Assizes, and the subordinate interns monthly, including a commuted money allowance in lieu of rations. The turnkeys are provided with arms and uniforms.

Visits paid by Extern Officers.

	From 1st Jan. to 31st Dec. in the Year 1858.	From 1st Jan. up to day of Inspection, 1858.
Local Inspector, ...	222	224
Surgeon, &c., ...	223	174
Protestant Chaplain, ...	161	125
Presbyterian or Dissenting Chaplain, ...	296	150
Roman Catholic Chaplain, ...	141	108

The visits of the Roman Catholic Chaplain in the past year fall below the number prescribed by the Prisons Act. It would be desirable that the attendances of the extern officers should be totted up monthly, and laid before the Board at each meeting, in order that, in the event of any default occurring, an explanation should be demanded.

Hospitals.

The quarters assigned to the sick of both sexes, respectively, are clean, well ventilated, and furnished with baths and water-closets. There was but one patient, a male, and the general health of the prison had been satisfactory.

Number in hospital, total number of days and cost of medicine, and number of deaths for the last three years; each year separately:—

	1856.	1857.	1858.
Number in hospital, ...	34	18	30
Number of days in hospital, ...	324	252	330
Number of deaths, ...	NIL.	1	1
Cost of Medicine, ...	£23 4s. 6d.	£13 16s. 6d.	£17 18s. 7d.

Board of Superintendence.

The Mayor of Derry.	J. R. Beresford, esq., J.P.	A. Babington, esq., J.P.
Sir R. A. Ferguson, Bart., M.P., J.P.	William H. Ash, esq., J.P.	William Green, esq., J.P.
Sir R. Bateson, Bart., J.P.	James Murray, esq., J.P.	M. M'Causland, esq., J.P.
Major T. Scott, J.P.	John Dysart, esq., J.P.	H. Nicholson, esq., J.P.

The Board assembles monthly, with regularity, when food contracts, and the smaller bills are paid by means of cheques, signed by three members of the Board, and countersigned by the Local Inspector. All other liabilities are similarly discharged at each Assizes. I cannot close my report upon the gaol, without congratulating the administrative body upon the public spirit and energy which they have displayed in carrying out numerous measures of amelioration, and I have no doubt that the prison consigned to their charge will, when the projects for further improvement have been completed, bear comparison with the best similar institutions of the kingdom.

Bridewells.

The subjoined schedule of the Bridewells is compiled from the observations of the Inspector-General, and the Local Inspector, at their several visits. Since the last annual inspection an escape took place from the Bridewell of Coleraine, and a suicide in that of Newtownlimavady.

In the first case the keeper was cautioned, under pain of dismissal, to be more vigilant; and in the second the coroner's jury found a verdict exculpating from all blame, the keeper, "or any person connected with the Bridewell." The deceased (a female), having suspended herself from a projecting ventilator, the latter has been removed, and a plate of perforated zinc substituted.

BRIDEWELLS.

NORTH
DISTRICT.
County of
Londonderry.
Bridewells.

	Coleraine.		N.-T.-Londonderry.		Magherafelt.	
	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.
No. of Committals in past year, . . .	94	44	109	44	152	59
Of whom were Drunkards, . . .	30	8	41	24	67	36
No. of Committals in quarter preceding inspection, . . .	14	12	26	7	17	9
Of whom were Drunkards, . . .	4	4	18	5	4	2
Petty Sessions and transmittals, . . .	Petty Sessions fortnightly; transmittals generally direct.		Petty Sessions fortnightly; transmittals immediate.		Petty Sessions monthly; transmittals generally regular.	
Committals, . . .	Correct.		Correct.		Correct.	
Registry, . . .	Correct.		Correct.		Correct.	
Repairs and Order, . . .	Building new.		Good.		Some repairs required, but about to be presented for.	
Security, . . .	Imperfect from position of the prison.		Adequate.		Imperfect; the walls being too low.	
Accommodation, . . .	Very imperfect, the keeper being compelled to occupy two cells; and there being no storage of any kind.		Adequate; an extra female cell being in course of construction.		Inadequate for the keeper.	
Bedding and Furniture, . . .	Sufficient.		Sufficient.		Sufficient.	
Water, . . .	Ample.		Supplied from the public main.		Supplied by a pump.	
Sewerage, . . .	Altered, and it is to be hoped with advantage.		Effective.		Effective.	
Dryness and Ventilation, . . .	Lower story dark and very damp.		Cells dark and defective in ventilation, which is about to be improved.		Ventilation of some cells defective.	
Cost of Dietary, per head, per day, . . .	3d. for both sexes.		3d. for both sexes.		3d. for both sexes.	
Salary of Keeper, . . .	£20		£20.		£20.	
Whether Keeper follows any other employment, . . .	Court-house keeper.		Court-house keeper.		Court-house keeper.	
Remarks, . . .	Auxiliary Board formed.		Auxiliary Board formed.		Auxiliary Board formed.	

J. CONRY CONSELLAN, Inspector-General.

NORTH
DISTRICT.COUNTY OF LONGFORD GAOL, AT LONGFORD.—VISITED ON 6TH OF MAY
AND 3RD OF NOVEMBER, 1859.County of
Longford
Gaol.

State.

Denomination of Class.	No. in each Class.			No. Sick in Hospital.		
	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.
UNTRIED.						
For Felony, ...	—	1	1	—	—	—
„ Larceny, ...	1	—	1	—	—	—
„ Misdemeanors, ...	3	—	3	—	—	—
TRIED.						
<i>Cases disposed of at Assizes and Sessions.</i>						
<i>Of Felony or Larceny:—</i>						
To Imprisonment, ...	3	1	4	—	1	1
Of Misdemeanors, &c., ...	1	—	1	—	—	—
<i>Disposed of Summarily.</i>						
Offences under Larceny Act, ...	1	2	3	—	2	2
Other Misdemeanors, ...	6	—	6	1	—	1
Vagrants, ...	—	1	1	—	—	—
Gross Totals, ...	17	5	22	1	3	4

Offences, &c., of Juveniles Classified at the time of Inspection.

	10 Years and under.		16 Years and above 10.		20 Years and above 16.	
	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.
Summary Convictions—						
Other offences, ...	—	—	2	—	—	—

Total number of all classes in gaol on the day of inspection, and on the corresponding day for the three preceding years:—

	M.	F.	Total.		M.	F.	Total.
1856, ...	17	24	41	1858, ...	33	14	47
1857, ...	29	8	37	1859, ...	17	5	22

Committals, Re-Committals, and Averages.

From 1st January to 31st December, 1858. From 1st January to day of Inspection, 1859.

	M.	F.		M.	F.
Committals—			Committals—		
Debtors, ...	6	—	Criminals, ...	98	19
Criminals, ...	291	71	Vagrants, ...	—	7
Vagrants, ...	8	46	Drunkards, ...	29	3
Drunkards, ...	78	19	Lunatics, ...	2	—
Total, ...	383	136	Total, ...	127	29
From 1st January to 31st December, 1858. From 1st January to day of Inspection, 1859.					
Re-committals—Once, ...	19	13	Re-committals—Once, ...	6	2
Twice, ...	4	10	Twice, ...	1	1
Thrice, ...	1	3	Total, ...	7	3
Four times and more, ...	1	1			
Total, ...	25	27	Average daily number, ...	23½	5½
Average daily number, ...	27½	8½	Highest at any one time, ...	35	7
Highest at any one time, ...	49	10	Lowest ditto, ...	14	5
Lowest ditto, ...	13	8	Average daily number in Hospital, ...	0½	1½
Average daily number in Hospital, ...	1½	0½			

Upon examining the foregoing schedules, which present an abstract, in different points of view, of the inmates of this prison, we do not find any grounds for special observation. It is gratifying, however, to remark, that the daily average of both sexes was less in 1858 than in 1857, and that a similar result exists with reference to the portion of the current year, which is recorded above.

Vagrancy has again experienced a decline, and juvenile offences are very few in number. There were no prisoners under rule of penal servitude, but there was one returned convict, a male. At my first visit there were no dangerous inmates in custody, but at my second I found no less than three, who, though not committed as under that category, were obviously in such a state of mind as to exempt them from moral responsibility and from the application of ordinary prison discipline.

Normal
District.

County of
Longford
Gaol.

Accommodation.

	M.	F.		M.	F.
Wards, ...	7	4	Workshops, ...	3	1
Yards, ...	7	4	Workshops, ...	16	-
Day Rooms, ...	7	4	Kitchens, ...	1	1
Solitary Cells, ...	3	4	Bakery, ...	1	-
Single Cells, 9 ft. long, 6 ft. wide, and 8 ft. high, contain- ing 432 cubic feet, ...	-	-	Store Rooms, ...	3	2
Single Cells of larger size, ...	2	-	Laundries, ...	-	1
Single Cells of smaller size, ...	48	13	Drying Rooms, ...	-	1
Cells to contain three persons, ...	2	-	Lavatories, ...	-	1
Sleeping Rooms, ...	6	5	Baths, ...	5	1
No. of Beds in such Rooms, ...	17	11	Privies, ...	7	2
Hospital Rooms, ...	3	1	Waterclosets, ...	3	1
Chapels, ...	1	1	Reception Rooms, ...	1	1
School Rooms, ...	1	1	Pumps and Wells, ...	1	-
			Tread-wheels, ...	1	-
			Crank-mill, ...	1	-

Stock at the time of Inspection.

		Male Clothing.		Female Clothing.	
Pairs Blankets,	. 129	Shirts,	. 69	Caps,	. 22
Pairs Sheets,	. 74	Jackets,	. 64	Shifts,	. 23
Rugs,	. 134	Trowsers,	. 65	Gowns,	. 30
Hammocks or Cots,	. 57	Cups,	. 44	Petticoats,	. 29
Bed-ticks,	. 54	Socks and Stockings,	12	Shoes,	. 27
		Pairs Shoes & Clogs,	79		

I found the prison at both my visits as clean, and in as good order, as was consistent with the works in progress. The general repair was sound, but there were some deficiencies under this heading. The privies adjoining the workshops were in a ruinous condition, the roofs and door frames being rotten; the gutters of the roof of the corn-store were leaky, and the floor of the kiln was somewhat broken. The roof of the Governor's house also requires to be stanchd. The workshops referred to in former reports, as being dilapidated, have been partially restored, and will be completed as soon as they are vacated by the stone-cutters, who now occupy them. The itch ward has been removed to the hospital; debtors are happily rare here, for the accommodation is very limited, there being no quarter for the females, and but one building for the males, both masters and paupers, in which further is placed the reception room for prisoners of this sex. A large area of flagging is in process of being laid down, solely by means of prisoners' labour, carried on under the supervision of one of the turnkeys. The wood-work throughout the building is receiving a coat of paint, and the sewerage has now been rendered much more effective, and a shaft is about to be sunk, which will aid the circulation.

The chief improvement, however, which I have to record, is the adaptation of the female prison, amounting to seventeen cells, to the separate system, for which a presentment was duly passed, and plans approved by the Grand Jury. In consequence of the omission of the Foreman's signature to these plans, some delay unfortunately arose in submitting them to the Lord Lieutenant for his sanction; but this difficulty having been obviated by the certificate of the Secretary of the Grand Jury, I am happy to state that the Inspectors-General have been able to procure the necessary concurrence of the Board of Works, and of the Executive, and that at no distant period this inestimable system of discipline will be

NORTH
DISTRICT.

County of
Longford
Gaol.

applied to the class of prisoners, upon which it never fails to produce effects, both deterrent and reformatory.

It will be necessary, in order to maintain separation in its integrity, to partition the laundry, which is a small and inconvenient apartment; and the adjunct to which, the drying-room, is also imperfect. A further presentment was passed for erecting a gate-house, but I am informed that the sum is inadequate to that object.

The ventilation is satisfactory, and the building is free from damp, except in the localities stated above; though in wet weather a certain amount of weeping, the result of the material, is observable.

The supply of water is abundant, and the stock of bedding and clothing is sufficient; some shoes and clogs, however, are wanting.

The males are classified nearly in compliance with the prescriptions of the Prisons Act; and the females, pending the adoption of "separation," are placed in two divisions, according to known or presumed character; the prisoners of both sexes sleep in single cells, but take their meals in their day-rooms; in the summer months, and at all times, except during the prevalence of very severe weather, it would be advisable to confine them to their cells at breakfast and dinner.

The lock-up is attended by the Governor, and the final inspection takes place at 9.30. One turnkey patrols during the night, whose vigilance is tested by a tell-tale clock, and but few instances of a failure of duty are found to exist.

The punishments from the 1st of January to the date of my second visit, amounted to thirty, which were all inflicted by the authority of the Governor, except three, in which magisterial intervention was found necessary.

Punishments for Prison Offences.

From 1st January to 31st December, 1858. From 1st January to day of Inspection, 1859.

	M.	F.		M.	F.
Punishment Cells, . . .	12	5	Punishment Cells, . . .	8	3
Other Punishments, . . .	1	-	Other Punishments, . . .	-	-
Total, . . .	13	5	Total, . . .	8	3

Employment.—Industrial Labour.

MALES.			FEMALES.		
Cooking, . . .	1		Washing clothes, . . .	1	
Baking, . . .	1		Washing rooms, . . .	1	
Tailoring, . . .	2		In Hospital, . . .	3	
Weaving, . . .	1		Total, . . .	5	
Painting, . . .	1				
Washing-out rooms, . . .	2				
Whitewashing, . . .	1				
Working in garden, . . .	2				
In Hospital, . . .	1				
In Itch-ward, . . .	2				
In Reception-room, . . .	3				
Total, . . .	17				

Total of net profit produced by articles disposed of outside the gaol, and return of same for the last two years, separately:—

1857, . . . £36 14s. 7½d. | 1858, . . . £15 19s. 2d.

The heading of industrial labour accounts for the disposal of the prisoners on the day recorded, but it is proper to remark that it frequently happens that there is not available a sufficient number of prisoners sentenced to hard labour to work the means provided here for fulfilling it.

Schools.

	M.	F.
Number of individual prisoners attending school during the year 1858, 45	45	-
Average number attending daily, . . .	5½	-

The male school is remarkably well conducted, the form of the registry being good, and the supervision of the Chaplains constant. Indeed it is but justice to them to state, that they discharge their duty in this important particular with conscientious efficiency. Prisoners of this sex, of more mature age, who are desirous of learning, unless under short rules, are admissible to the school, from which, however, they had hitherto been occasionally withdrawn by special labour, as to those who are thus employed, additional rations are granted, thus operating as an inducement not to attend. The Roman Catholic Chaplain having expressed

his regret at this regulation, I brought the matter under the consideration of the Board, who immediately arranged that the period of schooling in the winter months should not commence until after the close of daily labour at dusk, thus rendering available the special labour referred to, and at the same time enabling the prisoners to enjoy the full advantage of educational instruction.

I greatly regret that there is no school for the females. Their numbers are undoubtedly very low, and sometimes barely sufficient for the ordinary prison duties; but, whenever there are in custody prisoners of this sex, under long sentences, it would be proper that they should be instructed by the schoolmaster, of course in the presence of a matron.

Dietary.

First Class, Males.—Breakfast—4 oz. oatmeal and 4 oz. Indian meal, made into stirabout, and 1 pint of buttermilk. Dinner—14 oz. wholemeal bread and 1 pint of new milk.

Second Class, Females.—Breakfast—7 oz., half oatmeal and half Indian meal, in stirabout, and 1 pint of buttermilk. Dinner—12 oz. wholemeal bread and $\frac{1}{2}$ pint of new milk.

Third Class, Males and Females.—Breakfast—5 oz., half oatmeal and half Indian meal, made into stirabout, and 1 pint of buttermilk. Dinner—8 oz. wholemeal bread and 1 pint oatmeal gruel. Supper—4 oz. wholemeal bread.

Oatmeal gruel is served out to all the prisoners in lieu of milk, at dinner, on Tuesday and Friday in each week. Prisoners sentenced to one calendar month and under get one pint of gruel instead of milk for dinner.

Contracts.—Meat, per pound, 7d.; new milk, per gallon, 3d.; buttermilk, per gallon, 2½d.

No complaints were preferred at either of my visits by prisoners, against the provisions, which are regularly inspected by the Chaplains in the form suggested by my colleague and myself. Latterly, however, the records of such inspection show several exceptions taken to the milk, which have led to some improvement in the quality furnished by the contractor, who will forfeit the price of the amount condemned.

There were also some objections, but not frequent, entered against the bread and stirabout. The prisoners had presented a memorial (in which they were very improperly aided by the schoolmaster), praying for the occasional substitution of potatoes.

Net cost of dietary per day for each prisoner on the day of inspection, and on the corresponding day in the three preceding years:—

1836, . 3½d. | 1837, . 2½d. | 1838, . 2½d. | 1839, . 2½d.

Books and Accounts.

The Local Inspector, the Chaplains, the Medical Officer, and the Governor, are provided with journals, and the books and accounts, embracing all matters of discipline, consumption, expenditure, and receipt, are kept with creditable accuracy, except the Gate-keeper's book, in which some incorrect entries were discovered.

Total net cost of gaol, including dietary and salaries, for the three preceding years, separately:—

1836, £1,364 6s. 11½d. | 1837, £1,211 13s. 0½d. | 1838, £1,146 18s. 6½d.

Officers and Salaries.

	£	s.	d.		£	s.	d.
Wm. Walker, esq., Local Inspector, ...	75	0	0	Sarah Wilson, Matron, ...	40	0	0
Rev. Robert James Card, Protestant Chaplain, ...	38	18	6	Robt. M'Nally, Gate Porter, ...	35	0	0
Rev. Samuel M'Cutcheon, Presbyterian Chaplain, ...	36	18	6	John Mulligan, Turnkey and Carpenter, ...	30	0	0
Rev. James Reynolds, Roman Catholic Chaplain, ...	36	18	6	Christopher Duggan, Turnkey and Miller, ...	30	0	0
Henry Edgeworth, esq., Surgeon, ...	—			William Addy, Turnkey and Tailor, ...	30	0	0
Hugh Morrow, esq., Governor, ...	150	0	0	Robert Lea, Turnkey, Schoolmaster, and Master Weaver	30	0	0
Chas. H. Hyde, esq., Apothecary, ...	20	0	0	Alexander Hamilton, Turnkey and Superintendent of Tread-wheel, ...	30	0	0
Henry Robinson, Deputy Governor, ...	40	0	0	Anna Maria Pife, Female Turnkey, ...	18	0	0

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Gaol.

Since the last inspection one turnkey was superannuated, and the schoolmaster and assistant clerk resigned; and in lieu of whom one person was appointed by the Board to perform the duties of turnkey, schoolmaster, and master weaver.

The extern officers receive their salaries half-yearly, and the intern monthly; none are on gaoil allowance, but the turnkeys are furnished with fire-arms, and uniforms. Of the conduct of these latter I received a favourable report, but I am bound to state that I do not consider the matron to be qualified for the charge of prisoners placed, as the females are about to be, under the separate system, the due administration of which demands great care, tact, and observation.

Some improvement is observable in the general conduct of the Governor, as to regularity and activity, but I found some entries showing occasional inattention on his part, in leaving prisoners without proper supervision, which was very properly made the subject of a severe reprimand on the part of the Board.

Visits paid by Officers.

	From 1st Jan. to 31st Dec. in the Year.	From 1st Jan. up to day of Inspection.
Local Inspector.	255	123
Surgeon, &c.,	243	84
Protestant Chaplain.	217	89
Presbyterian or Dissenting Chaplain.	233	81
Roman Catholic Chaplain.	235	91
Apothecary.	201	80

Hospitals.

There are separate hospitals for each sex, which are furnished with water-closets, but there is no bath in the female quarter.

The buildings were fairly clean, and the general health of the prisoners had been satisfactory.

Number in hospital, total number of days and cost of medicine, and number of deaths for the last three years; each year separately:—

	1855.	1857.	1858.
Number in Hospital.	73	89	43
Number of days in Hospital.	1,342	1,904	649
Cost of Medicines.	£20	£20	£30
Deaths.	—	—	1

Board of Superintendence.

Hen. Crawford, esq., J.P.	Anchmuty J. Richardson,	George Lefroy, esq.
Alex. C. Kingston, esq.	esq., J.P.	Ambrose Bole, esq., J.P.
Richard W. Bond, esq.	Lieut.-Col. Musters, J.P.	Edwd. Enstone Hill, esq.,
Joseph Stevin, esq., J.P.	Major Blackall, J.P.	J.P.
Thos. Gosselin, esq., J.P.	Henry Lees, esq., J.P.	

The Board assembles monthly, when, as above stated, the salaries of the subordinate officers are discharged, as well as all bills, and those of larger amount by cheques payable to the several creditors, while the smaller are included in one cheque, which is placed in the hands of, and accounted for by the Local Inspector. I called the attention of the Board to the too great facility afforded to visiting prisoners, having found four orders granted in one day by four different members, upon which they promptly issued the following order:—"That in future the Governor be instructed to admit one visit only on each day to any prisoner."

J. CORRY CONNELLAN, Inspector-General.

COUNTY OF LOUTH GAOL, AT DUNDALK.—VISITED THE 27TH OF APRIL, 1859.

NORTH DISTRICT.

County of Louth Gaol.

State.

Denomination of Class.	No. in each Class.			No. Sick in Hospital.		
	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.
UNTRIED.						
Deporters, ...	1	—	1	—	—	—
TRIED.						
<i>Cases disposed of at Assizes and Sessions.</i>						
Of Felony or Larceny—						
To Imprisonment, ...	7	6	13	—	—	—
Of Misdemeanors, &c., ...	2	2	4	—	—	—
<i>Disposed of summarily.</i>						
Offences under Larceny Act, ...	1	—	1	—	—	—
Non-payment of Fines and Penalties, ...	—	1	1	—	—	—
Other Misdemeanors, ...	2	2	4	—	—	—
Drunkards, ...	1	—	1	—	—	—
Dangerous Lunatics, ...	3	2	5	—	—	—
Gross Totals, ...	17	13	30	—	—	—

Offences, &c., of Juveniles classified at the time of Inspection.

—	10 Years and under.		16 Years and above 10.		20 Years and above 16.	
	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.
Felons Convicted, ...	—	—	1	—	—	—
Summary Convictions, ...	—	—	1	—	—	—

Total number of all classes in gaol on the day of inspection, and on the corresponding day in the three preceding years.

1839, . . . 30 | 1838, . . . 39 | 1837, . . . 41 | 1836, . . . 47

Committals, Re-committals, and Averages.

From 1st January to 31st December, 1838.		From 1st Jan. to day of Inspection, 1839.	
	M. F.		M. F.
Committals—Debtors, ...	12 2	Committals—Debtors, ...	4 —
Criminals, ...	213 114	Criminals, ...	46 32
Drunkards, ...	71 128	Drunkards, ...	27 45
Lunatics, ...	11 9	Lunatics, ...	3 5
Total, ...	307 253	Total, ...	82 82
Re-committals—Once, ...	64 40	Re-committals—Once, ...	5 8
Twice, ...	— 6	Twice, ...	— 4
Thrice, ...	1 10	Thrice, ...	— 1
Four times and more, ...	— 5	Four times and more, ...	— 3
Total, ...	65 61	Total, ...	5 16
Average daily number, ...	21½ 19½	Average daily number, ...	20½ 22½
Highest at any one time, ...	34 30	Highest at any one time, ...	29 29
Lowest ditto, ...	13 12	Lowest ditto, ...	15 12

The return of those in custody on the above day, and the corresponding days of the three preceding years, exhibits a steadily progressive decline. There is nothing worthy of observation as to the comparison of the daily averages, the committals, and re-committals, in the past year, and in the

NORTH DISTRICT. expired portion of the present, except that the latter, as regards the females, are derived almost exclusively from the recurrence to gaol of prostitutes and drunkards under the Towns Improvement Act.

County of South Glos.

	M.	F.
Number sentenced to solitary confinement during the year 1858.	-	-
„ „ whipping.	3	-

Accommodation.

	M.	F.		M.	F.
Wards, in Two Wings.	3	1	Workshops—Cells are used.		
Yards	18	for all.	Workshops for Stone-breaking.	24	-
Day Rooms.	1	1	Kitchens.		One.
Solitary Cells.	2	2	Store Rooms.		4
Single Cells, not less than 9 feet			Laundries.		1
long, 6 feet wide, and 8 feet			Drying Rooms (not fitted up).		1
high—432 cubic feet.	83	21	Baths.	2	2
Single Cells of larger size.	2	1	Water-closets—One in each Cell.		
Hospital Rooms.	4	1	Reception Rooms.	4	6
Chapels.		One.	Pumps and Wells—connected		
School Rooms—Stalls in Chapel.			with Cranks.		Two.

The building was in a creditable condition of order and cleanliness, well ventilated (a very important sanitary alteration having been completed by the opening of the cell windows), amply supplied with water, and secure. The sewerage is effective, and the large cesspool was about to be cleared. The damp noticed in former Reports as arising externally from the action of the weather, and internally from the leakage of the water-works, has been provided against.

The cells also have been repaired, and some improvements have been carried out in the laundry, and drying-room.

A dwarf wall, or rather a sunk fence, isolating, but somewhat imperfectly, the debtors' quarter, has further been added.

There was a fair supply of clothing and bedding, which latter is taken out and aired in dry weather.

The separate system is strictly enforced in all the criminal classes of both sexes, and its successful application, both physically and morally, is attested by the health of the prisoners, and by the paucity of punishments.

The Governor attends the lock-up, and one turnkey maintains the night patrol.

Punishments for Prison Offences.

From 1st January to 31st December, 1858. From 1st January to day of Inspection, 1859.

	M.	F.		M.	F.
Punishment Cells.	2	4	Punishment Cells.	-	-
Other Punishments.	-	-	Other Punishments.	-	-

Employment on day of Inspection.

Productive Labour.

MALES.		FEMALES.	
Pumping Water, stone-breaking, and levelling ground.	8	Picking Oakum.	3
Cooking for Prisoners and carrying coals.	1	Scouring Cells.	1
		Prison Duties.	1
		Lunatics.	2
		Minding Lunatics.	1

Industrial Labour.

MALES.		FEMALES.	
Mat-making.	3	Sewing.	2
Picking Oakum.	2	Knitting.	2
		Mending old stockings.	1

The amount of industrial labour exhibited in the above schedule is inconsiderable, and it is to be regretted that among the turnkeys there is not to be found a single handicraftsman.

It would be very desirable in filling up vacancies which may arise in the subordinate staff to select persons capable of teaching tailoring and shoemaking, two trades not only very useful within the walls of a prison, but readily available to those, who have been instructed in them, as a means of earning an honest livelihood when discharged.

Total of net profit produced by articles disposed of outside the gaol, and return of same for the last two years, separately:—

1856, . £27 6s. 9d. | 1857, . £30 5s. 4d.

Stock at the time of Inspection.

		Male Clothing.*	Female Clothing.		
Pairs Blankets, ...	157	Shirts, ...	70	Caps, ...	98
Pairs Sheets, ...	141	Jackets, ...	79	Shifts, ...	65
Rugs, ...	138	Trowsers, ...	86	Gowns, ...	60
Hammock or Cots, ...	108	Caps, ...	62	Petticoats, ...	60
Bed-ticks, ...	118	Socks or Stockings, ...	130	Pairs Stockings, ...	51
		Pairs Shoes, ...	77	Pairs Shoes, ...	34

Schools.

The school was, I regret to state, in abeyance at the period of my visit, the master having been dismissed in consequence of papers of a seditious character, and subversive of the discipline of the gaol, which appeared to be in his handwriting, having been found in an apartment from which he had just retired after discharging his duty as officer of the night-watch.

I trust that the form of registry recommended by my colleague and myself will be forthwith adopted, and that the Chaplains will enter in the column headed "Remarks" their comments upon the progress of the pupils. It was represented to me that they occasionally examine the scholars, but I found the record of such examination in the journal of only one of their body.

School-hours.—Males—From 11 A.M. to 2 P.M. Females—From 10 A.M. to 11 A.M.

	M.	F.
Number of individual prisoners attending school during year 1856, ...	74	63
Average number attending daily, ...	9	6

Dietary and Contracts.

Males.—Breakfast—4 oz. oatmeal and 4 oz. Indian meal, made into stirabout, and $\frac{1}{2}$ pint new milk. Dinner—14 oz. brown bread and 1 pint new milk.

Females.—Breakfast—3 $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. oatmeal and 3 $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. Indian meal, made into stirabout, and $\frac{1}{2}$ pint new milk. Dinner—12 oz. brown bread and $\frac{1}{2}$ pint new milk.

Third Class—Males and Females under 15 years of age.—Breakfast—8 oz. oatmeal made into stirabout, and $\frac{1}{2}$ pint new milk. Dinner—8 oz. brown bread and one pint gruel. Supper—4 oz. brown bread.

Prisoners sentenced to one month and under get one pint of gruel instead of milk for dinner.

Contracts.—Bread, per lb., 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ d.; oatmeal, per cwt., 12s. 9d.; Indian meal, per cwt., 8s.; new milk, per quart, 2 $\frac{1}{2}$ d.; buttermilk, per quart, 1d.; salt, per cwt., 3s.; coals, per ton, 13s. 4d.; straw, per cwt., 2s.; candles, per lb., 6 $\frac{1}{2}$ d.; soap, per cwt., yellow, 37s. 4d.; white, 40s.

Net cost of dietary per day for each prisoner on the day of inspection, and on the corresponding day in the three preceding years:—

1856.	1857.	1857.	1856.
Males, . . 4 $\frac{1}{2}$ d. Males, . . 4 $\frac{1}{2}$ d. Males, . . 4 $\frac{1}{2}$ d. Males, . . 4 $\frac{1}{2}$ d.			
Females, . 3 $\frac{1}{2}$ d. Females, . 3 $\frac{1}{2}$ d. Females, . 3 $\frac{1}{2}$ d. Females, . 3 $\frac{1}{2}$ d.			

There were no complaints of the dietary, which is regularly inspected by the Chaplains.

Books and Accounts.

The books are generally well kept, but some of the forms submitted by us have not yet been procured. I have no doubt, however, that they will be adopted, as it is obviously of importance that there should be an uniformity of

* There is a quantity of frieze in store.

NORTH DISTRICT. gaol records, in order that a comparison of the working of one gaol with another may be instituted in all particulars.

County of Louth Gaol. The accounts, which are in the hands of the Secretary, Mr. Shokleton, a very efficient officer, are remarkable for their clearness and accuracy.

Total net cost of gaol, including dietary and salaries, for the three preceding years, separately:—

1858, . £1,434 11s. 5d. | 1857 . £1,430 13s. 4d. | 1856, . £1,333 1s. 9d.

Officers and Salaries.

NON-RESIDENT OFFICERS.	RESIDENT OFFICERS.
Capt. E. H. Croker, Local Inspector, £50	Mr. F. Lamb, Governor, £176 15s. 6d.
* E. G. Brunner, esq., Surgeon.	James Johnston, Chief Warder, . £45
Rev. Marcus Rainsford, Protestant	Thomas Gillard, Gate Warder, . 35
Chaplain, . . . £36 18s. 6d.	Richard Rutb, Sub-Warder, . 35
Rev. William McHinch, Dissenting	William Woods, do. . 35
Chaplain, . . . £36 18s. 6d.	Joseph Greer, do. . 35
Rev. George Weir, Roman Catholic	E. A. Johnston, Matron, . 35
Chaplain, . . . £36 18s. 6d.	Elizabeth Clarke, Assistant Matron, 25
Mr. Francis Scott, Apothecary, . £20	Sub-Warder (vacant), . . 35
Mr. Alexander Shokleton, Secretary	Schoolmaster (vacant), . . 35
to the Board of Superintendence, 25	

Since the last inspection one turnkey resigned, and a successor was appointed, and one turnkey, and the schoolmaster, as mentioned above, were dismissed.

The extern officers receive their salaries half-yearly, and the intern monthly, but no rations. The turnkeys are furnished with arms and uniforms.

Officers' Visits.

	From 1st Jan. to 31st Dec. in the Year 1858.	From 1st Jan. up to day of Inspection, 1859.
Local Inspector, ...	204	71
Surgeon, &c., ...	331	104
Protestant Chaplain, ...	172	54
Presbyterian or Dissenting Chaplain, ...	177	48
Roman Catholic Chaplain, ...	174	60

The foregoing return of attendances attests the assiduity of the extern officers.

Hospitals.

This building contains ample accommodation for patients of both sexes, and is provided with baths and water-closets, but is never occupied, the treatment of the sick, who have been few in number, and whose cases have been comparatively trifling, being carried out in their respective cells. The building, however, which had been affected by damp, has now been stanchied in the quarter requiring repair, and is fit for occupation, should any epidemic or contagious disorder arise.

Number in hospital, total number of days and cost of medicine, and number of deaths for the last three years, each year separately:—

	1856.	1857.	1858.
Number in Hospital, ...	—	—	—
Number of Days, ...	—	—	—
Number of Deaths, ...	—	1	—
Cost of Medicine, ...	£10 1s. 6d.	£8 8s. 9d.	£9 7s. 10d.

Board of Superintendence.

Rt. Hon. the Earl of Roden.	John Murphy, esq., J.P.	Patrick Wynne, esq.
Rt. Hon. Lord Clermont.	Francis Donagh, esq., J.P.	Edw. Tipping, esq., J.P.
Sir J. S. Robinson, bt., J.P.	J. G. Coddington, esq.	Thomas Coleman, esq.
The Hon. A. G. F. Jocelyn, J.P.	Acheson Thompson, esq., J.P.	Michael Kelly, esq., J.P.

The board assembles monthly for the transaction of general business, and for the payment of the smaller bills, the settlement of the larger accounts being reserved for each Assizes. I feel bound (and I discharge the duty with great pleasure) to bear testimony to the zeal, and to the ability of the administrative body of this well-ordered gaol.

* The surgeon is paid by one presentation for gaol and county infirmary.

STATE OF ARDER BRIDEWELL.

	M.	F.			NORTH DISTRICT.
No. of Commitments in past year, ...	39	14	Security, ...	Good.	County of Louth.
Of whom were Drunkards, ...	24	9	Accommodation, ...	Adequate.	Arder.
No. of Commitments in the quarter preceding inspection, ...	8	3	Bedding, Furniture, &c., ...	Sufficient.	
Of whom were Drunkards, ...	1	4	Water, how supplied, ...	By a force-pump.	
			Sewerage, ...	Effective.	
Petty Sessions, ...	Fortnightly.		Dryness, Ventilation, and Cleanliness, ...	Satisfactory.	
Transmittals, ...	Immediate.		Cost of Dietary per head per day, ...	Males, 4d.; females, 3½d.	
Commitments, ...	Correct.		Salary of Keeper, ...	£50.	
Registry, ...	Correct.		Whether Keeper follows any other employment, ...	None.	
Repairs and Order, ...	Good.				

J. CORRY CONNELLAN, *Inspector-General.*

COUNTY OF THE TOWN OF DROGHEDA GAOL.—VISITED THE 4TH OF OCTOBER, 1859.

County of the Town of Drogheda Gaol.

State.

Denomination of Class.	No. in each Class.			No. Sick in Hospital.		
	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.
Master Debtors, ...	1	—	1	—	—	—
UNTRIED.						
For Felony, ...	1*	—	—	—	—	—
„ Larceny, ...	—	1	1	—	—	—
TRIED.						
Cases disposed of at Assizes and Sessions.						
Of Felony or Larceny—						
To Imprisonment, ...	1*	—	1	—	—	—
Disposed of Summarily.						
Offences under Larceny Act, ...	—	1*	1	—	—	—
Other Misdemeanors, ...	3†	—	3	—	—	—
Vagrants, ...	—	5*	5	—	—	—
Drunkards, ...	1	1	2	—	—	—
Dangerous Lunatics, ...	—	1	1	—	—	—
Gross Totals, ...	7	9	16	—	—	—

Total number of all classes in gaol on the day of inspection, and on the corresponding day for the three preceding years:—

	M.	F.		M.	F.
1859, †	7	9	1857, ...	10	3
1858, ...	6	11	1856, ...	6	11

* In custody in Dundalk Gaol.

† One in custody in Dundalk Gaol.

‡ Includes three males and six females in Dundalk Gaol.

NORTH DISTRICT.	Committe, Re-committe, and Averages.								
	From 1st January to 31st December, 1856.			From 1st January to day of Inspection, 1858.					
County of the Town of Drogheda Gaol.	Committe—		M.	F.	Committe—		M.	F.	
	Debtors,	.	.	8	1	Debtors,	.	8	1
	Criminals,	.	.	72	70	Criminals,	.	40	26
	Vagrants,	.	.	7	88	Vagrants,	.	1	14
	Drunkards,	.	.	76	60	Drunkards,	.	20	81
	Lunatics,	.	.	3	—	Lunatics,	.	1	3
				164	189			79	125
					Total, ...				
	Re-committe—				Re-committe—				
	Once,	.	.	8	9	Once,	.	7	4
Twice,	.	.	3	4	Twice,	.	3	1	
Thrice,	.	.	1	4	Thrice,	.	—	1	
Four times and more,	.	.	2	11	Four times and more,	.	—	7	
			15	28			10	13	
				Total, ...					
Average daily number,	.	.	4.5	7.03	Average daily number,	.	4.08	5.25	
Highest at any one time,	.	.	9	16	Highest at any one time,	.	10	6	
Lowest ditto,	.	.	—	3	Lowest ditto,	.	1	2	
Average daily number in Hospital,	.	.	37*	1	Average daily number in Hospital,	.	0.8*	12	

Punishments for Prison Offences.

From 1st January to 31st December, 1856.				From 1st January to day of Inspection, 1858.			
	M.	F.			M.	F.	
Punishment Cells, ...	5	1		Punishment Cells, ...	1	—	
Other Punishments, ...	—	1		Other Punishments, ...	—	—	
Total, ...	5	2		Total, ...	1	—	

Accommodation.

	M.	F.		M.	F.
Solitary Cells, ...	2	—	Privies, ...	1	—
Sleeping Rooms, ...	1	1	Pumps and Wells, ...	1	—
No. of Beds in such Rooms, ...	8	6			

Employment.

Total of net profit produced by articles disposed of outside the gaol, and return of same for the last two years, separately:—

Amount of cost of works, including works on hands, for the year 1857—Males, ...	£14	0	8½
Amount of returns on works for the year 1857—Males, ...	16	17	4½
Profit on works for the year 1857, ...	2	16	8
No return for 1858.			

Stock at the time of Inspection.

Male Clothing.				Female Clothing.			
Pairs Blankets, ...	28			Shirts, ...	34		24
Pairs Sheets, ...	23			Jackets, ...	22		11
Rags, ...	34			Trowsers, ...	28		6
Bed-ticks, ...	42			Caps, ...	12		7
				Socks or Stockings, ...	6		7
				Pairs Shoes, ...	9		7

Schools.

	M.	F.
Number of individual prisoners attending school during the year 1858, ...	60	—
Average number attending daily, ...	4	—

Dietary and Contracts.

Breakfast—Males—14 oz. brown bread and 1 pint buttermilk. Females—12 oz. brown bread and 1 pint buttermilk.

* There was no serious case of sickness during the years 1856 and 1858, and the Surgeon allowed those whom he placed on hospital diet to remain in their day-rooms.

Dinner.—Males—14 oz. brown bread and 1 quart buttermilk. Females—12 oz. brown bread and 1½ pints buttermilk.

This scale of dietary has been adopted, by permission, since the commencement of the alteration of the prison.

Contracts.—Bread, white, per lb., 1½d.; bread, brown, per lb., 1½d.; new milk, per gallon, 8d.; buttermilk, per gallon, 2½d.; salt, per cwt., 2s. 2d.; coals, per ton, 12s. 8d.

Net cost of dietary per day for each prisoner on the day of inspection, and on the corresponding day in the three preceding years:—1859, 2-89d.; 1858, 2-14d.; 1857, 2-49d.; 1856, 2-43d.

Books and Accounts.

Total net cost of gaol, including dietary and salaries, for the three preceding years, separately:—1856, £468 10s. 9½d.; 1857, £445 5s. 11d.; 1858, £409 15s. 4d.

Officers and Salaries.

Rev. Patk. Hanratty, L. Inspector, £10	William Totten, Turnkey and Weaver, . . . £20
Rev. J. G. Eccles, Protestant Chaplain, . . . 30	Patrick Hogan, Turnkey, . . . 20
Rev. Pat. Hanratty, R. C. Chap., . . . 30	Richard Bourke, Assistant Turnkey and Schoolmaster, . . . 20
Robert Pentland, Surgeon,* . . . —	Eliza Hughes, Matron, . . . 10
James Hughes, Governor, . . . 80	

Officers' Visits.

	From 1st Jan. to 31st Dec. in the year 1858.	From 1st Jan. up to day of inspection, 1859.
Local Inspector, ...	63	52
Surgeon, &c., ...	69	40
Protestant Chaplain, ...	143	76
Roman Catholic Chaplain, ...	121	94

Hospitals.

	1856.	1857.	1858.
Number in Hospital, ...	20	23	10
Number of days in Hospital, ...	830	549	689
Cost of Medicine, ...	£5 12s. 5d.	£3 4s. 7d.	£4 14s. 8d.

Board of Superintendence.

Patrick Kernan, esq., Mayor.	James Mathews, esq., J.P.	Anthony Keaprock, esq.
Wm. Cairnes, esq., J.P.	Peter Verdon, esq., J.P.	Francis W. Leland, esq.
Thomas Carty, esq., J.P.	Patrick Boylan, esq.	John O'Neill, esq.
John Chadwick, esq., J.P.	Patrick Casey, esq.	Robert H. Skelly, esq.

The condition of this gaol, pending alterations so extensive as to amount almost to re-construction, is such as to render an analytical report in the ordinary form impossible. Below, in a letter addressed by me to the Secretary of the Commissioners for building the gaol, will be found a summary of the several objections and suggestions which occurred to me at my inspection, and to which I would beg to call the special attention of the local authorities as embracing the whole case.

The prison at present is reduced to the state of a mere bridewell, as no prisoners, except those under very brief sentences, are confined there, the remainder being, from time to time, transferred to Dundalk, by virtue of the powers conferred upon the Lord Lieutenant under the 36th section of the "Amended Prisons Act," 19 and 20 Vic., cap. 68; and discipline, classification, punitive and industrial labour, and educational instruction are all suspended. There were no complaints of the dietary, and the general health of the inmates was and had been satisfactory, which is fortunate in the absence of adequate provision for the sick.

Since the last inspection, the Rev. John G. Eccles has been appointed to the office of Protestant Chaplain, vice the Rev. W. E. Ormsby, deceased; and the Rev. Patrick Hanratty to that of Roman Catholic Chaplain, vice the Rev. T. Montague, removed to another part of the diocese.

The books are carefully kept; but I feel bound to notice the return of the attendance of the extern officers as falling far short of the requirements prescribed in the sections of the "Prisons Act," 7 Geo. IV., cap. 74, relating to their respective duties—viz., sec. 109, clause 13; secs. 65, 69, 70, and 72.

* The Surgeon is paid in one payment for his attendance at the infirmary and the prison.

NORTH
DISTRICT.

Copy.

7th October, 1819.

County of
the Town of
Drogheda
Gaol.

Sir,—Having, on the 4th instant, inspected the works now in progress in Drogheda Gaol, I consider it to be my duty to address to you some observations in reference thereto, in order that they may be submitted to the Building Commissioners and to the architect who designed the plans, inasmuch as I am informed that the latter is empowered, under the terms of the contract entered into with the builder, to suggest and to fix the value of such alterations and deviations as he shall deem indispensable.

Further I have to remark, that, if all the works included in the present contract were completed and handed over to the Commissioners, it would be impossible for the Inspector-General to certify the fitness of the gaol for the reception of prisoners, wanting, as it would be, in many statutable requirements, such as those enacted, for instance, in the 6th sec. of the "Prisons Act," 7 Geo. IV., cap. 74; and I am, therefore, desirous that the whole matter should be placed before the local authorities in sufficient time to take measures for the correction of the defects which I shall proceed to enumerate.

1. There is no provision for the due supply of water, a considerable amount of which would be required for the ordinary daily consumption of the prison, including the laundry, the lavatories, and the water-closets; and the number of lavatories is inadequate, an inadequacy which, however, could be easily remedied by adapting, for this purpose one cell on the basement and another on the second story.

2. There is no provision for the improvement of the sewerage, the ineffectiveness of which has been frequently commented upon in the reports of the Inspectors-General. The expense of such improvement would probably be abated if the privies now standing in the yards were discontinued and water-closets only were employed.

3. There is no provision under the present contract for any accommodation whatever for the sick of either sex; and even if the whole plan, as at present designed, were carried out in reference to this vitally indispensable department, I would point out that the position of the apartments allocated for this object is singularly unfit and inconvenient, and that there are not separate airing yards attached to or accessible from them.

4. There is no provision of cells for the punishment of refractory prisoners.

5. There is no division or means of separating the prisoners of both sexes, who, according to the present arrangement of the cells, would be enabled to see each other, and to communicate freely by speaking through the spy-holes in the doors. This objection could be obviated without much expense, the width of the corridor or gallery being sufficient to admit of the erection of a party wall of brick, and to leave a passage on either side.

6. There is no provision for a laundry and drying-room.

7. There is no proper provision for debtors of both sexes and both classes (master and pauper).

Lastly, I have to remark, that exception has frequently been taken by the Chaplains of different denominations to the construction of deep stalls in prison chapels, as being productive of inattention, and as interfering with the principle of united worship.

The Inspectors-General concur in this exception; and being, moreover, aware that prisoners so placed are almost entirely withdrawn, while seated, from supervision, frequently communicate with each other by means of slips of paper passed under the doors which divide the stalls, and but too often write or carve ribald and obscene words, have latterly recommended that the benches in prison chapels should be quite open (subject, of course, to a screen between the two sexes), with high seats, in order to enable the officers to take a plunging view of those in their charge. This alteration in the plan would tend to a saving of expense, and the sum thus saved might be applied to some of the other necessary works specified above.

I have, therefore, to request that you will, at your earliest convenience, lay before the parties whom I have named the foregoing observations, as I am unwilling to compile and furnish my report upon the condition of the prison until an opportunity shall have been afforded for considering and dealing with these defects, which, if allowed to remain unremedied, will render nugatory the expenditure already incurred and virtually close the prison.

I remain, Sir, your obedient servant,

J. CORRY CONNELLAN, *Inspector-General of Prisons.*

H. Clinton, Esq., &c., Drogheda.

Since the above was written I have been in communication with the Commissioners and with the architect, and have been informed by the Secretary of the Grand Jury that an application for a presentment for the sum of £1,500 was approved at the Presentment Sessions held for the county of the town on the 29th of December, and will be laid before the Grand Jury at the ensuing assizes.

J. CORRY CONNELLAN, *Inspector-General.*

COUNTY OF MAYO GAOL, AT CASTLEBAR.—VISITED THE 30TH OF MAY, 1859.

NORTH DISTRICT.

County of Mayo Gaol.

State.

Denomination of Class.	No. in each Class.			No. Sick in Hospital.		
	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.
Master Debtors, ...	1	—	1	—	—	—
Pauper Debtors, ...	3	—	3	—	—	—
UNTRIED.						
For Felony, ...	4	2	6	—	—	—
„ Larceny, ...	—	4	4	—	—	—
TRIED.						
<i>Cases Disposed of at Assizes and Sessions.</i>						
Of Felony or Larceny:—						
To Imprisonment, ...	21	12	33	1	—	1
Of Misdemeanors, &c., ...	26	—	26	1	—	1
<i>Disposed of Summarily.</i>						
Offences under Larceny Act, . .	—	1	1	—	—	—
Non-payment of Fines and Penalties, .	5	2	7	—	—	—
Other Misdemeanours, ...	9	1	10	—	—	—
Under Revenue Laws, ...	2	—	2	—	—	—
Vagrants, ...	1	—	1	—	—	—
Drunkards, ...	1	—	1	—	—	—
Dangerous Lunatics, ...	2	—	2	1	—	1
Gross Totals, ...	75	22	97	3	—	3

Offences, &c., of Juveniles Classified at the time of Inspection.

Summary Convictions—Sixteen Years and above Ten, . . 1

Total number of all classes in gaol on day of inspection, and on the corresponding day for the three preceding years:—

1856, . 109 | 1857, . 101 | 1858, . 84 | 1859, . 94

Commitments, Re-Commitments, and Averages.

From 1st January to 31st December, 1858.

	M.	F.
Commitments—Debtors, ...	11	—
Criminals, ...	509	170
Vagrants, ...	11	3
Drunkards, ...	51	21
Lunatics, ...	17	16
Total, ...	689	212
Re-Commitments—Once, ...	3	9
Twice, ...	2	1
Thrice, ...	—	1
Four times and more, ...	—	1
Total, ...	5	12

From 1st Jan. to day of Inspection, 1859.

	M.	F.
Debtors, ...	5	—
Criminals, ...	326	62
Vagrants, ...	7	1
Drunkards, ...	18	9
Lunatics, ...	9	8
Total, ...	365	80
Re-Commitments—Once, ...	1	—
Thrice, ...	—	1
Total, ...	1	1

Average daily number, including debtors, ...	54.35	21.30
Highest at any one time, ...	75	27
Lowest ditto, ...	38	17
Average daily number in hospital, ...	2.52	2.02

Average daily number, ...	81.04	24.10
Highest at any one time, ...	97	27
Lowest ditto, ...	66	29
Average daily number in hospital, ...	8.34	1.06

The number in custody on the day of inspection, as compared with that returned on the corresponding day in the preceding year, exhibits a considerable advance; and I regret to state, that an examination of the averages of 1858, and

NORTH
DISTRICT.County of
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Gaol.

of the current year, up to the above date, leads to the same conclusion. It will be observed that this increase exists chiefly among the males, assaults and offences connected with violence having become disgracefully rife. I found, for instance, a father and his five sons all withdrawn from their ordinary labour, and paying by imprisonment the penalty of indulging a brutal and ferocious temper. Juvenile offenders have become rare, the demand for labour absorbing them, and vagrancy has yielded also to the better condition of the country. There were two lunatics (males), and two returned convicts (females), at the time of my visit, but none under rule of penal servitude.

Accommodation.

	M.	F.		M.	F.
Wards, ...	8	3	Workshops, ...	1	-
Yards, ...	8	3	Kitchens, ...	1	-
Day Rooms, ...	7	3	Store Rooms, ...	1	1
Solitary Cells, ...	3	3	Laundries, ...	-	1
Single Cells, of smaller size, ...	98	50	Baths, ...	8	3
Cells to contain three persons, ...	14	6	Privies, ...	12	5
Sleeping Room, ...	4	2	Waterclosets, ...	2	1
No. of Beds in such Rooms, ...	8	4	Reception Room, ...	1	-
Hospital Rooms, ...	2	2	Pumps and Wells, ...	1	1
Chapels, ...	1	-	Tread-wheels, ...	1	-
School Rooms, ...	-	1	Other Machines for Labour—Shot Drill.		
Workshops, ...	1	-			

The building was in sound repair, free from damp, well ventilated, and secure. The supply of water is ample, except in dry weather, and a project is entertained of sinking the well deeper, which is the more to be desired, as the sewerage is defective in construction, and can only be maintained in a state of action by constant flushing.

The bedding, blankets, sheets, and clothing, were sufficient, except for the females, the supply for whom was very scanty.

Stock at the time of Inspection.

		Male Clothing.		Female Clothing.	
Pairs Blankets, ...	375½	Shirts, ...	173	Shifts, ...	23
Pairs Sheet, ...	183	Jackets, ...	125	Gowns, ...	23
Rugs, ...	363	Trowsers, ...	161	Petticoats, ...	24
Iron Bedsteads, ...	234	Vests, ...	217	Pairs Shoes, ...	22
Bed-ticks, ...	282	Pairs Shoes and Clogs, ...	104		

No alteration has taken place since the last inspection, except that the solitary cells have undergone some repairs, and that the laundry has been partitioned. The want of a drying-room still exists, and it is alleged that in consequence of the great depth of the well, even at its present level, it would diminish the power of the treadwheel too much if it were divided by stalls, but by forming the latter of sheet iron this objection would be removed. There are no covered lavatories, but tubs are provided for personal ablution. There is a bath and a reception-room for males on their admission, but none for females. It has been stated in former Reports, that the ordinary cells do not contain a sufficient number of cubic feet to be adapted to "separation;" and this is undoubtedly a considerable obstruction to the establishment of that invaluable system here: but, if a beginning were made by dividing each of the female day-rooms into five cells, fifteen cells of the desired dimensions would be thus obtained at a very small outlay, and by altering a few of the existing cells to the proper scale, an amount of accommodation would be secured sufficient for the present and probable future requirements, inasmuch as the enforcement of this form of discipline among prisoners of this sex invariably tends to a great reduction of their numbers. On the male side the eight day-rooms would be similarly divisible into forty cells.

At present the males are classified nearly in conformity with the Prisons Act, the enormous increase in those committed and sentenced for assaults and crimes of this character rendering it necessary to place them in three divisions. The females are in three sections, a wretched makeshift; and all of both sexes sleep and take their meals in single cells.

The Governor attends the lock-up and night rounds, and there is one turnkey on patrol, subject to the salutory check of a tell-tale clock.

The punishments, since the first of January amounted to seventeen, eight for males and nine for females, no less than three requiring the intervention of magistrates, though the former were nearly *four times as numerous*; thus indicating an absence of discipline, and of subordination, which is fully accounted for by the conduct of the matron, as detailed below.

NORTH
DISTRICT.
County of
Mayo
Gaol.

Punishments for Prison Offences.

<i>From 1st January to 31st December, 1858.</i>				<i>From 1st Jan. to day of Inspection, 1859.</i>			
	M.	F.			M.	F.	
Punishment Cells, ...	24	15		Punishment Cells, ...	7	9	
Other Punishments, ...	—	2		Other Punishments, ...	1	—	
Total, ...	24	17		Total, ...	8	9	

Employment on day of Inspection.

Punitive Labour.

MALES.				FEMALES.			
Shot-drill, ...	3			Whitewashing female prison and			
Tread-wheel, ...	51			cleansing same, ...		9	
Industrial hard-labour men once							
daily at wheel,							

Industrial Labour.

MALES.				FEMALES.			
Glazing, ...	1			Nursing, ...	2		
Shoe and Clog-making, ...	2			Washing, ...	6		
Carpentry, ...	1			Sewing	4		
Net-making, ...	3						
Painting, ...	1						
Tailoring, ...	2						
Stone-breaking, ...	13						
Prison duties, ...	11						
Insane, Sick, & Self-supporting,	5						

A large number of the male prisoners being sentenced to hard labour, and being derived from a purely agricultural class, but little industrial work, in the sense of handicrafts, is performed here, as appears by the return of articles sold outside the walls; and the employment of the females is limited to sewing and washing for the whole establishment.

Total of net profit produced by articles disposed of outside the gaol, and return of same for the last two years, separately:—

1857, . . £3 1s.		1858, . . £1 4s. 4½d.
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Schools.

The male school is efficiently conducted for two hours daily, by a Master, of whose qualifications the Inspector of the National Board of Education has reported very favourably, and who has received a gratuity from that Board, as well as an increase of salary at the hands of the local authorities. The form of registry recommended by my colleague and myself is also kept. The females are instructed for the same daily period by the Assistant Matron; but as they are generally illiterate, and, as the discipline and duties occupy the greater part of the time of this officer, but little is effected.

It would be desirable that the prisoners of this sex should be taught by the master until a proper instructor be provided.

I regret to add that the chaplains do not give the benefit of their supervision to this department.

	M.	F.
Number of individual prisoners attending school during the year 1858,	66	12
Average number attending daily, ...	12·487	2·947

School-hours.—Males—From 10 to 12 o'clock. Females—From 11 to 1 o'clock.

North
District.County of
Mayo
Gaol.

Dietary and Contracts.

Males.—Breakfast—8 oz. oatmeal, and 1 pint buttermilk. Dinner—4 lbs. potatoes, and 1 pint new milk.

Females.—Breakfast—7 oz. oatmeal and 1 pint buttermilk. Dinner—3½ lbs. potatoes, and ½ pint new milk.

Contracts.—Bread, per lb., 1½d.; oatmeal, per cwt., 11s. 8d.; potatoes, per stone, 3½d.; meat, per lb., 7d.; new milk, per quart, 1½d.; buttermilk, per quart, ½d.; salt, per stone, 3½d.; turf, per box, 6d.; straw, per cwt., 2s. 3d.; candles, per lb. (dip and mould), 7d. and 8d.; soap, per lb., 4d.

Net cost of dietary per day for each prisoner on the day of inspection, and on the corresponding day in the three preceding years:—

1836, . 3d. | 1837, . 2-75d. | 1838, . 2-75d. | 1839, . 2-51

There were no complaints of the diet, which is inspected by the Chaplains, but not in the form suggested by the Inspectors-General, which is a convenient synopsis of all the items of daily consumption to be commented upon severally. I found some exceptions taken to the milk; but in such cases, under the hood of the contractor, the local authorities are enabled to purchase milk at his cost.

Books and Accounts.

The general registries, the four books prescribed by the Queen's Bench, and the accounts, are accurately kept. The Medical Officer is provided with a journal, as is also the Governor, but not the Chaplains; although the 11th section of the 19 & 20 Vict. c. 68, expressly directs that such journals should be submitted to the Board at each meeting, and though such omission has already been noticed in former reports. There is a general book in which all their entries are made of spiritual duties, inspection of provisions, &c., but this is very inconvenient and anomalous. Many of the forms of "Gaol Book" submitted by us are observed, but some are still wanting besides those already specified, such as those relating to the "Medical Department," and the "Daily Employment of Prisoners," &c.

Total net cost of gaol, including dietary and salaries, for the three preceding years, separately:—

1836, £1,936 18s. 10d. | £1837, 1,938 5s. 8d. | 1838, £1,786 15s. 2½d.

Officers and Salaries.

	£	s.	d.		£	s.	d.
John C. Larminie, Local Inspector, ...	100	0	0	John Carbon, Turnkey and Overseer of Carpentry, . .	30	0	0
Edward Knott, M.D., ...	50	0	0	Michael Bourke, Turnkey . .	30	0	0
Rev. W. B. Stoney, Chaplain, ...	37	10	0	Patrick Lyons, do., ...	30	0	0
Rev. R. Hosty, Roman Catholic Chaplain, ...	37	10	0	John Lynch, do., ...	30	0	0
D. H. Young, Governor, ...	200	0	0	John Macken, do., ...	30	0	0
Thos. Lynch, Deputy-Governor, ...	60	0	0	Thomas Rogers, Turnkey and Shoemaker, ...	30	0	0
A. T. Sullivan, Apothecary, ...	30	0	0	Eliza Keudellon, Matron, . .	40	0	0
Fras. Curson, Gate Turnkey, ...	40	0	0	Alicia Clark, Assistant do., .	30	0	0
Matthew Hughes, Turnkey, ...	35	0	0	and School teacher, ...	30	0	0
Robt. Leighton, Turnkey and School teacher, ...	35	0	0	Mary Couniff, Hospital Nurse, .	20	0	0
				Mgt. Curson, Female Searcher, .	5	0	0

No alteration has taken place in the staff since the last inspection. All the intern officers, except the Governor and Deputy, receive the gaol allowance, and the turnkeys, one of whom is a shoemaker, and another is capable of instructing in carpentry, are supplied with firearms and uniforms. I was glad to receive a satisfactory report of the general character of the subordinate officers, except the matron, who has conducted herself in such a manner as to wholly unfit her for the charge intrusted to her. The state of her department has been the subject of animadversion in former reports; but since my colleagues' last visit she appears to have indulged in violent and abusive language, to have employed prisoners in executing her own work, in violation of a stringent bye-rule on this head, and to have purchased from a prisoner in her custody a piece of muslin-work, the property of the owner of a Scotch establishment in the town, for

which she was summoned and fined. As long as the supervision of females is consigned to a person thus wanting in temper and subordination, and for whom they can entertain no respect, I see no hope of due discipline being observed, or of moral amendment being effected.

NORTH
DUBLIN.
County of
Mays
Gaol.

Visits of External Officers.

	From 1st Jan. to 31st Dec. in the Year 1856.	From 1st Jan. up to day of Inspection, 1856.
Local Inspector, ...	143	62
Surgeon, &c., ...	315	122
Protestant Chaplain, ...	190	85
Roman Catholic Chaplain, ...	194	82

I refer with pleasure to the very sedulous attendance of the medical officer.

Hospitals.

The sick of both sexes are provided with sufficient accommodation, their buildings being cleanly, well ventilated, and furnished with beds and water-closets. The prison had been free from epidemic, and there were but three patients (males) at the time of my visit.

Number in hospital, total number of days and cost of medicine, and number of deaths for the last three years, each year separately:—

	1854.	1855.	1856.
Number in hospital, ...	92	131	69
Number of days in hospital, ...	1,445	1,688	1,845
Deaths, ...	—	1	1
Cost of medicine, ...	£1 18s. 3d.	£1 14s. 1d.	£2 8s. 10d.

Board of Superintendence.

Earl of Lucan.	Colonel Knox.	Isidore Bourke, esq.
Lord J. T. Browne.	Col. G. O. Higgins.	Val. O'Connor Blake, esq.
Sir R. L. Blasse, bart.	G. H. Moore, esq.	H. J. H. Browne, esq.
Sir R. A. O'Donnell, bart.	C. L. Fitzgerald, esq.	Neal Davis, esq.

The Board is convened monthly, and generally assembles with regularity, and the arrangement noticed in the last Report for paying all bills, &c., at each meeting, has been carried into operation.

Bridewells.

I would again beg to call the attention to the defects of the bridewells of this county, especially as to the absence of water on the premises, and of sewerage. The annexed table is compiled from the Reports of the Inspector-General and the Local Inspector, at their several visits.

COUNTY OF MEATH GAOL, AT TRIM.—VISITED ON THE 11TH OF JUNE, 1859.

NORTH DISTRICT.

State.

County of Meath Gaol.

Denomination of Class.	No. in each Class.			No. Sick in Hospital.		
	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.
Master Debtors, ...	1	—	1	—	—	—
Pauper Debtors, ...	1	—	1	—	—	—
UNTRIED.						
For Felony, ...	2	—	2	—	—	—
„ Larceny, ...	3	1	4	—	—	—
Deserters, ...	3	—	3	—	—	—
TRIED.						
<i>Cases disposed of at Assizes and Sessions.</i>						
Of Misdemeanors, &c., ...	3	3	6	—	—	—
<i>Disposed of Summarily.</i>						
Non-payment of Fines and Penalties, .	—	3	3	—	—	—
Other Misdemeanors, ...	10	—	10	—	—	—
Drunkards, ...	1	—	1	—	—	—
Dangerous Lunatics, ...	—	1	1	—	—	—
Gross Totals, ...	26	6	32	—	—	—

Offences, &c., of Juveniles Classified at the time of Inspection.

	10 Years and under.		10 Years and above 10.		20 Years and above 16.	
	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.
Felons convicted, ...	—	—	1	—	—	—
Misdemeanants convicted, ...	1	—	—	—	—	—
Summary convictions—Vagrants, .	—	—	—	—	—	—
„ Other offences, ...	—	—	3	—	—	—
Workhouse offenders, ...	—	—	2	—	—	—

Total number of all classes in gaol on the day of inspection, and on the corresponding day for the three preceding years—

	M.	F.	Total.		M.	F.	Total.
1856,	21	25	46	1858,	52	14	66
1857,	24	19	43	1859,	26	6	32

Committals, Re-Committals, and Averages.

From 1st January to 31st December, 1858. From 1st January to day of Inspection, 1859.

	M.	F.		M.	F.
Committals—Debtors, ...	6	—	Committals—Debtors, ...	3	—
Criminals, ...	200	118	Criminals, ...	52	35
Vagrants, ...	7	1	Vagrants, ...	1	2
Drunkards, ...	45	18	Drunkards, ...	18	10
Lunatics, ...	12	7	Lunatics, ...	2	4
Total, ...	270	144	Total, ...	76	51
Re-committals—Once, ...	11	3	Re-committals—Once, ...	3	6
Twice, ...	1	4	Twice, ...	1	1
Thrice, ...	2	—	Thrice, ...	1	1
Total, ...	14	7	Total, ...	5	8
Average daily number, ...	23 $\frac{1}{2}$	11 $\frac{1}{2}$	Average daily number, ...	17 $\frac{1}{2}$	8 $\frac{1}{2}$
Highest at any one time, ...	53	21	Highest at any one time, ...	30	15
Lowest ditto, ...	11	5	Lowest ditto, ...	10	4
Average daily number in hospital, ...	3 $\frac{1}{2}$	2 $\frac{1}{2}$	Average daily number in hospital, ...	1	1 $\frac{1}{2}$

North
District.
County of
North
Gloucester.

The number in custody on the day of inspection is considerably less than on the corresponding days of the three preceding years, and a comparison of the daily average during the first four months of the current year with that of 1858 (which, however, was to a trifling amount in advance of 1857), also exhibits a great reduction. In fact, if we deduct the two debtors, the three military deserters, and the lunatics from the inmates, we have but twenty-eight individuals representing the ordinary criminal population of this county. There were no prisoners under rule of penal servitude and no returned convicts.

Accommodation.

	M.	F.		M.	F.
Yards, ...	11	5	Workshops, ...	1	—
Day Rooms, ...	6	2	Kitchens, ...	1	1
Solitary Cells, ...	3	1	Store Rooms, ...	3	1
Single Cells, ...	50	30	Laundries, ...	—	1
Cells to contain three persons, ...	10	6	Drying Rooms, ...	—	1
Sleeping Rooms, ...	10	1	Baths, ...	1	1
No. of Beds in such Rooms, ...	16	1	Privies, ...	10	4
Hospital Rooms, ...	4	3	Water-closets, ...	2	2
Chapels, ...	1	—	Reception Rooms, ...	1	1
School Rooms, ...	1	—	Pumps and Wells, ...	2	—
Workshops, ...	3	—	Tread-wheels, ...	2	—

The building was throughout in a creditable condition of cleanliness and order, and in sound repair. The ventilation and the sewerage are effective, and the supply of water is abundant. The stock of bedding, blankets, sheets, and clothing was sufficient.

Stock at the time of Inspection.

		Male Clothing.		Female Clothing.	
Pairs Blankets,	169	Shirts,	65	Caps,	83
Pairs Sheets,	184	Jackets,	62	Shifts,	51
Rags,	139	Trowsers,	52	Gowns,	49
Bed-ticks,	151	Caps,	49	Petticoats,	61
		Pairs Shoes,	42	Pairs Shoes,	22

No alteration has taken place since the last inspection, nor is there any in contemplation. The laundry remains unpartitioned, but the drying-room has latterly been furnished with clothes-horses. Prisoners on admission are washed in tubs placed in their respective yards, before they are passed into their respective classes, as there are no baths available for this purpose; the two which exist being attached to the hospital. Tubs are also provided in each section for the daily ablution of both sexes.

The general accommodation is more than sufficient for the present or presumable future requirements; but unfortunately the cells are defective in capacity, and do not contain the amount of air indispensable to the strict maintenance of the separate system, the only form of discipline, which renders contamination impossible and reformation probable. The classification prescribed by the Prisons Act, which at best is but a miserable makeshift, is observed with regard to the males, while the females, who consist chiefly of prostitutes, are placed in two divisions, the selection being made in accordance with their known character, as far as possible. The prisoners of both sexes sleep and receive their meals apart in single cells, but when engaged in punitive and industrial labour and at school-time they have constant opportunities of communication.

The Governor attends the lock-up; and there is a nightly patrol, without, however the salutary check of a bell-tale clock.

The punishments from the 1st of January to the day of inspection amounted to twelve, all of which were inflicted by the sole authority of the Governor, a very efficient officer.

It would be advisable that the punishment book should be submitted to the Board at each meeting, and initialed by the Chairman as an evidence of cognizance.

Punishments for Prison Offences.

From 1st January to 31st December, 1858. From 1st January to day of Inspection, 1859.

	M.	F.		M.	F.
Punishment Cells, ...	8	5	Punishment Cells, ...	9	3
Other Punishments, ...	—	—	Other Punishments, ...	—	—

Number sentenced during the year 1859, to whipping, 3 males.

Employment on day of Inspection.

Punitive Labour.

MALES.				FEMALES.			
Cooking,	.	.	3	Attending a Lunatic,	.	.	1
Tread-wheels,	.	.	3	Cleaning,	.	.	6
Pump-iron,	.	.	5				
Cleaning,	.	.	6				

NORTH
DISTRICT.
County of
Meath
Gaol.

Industrial Labour.

MALES.				FEMALES.			
Weaving,	.	.	1	[None.]			
Winding,	.	.	1				
Tailoring,	.	.	2				

The diminution of prisoners has, of course, here as elsewhere, materially affected industrial operations; the number of hands available, after the performance of the daily prison requirements, being very few.

Four of the turnkeys are handicraftsmen, viz., two shoemakers, a weaver, and a tailor, who further possesses a knowledge of mat-making.

Total of net profit produced by articles disposed of outside the gaol, and return of same for the last two years, separately:—

1857, . £19 2s. 8d. | 1858, . £18 2s. 3d.

The males are instructed for two hours daily, by a highly competent schoolmaster, who also acts as clerk to the Board; and the females, for the same period of time, by the assistant matron. If the master were relieved of a certain portion of his duties as clerk, he would be enabled to teach the prisoners of the latter sex with much more beneficial results than at present. The registry of progress is kept in due form, but exhibits no record of examination on the part of the chaplains.

Schools.

School-hours.—Males, from 7½ to 8½ o'clock, A.M., and from 4 to 5 o'clock, P.M. Females, from 7½ to 8½ o'clock, A.M., and from 4 to 5 o'clock, P.M.

	M.	F.
Number of individual prisoners attending school during the year 1858,	137	102
Average number attending daily, 1858,	15	8-

Dietary and Contracts.

Males.—Breakfast—4 oz. oatmeal, and 4 oz. of Indian meal, with 1 pint of buttermilk each. Dinner—14 oz. brown bread, and 1 pint of new milk.

Females.—Breakfast—3½ oz. oatmeal, and 3½ oz. Indian meal, with 1 pint of buttermilk each. Dinner—12 oz. brown bread, and ½ pint of new milk.

Contracts.—Bread, white, per 4 lb. loaf, 6½d.; bread, brown, per 4 lb. loaf, 6d.; oatmeal, per cwt., 14s. 8d.; Indian meal, per cwt., 10s. 8d.; new milk, per gallon, 7d.; buttermilk, per gallon, 2d.; salt, per cwt., 4s.; coals, per ton, 18s. 6d.; turf, per gauge, 1s. 5d.; straw, per cwt., 2s.; candles, per lb., 7d.; soap, per cwt., 25s.

There were no complaints of the diet, which is regularly inspected by the chaplains; but the latter have not adopted the provisions book recommended by the Inspectors-General.

Books and Accounts.

The registries, the books prescribed by the Court of Queen's Bench, and the general accounts are kept with remarkable accuracy. The Chaplains, the Medical Officers, and the Governor are provided with journals; but the Local Inspector merely enters his name in the duty book. As the various forms compiled by the Inspectors-General will probably be either submitted to the Executive for approbation or sanctioned by the Legislature, it is unnecessary to enter into any detail with regard to them.

Total net cost of cost of gaol, including dietary and salaries, for the three preceding years, separately.

1856, . £1,418 0s. 4d. | 1857, . £1,527 8s. 4½d. | 1858, . £1,637 10s. 11d.

NORTH
DISTRICT.County of
Meath
Gaol.

Officers and Salaries.

	£	s.	d.		£	s.	d.
Rev. C. Barton, Local Inspector,	35	0	0	John Rice, 1st Turnkey, Shoemaker,	40	0	0
Very Rev. Dean Butler, Protestant Chaplain,	50	0	0	Edwd. Kellett, 2nd Turnkey, Tailor and Mat-maker,	35	0	0
Rev. J. O'Connell, Roman Catholic Chaplain,	50	0	0	Wm. Savage, 3rd Turnkey, Weaver,	32	10	0
Captain H. L. Pendleton, Governor,	231	0	0	Wm. M'Kee, 4th Turnkey, Shoemaker,	32	10	0
Thos. Wallace, esq., Surgeon,	74	0	0	Wm. Whately, 5th Turnkey, Watchman,	27	10	0
Do., compounding Medicine,	20	0	0	Wm. Smith, 1st Watchman, Christ. Mullen, 2nd Watchman,	25	5	0
Adam Boyd, Deputy Governor,	60	0	0	Mrs. Jane Gordon, Matron,	40	0	0
Geo. Mooney, Schoolmaster,	25	0	0	Rachel Rice, Hospital Nurse,	15	0	0
Do., Clerk to the Board,	10	0	0	Mary Jane Dwyer, Assistant Matron,	15	0	0
Wm. Mooney, Gate Porter,	45	0	0				

[All the turnkeys except the first assist the Master in schooling.]

No changes have taken place in the staff since the last inspection. The external officers receive their salaries half yearly, and the intern monthly. None of the latter are on the prison allowance, but are supplied with fuel and gas-light. The turnkeys are clothed in uniform.

Visits Paid by Officers.

	From 1st Jan. to 31st Dec. in the Year 1888.	From 1st Jan. up to day of Inspection, 1889.
Local Inspector,	115	49
Surgeon, &c.,	288	130
Protestant Chaplain,	187	77
Roman Catholic Chaplain,	157	77

Hospitals.

The sanitary condition of the gaol was satisfactory, and there were no patients in the hospital, which contains baths and waterclosets, and wards for both sexes, accessible, however, only by a common staircase, a very grave defect.

Number in hospital, total number of days, and cost of medicine, and number of deaths for the last three years:—

	1886.	1887.	1888.
Number in hospital,	63	40	77
No. of days in hospital,	831	1,095	1,385
Deaths,	1	—	—

In the month of February last there was a stock of medicine laid in which came to £13 1s. 10d.

Board of Superintendence.

Lord Fingall.	Robert Fowler, esq.	Thomas Rothwell, esq.
The Very Rev. Dean Butler.	Alex. Montgomery, esq.	Richard Odinn, esq.
Samuel Winter, esq.	Richard Bolton, esq.	William Thompson, esq.
	Geo. A. Rotherham, esq.	

The Board is convened monthly for the discharge of all matters of administration and for the payment of bills, salaries, &c., (except certain contracts and the salaries of the higher officers), which is effected by means of cheques. There was but one failure of attendance on the part of the Board in the first five months of this year up to the date of my inspection; their assemblage taking place with less interruption, and in larger numbers than in past years.

STATE OF BRIDEWELLS.

NORTH
DISTRICT.
County of
Meath.
Bridewells.

	Navan.		Kells.	
	M.	F.	M.	F.
No. of Committals in past year, .	188	74	164	64
Of whom were Drunkards, .	114	26	83	29
No. of Committals in the quarter preceding Inspection, .	45	25	46	15
Of whom were Drunkards, .	33	5	22	7
Petty Sessions, ...	Fortnightly.		Fortnightly.	
Transmittals, ...	Direct.		Direct.	
Committals, ...	Correct.		Correct.	
Registry, ...	Correct.		Correct.	
Repairs and Order, . . .	Some painting required, and about to be executed.		Fair.	
Security, ...	The padlocks much worn.		Adequate.	
Accommodation, ...	Sufficient.		Sufficient.	
Bedding and Furniture, .	Adequate.		In fair order.	
Water, ...	Supplied by pump.		Supplied by pump.	
Sewerage, ...	Effective.		Effective.	
Dryness and Ventilation, .	Clean and well ventilated; the dampness of the lower cells will be obviated by the cave-shoots.		Dry and airy, but rather damp.	
Cost of Dietary per head per day,	4½d. for males; 3½d. for females.		4½d. for males; 3½d. for females.	
Salary of Keeper, ...	£40 0 0		£40 0 0	
Whether Keeper follows any other employment,	None.		None.	

J. CORRY CONNELLAN, Inspector-General.

NORTH
DISTRICT.COUNTY OF MONAGHAN GAOL, AT MONAGHAN.—VISITED THE 30TH OF
APRIL, 1859.County of
Monaghan
Gaol.

State.

Designation of Class.	No. in each Class.			No. Sick in Hospital.		
	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.
Pauper Debtors, ...	2	—	2	—	—	—
UNTRIED.						
For Felony, ...	1	—	1	—	—	—
„ Larceny, ...	—	2	2	—	—	—
TRIED.						
Cases Disposed of at Assizes and Sessions.						
Of Felony or Larceny:—						
To Imprisonment, ...	6	4	10	—	—	—
Of Misdemeanors, &c., ...	4	1	5	—	—	—
Disposed of Summarily.						
For Larceny, ...	1	2	3	—	—	—
Non-payment of Fines and Penalties, ...	1	1	2	—	—	—
Other Misdemeanors, ...	6	—	6	—	—	—
Drunkards, ...	1	—	1	—	—	—
Dangerous Lunatics, ...	2	1	3	—	—	—
Gross Totals, ...	24	11	35	—	—	—

Offences, &c., of Juveniles, classified at time of Inspection.

	10 Years and under.		16 Years and above 16.		20 Years and above 16.	
	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.
Felons convicted, ...	—	—	1	—	—	—
Misdemeanants convicted, ...	—	—	—	1	—	—
Committed for trial at Assizes and Sessions—Felons, ...	—	—	1	—	—	—
Twice imprisoned, ...	—	—	2	—	—	—

Total number of all classes in gaol on the day of inspection, and on the corresponding day for the three preceding years:—

1856 . 68 | 1857 . 45 | 1858 . 50 | 1859 . 35

Committals, Re-committals, and Averages.

From 1st January to 31st December, 1858.

	M.	F.
Committals—Debtors, ...	13	—
Criminals, ...	204	91
Drunkards, ...	111	67
Lunatics, ...	10	5
Total, ...	338	163
Re-committals—Once, ...	13	6
Twice, ...	3	4
Four times and more, ...	3	3
Total, ...	19	13

Average daily number, ...	31	21
Highest at any one time, ...	49	22
Lowest ditto, ...	18	10
Average daily number in Hospital, ...	2	1

From 1st Jan. to day of Inspection in 1859.

	M.	F.
Committals—Debtors, ...	—	—
Criminals, ...	69	27
Drunkards, ...	31	19
Lunatics, ...	1	—
Total, ...	95	37
Re-committals—Once, ...	1	3
Twice, ...	2	2
Total, ...	3	5

Average daily number, ...	28	18
Highest at any one time, ...	35	23
Lowest ditto, ...	24	11
Average daily number in Hospital, ...	3	—

The aggregate of the prisoners in custody on the day of inspection falls considerably below the numbers recorded on the corresponding days of the three preceding years, and the daily average of both sexes for the expired portion of the current year exhibits a decline as compared with that for 1858. The committals and re-committals do not present any matter deserving notice, except that the latter are derived chiefly from the recurrence of male drunkards, and of females of abandoned character.

Juvenile offences have undergone a considerable diminution, and the category of vagrancy is almost effaced.

There were no prisoners under sentence of transportation or penal servitude, but there were three dangerous lunatics, a class, from which it is to be hoped, at no distant period, the legislature will relieve our prisons, in accordance with the recommendation of the Royal Commission upon Lunatic Asylums.

Number sentenced during the year 1859 to solitary confinement,	M.	F.
" " " Whipping,	6	1
Total,	7	1

Accommodation.

	M.	F.		M.	F.
Wards,	6	3	School Rooms,	1	1
Yards,	7	3	Workshops,	2	-
Day Rooms,	6	3	Workshops,	33	-
Solitary Cells,	4	3	Kitchens,	1	-
Single Cells, not less in size			Store Rooms,	5	1
than 9 ft. long, 6 ft. wide, 8 ft.			Laundries,	-	1
high, = 433 cubic ft.,	50	18	Baths,	3	-
Sleeping Rooms,	6	1	Privies,	11	4
No. of Beds in such Rooms,	32	3	Reception Room,	1	-
Hospital Rooms,	3	2	Pumps and Wells,	2	-
Chapels,	1	-	Tread-wheel,	1	-

Stock at the time of Inspection.

		MALES.		FEMALES.	
Pairs Blankets,	144	Shirts,	60	Caps,	36
Pairs Sheets,	107	Jackets,	44	Shifts,	34
Rugs,	17	Trowsers,	53	Gowns,	23
Hammocks or Cots,	-	Caps,	20	Petticoats,	52
Bed-ticks,	124	Pairs Shoes,	37	Pairs Shoes,	13

The building was throughout in sound repair, free from damp, well ventilated, and abundantly supplied with water, which is daily distributed. The sewerage is occasionally ineffective, but this inconvenience is lessened by the great reduction in the number of inmates. The stock of bedding and clothing was sufficient. No alteration has taken place in the accommodation since the last inspection, but I am happy to state that the Board have directed the Local Inspector to put in a presentment for an adequate sum to employ an architect, with the view of obtaining a plan for adapting the prison to "separation," and for other improvements. I sincerely trust that so desirable an object may be attained, and that the improvements may include all indispensable requirements for maintaining this invaluable form of discipline in its integrity, such as the partitioning of the tread-wheel and the laundry, the necessary adjunct to which latter, viz., a drying-room, is still wanting. It has been suggested in former Reports that the excess of accommodation in the Marshalsea might be rendered available in promoting this design, which could be carried out at a moderate outlay, and I would add that the local authorities are now in a better condition to deal with the question of expenditure, since the Treasury has assented to the recommendation of the Committee upon the County Rates of Ireland (which reported in the past year), to the effect that the prisons of Ireland should be placed approximatively upon the same footing as those of Great Britain, and that the greater portion of the cost of prisoners conveyed by a *jaire* should be withdrawn from the county levies, and borne by the Consolidated Fund.

Classification at present is maintained among the males, in accordance with the prescriptions of the Prisons Act, while the females, for whose reception

North
Dunwich.
County of
Monaghan
Gaol.

NORTH
DISTRICT.
County of
Middlesex
Gaol.

there is but a limited provision, are placed in divisions measured by their known or presumed character; and both sexes, as far as the accommodation permits, sleep and take their meals in single cells.

The Governor attends the lock-up, and one turnkey patrols at night, without, however, the salutary check of a tell-tale clock.

The punishments were few in number, and were inflicted by the sole authority of the Governor. It would be desirable that the punishment-book should be laid before the Board at each meeting, and initialed by the chairman, as an evidence of examination.

Punishments for Prison Offences.

	M.	F.
From 1st January to 31st December, 1858, Punishment Cells, ...	2	-
From 1st January to day of Inspection, 1859, ...	2	-

Employment.

Positive Labour.

MALES.		FEMALES.	
Tread-wheel and stone-breaking, ...	6	Washing, ...	2
Weaving, ...	1		

Industrial Labour.

MALES.		FEMALES.	
Cooking, ...	2	Prison duties, ...	2
Prison duties, ...	5	Knitting, ...	3
Stone-breaking, ...	8	Flouring, ...	3

The reduction of numbers has of course here, as elsewhere, unfavourably affected purely industrial labour. Three of the turnkeys are tradesmen, viz., two carpenters and one weaver, and whenever a prisoner is acquainted with any form of skilled labour, his handicraft is turned to account for the benefit of the gaol.

Total of net profit produced by articles disposed of outside the gaol, and return of same for the last two years, separately:—

1857, . £10 8s. 6½d. | 1858, . £12 19s. 7½d.

Schools.

Prisoners of both sexes, not too much advanced in age to profit by instruction, are taught for two hours daily, respectively, by a schoolmaster-turnkey, and by the second matron. The form of registry recommended by my colleague and myself has been adopted. The Chaplains pay attention to this department, but it would be preferable that they should enter their comments in reference to the progress of the pupils on the face of the Registry, in the column headed "Remarks."

School hours—Males, 12 to 2 o'clock; Females, 11 to 1 o'clock.

	M.	F.
Number of individual prisoners attending school during the year 1858, ...	23	28
Average number attending daily, ...	6	8

Dietary and Contracts.

Breakfast.—Males—8 oz. oatmeal in stirabout, and 1 pint buttermilk. Females—7 oz. meal, and 1 pint buttermilk.

Prisoners under fifteen years of age get 5 oz. meal and 1 pint buttermilk.

Dinner.—Males—14 oz. brown bread, and 1 pint sweet milk. Females—12 oz. brown bread, and ½ pint sweet milk.

Prisoners under fifteen years of age get 8 oz. brown bread, and 1 pint gruel for dinner, and 4 oz. of bread for supper.

Gruel twice a week to all prisoners; and prisoners sentenced to one month or under get gruel daily instead of sweet milk.

Contracts.—Bread, per stone, 1s. 6d.; oatmeal, per cwt., 11s. 9d.; new milk, per gallon, 4½d.; buttermilk, per gallon, 2½d.; salt, per cwt., 2s. 6d.; coals, per ton, 18s. 6d.; straw, per ton, £1 17s. 8d.; candles, per dozen lbs., 6s. 9d.; soap, per cwt., £1 18s.

Net cost of dietary per day for each prisoner on the day of inspection, and on the corresponding day in the three preceding years:—

1856, 3½½d. | 1857, 3½½d. | 1858, 2½d. | 1859, 2½d.

There were no complaints of the provisions, which are duly examined by the Chaplains, the improved form of inspection being adopted here. I tasted the bread, meal, and milk, and found the former two excellent, and the latter of fair quality.

Books and Accounts.

All the books, embracing matters of discipline and finance, are kept here with laudable accuracy, and I would venture to submit to the Board that the duties of the first turnkey, a very efficient officer, in whose charge many of these records are placed, have been so much increased by late legislation as to render an advance in his salary just and politic.

Total net cost of food, including dietary and salaries, for the three preceding years, separately—

1856, £1,111 1s. 4d. | 1857, £1,075 10s. 11d. | 1858, £1,114 12s. 3d.

Officers and Salaries.

Rev. Henry Maffett, Local Inspector, ...	£92 6 2	Alex. Wray, 2nd Turnkey, Carpenter, ...	£36 10 0
John S. McDowell, esq., Surgeon, ...	73 16 10	Samuel Wallace, 3rd do.	27 10 0
Rev. Henry Maffett, Protestant Chaplain, ...	30 0 0	Thomas Dunwoody, 4th do. Schoolmaster, ...	27 10 0
Rev. John Blackley, Presbyterian Chaplain, ...	30 0 0	David Jackson, 5th do. Weaver, ...	27 10 0
Rev. Patrick Clifford, Roman Catholic Chaplain, ...	30 0 0	James Campbell, 6th do.	27 10 0
Mr. John Temple, Governor, 138 9 2		Robert Farley, 7th do.	27 10 0
Robert Brown, 1st Turnkey, 36 10 0		Anne Irwin, 1st Matron, ...	20 6 0
		Margaret Baxter, 2nd do. Schoolmistress, ...	17 18 0

No change has taken place in the staff since the last Assizes, and I was happy to receive from the Local Inspector and Governor a favourable report of the conduct of the subordinate officers. The turnkeys are provided with uniforms and firearms, and all the interns receive an allowance of coals and candles, but no rations. The salaries of the whole staff are paid at the Assizes.

Officers' Visits.

	From 1st Jan. to 31st Dec. in the Year 1858.	From 1st Jan. up to day of Inspection, 1859.
Local Inspector, ...	188	82
Surgeon, &c., ...	204	81
Protestant Chaplain, ...	188	82
Presbyterian or Dissenting Chaplain, ...	153	50
Roman Catholic Chaplain, ...	168	61

Hospitals.

There are adequate buildings for the reception of the sick of both sexes, but neither is furnished with baths or water-closets. The sanitary condition of the prison was highly satisfactory, and there were no patients at the period of my visit.

Number in hospital, total number of days and cost of medicine, and number of deaths for the last three years; each year separately:—

	1856.	1857.	1858.
Number in Hospital, ...	22	19	17
Number of Days in Hospital, ...	1,121	735	957
Number of Deaths, ...	1	1	3
Cost of Medicine, ...	£14 16s. 10½d.	£7 1s. 3½d.	£9 9s. 11½d.

Board of Superintendence.

Right Hon. E. Lucas.	George Morant, esq.	Matthew J. Anketell, esq.
R. B. Evans, esq.	A. A. Murray Ker, esq.	Thomas Coots, esq.
James Hamilton, esq.	John Richardson, esq.	B. G. Brook, esq.
John Jackson, esq.	R. H. Dolling, esq.	Henry Mitchell, esq.

The Board assembles without fail, whenever it is summoned by the Local Inspector, through whose hands all liabilities are discharged at each Assizes. The records of the proceedings of the Board and of the transaction of business are very full and clear.

NORTH
DISTRICT.

Bridewells.

The annexed tabular synopsis of the Bridewells of this county, the defects of which have been so frequently reported, is compiled from the observations of the County of Monaghan Inspector-General and the Local Inspector at their respective visits.

Bridewells.

STATE OF BRIDEWELLS.

	Clons.		Carrickmacross.		Castleblayney.	
	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.
No. of Committals in past year, . . .	68	46	114	34	107	54
Of whom were drunkards, . .	24	32	67	17	35	12
No. of Committals in the quarter preceding inspection, . .	6	4	38	9	39	9
Of whom were drunkards, . .	2	3	29	7	8	3
Petty Sessions, . . .	Fortnightly.		Fortnightly.		Fortnightly.	
Transmittals, . . .	Direct.		Regular.		Regular.	
Committals, . . .	Correct.		Correct.		Correct.	
Registry, . . .	Correct.		Correct.		Correct.	
Repairs and Order, . .	Good.		Good.		Improved.	
Security, . . .	Imperfect in male yard.		Quite inadequate.		Walls too low.	
Accommodation, . . .	Sufficient.		Sufficient.		Adequate.	
Bedding, . . .	Adequate, except in sheets.		—		—	
Water, . . .	Good and ample.		Supplied by a good pump.		Supplied by a good pump.	
Sewerage, . . .	Effective.		Tolerable.		Ineffective.	
Dryness and Ventilation, . . .	Fair.		Fair.		Fair.	
Cost of Dietary per head per day, . .	4d. for both sexes per diem.		4d.		4d.	
Salary of Keeper, . .	£35 0 0		£35 0 0		£41 0 0	
Whether Keeper follows any other employment, . . .	None.		None.		None.	

J. CONRY CONNELLAN, Inspector-General.

COUNTY OF ROSCOMMON GAOL, AT ROSCOMMON.—VISITED THE 4TH OF MAY, 1859. NORTH DISTRICT.

County of Roscommon Gaol.

State.

Denomination of Class.	No. in each Class.			No. Sick in Hospital.		
	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.
TRIED.						
<i>Cases Disposed of at Assizes and Sessions.</i>						
Of Felony or Larceny:—						
To Imprisonment, ...	12	13	25	2	—	2
Of Misdemeanors, &c., ...	27	—	27	—	—	—
<i>Disposed of Summarily.</i>						
Offences under Larceny Act, ...	1	2	3	—	—	—
Non-payment of Fines and Penalties, ...	2	7	9	—	2	2
Other Misdemeanors, ...	2	1	3	—	—	—
Gross Totals, ...	44	23	67	2	2	4

Offences, &c., of Juveniles Classified at the time of Inspection.

	10 Years and under.		16 Years and above 10.		20 Years and above 16.	
	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.
Felons Convicted, ...	—	—	1	—	—	—
Misdemeanants Convicted, ...	—	—	—	—	—	—
Committed for Trial at Assizes and Sessions—Felons, ...	—	—	—	—	—	—
Summary Convictions, ...	—	—	—	—	—	—

Total number of all classes in gaol on the day of inspection, and on the corresponding day for the three preceding years:—

1856.			1857.			1858.			1859.		
M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.
33	31	64	31	14	45	42	23	64	44	23	67

Committals, Re-committals, and Averages.

From 1st January to 31st December, 1858. From 1st January to day of Inspection, 1859.

	1858.			1859.	
	M.	F.		M.	F.
Committals—Debtors, ...	11	—	Committals—Debtors, ...	2	—
Criminals, ...	290	81	Criminals, ...	74	25
Vagrants, ...	2	0	Vagrants, ...	—	2
Drunkards, ...	35	14	Drunkards, ...	7	8
Lunatics, ...	16	10	Lunatics, ...	4	4
Total, ...	254	114	Total, ...	87	39
Re-committals—Once, ...	10	4	Re-committals—Once, ...	3	—
Twice, ...	—	1	Twice, ...	—	—
Thrice, ...	—	1	Thrice, ...	—	—
Four times and more, ...	—	—	Four times and more, ...	—	—
Total, ...	10	6	Total, ...	3	—
Average daily number, ...	40-10	19-73	Average daily number, ...	30-21	22-89
Highest at any one time, ...	40	35	Highest at any one time, ...	47	27
Lowest ditto, ...	27	13	Lowest ditto, ...	36	17
				0	2

NORTH
DISTRICT.
County of
Roscommon
Gaol.

By whatever measure we take the amount of criminals in this county, whether by a comparison of the numbers in custody on the day of inspection with those on the corresponding days of the years immediately preceding, or by the daily averages during the latter, and during the expired portion of the current year, we find no improvement in the aggregate, although there is some fluctuation in the relative proportion of the sexes. Cases of assault continue to prevail among the adult males; but I am happy to add that juvenile offences and vagrancy have greatly declined; and at the time of my visit there were no prisoners under sentence of penal servitude, no returned convicts, and no lunatics.

	M.	F.		M.	F.
Wards, ...	7	1	Workshops, ...	3	-
Yards, ...	7	1	Worksheds, ...	8	-
Day Rooms, ...	7	2	Kitchen, ...	1	-
Solitary Cells, ...	3	-	Store Rooms, ...	2	-
Single Cells, not less than 9 feet long, 6 feet wide, and 8 feet high = 432 cubic feet, ...	58	18	Laundries, ...	-	1
Cells to contain three persons, ...	3	-	Drying Rooms, ...	-	1
Sleeping Rooms, ...	4	3	Lavatories, ...	-	2
No. of Beds in such Rooms, ...	8	6	Baths, ...	1	2
Hospital Rooms, ...	4	3	Privies, ...	7	-
Chapel, ...	1	-	Water-closets, ...	-	3
			Pump and Well, ...	1	-
			Tread-wheel, ...	1	-

The prison generally was clean, orderly, secure, well ventilated, and in sound repair, except that the flagging, noticed in former reports to be much decayed, remains in the same condition.

The heating apparatus of the new female cells is stated to be more effective than formerly, as is also the sewerage. The supply of water is ample, except in the autumn, when it occasionally becomes scanty.

There are lavatories in the recently built portion of the female quarter; but in the other sections of the gaol tubs are furnished for personal washing. There are also two baths for females, and one for males—the latter, however, is seldom or never used. The wants and defects in accommodation, which have been so frequently commented upon, continue unremedied. There is no reception-room for prisoners of either sex on their admission, and no drying-room deserving the name. The laundry is very limited in size, and is not divided by partitions—the advantages of the separate system, which is partially carried out among the females, being thus neutralised. The stock of bedding, blankets, sheets, and prison clothing was adequate, but the hospital bedding was considerably worn. Many of the females were without shoes, although the latter are alleged to be regularly issued to them; and some of the males, under sentences slightly exceeding one month, were not dressed in prison clothing.

The males are classified in compliance with the prescriptions of the old Prisons Act, and sleep and take their meals in single cells. They are also kept apart when working at the tread-wheel, which is fitted with stalls; but at school, and when engaged in industrial labour, they are more or less associated. The females, as far as the number of cells permit, are placed in "separation;" and there is an attempt made at dividing the remainder into sections according to character; but, as there is only one yard, and only one matron, this is a mere nullity.

The Governor, or his deputy, attends the look-up; and a patrol is maintained by one turnkey, whose regularity is ascertained by a toll-take clock. The punishments, which were all inflicted by the sole authority of the Governor, amounted to but three from the 1st of January up to the day of inspection.

It would be desirable that the Punishment Book should be laid before the Board at each meeting, and initiated by the chairman as an evidence of examination.

Punishments for Prison Offences.

From 1st January to 31st December, 1858.			From 1st Jan. to day of Inspection, 1859.		
	M.	F.		M.	F.
Punishment Cells, ...	2	2	Punishment Cells, ...	2	1
Other Punishments, ...	-	-	Other Punishments, ...	-	-

Employment on day of Inspection

Punitive Labor

MALES.		
Prison Duties,	8	Sick, ... 2
At Shot-drill, for two hours, and		Stone-breaking, ... 27
tread-wheel, ...	13	

Industrial Labour

MILES.				FRAILES.			
Weaving,	.	.	2	Spinning,	.	.	5
Shoemaking,	.	.	2	Carding,	.	.	3
Cabinet-making,	.	.	1	Sewing,	.	.	6
Painting,	.	.	2	Washing,	.	.	4
				Prison Duties,	.	.	2
				Nursing,	.	.	3
				Sick,	.	.	3

The above schedule accounts for the allocation of all the prisoners of both sexes, and shows that there is not much employment of a productive character. Total of net profit produced by articles disposed of outside the gaol, and a return of same for the last two years, separately :—

1856, . £11 17s. 9d. | 1857, . £12 11s. 10d. | 1858, . £7 12s. 11d.

Stock at time of Inspection

		Male Clothing.		Female Clothing.	
Pairs Blankets,	119	Shirts,	112	Shifts,	46
Pairs Sheets,	140	Jackets,	80	Gowns,	13
Rugs,	150	Trousers,	96	Petticoats,	50
Bed-ticks,	129	Caps,	118	Pairs Shoes,	28
		Pairs Shoes,	106		

Schools

Each class of males is taught daily for one hour by a schoolmaster, who also fulfils the duties of clerk; and the form of Registry recommended by the Inspectors-General is in use. The Chaplains are reported to examine the pupils occasionally, but they do not enter their comments in the column headed "Remarks." Such entries we found to afford a useful stimulus to both teacher and pupils. The females, I regret to state, are still left without any educational instruction; a want, which I trust at no distant period will be supplied by mandatory legislation.

Number of individual prisoners attending school during 1888—males. 936

Average number attending daily,	29
---------------------------------	----

School Hours.—Males—Each class one hour, from ten, a.m., to two, p.m., and from four, p.m., to six p.m.

Diets.

Males.—Breakfast—8 oz. Indian meal, and $\frac{1}{2}$ pint new milk. Dinner—14 oz. brown bread, and 1 pint new milk.

Females.—Breakfast—7 oz. Indian meal, and $\frac{1}{2}$ pint new milk. Dinner—12 oz. brown bread, and $\frac{1}{2}$ pint new milk.

Prisoners whose term of imprisonment shall not exceed one month:—

Males.—Breakfast—8 oz. Indian meal, and $\frac{1}{2}$ pint new milk. Dinner—14 oz. brown bread, and 1 pint oatmeal gruel.

Females.—Breakfast—7 oz. Indian meal, and $\frac{1}{2}$ pint new milk. Dinner—12 oz. brown bread, and $\frac{1}{2}$ pint oatmeal gruel.

Oatmeal gruel substituted for milk at dinner, to all classes, on Wednesdays and Fridays.

Contracts.—Bread, white, per 4 lbs., 5½d.; brown, 3½d.; oatmeal, per ton, £13 10s.; Indian meal, per ton, £9 10s.; new milk, per gallon, 7½d.; salt, per cwt., 1s. 10d.; coals, per ton, £1 2s. 3d.; straw, per cwt., 1s. 9d.; candles, per dozen lbs., 6s. 4d.; soap, per cwt., £1 2s. 6d.

Net cost of dietary per day for each prisoner on the day of inspection, and on the corresponding day for the three preceding years :—

1856, . 2 $\frac{1}{2}$ d. | 1857, . 2 $\frac{3}{4}$ d. | 1858, . 2 $\frac{1}{2}$ d. | 1859, . 2 $\frac{1}{2}$ d.

NORTH
DISTRICT.
County of
Roscommon
Gaol.

There were two complaints of the dietary, which, upon tasting the articles objected to, I considered to be groundless. There were some remarks, however, on the part of the Roman Catholic Chaplain excepting to the bread. The form of comment upon the items of consumption, suggested by my colleague and myself, is observed here.

Books and Accounts.

The Local Inspector, the Surgeon, and the Governor keep journals. The Chaplains are also similarly provided, but I found no entries made since the establishment of the Record of Provisions.

The Registries, Gaol Books, and Accounts, evince creditable accuracy.

Total net cost of gaol, including dietary and salaries, for the three preceding years, separately:—

1850, . £1,440 19s. 3d. | 1857, . £1,335 0s. 10d. | 1858, . £1,410 12s. 4d.

Officers and Salaries.

	£	s.	d.		£	s.	d.
Edmond Kelly, esq., M.P., Local Inspector, ...	92	0	2	Joseph Minchin, Turnkey and Weaver, ...	30	0	0
*R. Flynn, esq., Surgeon, ...	74	0	0	Bernard Gerahty, Turnkey and Carpenter, ...	30	0	0
Rev. J. Fitzgerald, Protestant Chaplain, ...	46	3	1	Thomas Kelly, Turnkey and Shoemaker, ...	30	0	0
Rev. Thomas Kilroe, Roman Catholic Chaplain, ...	40	3	1	Robert Wigelsworth, Turnkey, ...	25	0	0
James Speer, Governor, ...	200	0	0	John Corry, do., ...	25	0	0
Geo. Speer, Deputy-Governor, ...	40	0	0	Patrick Healy, do., ...	25	0	0
W. J. Stanley, Clerk and Schoolmaster, ...	50	0	0	Thomas Minchin, do., ...	25	0	0
Thos. Padla, Gate Porter, ...	30	0	0	Maria Corry, Matron, ...	32	6	2
				Winifred Jackson, Nurse, ...	17	0	0

Since the last inspection Dr. Casserly, the Medical Officer, having died, his duties were performed *ad interim* for a period of nine months, as I am informed, by Dr. Peyton, the Surgeon of the County Infirmary, who conceived that he became *ex officio* surgeon of the gaol, inasmuch as, under the 86th section of the Grand Jury Act, the 6th and 7th Wm IV. cap. 116, he is not entitled to receive his salary as medical officer of the infirmary "unless he shall have given his attendance, or professional assistance, without any other or further fee or reward, to the prisoners and others in the gaol of the county, to the infirmary of which he has been appointed surgeon, if such gaol is situate within five miles of such infirmary."

The Board of Superintendence, however, acting under the 72nd section of the old Prisons Act, the 7th Geo. IV. cap. 74, and the 18th section of the Amended Prisons Act, the 19th and 20th Vic. cap. 68, proceeded to elect another person, Dr. Harrison, to be surgeon of the gaol, at a salary of £74, although Dr. Peyton offered his attendance (as he deemed himself to be bound) at the gaol, without any further remuneration, and although he might incur the suspension of his salary for his attendance at the infirmary, unless it should be held under the 110th section of the above recited "Grand Jury Act," that the salary can be withheld or reduced in the case only of "negligent or insufficient discharge of duty."

I therefore submit this somewhat complicated case, in order that it may be brought under the cognizance of the Judge of Assize, especially if the Grand Jury refuse to present the salary of the newly appointed officer, on the ground that such appointment is unnecessary. A turnkey also having died, his vacancy was filled by the appointment of a successor.

It having been represented to me that the great increase in the duties of the Gate Porter would justify a small advance in his salary, I beg to refer the matter to the consideration of the Board; and I would again urge the policy of appointing an assistant-matron, as it is impossible that a single officer, however zealous, can maintain due discipline among females who are placed in distinct categories.

None of the interns are on prison allowance.

The turnkeys, three of whom are handicraftsmen, viz., a weaver, a carpenter, and a shoemaker, are furnished with fire-arms and uniforms.

* Pro tem.

Visits paid by Officers.

	From 1st Jan. to 31st Dec. in the year 1858.	From 1st Jan. up to day of Inspection, 1859.
Local Inspector, ...	126	54
Surgeon, &c., ...	302	56
Protestant Chaplain, ...	150	51
Roman Catholic Chaplain, ...	171	59

NORTH
DISTRICT.
County of
Roscommon
Gaol.

Hospitals.

There were but four patients—two of each sex—for whom adequate and distinct accommodation exists. There are, however, no water-closets, and the female hospital is without a bath.

The general health of the prison had been satisfactory.

Number in hospital, total number of days and cost of medicine, and number of deaths for the last three years, each year separately:—

	1856.	1857.	1858.
Number in Hospital, ...	30	50	52
Number of days in Hospital, ...	401	1,350	870
Deaths, ...	—	—	1
Cost of Medicine, ...	£42	£42	£24

Board of Superintendence.

Right Hon. Lord Crofton.	J. A. Holmes, esq., J.P.	Captain T. W. Goff.
Richard Kelly, esq., J.P.	R. P. Bayley, esq., J.P.	Patrick Dignan, esq.
D. H. Irwin, esq., J.P.	C. French, esq., J.P.	William Garnett, esq.
Wm. J. McLaughlin, esq., J.P.	John Gaynor, esq., J.P.	Patrick McKaogh, esq.

The Board attends with regularity; and at each meeting all liabilities are discharged by means of cheques, except the salaries of the extern officers, which are paid quarterly.

Bridewells.

My colleague and myself having frequently and fruitlessly reported upon the defective accommodation of the Bridewells of this county, I confine myself to the statement that all of them, except that of Boyle, are so wanting in the statutable requirements laid down in the Prisons Act, as to render them unfit, if not illegal places of detention.

STATE OF BRISBANE.

	Aidors.		Barristers.		Clerks.		Sergeants.	
	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.
No. of Compositors in past year.	10	17	105	245	10	20	120	20
Of whom were Discharged.	14	2	33	0	30	0	34	0
No. of Compositors in the quarter preceding inspection.	15	2	24	0	10	0	10	0
Of whom were Discharged.	0	—	0	—	10	2	14	0
Copy Clerks.	Fortnightly.		Fortnightly.		Weekly.		Weekly.	
Transcribers.	Direct.		Direct.		Direct.		Direct.	
Compositors.	Correct.		Correct.		Correct.		Correct.	
Registries.	Correct.		Correct.		Correct.		Correct.	
Reprints and Orders.	None.		None.		Some repairs ordered.		Some repairs and painting ordered.	
Security.	Inspector.		Inspector.		Discharge.		Felt.	
Accommodation.	Quite inadequate.		Improved.		Improved.		Adapted.	
Building and Furniture.	Inadequate.		Inadequate.		Some articles of building required and ordered.		Inadequate.	
Water in Premises.	None.		Supplied by a well.		None.		Supplied by a pump.	
Severage.	Improved.		Improved.		None.		Improved.	
Hygiene and Ventilation.	Improved.		Improved.		None.		Improved.	
Cost of Library, per head, per day.	ad.		ad.		ad.		ad.	
Salary of Keeper.	£15 0 0		£15 0 0		£15 0 0		£15 0 0	
Whether Keeper follows any other employ-ment.	Holds a small farm.		None.		None.		None.	
Remarks.	Local Board formed.		Local Board formed.		Local Board formed.		Local Board formed.	

J. CORRE COMMISSION, Inspector-General

COUNTY OF SLIGO GAOL, AT SLIGO.—VISITED THE 27TH OF MAY, 1859.

NORTH
DISTRICT.
County of
Sligo Gaol.

State.

Denomination of Class.	No. in each Class.			No. Sick in Hospital.		
	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.
Master Debtors, ...	2	1	3	—	—	—
UNTRIED.						
For Felony, ...	2	2	4	1	—	1
„ Misdemeanors, ...	1	—	1	—	—	—
TRIED.						
Cases disposed of at Assizes and Sessions.						
Of Felony or Larceny:—						
To Imprisonment, ...	12	5	17	—	—	—
Of Misdemeanors, &c., ...	3	—	3	—	—	—
Disposed of Summarily.						
Offences under Larceny Act, ...	—	1	1	—	—	—
In default of Bail, ...	—	1	1	—	—	—
Other Misdemeanors, ...	7	2	9	—	—	—
Under Revenue Laws, ...	3	—	3	—	—	—
Gross Totals, ...	30	12	42	1	—	1

Offences, &c., of Juveniles Classified at the time of Inspection.

Felons convicted—10 Years and under, ...	M.
16 Years and above 10, ...	F.
	1
	1

Total number of all classes in gaol on the day of inspection, and on the corresponding day in the three preceding years:—

1859, ...	M. F.	1858, ...	M. F.	1857, ...	M. F.	1856, ...	M. F.
	30 12		33 10		31 7		34 28

Committals, Re-committals, and Averages.

From 1st January to 27th May, 1859.

Committals—Debtors, ...	M. F.
Criminals, ...	119 19
Vagrants, ...	3 2
Drunkards, ...	26 6
Lunatics, ...	6 2
Total, ...	157 30

From 1st January to 31st December, 1858.

Committals—Debtors, ...	M. F.
Criminals, ...	273 37
Vagrants, ...	9 17
Drunkards, ...	62 17
Lunatics, ...	8 4
Total, ...	357 76

Re-committals—Once, ...	17 4
Twice, ...	4 1
Thrice, ...	— 1
Four times and more, ...	— 1
Total, ...	21 7

Average daily number, Debtors included, ...	32 $\frac{1}{2}$ 8 $\frac{1}{2}$
Highest at any one time, ...	55 14
Lowest ditto, ...	21 6
Average daily number in hospital, ...	2 $\frac{1}{2}$ —

From 1st Jan. to day of Inspection, 1859.

Committals—Debtors, ...	M. F.
Criminals, ...	92 28
Vagrants, ...	2 1
Drunkards, ...	23 4
Lunatics, ...	3 3
Total, ...	127 36

Re-committals—Once, ...	9 3
Twice, ...	1 —
Total, ...	10 3
Average daily number, ...	35 $\frac{1}{2}$ 9 $\frac{1}{2}$
Highest at any one time, ...	44 12
Lowest ditto, ...	27 9
Average daily number in hospital, ...	1 $\frac{1}{2}$ —

NORTH
DISTRICT.
County of
Sligo Gaol.

The aggregate of those in custody on the day of inspection differs but little from the return for the corresponding days of the three preceding years, except in 1856, when the total of females was in great excess. Since that period the latter have never reached the amount then recorded, while their averages, as well as those of the males, have fluctuated in a trifling degree only. The averages in the portion of the current year, which had expired at the period of my visit, were somewhat in advance, in the case of both sexes, beyond those of 1856, but the proportion of committals was less; thus indicating longer sentences inflicted on fewer individuals. The re-committals afford no point worthy of notice. There were no returned convicts, no prisoners under rule of penal servitude, and, I am happy to add, no lunatics nor vagrants, and there was but one juvenile offender.

Accommodation.

	M.	F.		M.	F.
Wards, ...	9	2	Workshops, ...	6	-
Yards, ...	12	4	Worksheds, ...	56	-
Day Rooms, ...	12	2	Kitchen, ...	1	-
Solitary Cells, ...	5	1	Store Rooms, ...	2	1
Single Cells, not less than 9 feet			Laundry, ...	-	1
long, 6 feet wide, and 8 feet			Drying Room, ...	-	1
high, = 432 cubic feet, ...	74	17	Baths, ...	-	1
Sleeping Rooms, ...	10	8	Privies, ...	3	-
No. of Beds in such Rooms, ...	8	13	Water-closets,*	20	3
Hospital Rooms, ...	2	2	Fumigating Room, ...	2	-
Chapel, ...	1	-	Pumps and Wells, ...	1	-
School Rooms, ...	1	1	Tread-wheel, ...	3	-
				1	-

The gaol was in every part thoroughly clean and orderly, secure, free from damp, except in moist weather, and admirably ventilated. The supply of good water is abundant, and the sewers are effective and flushable. The stock of bedding, blankets, sheets, and prison clothing was adequate.

Stock at the time of Inspection.

		MALES.		FEMALES.	
Pairs Blankets,	141	Shirts,	121	Caps,	4
Pairs Sheets,	176	Jackets,	120	Shifts,	57
Rugs,	130	Trowsers,	62	Gowns,	56
Hammocks or Cots,	-	Vests,	68	Petticoats,	65
Bed-ticks,	143	Caps,	50	Pairs Shoes,	37
		Pairs Shoes,	109		

No alteration has taken place in the accommodation since the last inspection, nor is any projected, although probationary wards for both sexes, with baths annexed, are much needed. Indeed the absence of reception-rooms involves a violation of the Prisons Act, the prescriptions of which, with reference to the medical examination of those committed, previously to their admission among their fellow-prisoners, cannot now be fulfilled.

The Marshalsea contains space for beyond their present requirements. The kitchen, laundry (which, however, is not yet partitioned), and drying-room, are of sufficient capacity. The boiler of the former was undergoing repairs.

There are no covered lavatories, the personal ablution of the prisoners being carried on in tubs placed in each yard. I have only to repeat the expression of the regret, in which my present and former colleague fully share, that, with the facilities which exist here, and with so competent a staff, no effort should be made to enforce the only form of discipline, which renders further corruption impossible, and reformation probable, viz., the "separate system" in its integrity, the advantages of which are attainable at a cost very trifling when compared with the results.

At present the males are classified in conformity with the Prisons Act, the juveniles being farther kept unmixed with adults. They are associated in some of the industrial works, and at the tread-wheel (when it is in action), as is remains undivided into stalls, but are placed apart in the sheds allocated to stone and bone breaking, and sleep and take their meals in single cells. This latter practice is also observed by the females, who are divided into two sections, selected according to known or presumed character, a very imperfect make-shift.

* Two is the upper tread-wheel, which are seldom used.

The Governor, a highly zealous and efficient officer (whose salary, I submit to the Grand Jury, is quite incommensurate with the value of his services, enhanced as they are by long experience), attends the lock-up nightly, and one turnkey is on patrol all night, without, however, the salutary check of a tell-tale clock.

NOTE.
District.
County of
Sligo Gaol.

The punishments, which amounted to eleven since the 1st of January, were inflicted by the Governor. It would be desirable that the Punishment Book should be laid before the Board at each meeting, and initialed by the Chairman, as an evidence of their cognizance.

Punishments for Prison Offences.

From 1st January to 31st December, 1858.		From 1st Jan. to day of Inspection, 1859.		
	M. F.		M. F.	
Punishment Cells, ...	25	1	8	3

Employment on the day of Inspection.

Punitive Labour.

Males—Tread-wheel and shot-drill; for two hours at shot-drill, 17.
Females—Washing oakum, teasing, and cleaning prison. None engaged at punitive labour on day of inspection.

Industrial Labour.

MALES.		FEMALES.	
Shoemaking, ...	1	Sewing, ...	8
Talkering, ...	1	Prison Duties, ...	1
Oakum-teasing, ...	17	Nursing, ...	2
Cooking, ...	1	Supporting themselves, ...	1
Prison Duties, ...	5		
Sick, ...	1		
Supporting themselves, ...	8		

Punitive labour was limited to shot-drill for the males, at the period of my visit, and the above schedule gives a fair representation of the daily industrial employment. The great reduction in the number of females leaves but few, if any, available for reproductive work; sewing for the use of the prison, and the ordinary duties, absorbing the whole.

Total of net profit produced by articles disposed of outside the gaol, and return of same for the last two years, separately:—

1858, . £22 10s. 6d. | 1857, . £12 10s. 3½d.

Schools.

The males are instructed for two hours daily in their several classes by the respective turnkeys, assisted and supervised by a trained schoolmaster, and the females, for the same period, by the matron. The form of the Registry of Progress is not in complete accordance with that recommended by my colleague and myself. The Protestant and Presbyterian Chaplains occasionally examine their pupils and record their observations.

School Hours.—Males—From 7 to 9, A.M. in summer, and from 8 to 10, A.M. in winter. Females—From 7 to 9, A.M. in summer, and from 8 to 10, A.M. in winter.

	M.	F.
Number of individual prisoners attending school during the year 1858,	212	37
Average number attending daily, ...	23½	3¾

Number sentenced during the year 1858 to whipping—two males.

Dietary and Contracts.

Breakfast.—Males—8 oz. meal in stirabout, and 1 pint buttermilk. Females—7 oz. meal in stirabout, and 1 pint buttermilk.

Dinner.—Males—14 oz. brown bread, and 1 pint new milk. Females—12 oz. brown bread, and ¾ pint new milk.

Males and Females under 15 years of age.—Breakfast—5 oz. meal in stirabout, and ¾ pint new milk. Dinner, 8 oz. brown bread, and 1 pint soup. Supper, 4 oz. brown bread.

Stirabout—½ oatmeal, and ½ Indian meal. Bread—wholemeal.

All prisoners whose period of imprisonment does not exceed one month, get oatmeal gruel for dinner instead of milk; and all prisoners in custody get gruel for dinner two days in each week.

Contracts.—Bread, white, per 4 lbs., 6½d.; brown do., per 4 lbs., 5½d.; oatmeal, per cwt., 12s. 6d.; Indian meal, per cwt., 0s. 6d.; new milk, per gallon, 6½d.; butter-milk, per gallon, 3d.; coals, per ton (English), 13s. 8d. (Scotch), 14s. 8d.; straw, per cwt., 1s. 11d.; candles, per lb., 6½d.; white soap, per stone, 5s. 4d.; brown soap, per stone, 4s. 2d.

North
District.
County of
Sligo Gaol.

There were some few complaints of the bread, that it was not well baked, and there appeared to me to be some foundation for this exception, as I found it, on tasting, to be rather heavy. The provisions are inspected by the Chaplains in the form suggested by the Inspectors-General.

Net cost of dietary per day for each prisoner on the day of inspection, and on the corresponding day in the three preceding years:—

1856. Males— $2\frac{1}{2}$ d. Females— $2\frac{1}{2}$ d. 1856. Males— $2\frac{1}{2}$ d. Females— $2\frac{1}{2}$ d.
1857. Males— $2\frac{1}{2}$ d. Females— $2\frac{1}{2}$ d. 1856. Males— $2\frac{1}{2}$ d. Females— $2\frac{1}{2}$ d.

Books and Accounts.

The books and accounts, as I have great pleasure in reporting invariably, are kept with remarkable fulness and clearness, and the Chaplains and Governor are provided with journals. Many of the Gaol Books which we compiled and submitted for universal use throughout the kingdom, are observed here, but some are wanting, as, for instance, that containing the entry of the time of the arrival and departure of the extern officers.

Total net cost of gaol, including dietary and salaries, for the three preceding years, separately:—

1858, . £1,431 8s. 5d. | 1857, . £1,444 7s. 2d. | 1856, . £1,395 1s. 2d.

Officers and Salaries.

	£		£
Captain Henry Fawcett, Local Inspector, ...	100	Thomas Graham, Turnkey, employed at Schooling, ...	45
Rev. Samuel Shone, Protestant Chaplain, ...	30	Alexander Crawford, do. Shoemaker, ...	45
Rev. John Outley, Roman Catholic Chaplain, ...	30	James Gallagher, Turnkey, employed at Schooling, ...	30
Rev. James Heron, Presbyterian do.	30	John Conner, do. do.	30
Robert Lynn, Physician, ...	66	James Loughheed, do. do.	30
Archibald Armstrong, Apothecary, ...	21	James Buchanan, Turnkey, Shoemaker, employed in Teaching, ...	30
Vernon Davis, Clerk, ...	30	William Bell, Turnkey, employed in Schooling, ...	30
Edward Walsh, Governor, ...	150	Catherine Ryan, Matron, ...	30
William McDonogh, Schoolmaster, ...	35	Mary Poe, Female Turnkey, ...	10
Peter Boyde, Turnkey, employed at Schooling, ...	35		

No change has taken place in the staff since the last inspection. The salaries of all officers are paid half-yearly, and the interns, except the Governor, receive the gaol allowance. The turnkeys, two of whom are shoemakers, are furnished with fire-arms and uniforms.

Officers' Visits.

	From 1st Jan. to 31st Dec. in the Year 1856.	From 1st Jan. up to day of Inspection, 1856.
Local Inspector, ...	243	107
Surgeon, &c., ...	209	75
Protestant Chaplain, ...	119	62
Presbyterian or Dissenting Chaplain, ...	151	71
Roman Catholic Chaplain, ...	132	70

Visits paid by Chaplains for inspecting Provisions, and which are included in the above number.

Protestant Chaplain, ...	20	14
Presbyterian Chaplain, ...	44	24
Roman Catholic Chaplain, ...	31	16

I beg to call the special attention of the Grand Jury to the above table, showing the attendances of the extern officers, and especially to the cases of the Protestant and Roman Catholic Chaplains. The 69th section of the Prisons Act, 7 Geo. IV. c. 74, prescribes that every Chaplain shall visit the prison "twice at least in every week, exclusive of his attendance on Sunday," and the 70th section attaches to the payment of the salary the provision "that it shall fully appear to the Grand Jury, and to the Court or Judge, that the Chaplains duly and regularly executed the several duties of their offices respectively," and the sums presented for all the Chaplains shall be of the same amount, unless the share, or any part of share of either shall at any time be withheld by reason of any misconduct or neglect of duty. This is the third successive report in which this default has been noticed, a default which presents a striking contrast to the sedulity of the excellent Local Inspector, and, I am bound to add, to that of the Medical Officer.

Hospitals.

There is ample provision for the reception of the sick of both sexes, and the several wards are clean and airy. There are baths, but no water-closets, night-chairs being in use. The sanitary condition of the prison was highly satisfactory.

Number in hospital, total number of days and cost of medicine, and total number of deaths for the last three years, each year separately:—

	1858.	1857.	1856.
Number in Hospital, ...	78	25	50
Number of days in Hospital, ...	768	870	2,311
Cost of Medicine, ...	£5 17s. 6d.	£6 17s. 3d.	£11 18s. 3d.

Board of Superintendence.

Eight Hon. John Wynne, M.P.	Sir R. Gore Booth, Bt., M.P.	John Ffolliott, jun., esq.
John Ormsby, esq.	Jam. Duke, esq.	James Jones, esq.
James Wood, esq.	Charles W. Cooper, esq., M.P.	Sir Malby Crofton, bart.
Richard Gethin, esq.	Colonel Knox Barrelet.	William Phillips, esq.

I regret to state that up to the period of my visit, though nearly five months of the current year had expired, there had been but one meeting of the Board. The policy of late legislation—and there is every probability that such policy will continue—has been to vest very important duties in the Board, the non-fulfilment of which must lead to great inconvenience, and I therefore feel it my duty to report the omission, in the conviction that measures will be duly taken to prevent a recurrence of it. All liabilities, including contracts, salaries, &c., are paid after each Assizes, the Local Inspector holding and expending the moneys, and producing the vouchers at the next ensuing assembly of the Board.

STATE OF BRIDEWELL.

	Ballymore.	
	M.	F.
No. of Commitments in past year, ...	74	15
Of whom were Drunkards, ...	5	1
No. of Commitments in quarter preceeding Inspection, ...	27	4
Of whom were Drunkards, ...	3	7
Bridewell—Commitments, ...	Correct.	
Registry, ...	Correct.	
Repairs and Order, ...	Good.	
Security, ...	Utterly insecure.	
Accommodation, ...	Wholly inadequate for females.	
Fodding, Furniture, and Utensils, ...	Sufficient.	
Water, how supplied, ...	By a pump.	
Sewerage, ...	None; soil carried through the house.	
Dryness, Cleanliness, and Ventilation, ...	Ventilation very defective.	
Cost of Dietary per head per day, ...	4d.	
Salary of Keeper, ...	£40	
Remarks, ...	Local Board formed.	

NORTH
DISTRICT.
County of
Sligo Gaol.

NORTH
DISTRICT.County of
Sligo.

Bridewell.

This bridewell falls so far short of the requirements enacted in the 6th section of the Prisons Act, that it cannot be justly considered as a legal place of imprisonment. It is to be hoped that the Legislature will soon sweep away all bridewells of this character, which at best are useless, and in most cases lead rather to the propagation than the repression of crimes.

J. CORMY CONNELLAN, *Inspector-General*.County of
Tyrone
Gaol.

COUNTY OF TYRONE GAOL, AT OMAH. — VISITED THE 25TH OF MAY, 1859.

State.

Designation of Class.	No. in each Class.			No. Sick in Hospital.		
	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.
Master Debtors, ...	1	—	1	—	—	—
Pauper Debtors, ...	1	—	1	—	—	—
UNTRIED.						
For Felony, ...	—	1	1	—	—	—
„ Larceny, ...	1	2	3	—	—	—
Deserters, ...	1	—	1	—	—	—
TRIED.						
<i>Cases Disposed of at Assizes and Sessions.</i>						
<i>Of Felony or Larceny:—</i>						
<i>To Imprisonment,</i>	11	4	15	—	—	—
<i>Of Misdemeanors, &c.,</i>	6	—	6	—	—	—
<i>Disposed of Separately.</i>						
For Larceny, ...	2	1	3	—	—	—
In default of Bail, ...	3	2	5	—	—	—
Other Misdemeanors, ...	1	2	3	—	—	—
Under Revenue Laws, ...	1	—	1	—	—	—
Vagrants, ...	—	4	4	—	—	—
Drunkards, ...	—	1	1	—	—	—
Gross Totals, ...	28	17	45	—	—	—

Offences, &c., of Juveniles Classified at the time of Inspection.

	10 Years and under.		16 Years and above 10.		20 Years and above 16.	
	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.
Summary Convictions—Offences, ...	—	—	1	1	—	—

Total number of all classes in gaol on the day of inspection, and on the corresponding day for the three preceding years:—

	M.	F.	TOTAL.		M.	F.	TOTAL.
1856, ...	56	25	81	1858, ...	32	32	64
1857, ...	40	36	76	1859, ...	28	17	45

Committals Re-committals, and Averages.

From 1st January to 31st December, 1858.				From 1st Jan. to day of Inspection in 1859.			
	M.	F.			M.	F.	
Committals—Debtors, ...	24	2		Committals—Debtors, ...	7	—	
Criminals, ...	359	115		Criminals, ...	168	45	
Vagrants, ...	11	51		Vagrants, ...	3	11	
Drunkards, ...	63	31		Drunkards, ...	29	6	
Lunatics, ...	1	—					
Total, ...	458	199		Total, ...	147	62	

Committees, Re-committees, and Averages—continued.

From 1st January to 31st December, 1858. From 1st January to day of Inspection, 1859.

	M.	F.		M.	F.
Re-committees—Once,	25	21	Re-committees—Once,	5	6
Twice,	2	3	Twice,	—	1
Three,	—	4			
Four times and more,	2	3	Total,	5	7
Total,	29	31			
Average daily number,	43.33	24.5	Average daily number,	46.25	24.11
Highest at any one time,	60	30	Highest at any one time,	64	27
Lowest ditto,	39	13	Lowest ditto,	26	16
Average daily number in hospital,	3.11	2.25	Average daily number in hospital,	1.1	—

NORTH DISTRICT.
County of Tyrone Gaol.

A comparison of the aggregate in custody on the day of inspection, with the records of the corresponding days in the three preceding years, would lead to the erroneous conclusion that a considerable reduction in the gaol population had taken place here; whereas, on examining the averages, we find that the total, which amounted to seventy-three (omitting fractions) in 1856, and fell in 1857 and 1858 to sixty-three, has risen again in the expired portion of the year, up to the date of my visit, to seventy. In 1858, however, the average of females declined to twenty-four, as contrasted with 1857, and has maintained the same figure in the current year. In the committees and re-committees during this latter period there has been some improvement, the re-committees of males evidencing a considerable diminution; while little is to be expected with regard to those of the other sex, which are kept up by the constant recurrence of almost incorrigible prostitutes. Vagrancy and juvenile offences have, I rejoice to state, greatly declined.

There were no prisoners under rule of penal servitude, but there were no less than three returned convicts.

Accommodation.

	M.	F.		M.	F.
Wards,	5	2	Workshops,	29	—
Yards,	7	2	Kitchens,	1	—
Day Rooms,	14	1	Store Rooms,	1	1
Solitary Cells,	2	—	Laundries,	—	1
Single Cells, not less than 9 feet long, 6 feet wide, and 8 feet high—432 cubic feet,	—	—	Drying Rooms,	—	1
Single Cells of larger size,	7	37	Lavatories,	—	3
Single Cells of smaller size,	26	—	Baths,	—	1
Sleeping Rooms,	2	1	Privies,	6	—
Hospital Rooms,	4	2	Water-closets,	5	5
Chapels,	1	—	Reception Rooms,	1	1
Workshops,	5	—	Pumps and Wells,	2	—
			Tread-wheels,	1	—
			Other Machines for Labour,	1	—

No alteration has taken place in the accommodation since the last inspection. The prison was very clean and orderly, and in sound repair, except with regard to the arch mentioned in my colleague's report, and to some of the ceilings and brickwork in the new building, which exhibit very imperfect workmanship, the plaster scaling off, and cracks appearing here and there. The drying-room is a gross misnomer, being untenable from damp, as is also the kitchen. The Governor submitted to me a plan for improving the former, to which I would request the attention of the Board. The partitions of the chapel have been lowered; but it will be necessary, as all the sittings are on a level, to erect high seats for the officers, so as to give them a commanding view of the congregated prisoners. No compartments have been attached to the tread-wheel or to the laundry. The ventilation is generally good, that of the lower tier of female cells being now very satisfactory. The supply of water is abundant, and the sewerage, which is defective in one particular, is about to be remedied. The lavatories and water-closets in the female prison have already been commented on in former Reports. In the male quarter there are no lavatories nor baths, but tubs and troughs are furnished for ablution. The stock of bedding, blankets, sheets, and clothing was adequate, except that the shoes for females were scanty in number.

NORTH DISTRICT.		Stock at the time of Inspection.				
County of Tyne Gaol.		Male Clothing.			Female Clothing.	
	Pairs Blankets, .	133	Shirts, .	81	Caps, .	37
	Pairs Sheets, .	188	Jackets, .	149	Shirts, .	53
	Rugs, .	142	Trowsers, .	128	Gowns, .	47
	Hammocks or Cots, .	58	Caps, .	112	Petticoats, .	94
	Bed-ticks, .	151	Pairs Shoes, .	67	Shoes, .	24

The males are classified in conformity with the Prisons Act, sleeping in single cells, and taking their meals there, during the summer, but not in the winter, there being no means of artificial heating. In other respects they are associated partially, the tread-wheel, as noticed above, being undivided, and many of the workshops being occupied by more than one inmate.

It is much to be lamented that there appears to be no intention of adapting their portion of the gaol for carrying into effect the separate system, which is enforced with regard to the females, except in the laundry.

The Governor or deputy attends the lock-up. The cells are finally examined at nine p.m., and during the night a patrol is maintained by one turnkey, subject to the salutary check of the tell-tale clock, which is now in an effective state.

The punishments since the 1st of January amounted to seventeen, and were all inflicted by the Governor. It is desirable that the Punishment Book should be submitted to the Board at each meeting, and initialed by the Chairman, as an evidence of their cognizance.

Punishments for Prison Offences.

From 1st January to 31st December, 1858. From 1st January to day of Inspection, 1859.

	M.	F.		M.	F.
Punishment Cells, . . .	10	23	Punishment Cells, . . .	8	2
Other Punishments, . . .	8	9	Other Punishments, . . .	6	1
Total, . . .	18	31	Total, . . .	14	3

Employment.—Punitive Labour.

Tread-wheel, 11 Males.

Industrial Labour.

MALES.		FEMALES.	
Pumping water, ...	6	Washing, ...	2
Carpenter's work, ...	1	Prison duties, ...	1
Nailmaking, ...	1	Unwell, ...	1
Weaving, ...	3	Unemployed, ...	2
Cooking, ...	2	Spinning, ...	3
Wardsmen, ...	3	Spinning, ...	3
Unemployed, ...	1	Sewing, ...	3

The energy displayed in this department is very creditable to the authorities, five of the turnkeys being handicraftsmen, viz., two weavers, a carpenter, a tailor, and a shoemaker. There are separate workshops for the carrying on of these and other trades, and compartments allocated to stone and bone breaking.

Total of net profit produced by articles disposed of outside the gaol, and return of same for the last two years, separately:—1857, £95 14s. 4d.; 1858, £90 6s. 4d.

Schools.

A schoolmaster, who appears to discharge his duty efficiently, assisted by the turnkeys in their respective classes, instructs the males for two hours daily, and the females for one, the latter being under the supervision of a matron.

The Registry of Progress, recommended by my colleague and myself, is in use here; but I found no observations, on the part of the Chaplain, entered in the column headed "Remarks." Such evidences of examination and of opinion, whether favourable or the reverse, operate very advantageously upon both teacher and pupil.

School hours.—Males—From 10 to 12 o'clock daily. Females—From 12 to 1 o'clock daily.

	M.	F.
Number of individual prisoners attending school during the year 1858, . . .	423	156
Average number attending daily, . . .	40	24

Dietary and Contracts.

North
District.
County of
Tyrosne
Genl.

Males.—Breakfast—8 oz. oatmeal, 1 pint buttermilk. Dinner—14 oz. white bread, 1 pint new milk.

Females.—Breakfast—7 oz. oatmeal, 1 pint buttermilk. Dinner—12 oz. white bread, $\frac{3}{4}$ pint new milk.

Males and Females sixteen years and under.—Males.—Breakfast—7 oz. oatmeal, 1 pint buttermilk. Dinner—12 oz. white bread, $\frac{3}{4}$ pint new milk.

Females.—Breakfast—6 oz. oatmeal, $\frac{3}{4}$ pint buttermilk. Dinner—10 oz. white bread, $\frac{3}{4}$ pint new milk.

One ounce oatmeal made into gruel for each prisoner's dinner, twice each week, in lieu of new milk.

Contracts.—Bread, per 4 lbs., 5 $\frac{1}{2}$ d.; oatmeal, per 112 lbs., 12s. 5d.; Indian meal, per 112 lbs., 9s. 5d.; rice, per lb., 3d.; potatoes, per stone, 4 $\frac{1}{2}$ d.; new milk, per imperial gallon, 7 $\frac{1}{2}$ d.; buttermilk, per gallon, 3 $\frac{1}{2}$ d.; salt, per cwt. 1s. 6d.; coals, per ton, 19s.; turf, per 80 cubic feet, 2s. 7d.; straw, per ton, 47s.; candles, per lb., 6 $\frac{1}{2}$ d.; soap, per lb., 4 $\frac{1}{2}$ d.

There were no complaints of the provisions, which are regularly inspected by the Chaplains in the form suggested by the Inspectors-General. One youth who was in receipt of the juvenile scale of diet declared that he was beyond the age at which the lower rate is fixed, and, upon investigation, I considered him to be fairly entitled to the allowance for adults.

Net cost of dietary per day for each prisoner on the day of inspection, and on the corresponding day in the three preceding years:—1850, 3 $\frac{1}{2}$ d.; 1858, 3 $\frac{1}{2}$ d.; 1857, 3 $\frac{1}{2}$ d.; 1856, 3 $\frac{1}{2}$ d.

Books and Accounts.

The books are generally kept with clearness and accuracy. The Gatekeeper's Book, however, a very important check upon the issue of articles of consumption, &c., betrayed want of care. The Chaplains and the Surgeon are furnished with journals, but cannot be said to make use of them. The latter does not exactly observe the forms submitted by us for the use of his department, but his records suffice to show the desired object. Some of the forms which we have submitted, so as to present a complete synopsis of the working of prisons, are still wanting—such as the "Daily Employment of Prisoners' Book," &c.

Total cost of food, including dietary, salaries, for the three preceding years, separately:—1856, £2,914; 1857, £2,129 1s. 4 $\frac{1}{2}$ d.; 1858, £1,838 18s. 9d.

Officers and Salaries.

	£		£
George A. Rogers, Local Inspector,	130	Knox Ashfield, Turnkey,	28
Rev. B. M. Thompson, Protestant Chaplain,	30	Andw. Hamilton, Turnkey, Weaver,	28
Rev. John Arnold, Presbyterian Chaplain,	30	Samuel Mullan, Gate Turnkey,	28
Rev. M. O'Kane, Roman Catholic Chaplain,	30	John Bleakley, Hospital do.,	25
Henry Thompson, Surgeon,	—	Alex. McElroy, Shoemaker, do.,	21
Francis Trenor, Apothecary,	20	William Ellis, Tailor, do.,	21
Alexander Campbell, Governor,	200	Rowland Barton, Carpenter, do.,	18
William McClelland, Deputy Governor and Clerk,	45	William Noble, Schoolmaster,	25
		Mrs. Maria Stubbs, Matron,	28
		Mrs. Margaret Kidney, Female Turnkey,	17
		Miss Jane Delap, do.,	12

Since the last inspection one turnkey has been dismissed, and his vacancy has not been filled. I was happy to receive a satisfactory report as to the general character of the subordinate officers. The extern officers and the Governor are paid half-yearly, and the interns quarterly, the salary of the turnkeys, who are supplied with fire-arms and uniforms, being progressive with the period of their service—a very just arrangement, which holds out a premium to good conduct. All the interns receive in cash the value of their allowance of rations.

The salary of the Deputy-Governor, I learned with pleasure, had been increased.

NORTH
DISTRICT.

Visits of Extra Officers.

County of
Tyne
Gos.

	From 1st Jan. to 31st Dec. in the Year 1886.	From 1st Jan. up to day of Inspection, 1886.
Local Inspector, ...	116	49
Surgeon, &c., ...	67	42
Protestant Chaplain, ...	110	47
Presbyterian or Dissenting Chaplain, ...	144	55
Roman Catholic Chaplain, ...	122	46

I regret to be obliged again to call attention to the return of attendances, especially of the Protestant and Roman Catholic Chaplains, and of the Medical Officer. The number of visits required from these several officers are prescribed respectively by the 69th and 72nd sections of the Prisons Act, and by the 70th the payment of the salaries of the Chaplains is declared to be conditional upon its appearing to the Grand Jury and to the Judge that they have "duly and regularly executed" their duties. It is a very convenient practice to tot up and submit to the Board, at each meeting, the attendances of such officers, in order that, in the event of any default, an explanation may be forthwith demanded. I speak of the minimum of visits; but, to the credit of the higher officers of prisons, I am bound to state that in many localities they do not content themselves with discharging the smallest amount of labour demanded by statute.

Hospitals.

There are separate hospitals for the reception of the sick, neither of which are furnished with baths and water-closets. That for the females was in a rather neglected condition; but patients of this sex are dealt with ordinarily in cells allocated for this purpose. The sanitary condition of the prison had been highly satisfactory.

	1886.	1887.	1888.
Number in hospital, ...	45	19	19
Number of Days in hospital, ...	1,485	303	233
Deaths, ...	1	—	1
Cost of Medicine, ...	£5 17s. 8d.	£2 15s. 6d.	£5 15s. 4d.

Board of Superintendence.

The Earl of Belmore.	Charles Scott, esq., J.P.	Robert Evans, esq., J.P.
Francis J. Gerrals, esq., J.P.	James Anderson, esq., J.P.	A. McKenzie Lyle, esq., J.P.
Captain Francis Ellis, J.P.	T. W. D. Humphreys, esq., J.P.	William F. Black, esq., J.P.
Samuel Vosey, esq., J.P.	George T. Spiller, esq., J.P.	Basel G. Brooke, esq., J.P.

The Board assembles monthly, in small numbers, generally without fail; and at each meeting all bills, &c., are discharged by means of cheques (payable to the several creditors), which bear the signature of three members and of the Local Inspector.

STATE OF BRIDEWELLS.

	Strabane.		Dungannon.		Clogher.		North District. County of Tyrone. Bridewells.
	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	
No. of Committals in past year, ...	118	41	239	89	66	21	
Of whom were Drunkards, ...	46	20	101	29	22	10	
No. of Committals in quarter preceding Inspection, ...	28	7	54	22	11	9	
Of whom were Drunkards, ...	6	4	27	3	4	1	
Petty Sessions and Transmittals, ...	P.S. fortnightly, and transmittals direct.		P.S. fortnightly, and transmittals direct.		P. S. fortnightly, and transmittals direct.		
Committals, ...	Correct.		Correct.		Correct.		
Registry, ...	Correct.		Correct.		Correct.		
Repairs and Order, ...	Order fair; privy out of repair.		Repair good; beds not made up in the cells, and two males placed in one cell, which is illegal.		Repair good.		
Security, ...	Fair.		Sufficient.		Sufficient.		
Accommodation, ...	But one yard and one privy for both sexes.		Sufficient.		Sufficient.		
Bedding, ...	Insufficient.		Adequate.		Adequate.		
Water, ...	Sufficient.		Supply ample.		Supplied by pump.		
Sewerage, ...	Imperfect.		Effective.		Good.		
Dryness and Ventilation, ...	Some cells damp and dark.		Ventilation fair; walls damp in winter.		Satisfactory.		
Cost of Dietary per head per day, ...	4½d. for both sexes.		3½d. for both sexes.		4d. for both sexes.		
Salary of Keeper, ...	£40		£40		£40		
Do. of Matron, ...	£10		£25		£10		
Whether Keeper follows any other Employment, ...	P. S. Clerk, and has a farm.		None.		None.		
Remarks, ...	Local Board formed.		Local Board formed.		Local Board formed.		

J. CORRY CONNELLAN, Inspector-General.

NORTH
DISTRICT.COUNTY OF WESTMEATH GAOL, AT MULLINGAR.—VISITED THE 5TH AND
6TH OF MAY, 1859.County of
Westmeath
Gaol.

State.

Denomination of Class.	No. in each Class.			No. Sick in Hospital.		
	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.
Master Debtors, ...	1	—	1	—	—	—
Pauper Debtors, ...	1	—	1	—	—	—
UNTRIED.						
For Felony, ...	3	—	3	—	—	—
„ Misdemeanors, ...	1	1	2	—	—	—
Deporters, ...	1	—	1	1	—	1
TRIED.						
<i>Cases disposed of at Assizes and Sessions.</i>						
Of Felony or Larceny—						
To Imprisonment, ...	4	4	8	—	—	—
Of Misdemeanors, &c., . . .	7	—	7	—	—	—
<i>Disposed of Summarily.</i>						
Offences under Larceny Act, .	1	2	3	—	—	—
Non-payment of Fines and Penalties, .	1	—	1	—	—	—
Other Misdemeanors, ...	7	3	10	—	—	—
Under Poor Law Act, ...	1	—	1	—	—	—
Vagrants, ...	—	1	1	—	—	—
Drunkards, ...	1	—	1	—	—	—
Totals, ...	29	11	40	1	—	1

Offences, &c., of Inmates Classified at the time of Inspection.

	10 Years and under.		16 Years and above 10.		20 Years and above 16.	
	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.
Felons convicted, ...	—	—	2	—	—	—
Misdemeanants convicted, . . .	—	—	1	—	—	—

Total number of all classes in gaol on the day of inspection, and on the corresponding day for the three preceding years:—

	M.	F.		M.	F.
1856, ...	41	11	1858, ...	38	23
1857, ...	47	26	1859, ...	29	11

Commitments, Re-commitments, and Averages.

From 1st January to 31st December, 1858. From 1st Jan. to day of Inspection in 1859.

	M.	F.		M.	F.
Commitments—Debtors, ...	12	1	Commitments—Debtors, ...	3	—
Criminals, ...	312	67	Criminals, ...	64	21
Vagrants, ...	15	78	Vagrants, ...	—	8
Drunkards, ...	133	22	Drunkards, ...	43	9
Lunatics, ...	6	3	Lunatics, ...	4	—
Total, ...	480	171	Total, ...	114	38

Committals, Re-committals, and Averages—continued.

From 1st January to 31st December, 1858. From 1st January to day of Inspection, 1858.

		M.	F.			M.	F.
Re-committals—Once, .		17	7	Re-committals—Once, .		5	6
Twice, .		3	4	Twice, .		4	—
Thrice, .		4	3	Thrice, .		3	3
Four times and more, .		4	4	Four times and more, .		1	5
Total, .		28	18	Total, .		13	14
Average daily number, .		39.3	24.5	Average daily number, .		32.4	15.8
Highest at any one time, .		44	51	Highest at any one time, .		40	19
Lowest ditto, .		21	17	Lowest ditto, .		26	11
Average daily number in hospital, .		1	2	Average daily number in hospital, .		0.43	0.56

NORTH
DISTRICT.
County of
Westmeath
Gaol.

The number in custody on the day of inspection, as compared with similar returns on the corresponding days of the three preceding years, shows a marked decline, as does also, although not to so great extent, the daily average for the expired portion of the current year, when contrasted with those of former periods, which stand thus:—1855—males, 46, females, 24; 1856—males, 40½, females, 28½; 1857—males, 35.5, females, 28.3; 1858—males, 39.5, females, 24.5; four first months of 1859—males, 32.4, females, 15.8. These fluctuations hitherto have not been considerable, but during the last few months the diminution has been much more rapid; and I trust that the action of the separate system will continue to check, as it has obviously done already, criminality among females, to which sex alone it is applied here. On the other hand, although the aggregate of male delinquents was not large, the nature of their offences was of a very grave character. There were no prisoners under rule of penal servitude, no lunatics, no workhouse offenders, and but one vagrant. There were three male juveniles, all convicted.

Accommodation.

		M.	F.			M.	F.
Yards, .		10	7	Kitchens, .		1	—
Day Rooms, .		8	2	Bakery, .		1	—
Solitary Cells, .		4	2	Store Rooms, .		2	1
Single Cells not less than 9 feet long, 6 feet wide, and 8 feet high, =432 cubic feet, .		60	14	Laundries, .		—	1
Single Cells of larger size, .		10	—	Drying Rooms, .		—	1
Cells to contain three persons, .		10	—	Lavatories, .		8	4
Sleeping Rooms, .		—	6	Baths, .		1	1
No. of Beds in such Rooms, .		—	12	Privies, .		14	4
Hospital Rooms, .		5	2	Water-closets, .		—	12
Chapels, .		1	—	Punishing Rooms, .		1	—
School Rooms, .		1	1	Reception Rooms, .		1	1
Workshops, .		7	—	Pumps and Wells, .		4	3
Work-halls, .		6	—	Tread-wheels, .		1	—
				Crank-mill, .		1	—

The prison was throughout in a creditable condition of cleanliness and order, well ventilated, free from damp, and secure. Some of the locks, however, require to be renewed. The sewerage is effective; by a late very important improvement an unfailing supply of pure spring water is conveyed through metal pipes from a well outside, which commands the cistern. A new Board-room and office are also in course of erection, the present Board-room being about to be transferred to the Governor, the accommodation for whom is rather confined. The portion of the male prison, referred to in the last report, which has been assigned to females, and adapted to "separation," is now completed, the defects of the heating apparatus having been corrected. There is, however, still a want of lavatories in this section, and it is indispensable to the working out of the separate system in its integrity that the laundry should be divided by partitions in order to prevent any intercourse. The stock of bedding, blankets, sheets, and prison clothing was adequate, except the items of shoes for the females. There are three baths, and, besides the lavatories, in the portions of the prison not furnished with them, tubs are provided for daily use.

NORTH
DISTRICT.

Stock at the time of Inspection.

County of Westmorland Gaol.			Male Clothing.		Female Clothing.	
			Shirts,	Shifts,	Gowns,	43
	Pairs Blankets,	149	Jackets,	55	Petticoats,	31
	Pairs Sheets,	144	Trousers,	48	Pairs Stockings,	39
	Rugs,	134	Caps,	39	Pairs Shoes,	9
	Iron Beds,	132	Pairs Shoes,	40		11
	Bed-ticks,	141				

The females will henceforward be subjected to the separate system, as the amount of accommodation, taking into consideration the probable diminution of their numbers under the salutary operation of this invaluable form of discipline, will doubtless rather exceed than fall short of their requirements. The males are classified according to the Prisons Act, and although they sleep and take their meals in single cells, and although great care and vigilance are evinced by the Governor, an experienced officer, and those acting under him, the almost inevitable result of association has lately appeared in a conspiracy against one of the turnkeys. I would further point to the prevalence of Ribbonism in this district, as an evil calling loudly for the establishment of complete isolation, for nothing tends so much to break up a criminal confederacy as the impossibility of communication among the members of it, when confined in the same gaol. They are generally averted or softened by the depressing influences of loneliness, or become prone to entertain distrust and suspicion, and thus, either by confession or by information, the truth is brought to light. I would venture, therefore, to urge the local authorities, who have already exhibited such public spirit in the improvement of this prison, to complete their good work, and to extend to the males the undoubted advantages, which they have most providently conferred upon the other sex.

The Governor attends the lock-up, and there is a nightly patrol of turnkeys, whose regularity and vigilance are ascertained by a tell-tale clock.

The punishments from the first of January to the day of inspection amounted to fourteen, ten being inflicted by the authority of the Governor, and four by the magisterial members of the Board. It would be desirable that the Punishment Book should be submitted to the Board at each meeting, and initialed by the Chairman, as an evidence of inspection.

Punishments for Prison Offences.

From 1st January to 31st December, 1858. | From 1st January to day of Inspection, 1859.

	M.	F.		M.	F.
Punishment Cells,	21	16	Punishment Cells,	9	1

Number sentenced up to 5th May, 1859, to whipping, 2 males.

Employment on day of Inspection.

Penitential Labour.		Industrial Labour.	
	M. F.		M. F.
Stone-breaking and shot-drill,	16	Shoe-making, weaving, carpentering, and tailoring,	4
Washing,	4	Knitting, spinning, sewing, embroidery, &c.,	7

The tread-wheel has been discontinued—being out of repair, and being no longer required for pumping water, which is now, as stated above, otherwise supplied. If a vacancy should arise among the turnkeys, it would be advantageous to select a person capable of instructing in tailoring.

Total of net profit produced by articles disposed of outside the gaol, and return of same for the last two years separately:—

1857, . £40 14s. 1d. | 1858, . £54 9s. 6d.

Schools.

Instruction is given for two hours daily to prisoners of both sexes by a trained schoolmaster, who appears to be competent to his duties. I examined some of the juveniles and found their proficiency creditable. The school is under the inspection of the National Board, and, in addition, the form of registry recommended by my colleague and myself is in operation. In some of the gaols of the kingdom the Chaplains are required to attend the schools, and to examine the pupils from

time to time; and it is to be hoped that, in the event of a Consolidated Prisons Bill passing into law, this duty may be rendered imperative.

	M.	F.
Number of individual prisoners attending school during the year 1858,	51	17
Average number attending daily,	7	5

NORTH
DISTRICT.
County of
Westmeath
Gaol.

Dietary and Contracts.

Males.—Breakfast—8 oz. oatmeal made into stirabout, and $\frac{1}{2}$ pint new milk.
Dinner—14 oz. bread and 1 pint new milk.

Females.—Breakfast—7 oz. oatmeal made into stirabout, and $\frac{1}{2}$ pint new milk.
Dinner—12 oz. bread and $\frac{1}{2}$ pint new milk.

All prisoners get soup in lieu of milk, on two days each week, and those sentenced to one month and under on every day for dinner.

Juveniles under 16 years get the dietary prescribed by law.

Contracts.—Bread, per lb., 1d.; oatmeal, per cwt., 11s.; meat, per lb., 5d.; new milk, per gallon, 5d.; buttermilk, per gallon, 2d.; salt, per cwt. 3s. 8d.; coals, per ton, 17s. 6d.; turf, per 100 boxes, £4 5s.; straw, per cwt., 1s. 6d.; candles, per lb., 6d.; soap, per cwt. 28s.

Net cost of dietary per day for each prisoner on the day of inspection, and on the corresponding day for the three preceding years:—

1856, . 2½d. | 1857, . 2½d. | 1858, . 2½d. | 1859, . 2½d.

There were no complaints of the provisions, which are regularly examined by the Chaplains and commented upon in the form suggested by the Inspectors-General. I tasted the bread and the stirabout, which were both excellent in quality.

Books and Accounts.

The registries and the records of consumption and of discipline, and the general accounts are kept with accuracy and fulness.

The Chaplains are furnished with journals which they are bound to produce to the Board at each meeting, but this duty is discharged in so scanty a degree as to be virtually of little avail. The Local Inspector merely enters his visits in the Duty-book. I would call the attention of the Board and Grand Jury to the 69th section of the "Prisons Act," the 7th Geo. IV., cap. 74, and to the 11th section of the "Amended Prisons Act," the 19th and 20th Vic., cap. 68, and with regard to the Chaplains, to the 70th section of the first-mentioned statute, which attaches to the payment of their salaries the proviso "that it shall fully appear to the Grand Jury, and to the Court or Judge, that the Chaplains duly and regularly executed the several duties of their offices, respectively."

It is a useful practice to tot up the attendance of the Extern Officers monthly, and to submit them to the Board, in order that an explanation may be obtained in the event of a default, which in the case of the Chaplains is less excusable, as by the 11th section (above mentioned) of the "Amended Prisons Act," it is lawful for them to appoint substitutes under the approbation of the Board.

Officers and Salaries.

	£	s.	d.		£	s.	d.
Richard W. Reynell, Local Inspector,	—	—	—	John Harper, Turnkey and Carpenter,	30	0	0
Rev. John Hopkins, Protestant Chaplain,	30	0	0	William Briggs, Turnkey,	30	0	0
Rev. A. Gibson, Protestant Dissenting Chaplain,	30	0	0	Henry Briggs, Do.,	30	0	0
Rev. Thomas Nulty, Roman Catholic Chaplain,	30	0	0	Robert Howe, Do.,	30	0	0
Joseph Ferguson, Surgeon,	—	—	—	John Culin, Do.,	30	0	0
Wm. Middleton, Apothecary,	35	0	0	Peter Kelly, Turnkey and Miller,	30	0	0
James Tyrrell, Governor,	130	0	0	Edward Dowdall, Turnkey and Baker,	30	0	0
Richard Devereil, Deputy Governor,	60	0	0	William Speight, School-master,	12	0	0
Jane Fielding, Matron,	40	0	0	Eliza Catherine Harper, Assistant Matron,	14	5	6
William Trydell, Turnkey and Shoemaker,	30	0	0	Mary Conkely, Nurse,	14	5	6

No alteration has taken place in the staff since the last inspection. The Extern Officers receive their salaries half-yearly, and the Intern monthly. None of the latter are on the gaol allowance. The turnkeys are clothed in uniform.

NORTH
DISTRICT.County of
Westmeath
Gaol.

Officers' Visits.

	From 1st Jan. to 31st Dec. in the Year 1856.	From 1st Jan. up to day of Inspection, 1856.
Local Inspector, ...	91	51
Surgeon, &c., ...	181	65
Protestant Chaplain, ...	127	39
Presbyterian or Dissenting Chaplain, ...	176	67
Roman Catholic Chaplain, ...	145	49

The visits of the Local Inspector, who is an unpaid officer, and of the Protestant and Roman Catholic Chaplains fall short of the prescribed number, especially those of the Protestant Chaplain.

Hospitals.

The sanitary condition of the gaol was, and had been highly satisfactory, which is fortunate, as the accommodation for the sick is very limited. There is a bath and water-closet annexed to the quarter designated for each sex.

Number in hospital, total number of days and cost of medicine, and number of deaths for the last three years, each year separately:—

	1854.	1855.	1856.
Number in hospital, ...	36	38	34
Number of days, ...	685	860	747
Deaths, ...	1	—	—
Cost of Medicines, ...	£2 16s. 2d.	£2 12s. 4d.	£10 18s. 5d.

Board of Superintendence.

Hugh M. Tufts, esq.	Robert Smyth, esq.	John Swift, esq.
John C. Lyons, esq.	John Canfield, esq.	John De Blaquiere, esq.
Thomas J. Smyth, esq.	Wm. Fetherston H., esq.	Anthony A. Reilly, esq.
Henry Murray, esq.	Chas. W. Levinge, esq.	Andrew Connolly, esq.

The Board is convened monthly, and usually assembles in sufficient numbers for the transaction of general business, but not for the confirmation of appointments, at which the presence of two-thirds of the whole body is required. The salaries of the Intern Officers of lower grade and incidentals are discharged at each meeting, all other payments being deferred till the Assizes.

Driscoll.

BRIDEWELL.

	Months.	
	M.	F.
No. of Commitments in 1856, ...	126	63
Of whom were Drunkards, ...	35	9
No of Commitments in the quarter preceding inspection, ...	23	12
Of whom were Drunkards, ...	6	3
Petty Sessions, ...	Fortnightly.	
Transmittals, ...	Regular.	
Commitments, ...	Correct.	
Registry, ...	Well kept.	
Repairs and Order, ...	A contract was entered into at the last Assizes for repairs, which are now going on.	
Security, ...	Good.	
Accommodation, ...	Sufficient.	
Bedding, Furniture, and Utensils, ...	Serviceable.	
Water, how supplied, ...	By a Force-pump.	
Sewerage, ...	Effective.	
Dryness, Ventilation, and Cleanliness, ...	Satisfactory.	
Cost of Dietary per head per day, ...	3½d.	
Salary of Keeper, ...	£35.	
Whether Keeper follows any other employment, ...	Court-house keeper.	

J. CORRY CONNELLAN, Inspector-General.

SOUTH DISTRICT.

SOUTH
DISTRICT.
County of
Carlow
Gaol.

COUNTY OF CARLOW GAOL.—VISITED 24TH OF DECEMBER, 1859.

State.

Denomination of Class.	No. in each Class.			No. Sick in Hospital.		
	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.
Pauper Debtors, ...	1	—	1	—	—	—
UNTRIED.						
For Felony, ...	2	5	7	—	—	—
TRIED.						
<i>Cases disposed of at Assizes and Sessions.</i>						
Of Felony or Larceny:—						
To Imprisonment, ...	2	1	3	—	—	—
Of Misdemeanors, &c., ...	1	—	1	—	—	—
<i>Disposed of Summarily.</i>						
Nonpayment of Fines and Penalties, ...	3	—	3	—	—	—
Dangerous Lunatics, ...	1	—	1	—	—	—
Gross Totals, ...	10	6	16	—	—	—

Total number of all classes in gaol on the day of inspection, and on the corresponding day for the three preceding years:—

M.	F.	TOT.	M.	F.	TOT.	M.	F.	TOT.	M.	F.	TOT.				
1859,	10	6	16	1858,	8	6	14	1857,	19	16	35	1856,	23	14	39

Committals, Re-committals, and Averages.

From 1st January to 31st December, 1858. From 1st Jan. to day of Inspection in 1859.

		M.	F.			M.	F.
Committals—				Committals—			
Debtors, ...	7	—	—	Debtors, ...	12	—	—
Criminals, ...	109	45	—	Criminals, ...	112	63	—
Vagrants, ...	23	22	—	Vagrants, ...	19	4	—
Drunkards, ...	106	14	—	Drunkards, ...	121	17	—
Lunatics, ...	1	—	—	Lunatics, ...	4	1	—
Total, ...	246	81	—	Total, ...	258	85	—
Re-committals—Once, ...				Re-committals—Once, ...			
Twice, ...	1	—	—	Twice, ...	1	1	—
Thrice, ...	3	—	—	Thrice, ...	1	1	—
Four times and more, ...	2	—	—	Four times and more, ...	—	—	—
Total, ...	6	—	—	Total, ...	2	2	—
Average daily number, ...	11½	8½	—	Average daily number, ...	12	8½	—
Highest at any one time, ...	20	16	—	Highest at any one time, ...	19	9	—
Lowest ditto, ...	6	6	—	Lowest ditto, ...	6	4	—
Average daily number in Hospital, ...	—	—	—	Average daily number in Hospital, ...	—	—	—

The progressive decrease in crime in this county of late years has been very remarkable. In the committals of males for 1858, as compared with 1857, there was a slight, and in those of females a very large reduction. The daily average of males in 1858 was only half what it was in 1857, and that of females also

South
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Gaol.

decreased considerably, whilst there were only six cases of re-committals of males and none of females.

The committals of both sexes in 1859 slightly exceed those in 1858; but the daily average of males only increased by the fraction of a unit, whilst that of females decreased by three, having sunk to the low figure of five; the committals must, therefore, have been for short periods, and by inference, for trifling offences. The extraordinary decrease in crimes during the last eight years is best shown by the fact that the highest number in custody at any one time in 1852, was 112 males and 53 females, and in 1859, only 19 males and 9 females.

There were no prisoners in custody under sixteen years of age.

Number sentenced in 1859 to solitary confinement,	M.	F.
" " " whipping,	3	-

Accommodation.

The accommodation consists of—

	M.	F.		M.	F.
Wards,	4	1	Chapels,	1	-
Yards,	9	6	Workshops,	3	-
Day Rooms,	10	2	Kitchens,	1	-
Solitary Cells,	3	-	Store Rooms,	3	1
Single Cells, not less than 9 feet long, 6 feet wide, and 8 feet high,—432 cubic feet,	-	22	Laundries,	-	1
Single Cells of smaller size,	47	19	Drying Rooms,	-	1
Sleeping Rooms,	13	-	Lavatories,	8	4
No. of Beds in such Rooms,	6	-	Baths,	5	1
Hospital Rooms,	2	2	Pumps and Wells,	2	-
			Tread-wheels,	1	-

The building was throughout in good repair, secure, clean, dry, well ventilated, and abundantly supplied with water, which is raised by the tread-wheel, and distributed by pipes throughout the premises. The sewerage is very effective. The bedding, blankets, sheets, and clothing were amply sufficient, both in quality and quantity. The bedding of the cots in the female prison should be folded up every morning, and not replaced in the cots until bed-time; if this rule be not observed, the bedding frequently remains unwashed for many days.

Stock at the time of Inspection.

	MALES.	FEMALES.
Pairs Blankets,	161	123
Pairs Sheets,	76	33
Hammocks or Cots,	16	23
Bed-ticks,	100	37
Shirts,	30	33
Jackets,	54	23
Trowsers,	56	37
Caps,	71	33
Pairs Shoes,	49	33
Caps,		123
Shifts,		33
Gowns,		23
Petticoats,		37
Shoes,		33

No alterations have been made in the building since the last inspection. The amount of accommodation far exceeds existing or probable requirements.

The new female prison, containing fifteen cells, is adapted to separation, and was in excellent order in every respect. The male prison has not been so adapted, but might be at a trifling expense, which it would be worth while to incur, in order to place the entire gaol upon one uniform system, the success of which has been so abundantly proved by the extraordinary and unprecedented decrease in the number of female prisoners.

The kitchen and stores are good, and the laundry (partitioned) and drying-room are sufficient. There are baths, in which all who requires it are washed on admission; and lavatories supplied with soap and towels, for the daily personal ablution of the prisoners. There is, however, no reception ward, although the old "solitary" prison, never occupied, might with great advantage be used for that purpose; and the surgeon should be required, in accordance with the Prisons Act, to inspect all prisoners upon their admission to the gaol, before they are taken to their respective wards.

The males are classified according to the Prisons Act; but sleep and take their meals in single cells, and are in great measure under separation, the tread-wheel being partitioned, and association at industrial labour being restricted, by generally employing each prisoner separately in a work-shed or day-room.

The separate system is strictly carried out with all criminal classes of females,

except such as have children with them—an exception which might well be discontinued.

The Governor or his deputy always attends the lock-up. There is no regular patrol or officer on duty after 10 p.m.

There had been no regular punishments either in 1858 or 1859; but I ascertained that there had been occasional stoppages of milk for trifling offences: such stoppages are illegal. The Governor can only inflict the punishment laid down by rule 15 of sec. 109, 7 Geo. IV. cap. 74, and every such punishment must be entered in the Punishment Book.

Employment.

Positive Labour.

Males—Tread-wheel; females—washing.

Industrial Labour.

MALES.		FEMALES.	
Whitewashing, ...	5	Washing, ...	2
Cook, ...	1	Sewing, ...	1
Prison duties, ...	1	Nursing and cleaning Prison, ...	3
Untried, ...	3		

Ordinary daily Employment.

MALES.	FEMALES.
Weaving Matting.	Washing.
Making Mats.	Sewing.
Making Brushes.	Picking Fibre.
Making Nets.	
Making Clogs.	

Considering the small number of hands available, this department is conducted with very creditable activity.

On the day of my visit the male prisoners were chiefly employed in white-washing.

Usually all the males sentenced to hard labour are worked on the tread-wheel for three and a-half hours daily.

Total of net profit produced by articles disposed of outside the gaol, for the last two years:—

1858, . £10 16s. 8d. | 1857, . £31 7s. 6d.

Schools.

I repeat, with regret, what has frequently been made the subject of notice in former reports, that no provision is made for teaching prisoners of either sex, and this is the only county gaol in Ireland where this defect exists.

It is true that very few juveniles are committed to this prison; but still it is much to be regretted that, when any of this class are received, there should be no provision whatever for that which of all things is most necessary to youth, educational instruction. It is, therefore, very desirable that there should be one turnkey competent to instruct, an arrangement which would, at no additional expense, remedy this glaring defect.

Dietary and Contracts.

First Class, Males.—Breakfast—8 oz. meal in stirabout, $\frac{1}{2}$ pint new milk. Dinner—14 oz. bread, 1 pint new milk.

Second Class, Females.—Breakfast—7 oz. meal in stirabout, $\frac{3}{4}$ pint new milk. Dinner—12 oz. bread, $\frac{3}{4}$ pint new milk.

Third Class, under fifteen years.—Breakfast—5 oz. meal in stirabout, $\frac{3}{4}$ pint new milk. Dinner—8 oz. bread, $\frac{3}{4}$ pint new milk. Supper—4 oz. bread.

All prisoners get one pint of gruel, two days each week, for dinner in place of milk; and all prisoners whose sentence does not exceed one calendar month get gruel daily for dinner only.

Contracts.—Bread, per lb., $\frac{1}{4}$ d.; oatmeal, per cwt., 15s.; Indian meal, per cwt., 8s. 6d.; new milk, per gallon, 7 $\frac{1}{2}$ d.; salt, per cwt., 1s. 8d.; coals, per ton, 20s.; turf, per kish, 2s.; soap, per cwt., 23s.

Net cost of dietary per day for each prisoner on the day of inspection, and on the corresponding day in the three preceding years:—

1859, 2 $\frac{1}{4}$ d. | 1858, 2 $\frac{1}{4}$ d. | 1857, 2 $\frac{1}{4}$ d. | 1856, 3 $\frac{1}{4}$ d.

South
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County of
Carlow
Gaol.

Source
District,
County of
Carlow
Gaol.

There were no complaints of the provisions, which are regularly inspected by the Chaplains, for whom an "Inspection of Provisions Book" should be kept, as it is not intended that such inspections should be entered in the journals.

Books and Accounts.

The registries, books, and accounts are kept with great care and accuracy. The Chaplains' Journals are duly submitted to the Board, and the Local Inspector and Governor also keep journals. The forms recommended by the Inspectors-General have been adopted, with three exceptions, viz., "Inspections of Provisions," "Daily Employment of Prisoners," and "Extra Diet." The accounts are kept in a very clear and satisfactory manner.

Total net cost of gaol, including dietary and salaries, for the three preceding years:—

1858, £987 0s. 9d. | 1857, £1,049 8s. 6d. | 1856, £1,163 5s. 4d.

Officers and Salaries.

	£		£
T. J. Rawson, esq., Surgeon, . . .	—	Edwd. Croghan, Deputy Governor, . .	50
A. Fitzmaurice, esq., Local Inspector, . .	60	Robert Tunsted, Turnkey, . . .	30
Rev. Wm. J. Purdon, Chaplain, . . .	30	William Jones, Weaver, . . .	30
Rev. J. Farrell, R. C. Chaplain, . . .	30	William Coleman, Turnkey, . . .	30
Richard Wilson, esq., Governor, . . .	150	Thomas Walsh, Turnkey, . . .	24
Mrs. C. Gavan, Matron, . . .	50	Richard Walsh, Turnkey, . . .	24
Mrs. C. Croghan, Deputy Matron, . . .	15	Elizabeth Twamly, Hos. Nurse, . .	£10 6s.

The extern officers are paid at assizes; the interns monthly. All the interns receive rations. The turnkeys are supplied with sufficient uniforms. The salaries of the two junior turnkeys had lately been raised from £18 to £24.

The Governor reported very favourably of the conduct of all his subordinate officers.

Officers' Visits.

	From 1st Jan. to 31st Dec. in the Year 1858.	From 1st Jan. 1859. to day of Inspection.
Local Inspector, ...	106	108
Surgeon, &c., ...	90	87
Protestant Chaplain, ...	159	160
Roman Catholic Chaplain, ...	147	160

It is again my duty to report that the visits of the surgeon fall considerably below the number prescribed by sec. 72 of 7 Geo. IV. cap. 74.

Hospitals.

The accommodation for the sick of both sexes is sufficient. The hospitals were clean and airy, and are furnished with baths and water-closets. The health of the gaol had been excellent.

Number in hospital, total number of days and cost of medicine, and number of deaths, for the last three years:—

	1858.	1857.	1856.
Number in hospital, ...	6	22	23
Number of days in hospital, ...	115	564	545
Number of Deaths, ...	—	1	2
Cost of Medicine, ...	£8 6s. 0d.	£15 11s. 8d.	£16 17s. 0d.

Board of Superintendence.

Henry Bruen, esq., M.P.	William Duckett, esq.	Henry Watters, esq.
Robert C. Browne, esq.	Philip J. Newton, esq.	Hardy Easton, esq.
John Alexander, esq.	Darby H. Cooper, esq.	Wm. Fishbourne, esq.
Horne, Rochfort, esq.	William Elliott, esq.	William F. Burton, esq.

The Board meets once a month. All bills are paid monthly by a cheque for the aggregate amount given to the Governor, whose accounts are vouched by the Local Inspector before being submitted to the Board.

FRANCIS F. W. HANVER, Inspector-General.

COUNTY OF CLARE GAOL, AT ENNIS.—VISITED THE 19TH OF JULY, 1859.

SOUTH DISTRICT.

County of Clare Gaol.

State.

Description of Class.	No. in each Class.			No. Sick in Hospital.		
	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.
Master Debtors, ...	—	1	1	—	—	—
Pauper Debtors, ...	1	—	1	—	—	—
UNTRIED.						
For Misdemeanors, ...	1	—	1	—	—	—
TRIED.						
<i>Cases Disposed of at Assizes and Sessions.</i>						
Of Felony or Larceny:—						
To Imprisonment, ...	—	3	3	—	—	—
Of Misdemeanors, &c., ...	13	—	13	—	—	—
<i>Disposed of Summarily.</i>						
For Larceny, ...	1	2	3	—	—	—
Offences under Larceny Act, ...	—	3	3	—	—	—
Other Misdemeanors, ...	3	3	6	—	—	—
Dangerous Lunatics, ...	8	3	11	—	—	—
Gross Totals, ...	27	17	44	—	—	—

Offences, &c., of Juveniles Classified at the time of Inspection.

	10 Years and under.		16 Years and above 10.		20 Years and above 16.	
	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.
Committed for Trial at Assizes and Sessions—Misdemeanants, ...	—	—	1	—	—	—
Four times imprisoned, ...	—	—	1	—	—	—

Total number of all classes in gaol on the day of inspection, and on the corresponding day for the three preceding years:—

Average day for the three preceding years. —							
	M.	F.	Total.		M.	F.	Total.
1856, ...	30	39	69	1858, ...	23	16	49
1857, ...	30	26	56	1859, ...	27	17	44

Committals, Re-committals, and Averages.

From 1st January to 31st December, 1857.

	M.	F.
Committals—Debtors, ...	6	1
Criminals, ...	200	115
Vagrants, ...	15	14
Drunkards, ...	30	10
Total, ...	251	144
Re-committals—Once, ...	23	18
Twice, ...	11	9
Thrice, ...	5	7
Four times and more, ...	14	18
Total, ...	53	52
Average daily number, ...	35	27
Highest at any one time, ...	48	41
Lowest ditto, ...	17	16
Average daily number in Hospital, ...	1	1

SOUTH
DISTRICT.

Commitments, Re-commitments, and Averages—continued.

County of
Clare Gaol.

From 1st January to 31st December, 1858.

	M.	F.
Commitments—Debtors, ...	6	1
Criminals, ...	192	139
Vagrants, ...	3	7
Drunkards, ...	25	3
Lunatics, ...	10	5
Total, ...	236	155
Re-commitments—Once, ...	19	25
Twice, ...	3	11
Thrice, ...	4	11
Four times and more, ...	5	20
Total, ...	31	67
Average daily number, ...	26	18
Highest at any one time, ...	42	22
Lowest ditto, ...	17	13
Average daily number in Hospital, ...	1	1

From 1st January to day of Inspection, 1859.

	M.	F.
Commitments—Debtors, ...	2	—
Criminals, ...	86	86
Vagrants, ...	1	1
Drunkards, ...	9	6
Lunatics, ...	9	5
Total, ...	117	68
Re-commitments—Once, ...	8	4
Twice, ...	1	7
Thrice, ...	1	4
Four times and more, ...	4	14
Total, ...	14	29
Average daily number, ...	22	12
Highest at any one time, ...	29	20
Lowest ditto, ...	19	7
Average daily number in Hospital, ...	1	1

The foregoing returns indicate a very gratifying decrease in crime in the county of Clare. The numbers in custody on the 18th of July, for four consecutive years, show a steadily progressing decrease. There was only a trifling decrease in the commitments of males in 1858 as compared with 1857, and a slight increase in those of females; but the "daily average" of both sexes decreased very largely in 1858, a fact which proves that the commitments were for short periods, and inferentially, in general, for comparatively trivial offences. The returns for the first six months of 1859, give promise of a still further reduction in the number of prisoners; and the extent of the improvement which has taken place may best be measured by the fact that on the 25th September, 1852, there were 253 prisoners in custody, and that the highest number in the prison at any one time in 1858 was 64. Juvenile offences have also diminished in a very remarkable degree; and on the day of inspection there was only one prisoner under sixteen years of age.

It must also be borne in mind, that of the 44 in custody on the day of inspection, 11 were lunatics and 2 were debtors, so that there really were only 31 criminals in the prison on that day. With regard to the lunatics it is to be hoped that measures may shortly be taken to remove all these afflicted creatures from the prisons, in none of which are there either officers or appliances suited for their treatment; and in this goal their presence is peculiarly burdensome, for the number of sane prisoners is so small, that when some have been told off as attendants upon the lunatics—an office which the better class are often unwilling to undertake, and which consequently devolves upon those least fitted to discharge it—there remains a barely sufficient number of hands to perform the ordinary prison duties of cleaning, washing, and mending.

Number sentenced during the year 1858 to solitary confinement, ... M. F. 21 12

Accommodation.

	M.	F.		M.	F.
Wards, ...	8	2	No. of Beds in such Rooms, ...	9	—
Yards, ...	8	2	Hospital Rooms, ...	2	2
Day Rooms, ...	7	2	Chapels, ...	1	—
Solitary Cells, ...	4	2	Schoolrooms, ...	1	1
Single Cells, not less than 9 feet long, 6 feet wide, and 8 feet high—432 cubic feet, ...	103	12	Workshops, ...	3	—
Cells to contain three persons, ...	107	14	Workshops, ...	4	—
Sleeping Rooms, ...	9	—	Kitchens, ...	1	—
			Bakery, ...	1	—
			Store Rooms, ...	4	1

Accommodation—continued

		M.	F.			M.	F.	District.
Laundries, ...		—	1	Fumigating Rooms, ...		1	1	County of Clare Goal.
Drying Rooms, ...		—	1	Reception Room, ...		1	—	
Lavatories, ...		2	—	Pumps and Wells, ...		11	1	
Baths, ...		2	—	Tread-wheels, ...		1	—	
Privies, ...		7	2	Other Machines for Labour, ...		1	—	
Water-closets, ...		13	6					

The building was throughout in good repair, secure (except that a new iron door is required for the burial ground, from which escape would be practicable), dry, well ventilated, very clean, and abundantly supplied with good water, which is raised by the tread-wheel and distributed by pipes throughout the prison, and also applied to flushing the sewers, which are very effective. The bedding, blankets, sheets, and prison-clothing were sufficient, and are regularly issued.

Stock at time of Inspection

[illegible]

The accommodation is more than sufficient for existing requirements; and one range of the male prison, containing nineteen cells, has been permanently allocated to the females. In this range, and the corresponding one on the opposite side, there are two water-closets and a lavatory on each floor, and the cells are heated with hot-water pipes. Indeed this part of the prison is in every way fitted for the carrying out of the separate system in its integrity, with the exception of the absence of bells in the cells. Moreover, all the cells of this gaol are of a sufficient size, and in other respects fit for separation; and it is, therefore, to be hoped that the local authorities may ere long recognise the expediency of adapting the entire prison, or at least as much of it as will accommodate all the prisoners of both sexes, to that system, which has been found so effectual as a deterrent and a bar to the moral contamination necessarily consequent upon the association of prisoners of different ages and degrees of criminality; and it appears to me that this great improvement might here be effected at a comparatively trifling expense. There are good stores, and the bakery and kitchen are sufficient. It is very desirable that the laundry, tread-wheel, and stone-breaking sheds should be partitioned, so as to prevent the prisoners from communicating during the hours of labour. There are baths, in which all are washed on admission: and stone troughs, with soap and towels, are placed in every yard for the daily ablution of the prisoners.

The males are in three classes, exclusive of debtors, viz., felons, misdemeanants, and untried: but the lunatics greatly interfere with the classification.

The females are all subjected to approximate separation; all their employments, except washing, being carried on in their cells. They are, however, congregated at school and at the laundry.

All of both sexes sleep and take their meals in single cells.

The general appearance of the prisoners was satisfactory, and discipline is strictly maintained.

The lock-up is always attended by the Governor or Head Turnkey, and the watchman patrols from six, P.M., to six, A.M., every night.

A tell-tale clock had lately been procured, and had been found to be a most satisfactory check upon the patrol.

Punishments for Prison Offences.

From 1st January to 31st December, 1858.			From 1st January to day of Inspection, 1859.		
	M.	F.		M.	F.
Punishment Cells, .	21	12	Punishment Cells, .	13	5
Other Punishments, .	6	2	Other Punishments, .	8	-

Two of the above punishments were ordered by magistrates for more serious offences, the remainder by the Governor. It is desirable that the Punishment Book should be submitted to, and initialed by, the Board at each meeting.

SOUTH
DISTRICT.
County of
Clare Gaol.

Employment on the day of Inspection.
Penitence Labour.

MALES.
14 at Tread-wheel.

FEMALES.
3 Dressing Flax.

Industrial Labour.

MALES.
3 Stone breaking.

FEMALES.
3 Spinning.
1 Carding.
4 Knitting.

Owing to the great decrease in the number of prisoners, and the presence of so many inmates, there were very few hands available for industrial employment. In fact, as has been before stated, pumping water and prison duties occupy the greater part of the time of the prisoners. Very creditable exertions are, however, made to keep up the supply of bedding, clothing, and necessaries; and some profit is derived from work disposed of to the public.

Total of net profit produced by articles disposed of outside the gaol, for the last two years:—

1857, . £5 15s. 6d. | 1858, . £9 19s. 7d.

Schools.

School Hours.—Males—From 1 to 3 o'clock; Females—From 1 to 2 o'clock.

Number of individual prisoners attending school during the year 1858,	M. F.
Average number attending daily,	138 126
	20 10

The males are instructed by the schoolmaster-turnkey, and the females by the matron, in reading, writing, and arithmetic. These schools are now under the National Board, whose Inspector reports favourably of them; but it is desirable that copy-books, instead of slates, should be provided for those who have attained some proficiency in writing, that a registry of progress, of the form recommended by the Inspectors-General, should be kept; and that the Chaplains should, from time to time, visit the schools, and comment upon the management of them in the column of the Registry headed "Remarks."

Dietary and Contracts.

Breakfast—6 oz. Indian meal, 2 oz. rice in stirabout, and $\frac{1}{2}$ pint new milk, for males; 1 oz. less for females.

Dinner—Rye meal and second flour bread, and new milk, in the quantities specified in the dietary table.

Gruel twice a week for all, and daily at dinner for those whose imprisonment does not exceed one calendar month.

Contracts.—Bread, 1d. per lb.; oatmeal, 15s. per cwt.; Indian meal, 8s. 3d. per cwt.; rice, 18s. per cwt.; potatoes, 6d. per stone; meat, 7d. per lb.; new milk, 1s. 3d. per pot; salt, 1s. 10d. per cwt.; coals, 17s. per ton; turf, 11 $\frac{1}{2}$ d. per kish; straw, 40s. per ton; candles, 8d. per lb.; soap, 34s. per cwt.

Net cost of dietary per day for each prisoner on the day of inspection, and on the corresponding day in the three preceding years:—

1856, . 3d. | 1857, . 3d. | 1858, . 3 $\frac{1}{2}$ d. | 1859, . 3 $\frac{1}{2}$ d.

There were no complaints of the provisions, which are very regularly inspected by the Chaplains, who, however, are not provided with an "Inspection of Provisions Book," in which to record their opinion of the quality of each article of food examined.

Books and Accounts.

The registries, four books, and accounts are kept with creditable care and accuracy; but it is greatly to be regretted that the Officers' Gate Books, Daily Employment of Prisoners' Book, and other forms, recommended by the Inspectors-General, and very generally adopted, have not been introduced. The Chaplains and Governor keep journals; those of the former officers are required by sec. 11 of the 19th and 20th Vic., cap. 68, to be submitted to the Board at each meeting, and it is very desirable that they should be initiated by the Chairman, to show that the Act of Parliament has been complied with. The Surgeon's Books, and Extra Diet Account, are very satisfactory.

Total net cost of gaol, including dietary, salaries, for the three preceding years:—
 1856, £1,725 5s. 11d. | 1857, £1,531 0s. 10d. | 1858, £1,370 12s. 0d.

SOUTH DISTRICT.
 County of Clare Gaol.

Officers and Salaries.

	£	s.	d.		£	s.	d.
Thomas Keane, esq., Local Inspector,	100	0	0	Nicholas Lysaght, First Turnkey,	40	0	0
Giles D'Arcy, esq., Governor,	300	0	0	P. Conneline, Second Turnkey,	40	0	0
Rev. A. Tatton, Protestant Chaplain,	46	3	0	Jas. Rabbit, Third Turnkey,	28	8	0
Rev. J. Kenny, Roman Catholic Chaplain,	46	3	0	Michael Slattery, Fourth Turnkey,	28	8	0
P. M. Cullinan, esq., Physician,	54	0	0	Mary Kenny, First Assistant,	17	8	0
Michael Greene, esq., Apothecary,	20	0	0	Georgina Palmer, Second Assistant,	17	8	0
Michael Conneline, Clerk, and Storekeeper,	32	8	0	Bridget Lysaght, Nurse-tender,	24	0	0
Mary Palmer, Matron,	40	0	0	James Hillary, Watchman,	22	8	0
Patrick Slattery, Schoolmaster and Turnkey,	30	0	0				

Since the last inspection one turnkey has been superannuated, and one dismissed, and one watchman has resigned. Two turnkeys, a watchman, and a schoolmaster have been appointed. All the officers are paid monthly. The turnkeys are supplied with uniforms and arms. All the interns get an allowance of coals and candles, but none receive rations.

Officers' Visits.

	From 1st Jan. to 31st Dec. in the Year 1858.	From 1st Jan. up to day of Inspection, 1859.
Local Inspector,	231	143
Surgeon, &c.,	183	85
Protestant Chaplain,	193	95
Roman Catholic Chaplain,	191	93

The number of visits paid by all these officers is very satisfactory.

Hospitals.

The accommodation for the sick of both sexes is sufficient. The hospital was clean and airy, and is furnished with water-closets, but not with baths. The health of the gaol had been remarkably good.

Number in hospital, total number of days and cost of medicine, and number of deaths for the last three years:—

	1856.	1857.	1858.
Number in Hospital,	43	42	24
Number of days in Hospital,	808	630	560
Number of Deaths,	3	—	—
Cost of Medicine,	£8 7s. 7d.	£7 0s. 10d.	£7 17s. 0d.

Board of Superintendence.

Lord Inchiquin.	Michael Kario, esq.	George Sampson, esq.
Capt. Andrew Stackpoole.	Wainwright Crowe, esq.	Michael Cullinan, esq.
John Enright, esq.	James Mahon, esq.	Nicholas Butler, esq.
William Keao, esq.	John N. Bonyngo, esq.	Marcus Keane, esq.

The Board meets very regularly once a month. All bills are discharged monthly by cheques to each creditor, except those for very small amounts, for which a cheque is given to the Local Inspector, who produces the receipts at the next meeting.

SOUTH
DISTRICT.

STATE OF BRIDEWELL.

County of
Gloucester.

Bridewells.

	Tells.		Six-mile-bridge.		Emstymann.	
	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.
No. of Committals in past year, ...	68	44	43	31	150	18
Of whom were Drunkards,	14	18	12	-	108	1
No. of Committals in the quarter preceding Inspection, ...	22		17		48	
Of whom were Drunkards,	6		8		30	
Petty Sessions, ...	Fortnightly.		Fortnightly.		Weekly.	
Transmittals, ...	Immediate.		Next day.		Next day.	
Committals, ...	Correct.		Correct.		Irregular; occasional lodgments without written committals.	
Registry, ...	Correct.		Correct.		Correct.	
Repairs, Cleanliness, and Order,	In good repair and order.		Satisfactory.		Satisfactory.	
Security, ...	Unsatisfactory.		Tolerable.		Fair.	
Accommodation, . . .	Tolerable.		Limited; no drunkard's cell.		Limited; no drunkard's cell.	
Bedding, Furniture, and Utensils,	Bed-ticks and sheets sufficient; some blankets very thin.		Sufficient.		Sufficient.	
Water, ...	From good pump on premises.		Pump out of order.		From good pump on premises.	
Sewerage, ...	Effective.		Effective.		Effective.	
Dryness and Ventilation, .	Fair.		Satisfactory.		Fair.	
Cost of Dietary per head per day,	4d.		4½d.		4d.	
Salary of Keeper, . . .	£20 0 0		£20 0 0		£20 0 0	
Whether Keeper follows any other employment,	Keeps cars for hire.		None.		None.	
Remarks, ...	Moss-tins, spoons, buckets, tubs, &c., required.					

[continued.]

STATE OF BRIDEWELLS—continued.

SOUTH
DISTRICT.
County of
Clara.
Bridewells.

	Kilrush.		Kilhaloe.	
	M.	F.	M.	F.
Number of Committals in past year,	216	40	62	20
Of whom were Drunkards, .	123	10	4	-
Number of Committals in the quarter preceding Inspection, . . .	55		25	
Of whom were Drunkards, .	22		1	
Petty Sessions, ...	Weekly.		Fortnightly.	
Transmittals, ...	Regular.		Regular.	
Committals, ...	Correctly kept; but occasional illegal sentences to 7 days in Bridewell.		Correct.	
Registry, ...	Correct.		Correct.	
Repairs, Cleanliness, and Order, .	Very satisfactory.		Satisfactory.	
Security, ...	Yards insecure.		Yards very insecure.	
Accommodation, ...	Sufficient.		Tolerable.	
Bedding, Furniture, and Utensils, .	Sufficient.		Sufficient.	
Water, ...	From good pump on premises.		None on the premises or near at hand, and no allowance for fetching it.	
Sewerage, ...	Non-effective.		None.	
Dryness and Ventilation, . . .	Satisfactory.		Indifferent.	
Cost of Dietary per head per day,	5d.		4d.	
Salary of Keeper, ...	£30 0 0		£20 0 0	
Whether Keeper follows any other employment,	None.		None.	

FELTON F. W. HERVEY, *Inspector-General.*

SOUTH
DISTRICT.

COUNTY OF CORK GAOL.—VISITED 26TH AND 27TH SEPTEMBER, 1859.

County of
Cork Gaol.

State on the 26th.

Denomination of Class.	No. in each Class.			No. Sick in Hospital.		
	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.
Master Debtors, ...	10	1	11	—	—	—
Pauper Debtors, ...	1	—	1	—	—	—
Contempt of Court, ...	1	—	1	—	—	—
UNTRIED.						
For Felony, ...	11	5	16	—	—	—
„ Larceny, ...	2	4	6	—	1	1
„ Misdemeanors, ...	1	3	4	—	—	—
TRIED.						
<i>Cases Disposed of at Assizes and Sessions.</i>						
<i>Of Felony or Larceny:—</i>						
To Transportation, ...	—	—	—	—	—	—
„ Penal Servitude, ...	—	—	—	—	—	—
„ Imprisonment, ...	42	17	59	1	—	1
<i>Of Misdemeanors, &c., ...</i>						
By Courts-Martial.						
Military Offenders, ...	3	—	3	1	—	1
<i>Disposed of Summarily.</i>						
For Larceny, ...	4	4	8	—	1	1
Offences under Larceny Act, ...	8	5	13	—	—	—
In default of Bail, ...	4	5	9	—	—	—
Non-payment of Fines and Penalties, ...	3	1	4	—	—	—
Other Misdemeanors, ...	15	14	29	—	3	3
Under Poor Law Act, ...	—	—	—	—	—	—
Under Revenue Laws, ...	—	—	—	—	—	—
Dangerous Lunatics, ...	1	—	1	—	—	—
Gross Totals, ...	104	61	165	2	7	9

Officers, &c., of Juveniles Classified at the time of Inspection.

	10 Years and under.		10 Years and above 10.		20 Years and above 15.	
	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.
Felons Convicted, ...	—	—	—	—	—	—
Committed for Trial at Assizes and Sessions—Felons, ...	—	—	—	—	—	—
Summary Convictions—Vagrants, ...	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other Offences, ...	—	—	5	—	—	—
Workhouse offenders, ...	—	—	—	—	—	—
Twice imprisoned, ...	—	—	—	—	—	—
Three times imprisoned, ...	—	—	—	—	—	—
Four times imprisoned, ...	—	—	1	—	—	—
Five times imprisoned and upwards, ...	—	—	—	—	—	—

Total number of all classes in gaol on the day of inspection, and on the corresponding day for the three preceding years:—

	M.	F.	Total.		M.	F.	Total.
1850, ...	159	104	263	1858, ...	125	53	178
1857, ...	140	61	201	This day, ...	104	61	165

South Downshire. dresses were only tolerable, but new clothing was being made up for them. The clogs are very objectionable, especially for females; being merely heavy blocks of wood, covered with rough coarse canvas.

City of Cork Gaol.

Stock at the time of Inspection.

	In use.	In store.		In use.	In store.
Pairs Blankets,	322	3	Female Clothing—		
Pairs Sheets,	354	45	Caps,	208	—
Rugs,	250	64	Shifts,	97	23
Hammocks or Cots,	80	22	Wrappers,	63	15
Bed-ticks,	316	—	Petticoats,	71	5
Male Clothing—			Stockings,	76	30
Shirts,	273	38	Shoes,	80	14
Jackets,	157	31			
Trowsers,	159	50			
Caps,	337	80			
Pairs Clogs,	228	14			

No change has been made in the accommodation since the last inspection, except that gas has been introduced into the passages and officers' apartments, and glazed windows, instead of wooden shutters, have been put up in the cells of wards 1 and 3 of the gaol.

Thirty-four of the male cells are artificially heated, but are not furnished with any of the other requisites specified in sec. iv. of 3 and 4 Vic., cap. 44.

There are good school-rooms and workshops, but the laundry is small and inconvenient; it has, however, been fitted with partitions.

The marshalsea and reception ward are sufficient, as are also the kitchen and stores, but the chapel is defective in size and arrangement.

All prisoners are washed, on admission, in baths situated at the entrance gate, and are detained in the reception ward until after examination by the surgeon. There are lavatories in the corridors and yards, and soap and towels are duly supplied.

Classification is carefully attended to.

Exclusive of debtors, there are nine classes of males, and five of females. In addition to the divisions prescribed by the Prison Act, juvenile males are kept entirely apart from adults, and are further subdivided into three classes. Amongst females, prostitutes and professional thieves are separated from the others, and those who from youth and other circumstances are supposed to be comparatively innocent are carefully protected from the contamination of association with hardened criminals. In both sexes the untried are scrupulously separated from the tried.

All, except the lunatics, sick, and nurses, sleep and take their meals in single cells.

The laundry and tread-wheel are partitioned, and the day-rooms, in which much of the industrial labour is carried on, are fitted with stalls, so that great efforts are made to maintain approximative separation, but still nothing but absolute separation can prevent frequent association and communication between those of different degrees of vice and criminality, which must inevitably produce moral corruption, and not unfrequently dismiss the prisoner from the gaol more vicious than on entering it; and I, therefore, hope that, at no distant period, the example of Antrim, Louth, Kilkenney, Wexford, Kildare, Armagh, the Queen's County, &c., may be followed, and steps be taken to adapt the entire prison to that most excellent system which has proved so successful, wherever it has been tried, undoubtedly as a deterrent, and apparently as a reformatory agent. Although the expense of adapting the whole prison to separation would be heavy, owing to the insufficiency of the size of the majority of the cells, yet, at a comparatively trifling cost, eighty-seven male cells, being of the required dimensions, might be fitted with the specified requirements, and there are also many day-rooms which, in that event, would not be wanted, and might be subdivided into cells. The efficiency of the Local Inspector and Governor, and the general good management of the prison, are additional guarantees for the success which would attend the establishment of this system.

The lock-up is attended by the Head Turnkey, and the Governor frequently visits the prison at uncertain hours during the night.

Three turnkeys are on duty at night, and two toll-tale clocks had lately been introduced to test their vigilance.

Punishments for Prison Offences.

<i>From 1st Jan. to 31st December, 1858.</i>		<i>From 1st Jan. to day of Inspection, 1859.</i>		SOUTH DISTRICT. County of Cork Gaol.
M.	F.	M.	F.	
Punishment Cells, ...	118	38	77	11
Other Punishments, ...	-	-	4	-

The above punishments were all ordered by the Governor, except one of fourteen days in solitary confinement, inflicted by order of the Board.
The Punishment Book ought to be submitted to and initiated by the Board at each meeting.

Employment on day of Inspection—Number employed and species of employment.

Punitive Labour.

MALES.		FEMALES.	
Tread-mill, ...	15	Capstan Pump, ...	15
Cleaning Prison, ...	15	Washing, ...	4
Industrial, ...	55	Cleaning Prison, ...	5
Hospital, ...	2	Industrial, ...	28
Debtors, ...	11	Hospital, ...	7
Unemployed, ...	6	Debtors, ...	1
Total, ...	104	Total, ...	61

Industrial Labour.

MALES.		FEMALES.	
Weaving and Winding, ...	7	Spinning, ...	7
Tailoring, ...	2	Carding and Picking Wool, ...	10
Shoe-making, ...	1	Needlework, ...	3
Mat-making, ...	5	Knitting, ...	4
Brush-making, ...	1	Oakum Picking, ...	5
Carpenters, ...	1	Total, ...	29
Cooking, ...	3		
Oakum Picking, ...	34		
Smiths, ...	1		
Total, ...	55		

All males sentenced to hard labour are worked on the tread-wheel for two hours daily. The worst classes of females are employed at the capstan-wheel for two hours daily. Industrial labour is carried on with very creditable activity, and the prison necessities are thereby in great measure supplied.

Total of net profit produced by articles disposed of outside the gaol for the last two years:—

1857, ...	£34 14s. 10d.	1858, ...	£75 7s. 11d.
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Schools.

School Hours.—Males, 12 o'clock, noon, to 2 o'clock, P.M. Females, 10 o'clock, A.M., to 12 o'clock, noon.

	M.	F.
Number of individual prisoners attending school during the year 1858, ...	183	21
Average number attending daily, ...	20	3

Juveniles of both sexes are instructed in reading, writing, and arithmetic, by a competent schoolmaster—a Matron, of course, being present whilst the females are being taught. These schools are well conducted, and are under the National Board, whose Inspector reports favourably of them.

Proper arrangements are made for religious instruction being given to the prisoners by clergymen and teachers of their respective persuasions.

The Registry of Progress is of the proper form, but had not been kept so as to show the graduated advance of the pupils.

The Chaplains frequently visit the schools, but it is desirable they should enter notes of their visits in the Registry.

**SOUTH
DISTRICT.**
**County of
Cork Gaol.**

Dietary and Contracts.

Class 1.—Males—Breakfast, 5 oz. Indian meal, 3 oz. rice, and 1 pint sweet milk. Dinner, 14 oz. bread, and 2 pints sweet milk.

Class 2.—Females—Breakfast, 5 oz. Indian meal, 3 oz. rice, and 1 pint sweet milk. Dinner, 13 oz. bread, and 1½ pint sweet milk.

Class 3.—Juveniles—Breakfast, 5 oz. oatmeal, and 1 pint sweet milk. Dinner, 8 oz. bread, and 1 pint vegetable gruel. Supper, 4 oz. bread.

Adults, for one month, or under, receive 1 pint of gruel instead of milk at dinner, and all twice a week.

Contracts.—Bread, per 12 lbs., 1s. 1d.; household do., per 4 lbs., 4½d.; oatmeal, per cwt., 15s.; Indian corn, per ton, £7; rice, per cwt., 11s.; sweet milk, per gallon, 2½d.; salt, per cwt., 1s. 6d.; coals, per ton, 13s. 7d.; gas, per 1,000 cubic feet, 2s. 6d.

Net cost of dietary per day for each prisoner on the day of inspection, and on the corresponding day in the three preceding years:—

	This day.	1858.	1857.	1856.
Gaol, ...	2d.	2½d.	2½d.	2½d.
Hospital, ...	7d.	4½d.	5½d.	5½d.

There were no complaints of the provisions, which are regularly inspected by the Chaplains, who record their opinion of the quality of each article of food in an "Inspection of Provisions Book."

The bread, which formerly was baked in the gaol, is now supplied by contract.

Books and Accounts.

The various registries and books relating to criminal statistics, discipline, and finance, are kept with very painstaking care and accuracy, and afford the minutest information upon all points. The various forms recommended by the Inspectors-General have been introduced.

The Chaplains' Journals are duly submitted to the Board at each meeting.

Total net cost of gaol, including dietary and salaries, for the three preceding years:—

1856, £8,401 3s. 8d. | 1857, £3,122 7s. 7d. | 1858, £3,063 17s. 9d.

Officers and Salaries.

	£	s.	d.		£	s.	d.
William Peunose, Local Inspector, ...	300	0	0	Daniel Curran, Turnkey, ...	28	12	0
W. Beamish, Surgeon, ...	74	0	0	James O'Hea, Turnkey, ...	28	12	0
Rev. J. M. Reeves, Protestant Chaplain, ...	46	3	0	Patrick Collins, Turnkey, ...	26	0	0
Rev. J. P. Clancy, Roman Catholic Chaplain, ...	40	3	0	David Ryan, Turnkey, ...	20	0	0
Wm. C. Townsend, Apothecary, ...	20	0	0	David O'Connor, Turnkey, ...	26	0	0
John Joyce, Governor, ...	250	0	0	Edward O'Sullivan, Turnkey, ...	26	0	0
Maurice FitzGerald, Head Turnkey, ...	50	0	0	Patrick O'Shea, Turnkey, ...	26	0	0
James Martin, Storekeeper, ...	32	12	0	John Mahony, Turnkey, ...	26	0	0
Ptk. Sheehan, Gatekeeper, ...	37	10	0	P. O'Sullivan, Schoolmaster, ...	40	0	0
Timothy Byrne, Sessions Turnkey, ...	40	0	0	Wm. Sweeney, Messenger, ...	18	5	0
Richard Curran, Turnkey, ...	30	0	0	Louisa Benwick, Matron, ...	50	0	0
Edmd. Oudmore, Turnkey, ...	83	16	0	Ellen Fitzgerald, Assistant-Matron, ...	20	0	0
Baker, ...	31	4	0	Margt. Fitzgerald, Turnkey, ...	20	0	0
Wm. Thompson, Turnkey, ...				Mary Curran, Turnkey, ...	18	0	0
Weaver, ...				Mary Byrne, Nurse, Male Hospital, ...	20	0	0
				Eliza McCarthy, Nurse, Female Hospital, ...	21	0	0
				Catherine Curran, Scavenger, ...	13	0	0

The changes amongst the subordinate officers have, of late, been so frequent as to cause great inconvenience. The salaries, considering that no rations are allowed, are very low; and I would suggest to the Board that an increase in them might procure the services of officers who would be found fit upon probation, and when once appointed would not be anxious to exchange their appointments for others elsewhere. The external officers and the Governor are paid monthly; the other officers weekly. The turnkeys are supplied with uniforms and arms.

All internal officers receive allowances of coals and gas.

	From 1st Jan. to 31st Dec. in the Year 1858.	From 1st Jan. up to day of Inspection, 1859.	SOUTH DISTRICT. County of Cork East.
Local Inspector, ...	115	91	
Surgeon, &c., ...	373	373	
Protestant Chaplain, ...	160	115	
Roman Catholic Chaplain, ...	173	137	

Hospitals.

There is a sufficient hospital for each sex, but neither is conveniently situated, one being in the central building of the House of Correction, and the other at the top of the female prison. These hospitals are roomy and airy, but neither contains fixed baths, and in the female there is no water-closet.

The Medical Officer is very attentive to this department, as is shown by the frequency of his visits.

Number in Hospital, total number of days and cost of medicine, and number of deaths for the last three years:—

	1856.	1857.	1858.
Number in Hospital, ...	233	174	168
Total number of Days, ...	5,192	3,706	3,473
Number of Deaths, ...	3	6	3
Cost of Medicine, ...	£31 0s. 9d.	£20 15s. 3d.	£20 0s. 2d.

Board of Superintendence.

Geo. Graham, High Sheriff.	Thomas Garde, esq.	Jn. McCarthy O'Leary, esq.
D. W. J. Norreys, esq.	Thomas Ware, esq.	William B. Jones, esq.
William R. Mende, esq.	Daniel Connor, esq.	Robert Nettlev, esq.
Daniel Clanchy, esq.	Sampson T.W. French, esq.	Major-General Burke.

The Board meets regularly once a month, and at each meeting pays all bills; all accounts exceeding £3 being discharged by separate cheques.

Escape during the year 1859.

William Johnson, alias Hourigan, alias O'Brien, aged 20 years, escaped 5th January, 1859; convicted of pig-stealing; confined separate; has been retaken.

The escape in question was effected by a most determined prisoner, who had previously escaped from another gaol, and under circumstances which exonerated the officials of any serious blame.

*Bridewells.**Bridewells.*

The attention of the local authorities is requested to the annexed tabular statement of the condition of the Bridewells of the County of Cork, which is compiled from the notes taken by the Inspectors-General and Local Inspector at their several visits. It will be seen that many of these prisons are miserable in the extreme.

SOUTH
DISTRICT.

STATE OF BRIDEWELLS.

County of Cork. <i>Bridewells.</i>	—	Bandon.		Bantry.		Castletown, Berehaven.	
		M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.
No. of Commitments in past year, . . .		223	68	121	30	59	10
Of whom were Drunkards, . . .		26	7	44	9	38	—
No. of Commitments in the quarter preced- ing inspection, . .		51	16	29	7	23	7
Of whom were Drunkards, . . .		7	2	10	3	6	—
Petty Sessions, . .	Weekly.	Fortnightly.		Fortnightly.		Fortnightly.	
Transmittals, . . .	Regular.	Regular.		Regular.		Regular.	
Commitals, . . .	Correctly kept— occasional lodg- ments without commitals.	Correct.		Correct.		Correct.	
Registry, . . .	Correct.	Correct.		Correct.		Correct.	
Repairs and Order, .	Good.	Paint required to woodwork.		Repairs in progress.			
Security, . . .	Imperfect.	Sufficient.		Very defective.			
Accommodation, . .	Adequate.	Adequate.		Utterly inadequate and most wretched.			
Furniture and Bed- ding and Utensils,	Sufficient.	Sufficient.		Sufficient.			
Water, . . .	Insufficient sup- ply from pump.	None.		None.			
Sewerage, . . .	None.	Effective.		None.			
Cleanliness, Dryness, and Ventilation, . .	Clean, but damp.	Clean, but damp.		Clean, but very damp.			
Cost of Dietary, per head, per day, . . .	Males, 2½d.; Females, 1½d.	Males, 2½d.; Females, 2½d.		3½d.			
Salary of Keeper, . .	£20	£20		£15			
Whether Keeper fol- lows any other em- ployment, . . .	None.	None.		None.			
Remarks, . . .	—	—		This building is quite unfit to be used as a prison.			

STATE OF BRIDEWELLS—continued.

South
District.
County of
Cork.
Bridewells.

Charleville.		Clonsilla.		Dunmanway.		Fermoy.	
M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.
90	45	116	39	75	9	384	216
52	13	29	1	16	—	128	117
7	6	22	11	20	2	77	29
5	4	5	1	1	—	25	9
Fortnightly.		Weekly.		Fortnightly.		Fortnightly.	
Regular.		Very irregular.		Regular.		Regular.	
Correct.		Correct.		Correct.		Correct.	
Correct.		Correct.		Correct.		Constables neglect to sign their names in Registry.	
Roof leaks badly.		Good.		Roof leaks very badly.		In a wretched condition.	
Defective.		Sufficient.		Very defective.		Most defective.	
Sufficient.		Sufficient.		Utterly inadequate.		Very bad.	
Bedticks and Blankets very bad.		Blankets very bad.		Some Blankets bad.		Some Blankets bad.	
Pump.		Pump outside of the premises.		None.		None.	
Defective.		Effective.		Effective.		Defective.	
Clean, but damp.		Clean, but very damp.		Clean, but very damp.		Clean, but damp.	
3d.		Males, 2½d.; Females, 2d.		2d.		2½d.	
£15		£20.		£15.		£20	
None.		None.		None.		None.	
—		—		Quite unfit to be used as a Prison.		Building tumbling down.	

SOUTH
DISTRICT.

STATE OF BRIDEWELLS—continued.

County of
Cork.

Bridewells.

	Kestonk.		Kinsale.		Macroom.	
	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.
No. of Commitments in past year, . . .	110	27	57	24	159	26
Of whom were Drunkards, . . .	43	2	26	15	78	3
No. of Commitments in the quarter preceding inspection, . . .	17	6	22	12	46	7
Of whom were Drunkards, . . .	8	1	9	11	24	1
Petty Sessions, . . .	Fortnightly.		Weekly.		Fortnightly.	
Transmittals, . . .	Regular.		Regular.		Regular.	
Commitments, . . .	Correct.		Correct.		Correct.	
Registry, ...	Correct.		Correct.		Correct.	
Repairs and Order, . . .	Roof of Keeper's house leaks badly.		Fair.		Good.	
Security, ...	Sufficient.		Sufficient.		Satisfactory.	
Accommodation, . . .	Sufficient.		Sufficient.		Sufficient.	
Furniture, Bedding, and Utensils, . . .	Sufficient.		Bedticks and Blankets very bad.		Sufficient.	
Water, ...	None.		None.		None.	
Sewerage, ...	Imperfect.		None.		Effective.	
Cleanliness, Dryness, and Ventilation, . . .	Very clean, but damp.		Clean, but damp.		Satisfactory.	
Cost of Dietary, per head, per day, . . .	3½d.		2d.		Males, 2½d.; Females, 2½d.	
Salary of Keeper, . . .	£25		£17 10s.		£25	
Whether Keeper follows any other employment, . . .	None.		None.		None.	
Remarks, ...	—		—		—	

STATE OF BRIDGWELLS—continued.

SOUTH
DISTRICT.
County of
Cork.
Bridgewells.

Mallow.		Midleton.		Millstreet.		Mitchelstown.	
M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.
305	83	155	59	68	14	121	38
61	2	35	16	41	2	20	6
52	15	30	10	33	3	43	11
23	—	10	3	22	1	25	2
Weekly.		Fortnightly.		Fortnightly.		Fortnightly.	
Regular.		Regular.		Regular.		Regular.	
Correct.		Correct.		Correct.		Correct.	
Correct.		Correct.		Correct.		Correct.	
Good.		Good.		Roof leaks.		Chimneys smoke badly; roof leaks.	
Satisfactory.		Satisfactory.		Very defective.		Imperfect.	
Sufficient.		Sufficient.		Utterly inadequate, and most wretched.		Utterly inadequate, and most wretched.	
Sufficient.		Blankets thin.		Sufficient.		Sufficient.	
Sufficient.		Well on premises.		None.		None.	
Improved, but still defective.		None.		Ineffective.		Effective.	
Satisfactory.		Satisfactory.		Clean, but very damp.		Clean, but very damp.	
2½d.		2½d.		2½d.		2½d.	
£25		£20		£15		£15	
None.		Keeps a tailor's shop.		None.		None.	
—		—		Quite unfit to be used as a Prison.		Quite unfit to be used as a Prison.	

SOUTH
DISTRICT.

STATE OF BRIDEWELLS—continued.

County of
Cork.

Bridewells.

	Queenstown.		Skibbereen.		Youghal.	
	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.
No. of Commitments in past year, . . .	292	143	171	48	104	32
Of whom were Drunkards, . . .	22	66	84	5	12	3
No. of Commitments in the quarter preceding inspection, . . .	31	28	39	17	16	5
Of whom were Drunkards, . . .	11	20	20	3	1	3
Petty Sessions, . . .	Weekly.		Weekly.		Weekly.	
Transmittals, . . .	Regular.		Regular.		Regular.	
Commitments, . . .	Correct.		Correct.		Occasional illegal sentences to the Bridewell.	
Registry, . . .	Correct.		Correct.		Correct.	
Repairs and Order, . . .	Outer wall leaks.		Floors of cells require to be newly flagged.		Good.	
Security, . . .	Fair.		Sufficient.		Walls low.	
Accommodation, . . .	Tolerable.		Sufficient.		No Drunkards' cell.	
Furniture and Bedding Utensils, . . .	Sufficient.		Sufficient.		Blankets thin.	
Water, . . .	Sufficient.		Well on premises.		None.	
Sewerage, . . .	Improved.		Improved.		Defective.	
Cleanliness, Dryness, and Ventilation, . . .	Clean, but very damp.		Satisfactory.		Satisfactory.	
Cost of Dietary, per head, per day, . . .	3d.		Males, 3½d.; Females, 2½d.		2½d.	
Salary of Keeper, . . .	£15		£25		£20	
Whether Keeper follows any other employment, . . .	None.		None.		None.	
Remarks, . . .	—		—		—	

FULTON F. W. HERVEY, Inspector-General.

CITY OF CORK GAOL.—VISITED SEPTEMBER 26 AND 27, 1869.

SOUTH DISTRICT.
City of
Cork Gaol.

State on the 26th.

Denomination of Class.	No. in each Class.			No. Sick in Hospital.		
	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.
Master Debtors, ...	7	—	7	—	—	—
UNTRIED.						
For Larceny, ...	—	8	8	—	—	—
„ Misdemeanors, ...	1	—	1	—	—	—
TRIED.						
<i>Cases Disposed of at Assizes and Sessions.</i>						
Of Felony or Larceny:—						
To Imprisonment, ...	18	12	30	3	1	4
Of Misdemeanors, &c., ...	2	1	3	—	—	—
<i>Disposed of Summarily.</i>						
For Larceny, ...	8	1	9	—	—	—
Non-payment of Fines and Penalties, ...	4	9	13	—	—	—
Other Misdemeanors, ...	2	3	5	—	—	—
Gross Totals, ...	32	29	61	3	1	4

Offences, &c., of Juveniles Classified at the time of Inspection.

	10 Years and under.		16 Years and above 10.		20 Years and above 16.	
	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.
Felons convicted, ...	—	—	4	—	—	—
Five times imprisoned and upwards, ...	—	—	4	—	—	—

Total number of all classes in gaol on the day of inspection, and on the corresponding day for the three preceding years:—

1869.		1868.		1867.		1866.	
M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.
32	29	36	57	81	69	101	88
61		115		150		189	

Committals, Re-Committals, and Averages.
From 1st January to 31st December, 1867.

	M.	F.
Committals—Debtors, ...	45	4
„ Criminals, ...	523	734
„ Vagrants, ...	128	80
Total, ...	696	768
Re-committals—Once, ...	43	66
„ Twice, ...	8	23
„ Thrice, ...	2	11
„ Four times and more, ...	1	11
Total, ...	54	109
Average daily number, ...	86	85
Highest at any one time, ...	187	87
Lowest ditto, ...	47	61
Average daily number in Hospital, ...	9	4

Source District.	Committees, Re-Committees, and Averages—continued.				From 1st January to day of Inspection, 1859.			
	From 1st January to 31st December, 1858.				From 1st January to day of Inspection, 1859.			
City of Cork Gaol.	Committees—Debtors,	M.	F.		Committees—Debtors,	M.	F.	
	Criminals,	36	2		Criminals,	30	3	
	Vagrants,	414	688		Vagrants,	226	338	
	Lunatics,	52	23			5	8	
		1	—		Total,	361	349	
	Total,	593	893					
	Re-committees—Once,	38	61		Re-committees—Once,	21	50	
	Twice,	18	20		Twice,	5	17	
	Thrice,	1	0		Thrice,	—	7	
	Four times and more,	1	6		Four times and more,	—	2	
	Total,	58	96		Total,	26	82	
	Average daily number,	60	57		Average daily number,	43	41	
	Highest at any one time,	76	85		Highest at any one time,	59	60	
	Lowest ditto,	45	30		Lowest ditto,	27	19	
	Average daily number in Hospital,	3	2		Average daily number in Hospital,	2	2	

The decrease in the committees of 1858, as compared with 1857, was very considerable, but much larger as regards males than females. It will also be observed that the decrease in "Criminal" males was at the rate of twenty per cent., whilst in females it was only nine per cent.; and that whilst "Vagrants" males decreased by fifty-eight per cent., or upwards of one-half, females only diminished by twenty-three per cent. From the return of the committees for the first nine months of 1859 a still further reduction in the number of prisoners may be expected for the entire year. The progressive decrease in the daily averages in the last three years is very remarkable; but here also the diminution in male crime is shown to be much larger than in female; for the daily average of the former sex in 1859 was *only half* what it was in 1857, whilst that of the latter was *two-thirds*. On the whole, however, the improvement has been very great; for the total number of both sexes in custody on the 26th of September, 1859, was little more than half what it was on the corresponding day in 1858; and the highest number in custody at any one time in 1858 was only 154 against 340 in 1852.

Number sentenced during the year 1858 to solitary confinement,	M.	F.
Whipping,	6	17
	10	—

Accommodation.

	M.	F.		M.	F.
Wards,	9	0	Workshops,	1	—
Yards,	7	7	Kitchens,	1	—
Day Rooms,	6	0	Stom. Rooms,	1	—
Solitary Cells, or separate,	23	8	Laundries,	—	1
Single Cells, not less than 6 feet long, 6 feet wide, and 8 feet high—432 cubic feet,	36	54	Drying Rooms,	—	1
Single Cells of larger size,	—	8	Lavatories,	—	0
Cells to contain three persons,	36	54	Baths,	—	1
Sleeping Rooms, Marshalsea,	6	1	Privies,	—	0
No. of Beds in such Rooms,	18	1	Water-closets,	—	0
Hospital Rooms,	3	3	Reception Room,	—	1
Chapels,	1	1	Pumps and Wells,	—	1
School Rooms,	1	1	Tread-wheels,	—	1
Workshops,	1	2	Crank Mill,	—	1
			Other Machines for Labour,	—	1

The building was throughout in good repair, dry, secure, and very clean. The ventilation of some of the cells is indifferent.

Pipes have lately been laid from the City Reservoir to tanks placed at the top of the gaol, whence water is supplied throughout the prison, and is also applied to flushing the sewers, which are thereby made very effective. The bedding, blankets, sheets, and clothing were sufficient, and are regularly issued. Woollen suits for the males have been substituted with great advantage for the coarse flax material formerly used.

Stock at the time of Inspection.

			District.		
			City of Cork Gaol.		
			Male Clothing.		
			Female Clothing.		
Pairs Blankets, . . .	253	Shirts, . . .	153	Capes, . . .	131
Pairs Sheets, . . .	308	Jackets, . . .	177	Shifts, . . .	58
Pairs, . . .	253	Trowsers, . . .	92	Gowns, . . .	99
Hammocks or Cots, . .	45	Vests, . . .	133	Aprons, . . .	86
Bed-ticks, . . .	345	Caps, . . .	98	Petticoats, . . .	65
		Clogs, . . .	66	Neckerschiefs, . .	190
				Stockings, . . .	48
				Shoes, . . .	15
				Clogs, . . .	49

Since the last inspection a reception room for males, with bath attached, had been completed, and one range in the male prison, containing twenty-two cells, two of which are punishment cells, had been heated with hot water pipes, and was, at the time of my visit, being fitted with bells in each cell. In the female prison are eight cells adapted in every respect to separation, but merely used for such females as are sentenced to solitary imprisonment. It is very desirable that hy-laws should be prepared, under 3 and 4 Vic., cap. 44, and submitted, after approval by the Town Council, to the Lord Lieutenant, for carrying out the separate system in the eight female and twenty male cells, so that all of them may be always occupied; and I am convinced that the success which will attend the introduction of this thoroughly-tested system will induce the local authorities, at no distant period, to adapt the entire prison to it.

The kitchens and stores are sufficient, but the male work-room is objectionable, as has been frequently remarked; for, although it was not so crowded as formerly, prisoners employed there have still too great opportunities of communication—a remark which also applies to the school-rooms.

The female laundry is inconveniently placed, being outside the female prison, and is not partitioned, so that the women employed there are in unrestricted association. The floor of it also ought to be flagged; for, on the day of my visit, the dirty water lodged between the stones made the entire department filthy and offensive.

The drying-room is small and very imperfect. There are baths for each sex, in which all who require it are washed on admission, and there are lavatories in each story of the prison. The Marshalsea contains sufficient accommodation for both classes of debtors.

The prisoners of each sex, exclusive of debtors, are in five classes, viz., tried and untried felons, tried and untried misdemeanants, and vagrants. In addition to these classes, prisoners committed for the first time are kept apart from the rest. All now sleep and take their meals in single cells.

Considerable improvement has been effected in the classification and discipline, but unnecessary association is still permitted during work hours; for instance, I found four untried prisoners, supposed to be picking oakum, gossiping together in one corner of a yard, whereas they might have been placed at such intervals apart as to prevent undue communication. I am convinced that the Governor, who is a zealous and efficient officer, only required his attention to be called to this circumstance to prevent its recurrence.

The Governor attends the lock-up. One turnkey, by rotation of all, patrols from nine, P.M., to six, A.M.; but there is no tell-tale clock to test his vigilance.

Punishments for Prison Offences.

From 1st January to 31st December, 1858.			From 1st January to day of Inspection, 1859.		
	M.	F.		M.	F.
Punishment Cells, . . .	83	27	Punishment Cells, . . .	16	22
Other Punishments, . . .	-	-	Other Punishments, . . .	-	-

The punishments were all ordered by the Governor, whom it is necessary I should remind that the only punishment he can inflict is that prescribed by Rule 15 of sec. 109 7 George IV., cap. 74. Stoppages of diet are illegal.

The Punishment Book ought to be submitted to and initialed by the Board at each meeting.

SOUTH DISTRICT. City of Cork Gaol.	Employment.			
	Punitive Labour.			
	MALES.		FEMALES.	
Tread-wheel, ...	0		Washing, ...	8
Labouring, ...	1		Cleaning Wards, ...	3
Cleaning Wards, ...	2			
Industrial Labour.				
	MALES.		FEMALES.	
Mat-making, ...	4		Sewing, ...	6
Weaving, ...	2		Spinning, ...	2
Peg-making, ...	1		Picking Oakum, ...	9
Chop-making, ...	1			
Picking Oakum, ...	4			
Winding, ...	1			
Cook, ...	1			

The tread-wheel is no longer required to raise water, but is worked for five hours daily by hard-labour prisoners, when their number is sufficient to work it. Stonebreaking had been given up, owing to the reduction in the number of available hands. Very creditable attention is paid to industrial labour and to the manufacture of necessities for the prison.

Total of net profit produced by articles disposed of outside the gaol, for the last two years:—1857, £101 1s. 7d.; 1858, £80 12s. 5d.

Schools.

	M.	F.
Number of individual prisoners attending school during the year 1858, ...	280	173
Average number attending daily, ...	23	14

School Hours.—Males.—From ten A.M. to 4 P.M.; three classes, two hours each class. Females.—From ten A.M. to 4 P.M.; three classes, two hours each class.

Instruction in reading, writing, and arithmetic is given to the boys by a schoolmaster, and to the girls by a schoolmistress, daily, at the above-mentioned hours. Adults who are able and willing to learn are admitted to the schools.

The teachers are competent, and the schools are well conducted, and supplied with all requisites, and the registries of progress are properly kept. The Chaplains are said to visit the schools frequently; but it is desirable that they should enter their comments upon the progress made and the conduct of the schools in the column provided for that purpose in the Registry.

Dietary and Contracts.

Males.—Breakfast.—1st Class, 6 oz. Indian meal, and 2 oz. rice in stirabout, $\frac{1}{2}$ pint milk; 3rd Class, 5 oz. oatmeal, $\frac{1}{2}$ pint milk. Dinner.—1st Class, 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. bread, 1 pint milk; 3rd Class, 8 oz. bread, and 1 pint oatmeal soup. Supper.—3rd Class, 4 oz. bread.

Females.—Breakfast.—1st Class, 5 oz. Indian meal, 2 oz. rice in stirabout, $\frac{1}{2}$ pint milk; 3rd Class, 5 oz. oatmeal in stirabout, and $\frac{1}{2}$ pint milk. Dinner.—1st Class, 12 oz. bread, and $\frac{1}{2}$ pint milk; 3rd Class, 8 oz. bread, and 1 pint oatmeal soup. Supper.—3rd Class, 4 oz. bread.

Prisoners whose term does not exceed one calendar month, get oatmeal soup, in lieu of milk, each day at dinner; and all classes get oatmeal soup, in lieu of milk, two alternate days each week for dinner.

Contracts.—Bread, per 14 lbs., 1s. 0 $\frac{1}{2}$ d.; oatmeal, per cwt., 16s. 10d.; Indian meal, no contract, £7 10s.; rice, per cwt., 14s.; meat, per lb., 6d.; sweet milk, per gallon, 4d.; salt, per cwt., 2s.; coals, per ton, 16s. 2d.; straw, per ton, 44s.; soap, per cwt., 32s.

Net cost of dietary per day for each prisoner on the day of inspection, and on the corresponding day in the three preceding years:—1859, 2 $\frac{1}{2}$ d.; 1858, 2 $\frac{1}{2}$ d.; 1857, 2 $\frac{1}{2}$ d.; 1856, 3d.

There were no complaints of the provisions, but the bread had been condemned by the Chaplains on several occasions. It is necessary I should remind the Chaplains that they are bound to inspect the stirabout, milk, and gruel, as well as the bread.

An "Inspection of Provisions Book" ought to be supplied, in which the Chaplains should enter their opinion of each article of food issued.

Books and Accounts.

The registries, books, and accounts are kept with praiseworthy care and accuracy.

The Chaplains now keep journals, which are duly submitted to the Board at each meeting, and the Governor also keeps a journal. There are proper extern and intern officers' gatebooks, "Daily Employment of Prisoners," and "Visitors to Prisoners" books. Indeed, with the exception of the Inspection of Provisions Book, the forms recommended by my colleague and myself have been introduced.

Total net cost of gaol, including dietary and salaries, for the three preceding years:—1858, £1,657 7s. 5d.; 1857, £1,950 11s. 5d.; 1856, £2,397 14s.

Officers and Salaries.

James C. Perry, Local Inspector, ...	£100 0 0	John Barry, Turnkey and Weaver, ...	£31 4 0
Rev. W. C. Nelson, Protestant Chaplain, ...	46 8 0	William Plant, Turnkey, ...	31 4 0
Rev. Cornelius Tuomy, Roman Catholic Chaplain, ...	40 3 0	John Redford, Turnkey and Tailor, ...	31 4 0
Wm. Beasish, M.A., Surgeon, ...	55 0 0	Maurice Sullivan, Turnkey and Smith, ...	31 4 0
Wm. T. Jones, Apothecary, ...	10 0 0	William Barrett, Turnkey, ...	31 4 0
John B. Murphy, Governor, ...	200 0 0	Abraham M'Carthy, do., ...	31 4 0
John Daly, Deputy-Governor and Clerk, ...	67 0 0	Corn. O'Leary, Schoolmaster, ...	35 0 0
David Giltinan, Turnkey, Storekeeper, and Cooper, ...	41 4 0	Margaret Meade, Matron, ...	30 0 0
George Furlong, Turnkey and Weaver, ...	42 18 0	Margaret Killeher, Assistant Matron, ...	27 0 0
John Stanley, Turnkey, ...	31 4 0	Sarah E. Kemp, Schoolmistress, ...	24 0 0
		Teresa Giltinan, Nurse-tender, ...	28 18 4
		Jane Stanley, Searcher, ...	5 0 0

Peter Murphy, turnkey, resigned, and Abraham M'Carthy appointed, by the Board of Superintendence, in his place.

The extern officers and the Governor are paid monthly, the subordinate officers weekly. None receive rations. The turnkeys are supplied with uniforms and arms.

Officers' Visits.

	From 1st Jan. to 31st Dec. in the year 1858.	From 1st Jan. up to day of Inspection, 1859.
Local Inspector, ...	185	143
Surgeon, do., ...	302	274
Protestant Chaplain, ...	157	113
Roman Catholic Chaplain, ...	161	112

Hospitals.

There is sufficient accommodation for the sick of both sexes.

The hospitals are clean and airy, but do not contain water-closets or baths. The Surgeon visits daily, and pays great attention to his patients. The gaol had been very healthy, and free from epidemic.

	1858.	1857.	1856.
Number in Hospital, ...	92	103	96
" of Days, ...	1,637	2,501	1,694
Deaths, ...	1	—	3
Cost of Medicine, ...	£9 5s. 1d.	£11 9s. 8d.	£11 5s. 10d.

Board of Superintendence.

John Arnott, esq., M.P., Mayor.	Wm. L. Perrier, esq., J.P.	G. J. Wychemly, esq., M.A., &c.
Fr. Lyons, esq., M.P., M.A., J.P.	Barth. Gibbings, esq., J.P.	Cornelius Keller, Alderman.
Sir Wm. Hackett, knt., J.P.	Andw. J. Wood, esq., M.A., J.P.	James Hognarty, esq.
Timothy Mahony, esq., J.P.	D. M'Carthy Mahony, esq.	George Watson, esq., &c.

The Board meets regularly once a month. All bills are discharged monthly by a cheque to the Local Inspector, who makes the payments, and returns the receipts at the next meeting. As the Board always meets at the bridewell, it is essential that one or more of the members should, on each occasion, be deputed to visit the gaol; for it is impossible that an institution can be satisfactorily managed by persons who rarely if ever enter it, and who must consequently be guided altogether by the reports of others.

SOUTH
DISTRICT.City of
Cork.

Bridewell.

City Bridewell.

I found this bridewell clean, and the male side orderly, but not the female, owing to the neglect of the matron, who had permitted some prisoners to retain their tobacco and pipes. The supply of bedding was sufficient, and the books well kept. Some alterations and improvements had been effected, and others were in progress. The supply of water is abundant, and the sewerage effective. This building can scarcely be called a bridewell, being rather a lock-up for drunken and disorderly persons.

Officers' Salaries.

	£	s.	d.		£	s.	d.
Howard Rice, Keeper. . .	99	0	0	Mary A. Dowe, Matron, . .	29	18	0
Allen Wolfe, Turnkey. . .	35	2	0	Jane Wolfe, Temp. Assistant, .	1	2	0
Cornelius Callaghan, Turnkey, .	2	0	8	Thomas Brosnan, Scavenger, .	16	5	0
Richard Shorten, do. . .	35	2	0				
Allen Wolfe, Senior do. . .	35	2	0				
Thomas Smallman, do. . .	32	8	0				
					285	19	0

Numbers Committed and Expenditure for a Series of Years.

Years.	Salaries.	Food.	Fuel.	Candles.	Gas.
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
1850	243 4 0	74 5 10	23 5 0	4 1 7	6 0 0
1851	246 10 0	70 5 1	22 9 0	2 11 5	14 11 5
1852	247 9 6	69 15 4	24 18 0	2 8 2	9 8 4
1853	251 1 6	103 8 8	32 9 0	2 4 1	10 3 4
1854	259 7 8	129 8 10	28 6 0	3 1 9	14 11 5
1855	291 10 10	99 10 5	41 16 7	2 19 10	13 1 1
1856	284 18 0	89 12 9	34 7 8	2 6 10	14 4 4
1857	287 17 6	67 13 0	23 1 6	3 0 8	10 0 5
1858	285 19 6	44 14 8	30 8 2	2 19 8	9 0 1

Years.	Transmitting Papers.	Straw.	Furniture and Bedding.	Clothing.	Printing and Stationery.
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
1850	—	2 14 5	1 2 6	14 8 0	5 11 9
1851	—	3 0 9	9 16 4	20 10 11	5 10 11
1852	—	1 5 1	10 4 4	15 15 9	6 15 2
1853	—	2 3 5	4 15 6	24 18 0	4 10 11
1854	137 17 9	2 11 6	13 15 0	13 17 8	5 1 1
1855	37 3 3	3 18 2	16 5 8	38 13 0	3 2 8
1856	90 18 1	3 1 2	2 7 9	19 14 0	4 3 7
1857	47 15 0	5 5 3	2 18 9	25 11 6	6 9 9
1858	39 19 5	2 8 3	0 12 8	23 11 4	5 9 4

Years.	Repairs.	Medicines.	Sundries.	TOTAL.	Daily Average.	Number Committed
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.		
1850	14 7 8	2 2 8	3 7 8	395 4 8	48	14459
1851	65 5 2	2 6 8	4 17 6	470 13 8	48	15132
1852	11 2 2	1 11 9	6 8 0	409 4 11	44	13581
1853	6 13 4	2 12 5	12 1 9	460 13 3	39	12931
1854	7 16 1	3 13 2	1 2 4	635 7 3	40	11917
1855	17 1 3	3 3 8	5 13 3	614 0 1	30	8596
1856	5 4 2	1 15 2	1 8 8	556 19 10	30	8436
1857	5 12 3	5 11 2	4 0 5	494 15 0	28	7584
1858	45 3 9	4 15 10	0 14 6	520 12 7	24	6284

From the above it appears that the decrease in the committals was greater in 1858 than in 1857 or 1856.

FELTON F. W. HERVEY, *Inspector-General*.

COUNTY OF GALWAY GAOL.—VISITED THE 12TH OF JULY, 1859.

SOUTH
DISTRICT.
County of
Galway
Gaol.

Denomination of Class.	State.			No. Sick in Hospital.		
	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.
Master Debtors, ...	1	—	1	—	—	—
Proper Debtors, ...	1	—	1	1	—	1
UNTRIED.						
For Felony, ...	4	1	5	—	—	—
" Larceny, ...	2	2	4	—	—	—
" Misdemeanors, ...	1	—	1	—	—	—
TRIED.						
<i>Cases disposed of at Assizes and Sessions.</i>						
Of Felony or Larceny:—						
To Penal Servitude, ...	3	1	4	—	—	—
To Imprisonment, ...	5	2	7	—	—	—
Of Misdemeanors, &c., ...	17	5	22	1	1	2
<i>Disposed of Summarily.</i>						
Other Misdemeanors, ...	4	9	13	—	2	2
Vagrants, ...	—	4	4	—	1	1
Dangerous Lunatics, ...	1	—	1	—	—	—
Gross Totals, ...	39	25	64	2	4	6

Total number of all classes in gaol on the day of inspection, and on the corresponding day for the three preceding years:—

	M.	F.		M.	F.
12th July, 1856, ...	30	27	12th July, 1858, ...	49	19
" 1857, ...	26	22	" 1859, ...	39	25

Committals, Re-committals, and Averages.

From 1st January to 31st December, 1857.

	M.	F.
Committals—Debtors, ...	16	1
Criminals, ...	270	157
Vagrants, ...	7	3
Drunkards, ...	9	17

Total, ... 302 178

	M.	F.
Re-committals—Twice, ...	3	8
Thrice, ...	2	1
Four times and more, ...	3	2

Total, ... 8 9

Average daily number, ...	44	18
Highest at any one time, ...	52	28
Lowest ditto, ...	31	13
Average daily number in Hospital, ...	1½	1½

From 1st January to 31st December, 1858. From 1st January to day of Inspection, 1859.

	M.	F.		M.	F.
Committals—Debtors, ...	11	1	Committals—Debtors, ...	1	1
Criminals, ...	229	86	Criminals, ...	109	71
Vagrants, ...	33	30	Vagrants, ...	1	6
Drunkards, ...	11	14	Drunkards, ...	4	11
Lunatics, ...	6	11	Lunatics, ...	8	1
Total, ...	290	132	Total, ...	123	90

Committees, Re-Committees, and Averages—continued.

SOUTH
DISTRICT.
County of
Galway
Gaol.

From 1st January to 31st December, 1858.

Re-commitments—Once, . . .	20	6
Twice, ...	3	7
Thrice, ...	1	—
Four times and more, . . .	—	3

Total, ... 23 16

Average daily number, ... 35 17

Highest at any one time, ... 54 20

Lowest ditto, ... 25 6

Average daily number in

Hospital, ... 2 2

From 1st Jan. to day of Inspection, 1858.

Re-commitments—Once, . . .	1	2
Twice, ...	2	4
Thrice, ...	—	4
Four times and more, . . .	—	2

Total, ... 3 12

Average daily number, ... 33½ 15½

Highest at any one time, ... 46 22

Lowest ditto, ... 19 11

Average daily number in

Hospital, ... 3 2

In the commitments of males for 1858, as compared with 1857, there was a decrease of 51 under the head "criminals," and an increase of 26 in "vagrants." In those of females there was a decrease of 71 in "criminals," and an increase of 17 in "vagrants." Thus in the total of commitments there was a slight reduction in those of males, and a large one in those of females. The daily average of males in 1858 was very considerably less than in 1857, and in that of females also, there was a slight diminution. On the whole, it may be reckoned that a satisfactory improvement has taken place in the state of crime; the number of commitments for serious offences having diminished, and the length of sentences, as shown by the decrease in the daily average number, having been reduced.

Juvenile crime has also much diminished, there only having been one prisoner (a male), under sixteen years of age, in custody on the day of inspection. There were no sentences to solitary confinement or whipping in 1858.

The accommodation consists of:—

	M.	F.		M.	F.
Wards, ...	7	3	Workshops, ...	1	—
Yards, ...	6	3	Worksheds, ...	—	13
Day Rooms, ...	7	3	Kitchens, ...	—	1
Single Cells, not less in size			Bakery, ...	—	1
than 9 ft. long, 6 ft. wide,			Store Rooms, ...	7	3
8 ft. high=432 cubic ft.,	62	13	Laundries, ...	—	1
Single Cells of larger size, .	5	1	Drying Rooms, ...	—	1
Cells to contain three persons, .	2	2	Baths, ...	2	2
Sleeping Rooms, ...	6	4	Privies, ...	10	4
No. of Beds in such Rooms, .	18	12	Water-closets, ...	10	4
Hospital Rooms, ...	2	2	Pumps and Wells, ...	1	1
Chapels, ...	1	—	Tread-wheels, ...	2	—

The building was throughout in good repair, dry, well ventilated, clean, and abundantly supplied with water, which is raised by a hand pump, and distributed by pipes to the various yards. The sewerage also is very effective, a strong stream of water running constantly through the sewers.

The bed-ticks, originally made of bad materials, are worn out. The blankets and sheets were sufficient, as was also the clothing, with the exception of the shirts, of which a new supply was being made.

Stock at the time of Inspection.

		Male Clothing.		Female Clothing.	
Pairs Blankets,	340	Shirts,	33	Cape,	20
Pairs Sheets,	173	Jackets,	42	Shifts,	20
Rugs,	220	Trowsers,	39	Gowns,	20
Hammocks or Cots,	218	Cape,	10	Petticoats,	20
Bed-ticks,	215	Socks or Stockings,	20	Stockings,	20
		Pairs Shoes,	28	Shoes,	20

Some delay has taken place in carrying into effect the plan for adapting a portion of the prison to separation, referred to in my Colleague's Report of last year, in consequence of the Board of Works having objected to some of the proposed arrangements, but I am happy to be able to state that subsequently to my

inspection, amended plans have been finally approved by the Grand Jury and the Lord Lieutenant, and that the works have been commenced.

These plans provide for fifty-four cells, in every way fitted for separation, and with water-closets and lavatories attached.

It is intended to appropriate this improved portion of the gaol to female prisoners, and I trust that the success which will attend this step will induce the local authorities, at no distant period, to extend the advantages of separation to the males also, and to place their gaol upon one uniform system.

The want of a reception-room, laundry, drying-room, proper kitchen, and of partitions on the tread-wheel, and work-sheds, is much to be regretted. Some of these defects, however, will be supplied by the works now in progress, and it is to be hoped that the others will not long remain unremedied.

The males are in five classes, exclusive of debtors, arranged chiefly in accordance with the prescriptions of the Prisons Act.

The females in three classes, mainly according to character, the prostitutes being kept apart from the others. All of both sexes, except lunatics, sleep in single cells, but the males are taken in the day rooms; a practice which has been almost universally discontinued, as affording great opportunities for unrestricted communication, and consequent moral contamination.

There are baths in which all the females are washed on admission, throughout the year, and the males in summer; tubs, towels, and soap, are supplied in all the yards for daily personal ablution.

The lock-up is attended by the Head Turnkey, and four turnkeys take it in turn to patrol at night, each turnkey thus being up every fourth night, which is very severe duty.

There is, however, no tell-tale clock to test the vigilance of the patrol.

Punishments for Prison Offences.

From 1st January to 31st December, 1858.		From 1st January to day of Inspection, 1859.	
	M. F.		M. F.
Punishment Cells, ...	2 3	Punishment Cells, ...	4 -

The above punishments were ordered by the Governor, to whom the small number of them, taken in conjunction with the satisfactory discipline maintained, is very creditable. The Punishment Book ought to be submitted to, and initialed by the Board at each meeting.

Employment.

MALES.		FEMALES.	
Wearing, ...	4	Knitting, ...	5
Shoe-making, ...	5	Needle-work, ...	3
Mat-making, ...	2	Baking, ...	5
Brush-making, ...	2		

The tread-wheel had been worked very little for some time previous to my visit, the Governor preferring to employ the prisoners at industrial occupations, when such can be provided for them, rather than at crushing bones, to which purpose the tread-wheel is applied, from which the smell in hot weather is most offensive, as has been stated in former reports.

The females bake, cook, and wash for the prison.

Total of net profit produced by articles disposed of outside the gaol, for the last two years:—

1857, ...	£26.	1858, ...	£16 8s. 6d.
-----------------	------	-----------------	-------------

Schools.

School-hours.—Males—from 7 30 a.m. to 8 45 a.m., 10 30 a.m. to 12 30 a.m.; 1 30 p.m. to 2 45 p.m., 6 p.m., to 7 p.m.

	M.	F.
Number of individual prisoners attending school during the year 1858,	68	-
Average number attending daily, ...	12	-

All the males who are not too old to learn are instructed by a competent schoolmaster, in reading, writing, and arithmetic.

SOUTH
DISTRICT.
County of
Dublin
Gaol.

SOUTH
DISTRICT.
—
County of
Galway
Gaol.

The school is under the National Board, whose registry of progress is duly kept; but it is very desirable that the simpler form of registry recommended by my colleague and myself should also be kept, and that the Chaplains should enter their remarks upon the conduct of the school, in the column provided in that form for the purpose.

No educational instruction whatever is given to females, a deplorable want, which might easily be supplied by causing the schoolmaster to teach prisoners of this sex also, of course, in the presence of a matron.

Dietary.

Males.—Breakfast—8 oz. Indian meal and $\frac{1}{2}$ pint sweet milk. Dinner—14 oz. brown bread and 1 pint sweet milk.

Females.—Breakfast—7 oz. Indian meal and $\frac{1}{2}$ pint sweet milk. Dinner—12 oz. brown bread and $\frac{1}{2}$ of a pint sweet milk.

Under 10 years of age.—Breakfast—3 oz. Indian meal and $\frac{1}{2}$ pint sweet milk. Dinner—10 oz. brown bread and $\frac{1}{2}$ pint sweet milk. Supper—4 oz. brown bread and $\frac{1}{2}$ of a pint sweet milk.

Gruel substituted for milk two days in each week, at intervals; and every day for persons not exceeding one calendar month's imprisonment.

Contracts.—Bread, 5 $\frac{1}{2}$ d. per 4 lbs.; oatmeal, 12s. 9d. per cwt.; Indian meal, 8s. 9d. per cwt.; potatoes, 4d. per stone; meat, 7d. per lb.; new milk, 6d. per gallon; salt, 2s. per cwt.; turf, 10 $\frac{1}{2}$ d. per box; straw, 1s. 8d. per cwt.; candles, 6 $\frac{1}{2}$ d. per lb.; soap, 3d. per lb.

Net cost of dietary per day for each prisoner on the day of inspection, and on the corresponding day in the three preceding years:—

12th July, 1856, . . .	2s. 2 $\frac{1}{2}$ d.	12th July, 1858, . . .	2 $\frac{1}{2}$ d.
„ 1857, . . .	2 $\frac{1}{2}$ d.	„ 1859, . . .	2 $\frac{1}{2}$ d.

There were no complaints of the provisions, which are duly inspected by the Chaplains. It is, however, very important that an "Inspection of Provisions Book" should be established, in which these officers should enter their opinion of the quality of each article of food examined.

Books and Accounts.

The registries, books, and accounts, are kept with care and accuracy, and the forms recommended by the Inspector-General have been generally adopted. The Daily Employment of Prisoners Book, and the hospital and extra diet books are particularly satisfactory. Proper extern and intern officers gate-books have been established, and I pointed out to the Governor how the former might be made to fill the place of the old visiting book, which might then be discontinued. Governor now keeps a journal, and the Chaplains are also provided with journals, which are duly submitted to the Board.

Total cost of gaol, including dietary, salaries, for the three preceding years:—

1856, £1,660 19s. 11d. 1857, £1,649 9s. 4d. 1858, £1,635 3s. 6d.
--

Officers and Salaries.

	£	s.	d.		£	s.	d.
Thomas R. Ryan, Governor,	375	7	6	Thos. Hogan, 3rd Turnkey,			
Rev. J. D'Arcy, Local In-				weaver,	37	10	0
spector, ...	133	18	8	Thos. Phillips, 4th do.	35	0	0
Rev. E. Burke, P. Chaplain,	46	3	0	John Tierney, 5th do.	35	0	0
Rev. G. Commins, R. C.				Park. Cleary, Hosp. Sergt.,	50	0	0
Chaplain, ...	46	3	0	Mchl. Meyrick, Schoolmaster,	30	0	0
A. J. Veitch, Surgeon, &c.,	74	0	0	Margaret Foy, Matron,	30	0	0
Park. Mitchell, 1st Turnkey,	50	0	0	Mary Hogan, Assist. Matron,	20	0	0
James Reilly, 2nd do.				Cath. Hogan, Hospital Nurse,	12	0	0
gardener, ...	40	0	0				

There had been no change in the staff since the last inspection. The extern officers are paid their salaries quarterly, the intern, monthly. The turnkeys are supplied with uniforms and arms. Only the matron and hospital nurse receive rations.

Officers' Visits.

	From 1st Jan. to 31st Dec. in the Year 1855.	From 1st Jan. up to day of Inspection, 1855.
Local Inspector, ...	120	78
Surgeon, &c., ...	126	91
Protestant Chaplain, ...	184	103
Roman Catholic Chaplain, ...	237	112

SOUTH
DISTRICT.
County of
Galway
Gaol.

Hospitals.

The accommodation for the sick is sufficient. The hospital, the male quarter of which is well divided from the female, was clean and airy, but is not furnished with water-closets or plunge-baths.

Number in hospital, total number of days and cost of medicine, and number of deaths for the last three years:—

	July 12, 1857.	July 12, 1858.	July 12, 1859.
Number in Hospital, ...	6	4	5
Number of Days in Hospital, ...	1,763	1,144	1,865
Number of Deaths, ...	—	2	2
Cost of Medicine, ...	—	£4 12s. 3d.	—

Board of Superintendence.

Robert Martin, esq.	Wm. H. Gregory, esq., M.P.	Sir. T. J. Burke, bart., M.P.
Denis Kirwan, esq.	R. E. L. Athy, esq.	Stephen Roche, esq.
Francis Blake, esq.	Anthony O'Flaherty, esq.	Pierce Joyce, esq.
Andrew W. Blake, esq.	Robert Bodkin, esq.	Sir. T. N. Redington, K.C.S.

The board meets every month, with few exceptions. All bills are paid quarterly, by cheques, to each creditor, signed by three members of the Board, and countersigned by the Governor.

Bridewells.

Bridewells.

Under this head I must call the attention of the Local Inspector, whom I had not the advantage of seeing at my inspection, to the 30th sec. of 19 & 20 Vic., cap. 68, which directs him to furnish a quarterly report to the Inspectors-General, upon the Bridewells of his county, a direction which he has neglected to observe for the first two quarters of 1859.

SOUTH
DISTRICT.

STATE OF BRIDEWELLS.

County of
Galway.

Bridewells.

	Tham.		Loughrea.		Woodford.	
	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.
No. of Commitments in past year, . . .	217	90	112	106	23	6
Of whom were Drunkards, . .	98	46	16	11	2	—
No. of Commitments in the quarter pre- ceding inspection, . . .	25	20	16	16	9	4
Of whom were Drunkards, . .	7	2	4	—	6	—
Petty Sessions and Transmittals, . .	Petty Sessions fortnightly; and transmittals regular.		Petty Sessions weekly; transmittals regular.		Petty Sessions fortnightly; transmittals regular.	
Commitments, . . .	Some illegal commitments.		Correctly kept; but one illegal sentence to a week, in Bridewell, in the last quarter.		Correct.	
Registry, . . .	Correct.		Irregularly kept; entries of "no. of nights" instead of "men's issued."		Correct.	
Repairs and Order, . .	Fair repair; but chimney smokes.		Good.		Many repairs required to door, walls, and windows.	
Security, . . .	Walls within low.		Satisfactory.		Yards very insecure.	
Accommodation, . . .	Sufficient.		Sufficient.		Utterly inadequate; one cell for each sex for all purposes.	
Bedding, Furniture, and Utensils,* . .	Adequate.		Bedding sufficient; bedsteads in wretched repair; straw not supplied regularly.		Sufficient.	
Water, . . .	A well on the premises.		From lake close at hand.		None on premises.	
Sewerage, . . .	Effective.		Fair.		Effective.	
Dryness, Ventilation, and Cleanliness, . .	Clean, dry, and fairly ventilated.		House clean; but the cells dark, damp, and close.		House clean; but very damp.	
Cost of Dietary, per head, per day, . .	3d.		3d.		4d.	
Salary of Keeper, . .	£18 9 0		£27 9 0		£16 9 0	
Whether Keeper follows any other employment.	None.		None; Keeper recently transferred from Woodford.		None.	
Remarks, . . .	No Local Board formed.		—		—	

* The 12th sec. of 19 & 20 Vic., cap. 68, requires a pair of sheets to be furnished to each bed; one sheet per bed only has hitherto been used in these Bridewells.

STATE OF BRIDEWELLS.

SOUTH
DISTRICT.
County of
Galway.
Bridewells.

Portumna.		Rye Court.		Ballinasloe.		Oughterard.	
M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.
8	4	55	15	137	105	55	18
2	4	43	9	83	39	7	-
-	-	4	2	26	18	9	2
-	-	3	1	23	8	1	-
Petty Sessions fortnightly; transmittals regular.		Petty Sessions fortnightly; transmittals regular.		Petty Sessions weekly; transmittals regular.		Petty Sessions fortnightly; transmittals regular.	
Correct.		Correct.		Correct.		Correct.	
Correct.		Correct.		Correct.		Correct.	
Repairs required to water-cocks.		Satisfactory.		Repairs required to privies.		Satisfactory.	
Satisfactory.		Yards very insecure.		Imperfect from position of chevaux de frise.		Satisfactory.	
Sufficient.		Tolerable.		No female drunkards' cell.		Insufficient for females.	
Sufficient.		Sufficient.		Sufficient.		Sufficient.	
Good pump on premises.		None on premises or near at hand.		Good pump on premises.		None on premises; river close at hand.	
No sewers; privies clearable from outside.		None.		None from privies; which are clearable from outside.		Effective.	
Satisfactory.		Satisfactory.		Satisfactory.		Satisfactory.	
3½d.		3½d.		2½d.		4d.	
£18 9 0		£18 9 0		£18 9 0		£18 9 0.	
None.		Clerk of the Church		None.		None.	
—		—		—		—	

(continued.)

SOUTH
DISTRICT.

STATE OF BRIDEWELLS—continued.

County of
Galway.

Bridewells.

	Cliffen.		Gort.	
	M.	F.	M.	F.
No. of Commitments in past year, . . .	110	36	178	51
Of whom were Drunkards, . . .	32	3	97	7
No. of Commitments in the quarter preceding inspection, . . .	29	6	23	11
Of whom were Drunkards, . . .	10	2	7	—
Petty Sessions and Transmittals, . . .	Petty Sessions fortnightly; transmittals regular.		Petty Sessions weekly; transmittals regular.	
Commitments, ...	Correctly kept; but illegal sentences to a week in the bridewell frequent.		Correct.	
Registry, ...	Correct.		Correct.	
Repairs and orders, ...	Chimney of female dayroom smokes badly.		Many panes of glass required in windows.	
Security, ...	Female yard very insecure.		Yards very insecure.	
Accommodation, ...	Yards very small; no female drunkards' cell; female dayroom bad.		Sufficient.	
Bedding, Furniture, and Utensils,*	Sufficient.		Sufficient.	
Water, ...	None on premises; river near.		Good pump on premises.	
Sewerage, ...	Now effective.		Effective.	
Dryness, Ventilation, and Cleanliness, ...	Female day room smoky, close, and damp; no glass in cell windows.		Clean and dry; but cells not very airy.	
Cost of Dietary, per head, per day,	3½d.		5d. for males. 4½d. for females.	
Salary of Keeper, ...	£27 9 0		£26 9 0	
Whether Keeper follows any other Employment, ...	None.		None.	
Remarks, ...	—		—	

* The 12th sec. of 19 & 20 Vic., cap. 68, requires a pair of sheets to be furnished to each bed; one sheet per bed only has hitherto been used in these Bridewells.

FRANK F. W. HANVEY, Inspector-General.

COUNTY OF THE TOWN OF GALWAY GAOL.—VISITED THE 12TH OF JULY, 1859.

SOUTH DISTRICT.

County of the Town of Galway Gaol.

State.

Denomination of Class.	No. in each Class.			No. Sick in Hospital.		
	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.
UNTRIED.						
For Larceny, ...	1	1	2	—	—	—
" Misdemeanors, &c., ...	2	—	2	—	—	—
TRIED.						
<i>Cases disposed of at Assizes and Sessions.</i>						
Of Misdemeanors, &c., ...	1	—	1	—	—	—
<i>Disposed of Summarily.</i>						
For Larceny, ...	4	2	6	—	—	—
In default of Bail, ...	1	1	2	—	—	—
Other Misdemeanors, ...	2	—	2	—	—	—
Gross Totals, ...	11	4	15	—	—	—

Offences, &c., of Juveniles Classified at the time of Inspection.

	10 Years and under.		16 Years and above 10.		20 Years and above 16.	
	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.
Committed for trial at Assizes and Sessions—Misdemeanants, . . .	—	—	1	—	—	—
Summary Convictions, ...	—	—	1	—	—	—
Twice imprisoned, ...	—	—	1	—	—	—
Five times imprisoned and upwards, .	—	—	1	—	—	—

Total number of all classes in gaol on the day of inspection, and on the corresponding day for the three preceding years—

	M.	F.		M.	F.
12th July, 1859, ...	11	4	12th July, 1857, ...	13	20
" 1858, ...	15	13	" 1856, ...	13	10

Committals, Re-committals, and Averages.

From 1st January to 31st December, 1857.

		M.	F.
Committals—			
Debtors, ...		13	1
Criminals, ...		221	182
Vagrants, ...		15	31
Drunkards, ...		108	131
Total, ...		357	345
Re-committals—Once,		18	10
Twice, ...		8	3
Thrice, ...		1	3
Four times and more, ...		2	17
Total, ...		29	33
Average daily number,		16½	12½
Highest at any one time, ...		23	45
Lowest ditto, ...		8	5
Average daily number in Hospital, .		4½	4½

SOUTH DISTRICT.		Committals, Re-Committals, and Averages—continued.				
		From 1st January to 31st December, 1858.		From 1st January to day of Inspection, 1859.		
County of the Town of Galway Gaol.	Committals—	M.	F.	Committals—	M.	F.
	Debtors, ...	9	2	Debtors, ...	5	—
	Criminals, ...	195	181	Criminals, ...	143	69
	Vagrants, ...	12	28	Vagrants, ...	5	9
	Drunkards, ...	46	128	Drunkards, ...	41	64
	Lunatics, ...	2	2	Lunatics, ...	7	1
	Total, ...	264	341	Total, ...	201	143
	Re-committals—Once, ...	12	17	Re-committals—Once, ...	10	3
	Twice, ...	4	10	Twice, ...	—	1
	Thrice, ...	6	5	Thrice, ...	1	1
	Four times and more, ...	1	16	Four times and more, ...	1	8
	Total, ...	23	48	Total, ...	12	14
	Average daily number, ...	18½	13½	Average daily number, ...	18½	11½
	Highest at any one time, ...	31	30	Highest at any one time, ...	33	20
	Lowest ditto, ...	12	5	Lowest ditto, ...	6	4
	Average daily number in Hospital, ...	½	½	Average daily number in Hospital, ...	½	½

The numbers in custody on the 12th of July for the three last years exhibit a progressive decline, and generally there has been a large decrease in crime. There was a very considerable reduction in the committals of males in 1858 as compared with 1857, and no change worthy of notice in those of females; but, on the other hand, the daily average of males increased by two, whilst that of females remained unchanged. This apparent anomaly is, in some measure, explained by the fact that the greater part in the decrease in male committals occurred in those for drunkenness, which only remain for a few hours in the gaol, and do not much affect the general daily average.

The returns for the first six months of 1859 indicate the probability of an increase in male, and a decrease in female crime during the current year.

Juvenile offenders have latterly diminished. There were no sentences to solitary confinement or whipping in 1858.

Accommodation.

	M.	F.		M.	F.
Wards, ...	5	2	Hospital Rooms, ...	1	1
Yards, ...	6	2	Chapels, ...	1	—
Day Rooms, ...	4	3	School Rooms, ...	1	—
Single Cells, not less than 9 feet long, 6 feet wide, and 6 feet high = 432 cubic feet, ...	—	—	Kitchens, ...	1	—
Single Cells of larger size, ...	4	7	Bakery, ...	1	—
Single Cells of smaller size, ...	24	—	Store Rooms, ...	1	—
Cells to contain three persons, ...	4	2	Baths, ...	1	—
Sleeping Rooms, ...	2	4	Privies, ...	8	3
No. of beds in such rooms, ...	—	12	Pumps and Wells, ...	1	—
			Tread-wheels, ...	1	—

The building was in good repair, secure, dry, well ventilated, and abundantly supplied with water, which is raised by the tread-wheel and conveyed by pipes to the several yards. The sewerage is effective.

The bedding, blankets, sheets, and clothing were sufficient in quantity and quality, and are regularly issued.

Stock at the time of Inspection.

		Male Clothing.		Female Clothing.	
Pairs Blankets,	170	Shirts,	40	Shirts,	70
Pairs Sheets,	120	Jackets,	69	Gowns,	50
Bed-ticks,	90	Trowsers,	71	Petticoats,	45
		Caps,	70	Shoes,	40
		Pairs Shoes,	50		

The only change or improvement which has been effected since the last inspection is in the tread-wheel, which has been enlarged and partitioned: consequently the many defects, which render this prison so objectionable and prevent it from being either deterrent or reformatory, still exist.

As has often been stated in previous reports, there is no pauper debtors' quarter, no laundry, no drying-room, no lavatories, and only one bath, which is very inconveniently situated in a shed in the turf yard, where also all the washing of prison clothes and bedding is done. Buckets are furnished to every yard for the daily personal ablution of the prisoners; and all are said to be washed in the bath on admission, and weekly during the first six months of their confinement.

Owing to the insufficiency of the accommodation classification is very limited. The males are in four classes or divisions, exclusive of debtors—tried and untried misdemeanants; tried and untried felons. The females in two divisions according to character. All of both sexes sleep and take their meals in single cells whenever the numbers will permit of such an arrangement.

The lock-up is attended by the Governor, and a turnkey is on guard every night; but one of the turnkeys being exempted from night duty on account of long service, the patrol falls very heavy upon the other three, who are consequently out of bed every third night; and, moreover, cannot, owing to their limited number, be ever spared from their daily duty. There is no tell-tale clock to test the vigilance of the watchman.

Punishments for Prison Offences.

From 1st January to 31st December, 1858.			From 1st January to day of Inspection, 1859.		
	M.	F.		M.	F.
Punishment Cells,	50	22	Punishment Cells,	32	7
Other Punishments,	—	—	Other Punishments,	—	—

All the above punishments were inflicted by order of the Governor. It is desirable that the Punishment Book should be submitted to and initialed by the Board at each meeting.

Employment.

Punitive Labour.

MALES.			FEMALES.		
Tread-wheel,	6	2	Washing,	3	—
Cookhouse,	—	—			

Industrial Labour.

MALES.			FEMALES.		
Teasing oakum,	3	—	Knitting,	1	—

A few of the males are occasionally employed at mat-making and brush-making, but teasing oakum, stonebreaking, and the tread-wheel, are their chief employments. Hard-labour prisoners are worked on the tread-wheel for seven hours daily, a period which appeared to my colleagues and myself to be excessive, and we accordingly thought it our duty to suggest that no prisoner should be thus worked for more than five hours, without impeachment to their being engaged during the remainder of the day in trades, prisons' duties, or any other task, which the Board of Superintendence should appoint. We have found, upon experience derived from visiting all the gaols throughout the kingdom, that if prisoners, receiving only the ordinary gaol diet, which has been placed upon as low a scale as is consistent with the maintenance of health, are employed on the tread-wheel daily for a longer period than that stated above, they become so reduced in strength as to render it necessary for the medical officer to exempt them altogether from this labour, or to order them an allowance of extra diet, to the evasion of punitive discipline in either case. This suggestion, however, like every other which has proceeded from the Inspectors-General for the improvement of this miserable establishment, has been disregarded by the Board; and it now only remains for the surgeon to watch the physical condition of the prisoners, for whose health he is responsible.

The females are employed in washing and mending for the prison.

SOUTH
DISTRICT.
County of
the Town of
Galway
Gaol.

SOUTH
DISTRICT.

Total of net profit produced by articles disposed of outside the gaol for the last two years—1856, £7 0s. 2d.; 1857, £5 16s. 7d.

County of
the Town of
Galweg
Gaol.

Schools.

School Hours—Males, from 7 to 9 o'clock, a.m.

Number of individual prisoners attending school during the year 1856,	M. F.
Average number attending daily,	218 — 10-62 —

A person is engaged at the miserable stipend of £10 per annum to attend every morning for the purpose of instructing the males in reading, writing, and arithmetic; but this school appears to be very carelessly conducted, and the registry of progress is kept most inaccurately. I was informed that the Roman Catholic Chaplain visited the school occasionally, but I found no record of such visits. No educational instruction whatever is provided for females.

Dietary and Contracts.

Males.—Breakfast—8 oz. of Indian meal, in stirabout, and $\frac{1}{2}$ pint of new milk to each. Dinner—14 oz. of bread, and 1 pint of sweet milk to each.

Females.—Breakfast—7 oz. of Indian meal, in stirabout, and $\frac{1}{2}$ pint of new milk to each. Dinner—12 oz. of bread, and $\frac{1}{2}$ pint of sweet milk to each.

Gruel at dinner for all prisoners two days in each week, and also to prisoners whose sentence does not exceed one month.

Contracts.—Bread, per 4 lbs., 6 $\frac{1}{2}$ d.; oatmeal, per cwt., 13s.; Indian meal, per cwt., 8s. 8d.; new milk, per gallon, 6d.; salt, per stone, 2s.; turf, per box, 10 $\frac{1}{2}$ d.; straw, per cwt., 1s. 7 $\frac{1}{2}$ d.; candles, per lb., 6 $\frac{1}{2}$ d.; soap, per lb., 4d.

Net cost of dietary per day for each prisoner on the day of inspection, and on the corresponding day in the three preceding years—12th July, 1856, 2d.; 12th July, 1856, 2d. nearly; 12th July, 1857, 2 $\frac{1}{2}$ d.; 12th July, 1858, 2 $\frac{1}{2}$ d.

There were no complaints of the provisions, but the bread originally intended for use on the day of my visit was very mouldy and unfit for consumption.

The Chaplains inspect the provisions regularly, but are not furnished with an "Inspection of Provisions' Book," in which to record their opinion of each article of food issued.

Books and Accounts.

The Registries, four books ordered by the Court of Queen's Bench, Daily Employment of Prisoners' Books, and General Accounts are kept with great care and accuracy, and reflect much credit upon the Governor, by whom they are almost exclusively kept.

Extern and Intern Officer's Gate-books have been established, but the Chaplains do not keep journals, although they are particularly required to do so by sec. 11 of 19 and 20 Vic., cap. 68, and no "Extra Diet Book" is kept. The Governor also ought to be provided with a journal.

Total net cost of gaol, including dietary and salaries, for the three preceding years—1856, £816 9s. 8d.; 1857, £722 16s. 1d.; 1858, £732 3s. 5d.

Officers and Salaries.

	£	s.	d.		£	s.	d.
J. M. Killery, esq., Local Inspector,	37	18	6	T. Caulfield, Head Turnkey,	30	0	0
A. J. Veitch, Physician,	56	0	0	Michael Reddy, 2nd "	26	0	0
Rev. Edward Burke, Protestant Chaplain,	27	13	10	Patk. Sullivan, 3rd "	24	0	0
Rev. Geo. Cosmins, Roman Catholic Chaplain,	50	0	0	Patk. Mallory, 4th "	24	0	0
James Marshall, Governor,	138	9	2	Mary Anne Hutson, Matron,	20	0	0
				Margaret Reilly, Female Turnkey,	12	0	0

The turnkeys and matron are paid monthly, the other officers half-yearly. None of the officers receive rations or allowances, although their salaries are very small; moreover, the turnkeys are not supplied with uniforms—notwithstanding that attention has frequently been called to this subject, and that the issue of suitable clothing to turnkeys has been adopted, with but five exceptions, through-

out the gaols of the country, as tending to promote the respectability and regularity of these officers.

The duties fall very heavily upon the Governor and the three junior turnkeys, the former having, as before stated, with but two trifling exceptions, the entire charge of the books and accounts, in addition to the constant supervision of the prison, rendered unusually arduous in consequence of the small number of officers, and the latter having so much night-duty. Only one of the turnkeys is a handicraftsman, a marble polisher, a trade not available for prison labour.

South
District.

County of
the Town of
Galway
Gaol.

Officers' Visits.

	From 1st Jan. to 31st Dec. in the Year 1858.	From 1st Jan. up to day of Inspection, 1859.
Local Inspector, ...	84	36
Surgeon, &c., ...	151	85
Protestant Chaplain, ...	207	111
Roman Catholic Chaplain, ...	225	120

The visits of the Local Inspector fall far below the number prescribed by rule thirteen attached to sec. 109 of 9 Geo. IV., cap. 74.

Hospitals.

The hospital-rooms were clean and airy, but are not provided with baths or water-closets, and there is only one privy for both sexes, and one yard overlooked by the windows of both the male and female quarters. The health of the gaol had been very good.

Number in hospital, total number of days and cost of medicine, and number of deaths for the last three years.—

	1856.	1857.	1858.
Number in Hospital, ...	11	15	10
Number of days in Hospital, ...	150	133	217
Number of Deaths, ...	1	—	—
Cost of Medicine, ...	—	£1 6s.	£1 10s.

Board of Superintendence.

Sir Thomas E. Blake, bart.	Esq., J.P.	Edward C. Burke, esq.
Thomas Perse, esq., J.P.	Esq., J.P.	Richard N. Somerville, esq.
Peter S. Conyn, esq., J.P.	Esq.	William G. Murray, esq.
Henry Comerford, J.P.	Esq.	Thomas Kyne, esq.

The meetings of the Board are fixed to take place monthly, but a sufficient number of members to form a quorum do not always attend.

All bills are paid at each Assizes after audit by the Grand Jury, by cheques to each creditor.

General Observations.

I am again compelled to record the opinion which my colleague and I have, on previous occasions, expressed, that the defects in the construction, establishment, and management of this prison are such as to render it a mere bridewell, or lock-up, and calculated rather to confirm the prisoners in vice than to deter or reform them, for the classification is so limited that prisoners of different ages and degrees of criminality are unreservedly associated; industrial employment can scarcely be said to exist, the school for males is useless, and there is none at all for females.

From various causes I despair of ever seeing this gaol put upon a proper footing, and would, therefore, once more urge upon the local authorities the expediency of availing themselves of the facilities afforded by the Amended Prisons Act, for effecting an amalgamation with the county prison, into which the system of "separation" is about to be introduced.

FELTON F. W. HERVEY, *Inspector-General.*

SOUTH
DISTRICT.COUNTY OF KERRY GAOL, AT TRALEE.—VISITED THE 5TH AND 6TH OF
OCTOBER, 1859.County of
Kerry
Gaol.

State on the 5th.

Denomination of Class.	No. in each Class.			No. Sick in Hospital.		
	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.
Master Debtors, ...	2	—	2	—	—	—
UNTRIED.						
For Felony, ...	4	—	4	—	—	—
„ Larceny, ...	3	—	3	—	—	—
„ Misdemeanors, &c., . . .	—	2	2	—	—	—
THIRD.						
<i>Cases Disposed of at Assizes and Sessions.</i>						
Of Felony or Larceny:—						
To Imprisonment, ...	6	2	8	1	—	1
Of Misdemeanors, &c., . . .	8	—	8	—	—	—
<i>Disposed of Summarily.</i>						
For Larceny, ...	2	1	3	—	—	—
Non-payment of Fines and Penalties, .	1	—	1	—	—	—
Other Misdemeanors, ...	6	—	6	—	—	—
Gross Totals, ...	30	5	35	1	—	1

Offences, &c., of Juveniles Classified at the time of Inspection.

	10 Years and under.		16 Years and above 10.		20 Years and above 16.	
	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.
Misdemeanants convicted, ...	—	—	2	—	—	—
Summary convictions, ...	—	—	3	—	—	—
Twice imprisoned, ...	—	—	2	—	—	—

Total number of all classes in gaol on the day of inspection, and on the corresponding day for the three preceding years:—

Years.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1856, ...	36	32	70
1857, ...	48	40	88
1858, ...	39	14	53
1859, ...	30	5	35

Committals, Re-committals, and Averages.

From 1st January to 31st December, 1857.

	M.	F.
Committals—Debtors, ...	20	—
„ Criminals, ...	414	170
„ Vagrants, ...	4	34
„ Drunkards, ...	109	64
Total, ...	547	268

Committals, Re-Committals, and Averages—continued.

From 1st January to 31st December, 1857—continued.

Re-Committals—Once,	33	15
“ Twice,	6	8
“ Thrice and upwards,	5	12
Average daily number,	45½	21½
Highest at any one time,	52	40
Lowest ditto,	37	11
Average daily number in hospital,	13	24

**SOUTH
DISTRICT.**

County of
Kerry
Genl.

From 1st January to 31st December, 1858. From 1st Jan. to day of Inspection, 1859.

	M.	F.		M.	F.
Committals—Debtors, ...	14	1	Committals—Debtors, ...	7	1
Criminals, ...	377	189	Criminals, ...	204	67
Vagrants, ...	15	10	Vagrants, ...	5	3
Drunkards, ...	79	107	Drunkards, ...	35	49
Lunatics, ...	5	2	Lunatics, ...	3	2
Re-Committals—Once, ...	28	30	Re-Committals—Once, ...	6	17
Twice, ...	5	16	Twice, ...	—	7
Thrice, ...	3	4	Thrice, ...	—	9
Four times and more, ...	2	12	Four times and more, ...	—	15
Average daily number, ...	33½	17½	Average daily number, ...	46½	8½
Highest at any one time, ...	39	29	Highest at any one time, ...	63	13
Lowest ditto, ...	21	11	Lowest ditto, ...	28	4
Average daily number in hospital, ...	2	12	Average daily number in hospital, ...	3½	—

The progressive decline in the numbers in custody on the 5th of October, in the three last years is very remarkable, and is much greater as regards females than males. In the committals, however, of 1856, as compared with 1857, the exact contrary is the case, males having decreased by 57, whilst females increased by 41; and in the daily average, males decreased by 12, and females only by 4; but the fact of a decrease in the daily average of females in the face of an increase in the number of their committals, proves that the latter must have been for short periods of imprisonment, and, inferentially, for trifling offences. On the whole, therefore, it appears that the reduction of crime in 1858 was general and considerable; the return of the committals for the first nine months of 1859 promises a great decrease in crime as regards both sexes for the entire year, as compared with 1858; but it will be observed that the decrease is much larger as regards female than male committals, whilst in the daily average the males rose from 33 in 1858, to 40 in 1859, and the females sank from 17 to 8. The cause of this rise in the daily average of males was the prevalence of "assaults," for which some heavy sentences were passed. In order to realize the decrease in crime in Kerry during the last seven years, it must be borne in mind that the highest number in custody at any one time in 1852 was, males, 360; females, 323, and in 1858 only, males, 30; females, 29.

	N.	F.
Number sentenced during the year 1858 to solitary confinement,	-	6
" " whipping," "	1	-

Accommodation.

	M.	F.		M.	F.
Wards, ...	6	2	Worksheds, ...	7	—
Yards, ...	6	2	Kitchens, ...	1	—
Day Rooms, ...	5	4	Bakery, ...	1	—
Solitary Cells, ...	2	1	Store Rooms, ...	2	1
Single Cells, not less than 9 feet long, 6 feet wide, and 8 feet high = 432 cubic feet, ...	78	15	Laundries, ...	—	1
Sleeping Rooms, ...	4	2	Drying Rooms, ...	—	1
No. of Beds in such Rooms, ...	12	6	Lavatories, ...	7	2
Hospital Rooms, ...	4	1	Baths, ...	1	—
Chapel, ...	1	—	Privies, ...	7	2
School Rooms, ...	1	1	Waterclosets, ...	2	—
Workshops, ...	4	—	Pumps and Wells, ...	1	—
			Tread-wheels, ...	1	—
			Capstan-mill, ...	1	—

SOUTH
DISTRICT.County of
Kerry
Gaol.

The marshalsea and kitchen required considerable repair, and there were leaks in several parts of the building. The gaol is secure, well ventilated, and abundantly supplied with water, which is raised by a hand-wheel pump and conducted by pipes throughout the building, and is also applied to flushing the sewers, which are very effective.

The bedding, blankets, and sheets were sufficient, as was also the clothing, except that the females were not supplied with shoes.

I am surprised that this defect, noticed by my colleague last year, should not have been remedied, especially as the 78th section of 7 Geo. IV. cap 74, gives express directions on the point.

Stock at the time of Inspection.

		MALE CLOTHING.		FEMALE CLOTHING.	
Pairs Blankets, . . .	227	Shirts, ...	98	Caps, ...	31
Pairs Sheets, ...	124	Jackets, ...	115	Shifts, ...	61
Hammocks or Cots, . .	236	Trowsers, ...	69	Gowns, wrappers, . .	30
Bed-ticks, ...	233	Caps, ...	34	Petticoats, ...	16
		Pairs Shoes, ...	49	Shoes, ...	5

The partitioned stonebreaking sheds had been removed from the outside passage to the yards, and a bath and lavatories for males were being erected in the kitchen and adjoining apartment, and also a bath and water-closet in the hospital. No other improvements had been effected or were in contemplation. There is no bath for females. There are stone troughs in each yard in which the prisoners are required to wash their faces and hands every day, and soap and towels are duly supplied, but it did not appear that all who required it were thoroughly washed in a warm bath on their admission, or at intervals during their imprisonment. Reception rooms are much required. The cellular accommodation is sufficient for existing requirements so long as the number of female prisoners continues so small; and as all the cells are of the size required for separation, I again venture to express a hope, that ere long this prison may be adapted to the separate system, which alone can prevent prisoners from leaving the gaol worse than they entered it—naukes incarceration irksome to the most hardened and abandoned, and at least affords a better chance of permanent reformation than can be given by an associative prison, where intercourse and communication with companions in crime still the voice of conscience and dull the sense of guilt. I am encouraged in this hope by the efforts which have already been made to introduce approximative separation by partitioning the tread-wheel, laundry, stonebreaking sheds, and school-rooms, and by causing all of both sexes to take their meals and to sleep in single cells—all steps in the right direction, and calculated to diminish the evils of the association of prisoners of different ages and degrees of criminality, which no classification can altogether obviate. The males are in five classes, exclusive of debtors, and the females in four. Care is taken to keep juvenile males apart from adults, a precaution which ought to be observed also with females, as I found a young girl classed with two old and irreclaimable prostitutes, although there was no necessity for such objectionable association.

The governor attends the lock-up and two officers are on duty at night, but their vigilance is not tested by a tell-tale clock.

Punishments for Prison Offences.

<i>From 1st January to 31st December, 1858.</i>				<i>From 1st January to day of Inspection, 1859.</i>			
		M.	F.			M.	F.
Punishment Cells, Solitary, . .		10	19	Punishment Cells, Solitary, . .		2	11

The punishments, very few in number, were all ordered by the governor, whom it is necessary I should remind that stoppages of diet are illegal. The only punishment he can inflict is imprisonment in the solitary cell on bread and water for any period not exceeding three days, and every punishment must be entered in the Punishment Book. This book is now, very properly, submitted to and initialed by the Board at each meeting.

*Employment on day of Inspection.*** Punitive Labour.*

MALES.		FEMALES.	
Stone-breaking, ...	11	Laundry, ...	3
Pump and tart, ...	4		
Unemployed (debtors 2), ...	3	Total, ...	3
Sick, ...	1		
Total, ...	19		

SOUTH
DISTRICT.County of
Kerry
Gaol.*Industrial Labour.*

MALES.		FEMALES.	
Weaving, ...	5	Spinning, ...	1
Brushmaking, ...	1	Carding, ...	1
Tailors, ...	2		
Shoemakers, ...	2	Total, ...	2
Cooking, &c., ...	1		
Total, ...	11		

Considering the small number of available hands this department is conducted with very creditable activity. There had latterly not been enough hard-labour prisoners to work the tread-wheel.

Regular instruction in handicrafts is given to the males, some of whom had attained considerable proficiency. The number of women barely suffices to wash and mend for the prison.

Total of net profit produced by articles disposed of outside the gaol for the last two years:—1857, £46 11s. 7d.; 1858, £16 4s. 9d.

Schools.

School Hours—Males—From 10 A.M. to 4 P.M. Females—From 10 A.M. to 4 P.M.
Attendance on day of Inspection—Males, 8; females, 2.

	N.	F.
Number of individual prisoners attending school during the year 1858, ...	95	34
Average number attending daily, ...	10	5

The males are instructed by a schoolmaster, and the females by a schoolmistress in reading, writing, and arithmetic daily, at the above-mentioned hours. Both teachers are competent, and the schools which are under the National Board are well conducted and carefully attended to by the Chaplains. Proper registries of progress are kept.

Dietary.

Class 1, Males.—Breakfast—14 oz. bread, 1 pint milk. Dinner—8 oz. meal, and 3 oz. rice, $\frac{1}{2}$ pint milk.

Class 2, Females.—Breakfast—12 oz. bread, $\frac{1}{2}$ pint milk. Dinner—5 $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. meal, $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. rice, $\frac{1}{2}$ pint milk.

Class 3, Males and Females under 15 years of age.—Breakfast—8 oz. bread, 1 pint gruel. Dinner—3 $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. meal, $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. rice, $\frac{1}{2}$ pint milk. Supper—4 oz. bread.

N.B.—All prisoners sentenced to one month and under receive 1 pint of gruel, for breakfast, in lieu of milk, and on Mondays and Fridays 1 pint of gruel is substituted for milk to all classes.

Net cost of dietary per day for each prisoner on the day of inspection, and on the corresponding day in the three preceding years:—1856, 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ d.; 1857, 2 $\frac{1}{2}$ d.; 1858, 2d.; 1859, 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ d.

There were no complaints of the provisions, which are regularly inspected by the Chaplains, who duly record their opinions of the quality of each article of food, in "Inspection of Provisions Book" of the proper form. The bread is baked in the prison.

Books and Accounts.

The various registries and books relating to the statistics of crime, finance, consumption, and discipline, are kept with very praiseworthy care and accuracy. The duration of the visits of the extern officers and of the absences of the intern, and the daily employment of each prisoner, are duly recorded, and all the forms recommended by the Inspectors-General have been introduced.

Total net cost of gaol, including dietaries and salaries, for the three preceding years:—1856, £1,852 11s. 8 $\frac{1}{2}$ d.; 1857, £1,902 4s. 11d.; 1858, £1,702 17s. 6 $\frac{1}{2}$ d.

* All male prisoners are one hour daily at capstan-mill; and all male prisoners sentenced to hard labour are two hours on tread-wheel daily also.

SOUTH
DISTRICT.County of
Kerry
Gaol.

Officers and Salaries.

	£	s.	d.		£	s.	d.
Rev. Anthony Denny, Local Inspector,	180	0	0	Eugene Laoney, Turnkey and Tailor,	30	0	0
Do., Protestant Chaplain,	50	0	0	Patrick Brien, Turnkey,	35	0	0
Rev. John Mawe, R. C. Chaplain,	50	0	0	Robert Farmer, Turnkey,	35	0	0
Francis Crampe, Physician,	—			Thomas Brien, Turnkey,	30	0	0
Michael Lawlor, Apothecary,	30	0	0	Sylvester Murphy, Turnkey,	35	0	0
Martin Crean, Governor,	200	0	0	Thomas Hines, Turnkey,	30	0	0
Robert Harris, Clerk,	52	0	0	John Lenihan, Turnkey,	30	0	0
Ellen Riordan, Matron,	40	0	0	Thomas Sheehy, Hatchman,	20	0	0
Anne Murphy, Assistant Matron,	20	0	0	John Ahlson, Porter,	10	0	0
Garrett Cotter, Turnkey,	30	0	0	Wm. Tierney, Schoolmaster,	35	0	0
Baker, and Cook,	30	0	0	Mary Foley, Schoolmistress,	20	0	0
Edward Menra, Turnkey and Shoemaker,	35	0	0	Ellen Barden, Nurse-tender,	20	0	0
				Ellen Hayes, Assist. Nurse-tender,	12	0	0

One turnkey died since the last inspection. The vacancy was not filled up, owing to the reduction in the number of prisoners.

The extra officers are paid half-yearly, the intern monthly. The assistant-matron alone receives rations. The turnkeys are supplied with uniforms.

Officers' Visits.

	From 1st Jan. to 31st Dec. in the Year 1894.	From 1st Jan. up to day of Inspection, 1895.
Local Inspector,	112	98
Surgeon, &c.,	75	69
Protestant Chaplain,	154	129
Roman Catholic Chaplain,	196	150

The visits of the Surgeon fall far short of the minimum number prescribed by sec. 7 of Geo. IV. cap. 74. The attention of the Board is requested to this neglect, which is the more reprehensible since it has been noticed in previous reports.

Hospitals.

The accommodation for the sick is very limited, and both sexes are in the same building, on the same floor, and with a common stairs. There are, however, two rooms available for hospital purposes in an adjoining building.

The hospital was clean and orderly, and was about to be furnished with a bath and water-closet. The health of the gaol had been very good.

	1895.	1897.	1899.
Number in Hospital,	76	69	69
Number of days in Hospital,	1,738	1,813	1,791
Cost of Medicine,	£5 8s. 11d.	£10 15s. 4½d.	£5 12s. 0d.

Board of Superintendence.

Sir Wm. D. Godfrey, bt.	Maurice James O'Connell.	Nicholas Donovan.
Thomas Galtway, esq.	Richard Leahy.	Robert C. Hurly.
Wilson Gun.	Maj.-Gen. J. D. Stokes.	Daniel C. Colsmann.
Richard Chute.	Daniel D. C. McGillycuddy.	Maurice F. Sanders.

The Board meets once a month with very few exceptions. All bills are paid monthly by cheques to each creditor, signed by three members and the Local Inspector.

Bridewells.

Bridewells.

I beg to earnestly direct the notice of the local authorities to that portion of the Annual Report of the Inspectors-General (for the past year) which discusses the whole policy of bridewells; and I would strongly urge them to take into consideration the propriety of abolishing many of those in this county, the number of prisoners being very small, and the defects of some of the buildings, especially with regard to water, being such as to fall altogether below the requirements of the Prisons Act. To this I will add, that the salaries of the keepers are on such a scale as to render it impossible to secure the undivided care and constant presence of competent officers. The annexed schedule is compiled from my own notes, and from the reports of the Local Inspector, who regularly visits them in the course of each quarter.

STATE OF BRIDEWELLS.

SOUTH DISTRICT.

County of Kerry.

Bridewells.

	Kilmeroy.		Kenmare.		Caherdiveena.		Dingle.	
	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.
No. of Commit- tals in past year, . . .	213	68	84	14	133	22	47	11
Of whom were Drunkards,	73	28	48	2	70	-	30	-
No. of Commit- tals in the quarter pre- ceding inspec- tion, . . .	46	24	16	3	19	2	8	2
Of whom were Drunkards,	20	10	3	-	13	1	6	-
Petty Sessions,	Weekly.		Fortnightly.		Monthly.		Fortnightly.	
Transmittals, .	Regular.		Regular.		Regular.		Regular.	
Committals, .	Occasional ille- gal sentences to imprison- ment in the Bridewell.		Correct.		Occasional ille- gal sentences to the Bride- well.		Occasional ille- gal sentences to the Bride- well.	
Registry, . .	Correct.		Constables some- times neglect to sign.		Correct.		Correct.	
Repairs and Order,	Good.		Good.		Good.		Window of fe- male dayroom in want of re- pair.	
Security, .	Sufficient.		Sufficient.		Fair.		Satisfactory.	
Accommodation,	Sufficient.		Sufficient.		Tolerable; Male Drunkards' Cell opens into Female Day-room.		Sufficient.	
Bedding, .	Sufficient.		Supply of Sheets insuffi- cient.		Supply of Sheets insuffi- cient.		Bed-ticks and blankets in- different.	
Water, . .	Effective pump on the pre- mises.		None nearer than half a mile.		None nearer than a quar- ter of a mile.		Near at hand.	
Sewerage, .	Now effective.		Effective.		Effective.		Now effective.	
Dryness, Venti- lation, and Cleanliness,	Satisfactory.		Satisfactory.		Fair.		Tolerable.	
Cost of Dietary, per head, per day,	Males, 5d.; females, 4½d.		Males, 5d.; females, 4½d.		Males, 5d.; females, 4½d.		Males, 5d.; females, 4½d.	
Salary of Keeper,	£20 0 0		£10 0 0		£10 0 0		£10 0 0	
Whether Keeper follows any other employ- ment,	Court-keeper.		Holds Land.		Holds Land.		Holds Land.	

SOUTH
DISTRICT.

STATE OF BRIDEWELLS—continued.

County of
Kerry.

Bridewells.

	Lisacvel.		Turbert.		Milltown.		Castleisland.	
	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.
No. of Commit- tals in past year, . . .	276	57	44	6	172	13	139	21
Of whom were Drunkards,	177	22	23	2	77	4	70	7
No. of Commit- tals in the quarter pre- ceding inspec- tion, . . .	83	6	10	3	20	1	18	9
Of whom were Drunkards,	61	3	4	1	6	—	8	3
Petty Sessions,	Weekly.		Fortnightly.		Monthly.		Fortnightly.	
Transmittals, .	Regular.		Regular.		Irregular.		Regular.	
Committals, .	Frequent illegal sentences to the Bridewell.		Correct.		Correct.		Correct.	
Registry, .	Correct.		Correct.		Correct.		Correct.	
Repairs and Order,	Windows require repair.		Good.		Good.		Good.	
Security, .	Tolerable.		Satisfactory.		Sufficient.		Satisfactory.	
Accommodation,	Insufficient.		Sufficient.		Tolerable.		Insufficient; no drunkards' cells.	
Bedding, .	Blankets bad.		Blankets thin.		Blankets thin.		Sufficient.	
Water, . .	None nearer than a quar- ter of a mile.		None nearer than a quar- ter of a mile.		None on the premises.		Near at hand.	
Sewerage, .	Fair.		Effective.		Very bad and offensive.		Effective.	
Dryness Ventila- tion, and Cleanliness,	Very untidy.		Satisfactory.		Satisfactory.		Satisfactory.	
Cost of Dietary, per head, per day,	Males, 5d.; females, 4½d.		Males, 5d.; females, 4½d.		Males, 5d.; females, 4½d.		Males, 5d.; females, 4½d.	
Salary of Keeper,	£20 0 0		£15 0 0		£10 0 0		£10 0 0	
Whether Keeper follows any other employ- ment,	Holds Land.		—		—		Holds Land.	

FELTON F. W. HENRY, Inspector-General.

COUNTY OF KILDARE GAOL, AT NAAS.—VISITED THE 6TH OF AUGUST AND 19TH OF SEPTEMBER, 1859, AND 4TH AND 7TH OF JANUARY, 1860.

SOUTH DISTRICT.

County of Kildare Gaol.

State on the 31st of December, 1859.

Denomination of Class.	No. in each Class.			No. Sick in Hospital.		
	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.
Pauper Debtors, ...	1	—	1	—	—	—
UNTRIED.						
For Felony, ...	5	1	6	—	—	—
" Larceny, ...	3	—	3	—	—	—
" Misdemeanors, ...	2	—	2	—	—	—
Debtors, ...	1	—	1	—	—	—
TRIED.						
Cases disposed of at Assizes and Sessions.						
Of Felony or Larceny—						
To Imprisonment, ...	11	7	18	—	—	—
Of Misdemeanors, &c., ...	3	1	4	—	—	—
Disposed of Summarily.						
Offences under Larceny Act, ...	5	—	5	—	—	—
Drunkards, ...	—	1	1	—	—	—
Dangerous Lunatics, ...	2	—	2	—	—	—
Gross Totals, ...	33	10	43	—	—	—

Total number of all classes in gaol on the day of inspection, and on the corresponding day for the three preceding years:—

1859.	1858.	1857.	1856.
M. F.	M. F.	M. F.	M. F.
31 10	12 10	14 14	34 15

Committals, Re-Committals, and Averages.

From 1st January to 31st December, 1858. From 1st January to day of Inspection, 1859.

	M.	F.		M.	F.
Committals—Debtors, ...	2	—	Committals—Debtors, ...	4	—
Criminals, ...	164	139	Criminals, ...	184	143
Vagrants, ...	1	—	Vagrants, ...	2	—
Drunkards, ...	61	68	Drunkards, ...	70	81
Lunatics, ...	2	3	Lunatics, ...	4	—
Total, ...	230	208	Total, ...	264	226
Re-Committals—Once, ...	11	30	Re-Committals—Once, ...	12	14
Twice, ...	3	15	Twice, ...	6	9
Thrice, ...	2	5	Four times and more, ...	1	6
Total, ...	16	50	Total, ...	19	29
Average daily number, ...	11 $\frac{1}{2}$	94 $\frac{1}{2}$	Average daily number, ...	25 $\frac{1}{2}$	12 $\frac{1}{2}$
Highest at any one time, ...	19	16	Highest at any one time, ...	38	18
Lowest ditto, ...	5	5	Lowest ditto, ...	14	10
Average daily number in Hospital, ...	2 $\frac{1}{2}$	2 $\frac{1}{2}$	Average daily number in Hospital, ...	2 $\frac{1}{2}$	2 $\frac{1}{2}$

Athy Gaol.

	M.	F.		M.	F.
Committals in 1859—			Committals in 1858—		
Debtors, ...	3	2	Debtors, ...	2	—
Criminals, ...	179	134	Criminals, ...	242	239
Total, ...	182	136	Total, ...	244	239
Daily average, 1859—			Daily average, 1858—		
Debtors and Criminals, ...	24	9	Debtors and Criminals, ...	34	12

SOUTH
DISTRICT.
County of
Kildare
Gaol.

As the gaol at Athy has been closed, and that at Naas constituted the sole gaol for the county of Kildare, the returns from the two gaols are now considered together, so as to show at one glance the amount of crime in the county in the last two years.

In 1858 the committals of males were 474, and of females, 447; in 1859, males, 446, and females, 382; in 1858, the daily average of males was 45, and of females, 21; in 1859, males 49, females 21.

Thus, in the last year, there was a decrease in the committals of both sexes, whilst the daily average of males increased by 4, and that of females remained unchanged.

The state of transition in which these gaols have been during the past year prevents me from going into any further analysis of the amount or nature of crime.

The old portion of the building contains the subjoined accommodation:—

	M.	F.		M.	F.
Wards,	6	4	Cells to contain three persons,	3	1
Yards,	3	1	Hospital Rooms,	4	2
Day Rooms,	3	2	Chapels,	1	—
Single Cells, not less than 9 feet			Kitchens,	1	—
long, 6 feet wide, and 8 feet			Baths,	—	2
high—432 cubic feet,	24	15	Water-closets,	3	2
Single Cells of smaller size,	3	1	Pumps and Wells,	2	—

The new prison contains eighty-eight cells heated with hot air, fitted with bells, and in every way adapted to separation. The ground floor and first story, each containing thirty cells, are allotted to males; the third or upper story, containing twenty-eight cells and a matron's room, is appropriated to females. In each floor are five water-closets and five lavatories, the partitions for dividing which should be carried up to the roof.

In the basement story are placed the kitchen, laundry, baths, clothes-stores, &c. The upper story, in which the females are to be placed, is approached by a staircase leading directly from the exterior of the building, and has no communication with the stories below it; screens have also been put up along the galleries, to intercept the view which the male prisoners could otherwise have of the females overhead. It is to be hoped that the vigilance of the officers, added to these precautions, will prevent any evil consequences arising from males and females being under the same roof, an arrangement to which my colleagues and myself have, in general, a decided objection; but to which we agreed in this case, as being the only one by which both sexes could be subjected to separation.

Sufficient exercising-yards have been arranged for each sex. The sewerage appeared to have been carefully attended to, and water is supplied from a well by means of a crank-pump. A boiler is required in the laundry for cleansing the prisoner's clothes. Fumigating machines for the same purpose are also wanted.

Classification has necessarily been very limited during the progress of the works; but in future, so soon as the by-laws shall have been duly approved, all the criminal classes of both sexes will be subjected to individual separation. The patrol, which hitherto has ended at 10 p.m., will be kept up all night, and a tell-tale clock procured for testing the vigilance of the watchman.

The Governor always attends the lock-up.

Punishments for Prison Offences.

From 1st January to 31st December, 1858.			From 1st January to day of Inspection, 1859.		
	M.	F.		M.	F.
Punishment Cells,	—	—	Punishment Cells,	12	2
Other Punishments,	1	3	Other Punishments,	—	—
Total,	1	3	Total,	12	2

The punishments were ordered by the Governor.

It is important that the Punishment Book should be submitted to and initialed by the Board at each meeting.

The prison clothing and bedding was sufficient. New blankets, rugs, and cots have been procured for the new prison.

Stock at the time of Inspection.

		Male Clothing.		Female Clothing.		SOUTH DISTRICT. County of Kildare Gaol.
		Shirts.		Caps.		
Pairs Blankets,	163	Jackets,	53	Shifts,	51	
Pairs Sheets,	127	Trowsers,	61	Petticoats,	34	
Rugs,	113	Caps,	28	Shoes,	15	
Hamocks or cots,	100	Pairs Shoes and Clogs,	31			
Bed-ticks,	90					

Employment.

The works in progress have latterly prevented either industrial or punitive labour from being regularly carried on. The males have been occasionally employed pumping water, tailoring, shoemaking, and matmaking; and the females, in washing and mending for the prison.

Total of net profit produced by articles disposed of outside the gaol, for the last two years:—1858, none; 1857, £18 11s. 8d.

Schools.

	N.	F.
Number of individual prisoners attending school during the year 1858,	54	6
Average number attending daily,	8½	1½
School-hours.—Males—From 10 till 12 o'clock, A.M. Females—From 12 till 2 o'clock, P.M.		

A schoolmaster had been appointed shortly before my last visit, by whom the prisoners (the females, of course, in the presence of a matron) are to be instructed daily in reading, writing, and arithmetic. Registries of Progress of the approved form were about to be procured, and it is of the greatest importance that the Chaplains should, from time to time, visit the schools, and examine the pupils with the view of testing the correctness of the entries in the Registries, which contain a column for the remarks of these officers.

Dietary and Contracts.

Males, First Class.—Breakfast—8 oz. of oatmeal, in stirabout, and ½ pint new milk. Dinner—14 oz. of brown bread and 1 pint of new milk.

Females.—Breakfast—7 oz. of oatmeal, in stirabout, and ½ pint new milk. Dinner—12 oz. of brown bread and ½ pint of new milk.

Males and Females, Third Class.—Breakfast—5 oz. meal, in stirabout, and ½ pint new milk. Dinner—8 oz. of brown bread and ½ pint new milk. Supper—4 oz. brown bread and ½ pint of new milk.

All prisoners under one month's imprisonment are supplied with gruel for dinner in lieu of milk, and all prisoners of every denomination receive gruel for dinner every Monday and Friday.

Contracts.—Bread, per 4 lb. loaf, 4½d.; oatmeal, per cwt., 15s.; new milk, per gallon, 5d.; salt, per cwt., 1s. 6d.; coals, per ton, 15s. 9d.; straw, per ton, 3s. 6d.; candles, moulds, 7d., dipts, 6½d. per lb.; soap, white, 35s., brown, 27s. per cwt.

Net cost of dietary per day for each prisoner on the day of inspection, and on the corresponding day in the three preceding years, 1850, 2½d.; 1858, 2½d.; 1857, 2½d.; 1856, 3½d.

There were some complaints of the milk, which appear to me well-founded, the milk being very thin and poor, and having been frequently condemned by the Chaplains, who are regular in their inspections of the provisions, and record their opinions of the quality of each article of food issued in proper "Inspection of Provisions Book."

Books and Accounts.

The Registries and four books ordered by the Court of Queen's Bench are regularly kept, with the exception of the Gate-Porter's Book, in which were some errors. The Chaplains must, in future, in addition to their Provisions Book, keep journals, which must be submitted to the Board at each meeting. Sec. xl. 19 and 20 Vic. cap. 60.

The duration of the visits of the extern and of the absence of the intern officers are duly entered in Gate-books. "Daily Employment of Prisoners" Books are required.

Total net cost of gaol, including dietary, salaries, for the three preceding years, 1858, £1,126 1s. 11½d.; 1857, £1,528 18s. 9d.; 1856, £1,937 18s. 10d.

Of Athy Gaol, in 1858, £1,194 14s. 8½d.

SOUTH
DISTRICT.County of
Kildare
Gaol.

William Minchin, Local Inspector,	
Rev. W. De Burgh, Protestant Chaplain,	
Rev. James Hughes, R. C. Chaplain,	
James Kellott, Surgeon,	
R. S. Hayes, Apothecary,	
Capt. Coppinger, Governor,	
Wm. Riggs, Head Warder,	
George Holmes, Carpenter,	

Officers and Salaries.

£	s.	d.		£	s.	d.
70	0	0	Richard Tutty, Carpenter,	30	0	0
27	13	10	Joseph Egar, Shoemaker,	30	0	0
27	13	10	Richard Johnston, do.,	30	0	0
27	13	10	Richard Fegan, Warder and Hospital Serjeant,	20	0	0
40	0	0	Peter Lowry, Warder,	25	0	0
30	0	0	Wm. Phayer, Gate-keeper,	25	0	0
160	0	0	Robt. Lennox, Schoolmaster,	30	0	0
40	0	0	A. C. Robenson, Matron,	50	0	0
30	0	0	Catherine Fegan, Assistant,	15	0	0
			B. M. White, Hospital Nurse,	15	0	0

Alterations in Officers.

Mr. Curte, Local Inspector, resigned.	Richard Tutty, Tradesman, Turnkey, appointed.
Mrs. Connolly, Matron, do.	George Holmes, Tradesman, Turnkey, transferred from Athy.
James Tracy, Schoolmaster, do.	Richard Johnston, Tradesman, Turnkey, transferred from Athy.
S. Connolly, Governor, dismissed.	Peter Lowry, Warder, transferred from Athy.
Daniel Cleary, Warder, do.	Robt. Lennox, Schoolmaster, appointed.
Jeremiah Collins, Warder, do.	Mrs. Catherine Fegan, Assistant Matron, appointed.
Sarah Cope, Assist. Warder, do.	Mrs. B. M. White, Hospital Nurse, appointed.
Mr. William Minchin, Local Inspector, appointed.	
Captain Coppinger, Governor, appointed.	
Mrs. A. C. Robenson, Matron, do.	

The extern officers receive their salaries at assizes; the intern, monthly. All the interns get rations and allowances.

The turnkeys are supplied with uniforms.

The anomaly of two gaols in the county of Kildare having ceased, it is necessary that the salaries of the Chaplains and Surgeon should, at the ensuing assizes, be settled in accordance with sec. 70 of 7 Geo. IV. cap. 74. and the scale attached to 6 and 7 Wm. IV., cap. 116.

Officers' Visits.

	From 1st Jan. up to day of Inspection, 1833.
Local Inspector,	140
Surgeon, &c.,	286
Protestant Chaplain,	109
Roman Catholic Chaplain,	140

The visits of the officers should be totted up monthly and laid before the Board at each meeting.

Hospitals.

The hospital has been much improved and now contains sufficient and distinct accommodation for the sick of both sexes, and is furnished with water-closets and baths. The flags in the convalescent wards ought to be replaced by boards. The health of the gaol had been very good.

Number in hospital, total number of days, cost of medicine, and number of deaths for the last three years:—

	1831.	1832.	1833.
Number in Hospital,	11	15	37
Number of days in Hospital,	72	143	764
Deaths,	—	—	—
Cost of Medicine,	—	£3 18s. 3d.	£3 14s. 3d.

Board of Superintendence.

Duke of Leinster.	Captain Lefroy, J.P.	Thomas De Burgh, J.P.
E. J. Benneman, J.P.	W. B. Bulwer, J.P.	Isaac Manders, J.P.
Thomas Cooke Trench, J.P.	Thomas Fitzgerald, J.P.	Major Barrowes, J.P.
Rev. F. S. Trench.	P. F. O'Kelly, J.P.	E. Cane, J.P.

The Board meets regularly once a month. All bills are paid monthly by a cheque for the aggregate amount given to the Governor, who is required to produce the receipts at the next meeting. The system of drawing separate cheques for each account exceeding in amount £2 has been generally adopted, and is strongly recommended to the Board.

SOUTH
DISTRICT.
County of
Kildare
Gaol.

General Observations.

Such extensive improvements have been completed in the building, and such important changes have taken place in the staff of this gaol during the past year, that the entire institution may be said to have been altered, and re-established on a new footing.

It is not necessary that I should enter into a narration of the circumstances which led to the dismissal of the Governor and several other officers, and the resignation of the Local Inspector and others since August, 1859; but it will be easily understood that such changes could not be effected without, for a time, entirely dislocating the system of the institution, and adding to the confusion already caused by the works in progress. I am happy to be able to state that this confusion did not last long, and that at my last visit I had the satisfaction of being convinced that in a few months this gaol will be able to compete with most others in the country.

Great credit is due to the Governor for the improvements he has effected in a few months, and for the steady discipline which he has introduced in the place of the insubordination and confusion which previously prevailed. The state of the building has not hitherto permitted him to do more than this; but I entertain a confident expectation that his experience as an officer, aided by the lessons which he received at the gaols which he visited shortly after his appointment, will enable him to carry out that amended system of prison discipline, combining individual separation with employment and instruction, to which this prison has, at a considerable expense, been adapted. The Local Inspector, who had been a very short time appointed, also seemed most anxious to do his duty; and I would here mention to the Board, that to this officer, as the principal local officer of the gaol, is usually intrusted the keeping and payment of the accounts, and of carrying into effect the resolutions of the Board, and of communicating their decisions to the proper authorities. It is obvious that this arrangement is the proper one, inasmuch as the Prisons' Act requires the Local Inspector to make all the returns and reports to the Inspectors' General.

Some trifling alterations were required in the new prison, but, on the whole, the arrangements appeared to me very satisfactory; and I beg leave to congratulate the county of Kildare upon having substituted one sufficient *separate* gaol for two insufficient *associative* prisons, and having thus provided that prisoners shall certainly not leave their gaol worse than they entered it.

The gaol at Athy having been closed, it is only necessary for me to state that my colleague and I have on all occasions found it in a creditable condition, the building clean and orderly, discipline maintained, and the books well kept.

The case of the Governor Mr. Carter, with whom no fault has ever been found, is a hard one, and I would recommend him, and also the turnkey and assistant warden, who have not been transferred to Naas, to the favourable consideration of the local authorities.

FELTON F. W. HERVEY, *Inspector-General.*

SOUTH DISTRICT. COUNTY OF KILKENNY GAOL.—VISITED THE 1ST AND 2ND DECEMBER, 1859.

County of
Kilkenny
Gaol.

State.

Denomination of Class.	No. in each Class.			No. Sick in Hospital.		
	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.
Master Debtors, ...	1	1	2	—	—	—
UNTRIED.						
For Felony, ...	2	—	2	—	—	—
„ Misdemeanors, ...	1	—	1	—	—	—
Deserters, ...	1	—	1	—	—	—
TRIED.						
<i>Cases disposed of at Assizes and Sessions.</i>						
Of Felony or Larceny—						
To Imprisonment, ...	8	2	10	—	—	—
Of Misdemeanors, &c., ...	4	—	4	—	—	—
<i>Disposed of Summarily.</i>						
For Larceny, ...	—	1	1	—	—	—
Other Misdemeanors, ...	1	—	1	—	—	—
Dangerous Lunatics, ...	9	—	9	—	—	—
Gross Totals, ...	27	4	31	—	—	—

Total number of all classes in gaol on the day of inspection, and on the corresponding day for the three preceding years:—

1856, ...	M. 44	F. 15	1857, ...	M. 33	F. 20	1858, ...	M. 32	F. 9	1859, ...	M. 27	F. 4
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There were no prisoners in custody under sixteen years of age.

Committals, Re-Committals, and Averages.

From 1st January to 31st December, 1857.

Committals—Debtors, ...	M. 3	F. —	Average Daily Number, ...	M. 29	F. 16
Criminals, ...	202	85	Highest at any one time, ...	60	24
Vagrants, ...	12	7	Lowest, ditto, ...	17	8
Drunkards, ...	28	4	Average daily number in Hospital, ...	3	1
Total, ...	243	96			
Re-committals—Once, ...	8	6			

From 1st January to 31st December, 1858.

Committals—Debtors, ...	M. 4	F. —	Committals—Debtors, ...	M. 2	F. 1
Criminals, ...	162	64	Criminals, ...	128	59
Vagrants, ...	2	2	Vagrants, ...	5	5
Drunkards, ...	28	1	Drunkards, ...	20	3
Lunatics, ...	12	5	Lunatics, ...	16	6
Total, ...	208	72	Total, ...	169	76

From 1st January to day of Inspection, 1859.

Re-committals—Once, ...	M. 4	F. 2	Re-committals—Once, ...	M. 3	F. 1
Average Daily Number, ...	32	13	Average Daily Number, ...	32½	8½
Highest at any one time, ...	39	18	Highest at any one time, ...	46	15
Lowest ditto, ...	17	7	Lowest ditto, ...	23	3
Average daily number in Hospital, ...	1	1	Average daily number in Hospital, ...	2½	0½

The numbers in custody on the 1st of December in the last four years exhibit a progressive decline, which is larger as to females than males.

The committals of both sexes in 1858 were considerably less than in 1857; but the daily average of males was larger, whilst that of females was less. Again, it appears that the committals of males in 1859 will be fewer, and those of females more numerous than in 1858; and that in the "daily average," the contrary will be the case.

On the whole, therefore, it may be considered that there has been a large reduction both in the amount and nature of crime; the latter point being shown by the fact that even when the committals increased the daily average decreased, thus proving that the committals must have been for short periods, and, by inference, for trifling offences. The highest number in custody at any one time in 1853, was 95 males and 68 females, and in 1858, only 39 males and 18 females, thus showing a great reduction in crime in the last six years.

Of the 27 males in custody, 9 were dangerous lunatics. It is to be hoped that some legislative enactment may ere long relieve the gaoles of the presence of these unfortunate beings, who greatly interfere with discipline and employment, and for whose treatment prisons are not fitted.

	M.	F.
Number sentenced during the years 1856 and 1859 to solitary confinement,	10	3
" " whipping,	3	-
Total.	13	3

Accommodation.

	M.	F.		M.	F.
Wards,*	14	8	Kitchens, ...	1	-
Yards, ...	3	2	Store Rooms, ...	6	-
Day Rooms, ...	4	-	Laundries, ...	-	1
Solitary Cells, ...	8	4	Drying Rooms, ...	-	1
Single Cells, not less than 9 feet long, 6 feet wide, and 8 feet high = 432 cubic feet,	47	-	Lavatories, ...	1	-
Single Cells of larger size, ...	104	88	Baths, ...	2	-
Sleeping Rooms, ...	4	1	Privies in outer yards, ...	5	-
Hospital Rooms, ...	3	3	Fumigating Rooms, ...	1	-
Chapels, ...	1	-	Reception Rooms, ...	1	1
Workshops, ...	3	-	Pumps and Wells, ...	2	-
			Tread-wheel, ...	1	-
			Crank-mill, ...	1	-

The building was in good repair, tolerably dry, secure, and very clean. The ventilation is now good; the heating pipes work well; the sewerage is effective, and the supply of water is sufficient. The pipes and pans in the cells still leak—a defect which creates damp, and give an appearance of untidiness. The bedding, sheets, and clothing were sufficient both in quantity and quality, but some of the blankets were very thin.

Stock at the time of Inspection.

		Male Clothing.		Female Clothing.	
Pairs Blankets, . . .	171	Shirts, . . .	102	Shirts, . . .	50
Pairs Sheets, . . .	202	Jackets, . . .	77	Gowns, . . .	30
Rugs, . . .	187	Trowsers, . . .	83	Petticoats, . . .	38
Hammocks or Cots, . .	104	Caps, . . .	8	Pairs of Shoes, . .	22
Bed-ticks, . . .	76	Pairs Shoes, . . .	42		

The accommodation for both sexes far exceeds existing requirements. The number of cells adapted to separation, each containing a water-closet and lavatory, is 104 for males and 98 for females. The lunatics and debtors are lodged in the old prison.

There are good baths, in which all the males are washed on admission, and once a week afterwards; but only tubs are provided for this purpose for females.

All the criminal classes of both sexes are subjected to the separate system in its integrity.

The tread-wheel, crank-pump, and laundry are partitioned; and, the number of cells far exceeding existing requirements; each prisoner has a day and a night-cell, a very excellent arrangement.

The Governor attends the lock-up, and a watchman patrols at night, to test whose vigilance a toll-tale clock is much required.

• Six of those in old prison.

SOUTH DISTRICT.
—
County of
Kilenny
Coed.

SOUTH DISTRICT.	County of Kildenny Gaol.	Punishments for Prison Offences.				From 1st January to 31st December, 1856. From 1st January to day of Inspection, 1859.			
			M.	F.			M.	F.	
		Dark Cells, ...	4	3	Dark Cells, ...		6	—	
		Other Punishments, ...	12	30	Other Punishments, ...		15	2	
		Total, ...	16	33	Total, ...		21	2	

The punishments were all ordered by the Governor. It is desirable that the Punishment Book should be submitted to and initialed by the Board at each meeting.

Employment.—Punitive Labour.

MALES.				FEMALES.			
With Lunatics, ...	1	Washing, ...	2				
Tread-wheel, ...	8	Locked in Cell, ...	1				
Prison Duties, ...	3						
Number of Lunatics, ...	9						
Locked in Cell, ...	6						

Industrial Labour.

MALES.				FEMALES.			
None, ...		Sewing, ...	1				

From the above return it will be seen that industrial employment has been altogether discontinued in this prison. My colleague in his report last year gave a copy of the opinion of the Law Officers of the Crown, upon the question of hard labour, in which they stated that "the Governor of the gaol is made responsible for the due execution of every hard labour sentence—it is his duty to see that it shall be exactly carried out. It is, in our opinion, no sufficient excuse on the part of the Governor of the prison that it is found economical to devote to industrial labour men who have been sentenced by the judges of the land to hard labour."

This opinion has been construed to mean that hard-labour prisoners should not be employed at industrial labours. Such is not its meaning. The law officers intended to intimate that all prisoners sentenced to hard labour should duly perform such hard labour every day; but such intimation was not meant to have the force of forbidding the Governor to employ such prisoners industrially after their daily task of hard labour should have been completed. I trust that this explanation may have the effect of inducing the Board to order the Governor to re-establish industrial employment, which is much required not only for hard labour prisoners, but also for untried prisoners, and those not sentenced to hard labour, for which two classes no employment whatever, except cleaning the prison, was provided at the time of my visit.

The number of females had latterly been barely sufficient to wash and mend for the prison.

Total of net profit produced by articles disposed of outside the gaol, for the year 1857, £66.

Schools.

School-hours.—From 12 until 2 P.M. each day, except Saturday.

	M.	F.
Number of individual prisoners attending school during the year 1859, ...	133	46
Average number attending daily, 1859, ...	14	4

The males are instructed by a competent schoolmaster, and the females by the matron, daily, in reading, writing, and arithmetic. Separation is maintained during school-hours, by placing each prisoner at the door of his cell, the teacher passing from one to the other. Proper registries of progress are kept. It is very desirable that the Chaplain should visit the schools from time to time, and enter their comments in the column provided for the purpose in the registry.

Dietary and Contracts.

Males.—Breakfast—4 oz. oatmeal and 4 oz. Indian meal, in stirabout, with $\frac{1}{2}$ pint of new milk. Dinner—14 oz. brown bread and 1 pint new milk.

Females.—Breakfast—3 $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. oatmeal and 3 $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. Indian meal, in stirabout, with $\frac{1}{2}$ pint of new milk. Dinner—12 oz. brown bread and $\frac{1}{2}$ pint new milk.

Monthly prisoners receive 1 pint of gruel each day, for dinner, instead of new milk.
All prisoners get 1 pint of gruel for dinner, instead of new milk, two days in each week.

Contracts.—Bread, 5d. per 4 lbs.; rice, 3s. 3d. per stone; meat, 4d. per lb.; new milk, 7d. per gal.; buttermilk, 2d. per gal.; salt, 2s. 6d. per cwt.; coals, 22s. per ton; turf, 1s. 6d. per box; candles, 6½d. per lb.; soap, 4s. 6d. per stone.

Net cost of dietary per day for each prisoner on the day of inspection, and on the corresponding day in the three preceding years:—

1856, . 2½d. | 1857, . 3¼d. | 1858, . 3d. | 1859, . 2½d.

There were no complaints of the provisions, which are regularly inspected by the Chaplains. It is desirable that the entries of the inspections of provisions should be made in a book kept for the purpose, instead of in the journals.

Books and Accounts.

The registers, books, and accounts are kept with care and accuracy. The forms recommended by the Inspectors-General have, for the most part, been introduced. The "Daily Employment of Prisoners Book" should include entries as well as *fired* prisoners. The officers' gate-books are satisfactory, and the Chaplains' journals are duly submitted to the Board at each meeting.

Total cost of gaol, including dietary, salaries, for the three preceding years:—

1856, . £1,519 1s. 6d. | 1857, . £1,436 2s. 5d. | 1858, . £1,464 6s. 2d.

Officers and Salaries.

	£	s.	d.		£	s.	d.
Colonel Thomas Jones, Local Inspector, ...	80	0	0	Michael Murray, 3rd Turnkey, capable of instructing in cocoa fibre weaving, ...	30	0	0
E. Hunt Robbins, Governor, ...	240	0	0	Thomas McCullagh, 4th do., capable of instructing in brush and mat making, ...	30	0	0
Rev. Wm. Gorman, Protestant Chaplain, ...	46	3	0	James Leonard, 5th do., Clerk and Schoolmaster, ...	30	0	0
Rev. John Gorman, A.C. Chaplain, ...	46	3	0	Daniel McGuth, 6th do., attends on night duty, ...	30	0	0
John James, M.N., Surgeon, ...	65	0	0	Jane Hoey, Matron, ...	30	0	0
Wm. Lee, 1st Turnkey, has a general knowledge of trade, ...	37	0	0	Margt. Wills, Assist. Matron, ...	18	0	0
Michl. Leonard, 2nd do., Gate Porter, ...	30	0	0				

N.B.—The officers assist at school each day with the schoolmaster.

Since the last inspection, one turnkey had resigned, and this vacancy had not been filled up. The Governor represented that this reduction in the strength of his staff interfered prejudicially with the maintenance of discipline, as it left him only three turnkeys for daily duty within the prison. I believe the Governor's representation to be correct, and that it is the duty of the Board to appoint another turnkey.

The extern officers and the Governor are paid at the assizes; the other officers monthly. The turnkeys are supplied with uniforms and arms: none receive rations.

Visits of Extern Officers.

	From 1st Jan. to 31st Dec. in the year 1858.	From 1st Jan. up to day of Inspection, 1859.
Local Inspector, ...	268	295
Surgeon, do., ...	135	111
Protestant Chaplain, ...	177	156
Roman Catholic Chaplain, ...	176	155

Hospitals.

There is sufficient accommodation for the sick of both sexes. The hospital was clean and airy, and contains bath and water-closets.

The health of the gaol had been excellent.

Number in hospital, total number of days, and cost of medicine, and number of deaths for the last three years:—

	1856.	1857.	1858.
Number in Hospital, ...	20	37	16
Number of days, ...	281	1,268	345
No. of Deaths, ...	2	3	—
Cost of Medicine, ...	£20 15s. 4d.	£30 1s. 9d.	£28 10s. 6d.

T

SOUTH
DISTRICT.
County of
Kilkenny
Gaol.

Hon. C. H. B. C. S. Wandesforde.
Lt.-Col. Hen. Wemyss, J.P.
Wm. L. Flood, esq., J.P.
Howard St. George, esq., J.P.

Board of Superintendence.

The Very Rev. The Dean of Ossory.
Robt. B. Wright, esq., J.P.
James Blaken, esq., J.P.
John Walsh, esq., J.P.

Richd. Wheeler, esq., J.P.
Edwd. Golding, esq., J.P.
Capt. Jas. Langrishe, J.P.
James Burnham, esq.

The Board meets once a month with tolerable regularity. The small accounts are paid monthly; the large at assizes; the latter being discharged by separate cheques to each creditor.

Bridewells.

Bridewells.

I beg to call the special attention of the Board to the portion of our General Report for the past year (1858), which discusses the whole policy of Bridewells, and to the condition of those of this county. That of Thomastown is absolutely disgraceful, and has been allowed to remain so during a considerable period; while at Callan and Urlingford, the cells are small, dark, and cold, and the day-rooms are mere passages. Both buildings are insecure, and at the former there is no water on the premises.

STATE OF BRIDEWELLS.

	Thomastown.		Callan.		Urlingford.	
	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.
No. of Committals in past year.	140	31	145	25	63	9
Of whom were Drunkards.	75	3	115	17	34	-
No. of Committals in quarter preceding inspection.	31	4	55	11	10	6
Of whom were Drunkards.	9	-	47	8	6	-
Petty Sessions, . . .	Monthly.		Once in three weeks.		Fortnightly.	
Transmittals, . . .	Direct.		Regular.		Regular.	
Committals, . . .	Now correct.		Correct.		Correct.	
Registry, . . .	Correct.		Correct.		Correct.	
Repairs, . . .	Utterly disgraceful; chimneys, pump, and water-closets, all unavailable.		Good.		Bad.	
Security, . . .	Imperfect.		Yard insecure.		Imperfect.	
Accommodation, . . .	Day-rooms wretched.		Utterly inadequate.		Very inadequate.	
Furniture, Bedding, and Utensils,	Inadequate.		Sufficient.		Sufficient.	
Water, . . .	None available on premises.		None on premises.		Supplied by pump on premises.	
Sewerage, . . .	Fair.		Effective.		Effective.	
Dryness, Ventilation, and Cleanliness,	Tolerably dry and well ventilated; but dirty.		Satisfactory.		Not good.	
Cost of dietary per head per day,	4d.		4d.		4d.	
Salary of Keeper, . . .	£25		£15		£15	
Whether Keeper follows any other Employment,	None.		None.		None.	
Remarks, . . .	Local Board formed.		—		—	

FRANCIS F. W. HERVEY, Inspector-General

CITY OF KILKENNY GAOL.—VISITED THE 1ST AND 2ND OF DECEMBER, 1859.

SOUTH DISTRICT.

City of Kilkenny Gaol.

State.

Denomination of Class.	No. in each Class.			No. Sick in Hospital.		
	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.
Master Debtors, ...	1	—	1	—	—	—
UNTRIED.						
For Larceny, ...	—	2	2	—	—	—
„ Misdemeanors, ...	3	5	8	—	—	—
TRIED.						
Cases disposed of at Assizes and Sessions.						
Of Felony or Larceny:—						
To Transportation, ...	4	1	5	—	—	—
„ Imprisonment, ...	4	3	7	—	—	—
Of Misdemeanors, &c., ...	4	—	4	—	—	—
Disposed of Summarily.						
Vagrants, ...	—	6	6	—	—	—
Drunkards, ...	1	3	4	—	—	—
Gross Total, ...	17	20	37	—	—	—

Total number of all classes in gaol on the day of inspection, and on the corresponding day for the three preceding years:—

1856.		1857.		1858.		1859.	
M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.
20	20	14	8	15	19	17	29

Committals, Re-Committals, and Averages.
From 1st January to 31st December, 1857.

	M.	F.
Committals—Debtors, ...	5	1
„ Criminals, ...	203	64
„ Vagrants, ...	18	32
„ Drunkards, ...	94	89
Total, ...	320	186
Re-committals—Once, ...	—	16
„ Twice, ...	4	11
„ Thrice, ...	1	18
„ Four times and more, ...	2	4
Total, ...	7	49
Average daily number, ...	13	8
Highest at any one time, ...	19	15
Lowest ditto, ...	9	4

From 1st January to 31st December, 1858. From 1st January to day of Inspection, 1859.

	M.	F.		M.	F.
Committals—Debtors, ...	11	1	Committals—Debtors, ...	10	—
Criminals, ...	160	95	Criminals, ...	103	112
Vagrants, ...	26	106	Vagrants, ...	14	110
Drunkards, ...	149	77	Drunkards, ...	134	82
Lunatics, ...	—	2	Lunatics, ...	2	4
Total, ...	337	281	Total, ...	253	308
				T 2	

Source District.	Commitments, Re-Commitments, and Averages—continued.							
	From 1st January to 31st December, 1858.				From 1st January to day of Inspection, 1859.			
City of Kilkenny Gaol.	Re-commitments—Once.		M.	F.	Re-commitments—Once.		M.	F.
	Twice.		3	10	Twice.		4	10
	Thrice.		2	14	Thrice.		1	8
	Four times and more.		—	12	Four times and more.		—	9
	Total.		5	38	Total.		5	33
	Average daily number.		14	8	Average daily number.		8	11
	Highest at any one time.		18	20	Highest at any one time.		13	21
	Lowest ditto.		13	2	Lowest ditto.		6	4

There was very little change in the number of males committed in 1858 as compared with 1857, but in that of the females there was a very large increase, which has progressed to such an extent in 1859, that the commitments of females have been nearly twice as numerous as in 1857. When it is considered that in all other localities there has been a large decrease in the number of offenders of both sexes during the last three years, this rise in female crime in the city of Kilkenny is remarkable, but not surprising, inasmuch as year after year the Reports of the Inspectors-General have shown that this gaol is so devoid of classification, discipline, and employment, as to be a mere school of corruption, and that the accommodation for the females is far worse than for the males, who in their turn, are more unrestrictedly associated and less employed than in any other gaol in the country.

The daily average of both sexes was nearly the same in 1858 as in 1857; but in 1859, that of males declined, whilst that of females rose considerably. There were no sentences to solitary confinement or whipping in 1858 or 1859.

Accommodation.

	M.	F.		M.	F.
Wards.	2	2	No. of Beds in each Room.	14	18
Yards.	1	1	Chapels.	1	—
Day Rooms.	3	1	Kitchens.	1	—
Solitary Cells.	1	—	Store Rooms.	1	1
Single Cells, not less than 9 feet long, 6 feet wide, and 8 feet high—432 cubic feet.	7	—	Baths.	1	—
Sleeping Rooms.	7	3	Privies.	4	2
			Pumps and Wells.	2	2

The building was in fair repair and clean. Some of the cells are very dark and close. There is an abundant supply of good water, and the sewerage is tolerably effective.

The bedding, blankets, sheets, and clothing in use were sufficient, but the stock was quite inadequate—a reference to the subjoined return will show that there were no shoes and very little bedding or female clothing in store, to supply demands which might at any moment arise from the commitments of fresh prisoners.

Stock at the time of Inspection.

		Male Clothing.		Female Clothing.	
Pairs Blankets,	41	Shirts,	29	Shirts,	20
Pairs Sheets,	41	Jackets,	24	Gowns,	10
Rugs,	4	Trowsers,	24	Petticoats,	10
Bed-ticks,	42	Cape,	4	Shoes,	6
		Pairs Shoes,	12		

No improvement or alteration has been made in this building since the last inspection, and consequently the numerous and glaring defects noticed in former reports still exist. This building is far inferior to many bridewells, and is, in my opinion, only fit to be used as a lock-up for drunkards.

There are only seven cells for males (and several of these are dark and close), and none for females. There is only one yard for each sex, and but one day-room for females, in the corner of which stands a privy. There are neither hospitals, nor laundry, nor drying-room, nor reception-ward, nor school-room, nor workrooms, nor inventories. There is no bath for females, and that for males is seldom used.

The males of all the criminal classes tried, untried, felons, and misdemeanants, are congregated in one yard. The debtor was occupying the miserable room dignified by the name of chapel.

In one day-room were fifteen females of every age and degree of criminality—in another were five of the lowest class of prostitutes.

The meals are taken in the day-rooms. The majority of the males, and all the females, sleep in dormitories—in fact, the only classification that can be said to exist in this miserable establishment, is the separation of males from females; indeed so insufficient and defective is the accommodation, that little improvement in this respect would be possible, even were the number of officers sufficient to superintend any such discipline. Accordingly, by day and by night, at work (such as it is), and at meals—tried and untried—old and young—the novice in crime, and the hardened malefactor—the innocent girl who has run away from her service, and the abandoned prostitute, are promiscuously berded together. What foul moral contamination must beginners in crime undergo in such an institution? What terrors can such a prison have for inveterate offenders, upon whom hard work and solitude alone can make an impression, and who here revel in their congenial idleness, and in the society of their companions in crime?

The Governor attends the lock-up, but there is no patrol or inspection at night.

Punishments for Prison Offences.

<i>From 1st January to 31st December, 1858.</i>				<i>From 1st Jan. to day of Inspection, 1859.</i>			
	M.	F.			M.	F.	
Other Punishments,	42	13		Other Punishments,	8	14	

The above punishments were inflicted by the Governor, who must remember that the only punishment he can inflict is imprisonment in a solitary cell on bread and water, for any period not exceeding three days. Stoppages of diet are illegal. The Punishment Book is duly submitted to the Board at each meeting.

Employment.

Industrial Labour.

	M.	F.		F.
Stone-breaking,	14		Needlowork,	14
			Variously employed,	6

Neither industrial nor punitive labour can be said to exist here. Males are occasionally employed at stone-breaking, and sometimes those sentenced to hard labour are exercised at shot-drill. Females are employed at pounding culm and washing for prison.

Such an entire absence of all useful occupation is truly lamentable.

Schools.

No educational instruction is given to either sex.

Dietary and Contracts.

Males.—Breakfast—5 oz. Indian meal stirabout and $\frac{1}{2}$ pint new milk. Dinner—14 oz. brown bread and 1 pint new milk.

Females.—Breakfast—7 oz. Indian meal stirabout and $\frac{1}{2}$ pint new milk. Dinner—13 oz. brown bread and $\frac{1}{2}$ pint new milk.

Male and female vagrants, imprisoned one month, 1 oz. oatmeal for gruel. Gruel at dinner to all classes of prisoners twice a week.

Contracts.—Bread, brown, per 4 lb. loaf, 4 $\frac{1}{2}$ d.; bread, white, per 4 lb. loaf, 4 $\frac{1}{2}$ d.; oatmeal, per cwt., 13s. 11d.; Indian meal, per cwt., 8s.; meat, per lb., 6d.; new milk, per gallon, 8d.; salt, per stone, 4d.; turf, per box, 1s. 7d.; candles, per lb., 6 $\frac{1}{2}$ d.; soap, per stone, 4s.

Net cost of dietary per day for each prisoner on the day of inspection, and on the corresponding day in the three preceding years:—1859, 2 $\frac{1}{2}$ d.; 1858, 3d.; 1857, 3d. $\frac{1}{2}$ d.; 1856, 3 $\frac{1}{2}$ d.

There were no complaints of the provisions, which are regularly inspected by the Chaplains, who, however, do not enter their comments in an "Inspection of Provisions Book" of the form recommended.

SOUTH
DISTRICT.

City of
Kilmany
Gaol.

SOUTH
DISTRICT.City of
Dublin
Gaol.

Books and Accounts.

The registry and four books ordered by the Court of Queen's Bench are well kept. The Local Inspector, Chaplains, and Surgeon keep journals, which are submitted to the Board at each meeting. The Governor does not keep a journal, and there is no book showing the daily employment of the prisoners, and no officers' gate-book.

Total net cost of gaol, including dietary and salaries, for the three preceding years:—1856, £525 8s. 5d.; 1857, £432 17s. 7d.; 1858, £441 11s. 7d.

Officers and Salaries.

Thos. Prim, esq., Local Inspector, . . .	£30	William Magee, Governor, . . .	£55
John Potter, esq., M.D., . . .	30	Miss Mary Magee, Matron, . . .	15
Rev. J. M. Hopson, Protestant Chaplain, . . .	30	Jeffrey M'ara, Turnkey, . . .	35
Rev. E. Walsh, Roman Catholic do. . .	30	Thomas Foley, do. . .	30

All the officers receive their salaries half-yearly, and the two turnkeys are supplied with uniforms and rations. The duty falls very hard upon the intern officers of this gaol, whose number is quite insufficient to enforce discipline.

Officers' Visits.

	From 1st Jan. to 31st Dec. in the Year 1858.	From 1st Jan. up to day of Inspection, 1859.
Local Inspector, ...	399	384
Surgeon, &c., ...	132	213
Protestant Chaplain, ...	152	147
Roman Catholic Chaplain, ...	152	142

Neither of the Chaplains has paid the number of visits prescribed by the Prisons Act.

Hospitals.

There is no accommodation for the sick. The health of the gaol had been very good.

Board of Superintendence.

The Mayor.	John Potter, esq., J.P.	William Healy, esq.
Edmond Smithwick, esq., J.P.	Thomas Dunphy, esq., J.P.	John Dunphy, esq.
Thomas Hart, esq., J.P.	William Jones, esq.	Thomas Hewitson, esq.
Daniel Cullen, esq., J.P.	Edmond Murphy, esq.	Thomas Biddly, esq.

The Board meets once a month. All bills and salaries are paid at Assizes.

General Observations.

I have once more shown this prison to be utterly unfit for the purposes to which it is put. The local authorities appear determined to do nothing to improve it, and to have abandoned all intention of making an arrangement under 19 & 20 Vic. cap. 68, for the reception of their prisoners into the county gaol, in which there is ample accommodation for them; and I therefore trust, that a legislative enactment will shortly enable the Government to compel them to build a new and sufficient gaol, and thus remove the disgrace which the existence of such an institution inflicts upon the country.

FELTON F. W. HERVEY, Inspector-General.

KING'S COUNTY GAOL, AT TULLAMORE.—VISITED THE 18TH OF MAY, 1859.

South
District.

King's
County
Gaol.

State.

Denomination of Class.	No. in each Class.			No. Sick in Hospital.		
	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.
Master Debtors, ...	2	—	2	—	—	—
UNTRIED.						
For Felony, ...	4	—	4	—	—	—
„ Larceny, ...	—	1	1	—	—	—
Deserters, ...	1	—	1	—	—	—
TRIED.						
<i>Cases disposed of at Assizes and Sessions.</i>						
Of Felony or Larceny:—						
To Imprisonment, ...	17	4	21	3	—	3
Of Misdemeanors, &c., ...	1	—	1	—	—	—
<i>Disposed of Summary.</i>						
In default of Bail, ...	—	1	1	—	—	—
Other Misdemeanors, ...	6	2	8	1	—	1
Vagrants, ...	—	3	3	—	—	—
Dangerous Lunatics, ...	2	—	2	—	—	—
Gross Totals, ...	33	11	44	4	—	4

Offences, &c., of Juveniles Classified at the time of Inspection.

	10 Years and under.		10 Years and above 10.		20 Years and above 16.	
	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.
Committed for trial at Assizes and Sessions—Felons, ...	—	—	1	—	—	—
Summary convictions, ...	—	—	1	—	—	—

Total number of all classes in gaol on the day of inspection, and on the corresponding day for the three preceding years:—

1858.		1857.		1856.	
Males,	33	Males,	42	Males,	33
Females,	11	Females,	19	Females,	35
	44		61		68

Committals, Re-committals, and Averages.

From 1st January to 31st December, 1858.			From 1st January to day of Inspection, 1859.		
	M.	F.		M.	F.
Committals—Debtors, ...	11	—	Committals—Debtors, ...	1	—
Criminals, ...	195	89	Criminals, ...	62	23
Vagrants, ...	8	9	Vagrants, ...	1	6
Drunkards, ...	65	21	Drunkards, ...	30	7
Lunatics, ...	9	4	Lunatics, ...	2	2
Total, ...	288	123	Total, ...	97	38

South
Durham,
King's
County
Gaol.

Committals, Re-committals, and Averages—continued.

From 1st January to 31st December, 1858.

	M.	F.
Re-committals—Once	3	4
Twice, ...	1	—
Total, ...	4	4

Average daily number,	36	15
Highest at any one time,	49	26
Lowest ditto, ...	26	8
Average daily number in Hospital, ...	1½	¾

From 1st January to day of Inspection, 1859.

	M.	F.
Re-committals—Once,	—	3
Total, ...	—	3

Average daily number,	32	11
Highest at any one time, 4½	—	21
Lowest ditto, ...	21	5
Average daily number in Hospital, ...	2	1½

The numbers in custody on the 18th of May for the last four years exhibit a progressive decrease; in the last two years especially as regards females. In the committals of either sex in 1858, as compared with 1857, there was no change worthy of notice, whilst in the re-committals there was a decrease of one-half in the males, and no change in the females.

The daily average of males in 1858 was less by one, and of females greater by three, than in 1857; but in the first four months and a-half of 1859 there has been a reduction of four in both sexes under this heading, which is the truest test of the rise and fall of crime. It is to be noted as a gratifying fact that juvenile offenders have become very rare, and that there were only seventeen committals for vagrancy in 1858. The committals for debt, however, increased from five in 1857, to eleven in 1858.

	M.	F.
Number sentenced during the year 1858 to solitary confinement, ...	—	3
Whipping, ...	—	—

Accommodation.

	M.	F.		M.	F.
Wards, ...	6	2	Workshops, ...	4	—
Yards, ...	6	2	Kitchens, ...	1	—
Day Rooms, ...	8	3	Bakery, ...	1	—
Solitary Cells, ...	3	1	Store Rooms, ...	1	1
Single Cells, not less than 9 feet long, 6 feet wide, and 8 feet high—432 cubic feet, ...	80	32	Laundries, ...	1	1
Single Cells of larger size, ...	—	8	Baths, ...	1	1
Hospital Rooms, ...	5	5	Privies, ...	8	4
Chapels, ...	1	—	Water-closets, ...	1	—
School Rooms, ...	1	—	Fumigating Rooms, ...	1	1
			Pumps and Wells, ...	2	—
			Crank-mill, ...	1	—

The building was throughout in sound repair, dry, well-ventilated, and very clean. Water, the supply of which is not very abundant, is raised by a hand-pump to a cistern, and thence distributed by pipes to every yard. The sewerage has been improved by the construction of a new sewer from the female prison, and its remaining imperfections are in great measure remedied by the use of peat charcoal. The bedding, blankets, and sheets, were sufficient; but it is necessary I should remind the Matron that all the bedding should be taken out of the turn-up cots every morning, well shaken, and neatly replaced. Adequate prison dresses are regularly issued.

Stock at the time of Inspection.

		Male Clothing.	Female Clothing.		
Pairs Blankets, ...	304	Shirts, ...	79	Caps, ...	54
Pairs Sheets, ...	194	Jackets, ...	61	Shifts, ...	34
Rugs, ...	16	Trowsers, ...	63	Gowns, ...	22
Hammocks or Cots, ...	10	Caps, ...	63	Petticoats, ...	22
Bed-ticks, ...	174	Pairs Shoes, ...	45	Pairs Shoes, ...	11

No change has been made in the accommodation and arrangement of the prison since the last inspection, except that both the laundries have been partitioned. The want of a drying-room in the female prison is much felt. The number of cells far exceeds existing requirements; and I must again express my

SOUTH
DISTRICT.
King's
County
Gaol.

hope that the advantages of separation, now confined to a small class of females, may ere long be extended to all the criminal classes of both sexes; for this gaol might with ease, and at no great expense be adapted to the separate system, which would be so efficiently administered by the present experienced and active officers.

There are good store-rooms, bake-houses, fumigating-room, and kitchen; the sewerage, however, in the neighbourhood of the kitchen, appears to be very defective, and to cause at times a very offensive smell. There is no reception-room and no covered lavatories, except in one section of the female prison; buckets, towels, and soap are, however, provided in each yard for the daily personal ablution of the prisoners, and there are sufficient baths in which all who require it are washed on admission.

The males are duly classified according to the direction of the Prisons Act, and boys are kept apart from adults.

The females are in three classes, the re-committals being confined in the eight separate cells, which are fitted up with all requirements for carrying out separation, and the remainder in two divisions, according to character. All of both sexes sleep and take their meals in single cells, but, with the above exception, are in association in their several classes at other periods. I must here repeat that the Matron has charge of, and is answerable for, the whole female prison, and must not confine her supervision to one section of it only.

The lock-up is always attended by the Governor or his Deputy. A watchman patrols at night, but his vigilance is not tested by a toll-tale clock.

Punishments for Prison Offences.

From 1st January to 31st December, 1858.		From 1st January to day of Inspection, 1859.	
	M. F.		M. F.
Punishment Cells, ...	4	Punishment Cells, ...	1
Other Punishments, ...	-	Other Punishments, ...	-

These punishments were inflicted by order of the Governor, who deserves great credit for the maintenance of the strict discipline here observed with so little punishment.

Employment on day of Inspection.

Positive Labour.

MALES.		FEMALES.	
Grinding at the Mill, ...	8	Washing in the Laundry and Cleansing the Prison, ...	2
Washing in the Laundry, ...	2		

Industrial Labour.

MALES.		FEMALES.	
Weaving, ...	1	Carding wool, ...	4
Winding, ...	1	Spinning wool, ...	2
Warping, ...	1	Making shirts and sheets, ...	1
Tailoring, ...	1	Spinning twist thread for tailors, ...	1
Shoemaking, ...	2	Cleansing hospital, ...	1
Coopering, ...	1		
Attending a Lunatic, ...	1		
Cooks, ...	2		
Wardmen, ...	5		

There is no tread-wheel, and shot-drill has been abandoned. Industrial employment is carried on with very praiseworthy activity; all necessaries (including clothing and blankets) and articles for prison use, being manufactured and made up in the gaol, and all the washing and mending being done by prison labour. Moreover some profit is derived from products disposed of to the public.

Total of net profit produced by articles disposed of outside the gaol for the last two years:—

1858, ...	£14 10s. 6d.	1857, ...	£12 13s. 10d.
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Schools.

School-hours.—Males, from 10 o'clock, A.M., to 12 o'clock, noon. Females, from 11 o'clock, A.M., to 12 o'clock, noon.

	M. F.
Number of individual prisoners attending school during the year 1858, ...	15
Average number attending daily, 1858, ...	4

South
District.
—
King's
County
Gaol.

The males are daily instructed by an efficient schoolmaster, and the females by the matron, in reading, writing, and arithmetic, at the above-mentioned hours. As a general rule only juvenile prisoners are thus taught, but adults who are desirous of learning are also admitted to the school.

The male school is very well conducted, and it would be an improvement if the females also were taught by the schoolmaster, a matron of course being present.

A satisfactory Registry of Progress is kept, and the Chaplains are said occasionally to visit the schools, but it is very desirable that they should enter their comments at such visits in the columns in the Registry provided for the purpose.

Dietary and Contracts.

Males.—Breakfast—8 oz. Indian meal and 2 oz. oatmeal made into stirabout, with $\frac{1}{2}$ a pint of sweet milk. Dinner—14 oz. wholemeal bread and 1 pint of sweet milk. Females.—Breakfast—3 oz. Indian meal and 2 oz. oatmeal made into stirabout, with $\frac{1}{2}$ a pint of sweet milk. Dinner—12 oz. wholemeal bread and 3 naggins of sweet milk.

N.B.—All prisoners, male and female, confined for one month and under, get gruel instead of milk for dinner every day, and gruel is substituted for milk two days in the week for dinner for the whole prison.

Contracts.—Bread, per lb., 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ d.; oatmeal, per cwt., 13s.; Indian meal, per cwt., 8s. 1d.; meat, per lb., 6d.; new milk, per gallon, 4 $\frac{1}{2}$ d.; salt, per stone, 3d.; turf, per 100 boxes, 60s.; straw, per ton, 36s.; candles, per lb., 6 $\frac{1}{2}$ d.; soap, per lb., 4d.

Net cost of dietary per day for each prisoner on the day of inspection, and on the corresponding day in the three preceding years:—

1859, . 2 $\frac{1}{2}$ d. | 1858, . 2 $\frac{1}{2}$ d. | 1857, . 3d. | 1856, . 3 $\frac{1}{2}$ d.

There were no complaints of the provisions, which are regularly inspected by the Chaplains, by alternate weeks. A book was about to be established in which these officers will enter their opinion of the quality of each article of food inspected.

The bread is baked in the gaol.

Books and Accounts.

The various registries and books relating to the statistics of crime, discipline, and finances, are kept with great care and accuracy.

The journals of the Protestant Chaplain, Surgeon, and Governor, were satisfactory, but no entries had been made in the journal of the Roman Catholic Chaplain since November, 1858.

There are proper Extern and Intern Officers' Gatebooks, and Extra Dirt Book, but there is no "Daily Employment of Prisoners Book."

Total net cost of gaol, including dietary and salaries, for the three preceding years:—

1858, . £1,495 18s. 4d. | 1857, . £1,476 5s. 2d. | 1856, . £1,662 9s. 7d.

Officers and Salaries.

Fras. Berry, Local Inspector,	£130	William Smith, 1st Turnkey,	£240
Rev. E. F. Berry, Chaplain, .	40	Philip Green, 2nd do., .	25
Rev. M. M'Alroy, R. C. Chaplain, .	40	Jones Commins, 3rd do., .	25
Rob. Harding, Governor, £184 12s. 4d.		John Doonan, 4th do., .	25
John Bidley, Medical Officer,	£45	Henry Neill, 5th do., Weaver,	25
Do. Apothecary, .	20	George Taylor, 6th do., Shoe-	25
Henry Burke, Deputy Governor, .	60	maker, .	25
Eliza Fitzgibbon, Matron, .	40	Peter Phillips, Watchman, .	£7 16s.
Catherine Toovey, Female Turnkey, .	25	Philip Green, jun., Messenger, .	£6 10s.
Margaret Thompson, Nurse, .	20	William Adams, Schoolmaster, .	£30

Since the last inspection George Taylor has been appointed turnkey, *sic* John Silver, resigned.

The extern officers and the Governor receive their salaries at each Assizes, the other officers monthly. The turnkeys are supplied with uniforms and arms. The salaries of the resident officers are very low, considering that none of them receive rations.

Officers' Visits.

	From 1st Jan. to 31st Dec. in the Year 1838.	From 1st Jan. up to day of Inspection, 1839.	SOUTH DISTRICT. King's County Gaol.
Local Inspector, ...	205	67	
Surgeon, &c., ...	234	55	
Protestant Chaplain, ...	177	62	
Roman Catholic Chaplain, ...	170	63	

Hospitals.

Distinct buildings are provided for the sick of each sex. These hospitals are airy, and of sufficient size, but do not contain water-closets.

Number in hospital, total number of days and cost of medicine, and number of deaths for the last three years:—

	No. in Hospital.	No. of Days.	Cost of Medicine.	Deaths.
1838, ...	31	970	£7 14s. 2d.	1
1837, ...	22	355	£1 9s. 4½d.	—
1836, ...	16	461	£9 3s. 11d.	—

Board of Superintendence.

Earl of Rosse.	Major Fox.	Henry Manly, esq.
Hon. A. Bury.	Dawson French, esq.	John H. Walsh, esq.
John W. Tarterton, esq.	Marcus Goodbody, esq.	Thos. A. Pierce, esq.
John O'Brien, esq.	Robert Goodbody, esq.	Alexander McMillan, esq.

The Board meets regularly once a month. At each meeting all bills are paid through the hands of the Local Inspector, who produces the receipts at the next meeting, and whose method of keeping the accounts is peculiarly simple and satisfactory.

Bridewell.

Parsonstown (District Bridewell).—Two males in custody. Sixty-one prisoners in the last quarter, of whom nineteen were drunkards. The building clean and orderly throughout, and accommodation sufficient. The ventilation of the lower cells is very indifferent, the sewerage is effective, but the male privy was very offensive; water is supplied by a pump in the female yard. Bedding, blankets, and sheets sufficient. Petty Sessions are held weekly, and prisoners sentenced to the county gaol are transmitted without delay. The Local Inspector and the dispensary doctor visit frequently. The Registry and Commitments correct, but the former is not of the prescribed form, and does not contain the signatures of the Constabulary, or entries of the hours at which prisoners are lodged and removed.

Very few sentences to terms exceeding seven days are carried out here, because there is no employment for prisoners except washing and cleaning for the bridewell.

Dietary mixed, as at the gaol, except that the stirabout is composed entirely of oatmeal.

Cost per head per day, 3d.

Salary of the keeper, £40.

The keeper was absent, having gone to a neighbouring village. If the keeper is obliged to absent himself when there are male prisoners in the bridewell, he ought to leave some man in charge, as a female is clearly unfit for such a duty.

FELTON F. W. HERVEY, *Inspector-General.*

SOUTH
DISTRICT.

COUNTY OF LIMERICK GAOL.—VISITED THE 6TH OF MAY, 1859.

County of
Limerick
Gaol.

State.

Denomination of Class.	No. in each Class.			No. Sick in Hospital.		
	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.
Master Debtors, ...	1	—	1	—	—	—
Pauper Debtors, ...	2	—	2	—	—	—
UNTRIED.						
For Felony, ...	1	—	1	—	—	—
„ Misdemeanors, &c., . . .	1	2	3	1	—	1
TRIED.						
<i>Cases Disposed of at Assizes and Sessions.</i>						
Of Felony or Larceny:—						
To Imprisonment, ...	11	9	20	—	1	1
Of Misdemeanors, &c., . . .	10	2	12	—	—	—
<i>Disposed of Summarily.</i>						
For Larceny, ...	2	3	5	—	—	—
Other Misdemeanors, ...	1	4	5	—	—	—
Under Revenue Laws, ...	1	—	1	—	—	—
Dangerous Lunatics, ...	3	—	3	—	—	—
Gross Totals, ...	33	20	53	1	1	2

Offences, &c., of Juveniles Classified at the time of Inspection.

Sixteen years and above ten—Misdemeanants convicted, 1; Summary convictions, 1.

Total number of all classes in gaol on the day of inspection, and on the corresponding day for the three preceding years:—

1856.			1857.			1858.			1859.		
M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.
69	38	98	67	23	92	60	29	89	35	20	53

*Committals, Re-committals, and Averages.**From 1st January to 31st December, 1857.*

	M.	F.
Committals—Debtors, ...	11	—
Criminals, ...	352	179
Vagrants, ...	15	10
Drunkards, ...	59	6
Total, ...	437	195
Re-committals—Once, ...	23	14
Twice, ...	7	8
Thrice, ...	3	2
Four times and more, ...	3	1
Total, ...	36	25
Average daily number, ...	63	31
Highest at any one time, ...	119	36
Lowest ditto, ...	38	22
Average daily number in hospital, ...	1 $\frac{1}{2}$	2 $\frac{1}{2}$

From 1st January to 31st December, 1858.

	M.	F.
Committals—Debtors, ...	13	1
Criminals, ...	279	144
Vagrants, ...	2	12
Drunkards, ...	48	7
Lunatics, ...	15	0

From 1st Jan. to day of Inspection, 1859.

	M.	F.
Committals—Debtors, ...	6	—
Criminals, ...	78	51
Vagrants, ...	1	1
Drunkards, ...	16	1
Lunatics, ...	5	1

Commissions, Re-commissions, and Averages—continued.

From 1st January to 31st December, 1858.

	M.	F.
Re-commissions—Once,	6	3
Twice,	1	—
Total,	6	3

Average daily number,	50 $\frac{1}{2}$	28 $\frac{1}{2}$
Highest at any one time,	73	33
Lowest ditto,	39	16
Average daily number in hospital,	13 $\frac{1}{2}$	2 $\frac{1}{2}$

From 1st Jan. to day of Inspection, 1859.

	M.	F.
Re-commissions—Once,	9	5
Twice,	—	1
Total,	9	6

Average daily number,	30 $\frac{1}{2}$	25 $\frac{1}{2}$
Highest at any one time,	50	32
Lowest ditto,	33	20
Average daily number in hospital,	04 $\frac{1}{2}$	1 $\frac{1}{2}$

SOUTH
DISTRICT.
County of
Limerick
Gaol.

An examination of the foregoing returns will show a very gratifying decrease in crime in 1858, as compared with 1857, under all the headings and with regard to both sexes. A comparison also of the numbers in custody on the 6th of May for the last four years exhibits a striking and progressive decline, and the returns for the first four months of the current year indicate the probability of a still greater reduction in 1859; for the "average daily number," the surest test of the rise and fall of crime, has sunk from 50 males and 28 females, to 39 and 25 respectively.

It is also satisfactory to find that on the day of inspection there were only two prisoners under the age of seventeen years, and that generally juvenile offenders have much diminished.

The extent, however, of the decrease in crime in the county of Limerick, during the last six years may best be measured by a consideration of the fact that on the 2nd of June, 1852, there were 300 males and 117 females in this gaol, and that the highest number in custody at any one time in 1858 was 73 males and 33 females.

Number sentenced during the year 1859 to whipping—1 male.

Accommodation.

	M.	F.		M.	F.
Wards,	9	5	Workshops,	2	—
Yards,	12	5	Kitchens,	1	—
Day Rooms,	8	5	Bakery,	1	—
Solitary Cells,	4	—	Store Rooms,	3	1
Single Cells, not less than 4 feet			Laundries,	—	1
long, 6 feet wide, and 8 feet			Drying Rooms,	—	1
high, = 432 cubic feet,	118	50	Lavatories,	12	3
Cells to contain three persons,	7	4	Baths,	1	—
Hospital Rooms,	2	2	Privies,	13	6
Chapels,	1	1	Water-closets,	4	1
School Room,	1	—	Pumps and wells,	4	—
Workshops,	23	1	Tread-wheels,	1	—

The building was throughout in good repair, secure, dry, well-ventilated, very clean, and had lately been painted and whitewashed. The sewerage is now effective, and there is an abundant supply of water raised by pumps, which at the time of my visit required some repairs. Adequate prison dresses are regularly issued, and there was an ample stock of bedding, sheets, and blankets; some of the latter, however, are very thin, and should be doubled in winter.

Stock at the time of Inspection.

		Male Clothing.		Female Clothing.	
Pairs Blankets, .	312	Shirts, .	91	Capes, .	78
Pairs Sheets, .	237	Jackets, .	111	Shifts, .	77
Rugs, .	60	Trousers, .	141	Gowns, .	35
Hammocks or Cots, .	103	Caps, .	96	Petticoats, .	35
Bed-ticks, .	399	Pairs Clogs, .	34	Stockings, .	49
				Pairs Clogs, .	22

No change has been made in the accommodation since the last inspection. The laundry is small and inconvenient, and is not partitioned, and there is no bath in the female prison, defects which have been frequently noticed in former reports. The seventeen cells adapted to separation were in good order, with the exception of the bells, which were all out of repair.

SOUTH DISTRICT. The tread-wheel is partitioned, and there are separate stalls for stone-breaking in the yards.

County of Limerick East. There is a bath which can be heated in the male prison, and in it all males are washed on admission, a practice which might with advantage be extended to the females.

Covered lavatories are attached to the seventeen separate cells, but for the other classes stone troughs in the yards, with soap and towels, are placed for the daily personal ablution of the prisoners. The males are divided into eight classes, exclusive of debtors. Boys and re-committed prisoners are subjected to separation in the seventeen cells above mentioned. The females are in several divisions, chiefly according to character, except when at work, when they are congregated in the work-room.

Considerable care is taken to separate male prisoners when at work, and all of both sexes sleep in single cells, but are associated in the day-rooms at meals, which might, with obvious advantage to the principle of the prevention of moral contamination, be taken by each prisoner in his cell, except in very cold weather.

It is, however, to be hoped that a prison so well and efficiently managed may ere long be adapted to the separate system, which alone can effectually prevent the hardened and habitual gaol-bird from communicating his hideous craft to the less accomplished criminal, and can at least insure that a prisoner shall not leave the prison a worse member of society than he entered it.

Punishments for Prison Offences.

From 1st January to 31st December, 1858.			From 1st Jan. to day of Inspection, 1859.		
	M.	F.		M.	F.
Punishment Cells, ...	9	-	Punishment Cells, ...	1	-

These punishments, happily very few in number, a fact very creditable to the Governor, when taken in conjunction with the strict discipline maintained, were all ordered by the Governor. The Punishment Book is duly submitted to the Board at each meeting.

Employment.—Industrial Labour.

MALES.		FEMALES.	
Carpenters, ...	2	Prison duties, ...	4
Weavers, ...	2	Washing, ...	4
Painters, ...	2	Cleaning Flax, ...	4
Tailors, ...	1	Needlework, ...	5
Clogger, ...	1	Mat making, ...	2
Bakers and Cooks, ...	2	In Hospital, ...	1
Mat-making, ...	5		—
Stone-breaking, ...	5		20
Picking Oakum, ...	3		
Prison Duties, ...	5		
Lunatics, ...	3		
Master Debtor, ...	1		
In Hospital, ...	1		
Total, ...	33		

The tread-wheel had not been used for some time previous to my visit, the number of hard-labour prisoners having been insufficient to work it.

Very creditable activity is displayed in carrying on industrial employment, the turnkeys being all capable of instructing in some trade or handicraft.

Total of net profit produced by articles disposed of outside the gaol for the last two years:—

1857, ...	£18 2s. 6d.		1858, ...	£20 13s. 7d.
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Schools.

School-hours.—Males, from 10 to 12 o'clock. Females, from 10 to 12 o'clock.

	M.	F.
Number of individual prisoners attending school during the year 1858, ...	111	33
Average number attending daily, ...	33	8

All the male juveniles, and such adults as are willing and able to learn, are instructed by a very competent and efficient schoolmaster, in reading, writing,

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arithmetic, and geography, at the above-mentioned hours daily. The progress made by many of the pupils was very satisfactory. A Registry of Progress of the approved form is kept, and the Chaplains, who frequently visit the school, enter their comments in the column in the Registry provided for that purpose.

The females are supposed to be taught by the assistant matron, who is not qualified to act as a schoolmistress; and it would, consequently, be far preferable that the females should also be instructed by the schoolmaster, a matron of course being present.

Dietary.

Breakfast.—Class 1.—Males—8 oz. meal in stirabout and $\frac{1}{2}$ pint of new milk. Class 2.—Females, 7 oz. meal in stirabout and $\frac{1}{2}$ pint new milk. Class 3.—Males and females under fifteen years, 5 oz. meal in stirabout and $\frac{1}{2}$ pint new milk.

Dinner.—Class 1.—Males—14 oz. whole wheatmeal and 1 pint new milk. Class 2.—Females—12 oz. whole wheatmeal and $\frac{3}{4}$ pint new milk. Class 3.—8 oz. whole wheatmeal and 1 pint oatmeal gruel.

Supper.—4 oz. whole wheatmeal.

Net cost of dietary per day for each prisoner on the day of inspection, and on the corresponding day in the three preceding years:—

1836, . 2 $\frac{1}{2}$ d. | 1837, . 2 $\frac{1}{2}$ d. | 1838, . 2 $\frac{1}{2}$ d. | 1839, . 2 $\frac{1}{2}$ d.

There were no complaints of the provisions, but the bread appeared to me rather sour.

The provisions are frequently inspected by the Local Inspector and regularly by the Chaplains, who record such inspections in their journals, but an "Inspection of Provisions Book" of the approved form ought to be provided.

Books and Accounts.

The registries and books relating to criminal statistics, discipline, and finance, are well kept; but it is important that an Extern Officers' Gate-book, showing the duration of their visits, should be provided, and it is also necessary that the Governor's name should be entered in the Intern Officers' Gate-book, in accordance with a special order made by the Court of Queen's Bench some years ago. The "Extra Diet Book" was correct, and the "Daily Employment of Prisoners Book" was of the right form, but I pointed out some improvements to be made in the mode of keeping it.

The Chaplains have journals, which are duly submitted to the Board, but no entry had been made in that of the Roman Catholic Chaplain since the 28th of March. The journals of the Local Inspector and Governor are very satisfactory.

Total net cost of gaol, including dietary, and salaries, for the three preceding years:—

1836, . £2,345 5s. 6d. | 1837, . £2,543 8s. 11d. | 1838, . £1,766 6s. 0d.

This return shows a very gratifying decrease of £778 19s. 6d. in the expenditure for 1838, as compared with 1837.

Officers and Salaries.

	£ s.		£ s.
John Russell, esq., M.A., Local Inspector,	190 0	William Leamy, Turnkey, Smith,	35 0
Robert R. Galston, esq., M.D., and Surgeon,	44 0	John Hickey, do.,	35 0
Samuel Hunt, esq., Surgeon and Apothecary,	30 0	Henry Roberts, do., Stonemason,	35 0
Rev. Benjamin Jacob, Protestant Chaplain,	50 0	Matthew Lyons, do., Weaver,	35 0
Rev. John Quinlan, Roman Catholic Chaplain,	50 0	Wm. Alray, do., Carpenter,	35 0
Mr. H. Woodburn, Governor,	300 0	Philip Stark, do., Weaver,	35 0
A. J. Musgrave, Clerk, &c.,	60 0	James Casey, do.,	35 0
J. Gabbett, Turnkey, Shoemaker,	45 0	David Fitzgerald, do.,	15 6
Daniel Hallinan, do., Smith,	35 0	Mary Roche, Matron and Schoolmistress,	40 0
		Margaret Roche, Assistant,	20 0
		Margaret Gabbett, do.,	31 4
		Johanna Casey, Hospital Nurse,	25 0

Since the last inspection, Dr. Galston, Mr. Hunt, and the Rev. John Quinlan, have been appointed respectively Surgeon, Apothecary, and Roman Catholic Chaplain, viz. Dr. O'Callaghan, Mr. Parker, and the Rev. W. Bourke, resigned.

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The visiting officers receive their salaries half-yearly, the other officers monthly. None receive rations or allowances.

The turnkeys are supplied with uniforms and arms.

Visits paid by Officers.

	From 1st Jan. to 31st Dec. in the Year 1858.	From 1st Jan. up to day of Inspection, 1859.
Local Inspector, ...	511	95
Surgeon and Apothecary, ...	587	206
Protestant Chaplain, ...	190	73
Roman Catholic Chaplain, ...	185	43

Hospitals.

The accommodation for the sick, as has been stated in former reports, is very insufficient, consisting merely of one room for each sex, with water-closets, and one bath, and being most inconveniently situated at the top of the central building. I was informed that Dr. Gekston had called the attention of the Board to the great defects of this hospital, and that that body had directed estimates for building a new one to be prepared and submitted to the Grand Jury. There was one case of fever in the hospital, but the health of the gaol has been good.

Number in hospital, total number of days and cost of medicine, and number of deaths for the last three years:—

	No. in Hospital.	No. of Days.	Deaths.	Cost of Medicine. £ s. d.
1856, ...	19	1,423	2	10 6 0
1857, ...	13	1,351	1	14 9 11
1858, ...	32	1,039	—	8 11 6

Board of Superintendence.

Thomas O'Grady, esq.	Lord Clarina.	H. Considine, esq., High Sheriff.
William H. Gabbett, esq.	Eyre Lloyd, esq.	George Fosbery, esq.
Michael Funnell, esq.	Colonel J. Vandeleur.	Edward Croker, esq.
Right Hon. Wm. Monsell, M.P.	Sir Richard De Burgho, bart.	
Henry Maunsell, esq.		

The Board meets regularly once a month, and at each meeting pays all bills for amounts exceeding £2, by separate cheques to each creditor.

Bridewells.

Glin.

Glin.—No prisoners in custody; 7 in the last quarter, of whom 5 were drunkards. The building in good repair, but not so clean and orderly as at former visits. The keeper alleged the severe illness of his wife as the excuse for this untidiness. No sewerage and no water on the premises, as previously noticed. Bed-ticks and sheets sufficient, but some blankets very thin. Petty sessions fortnightly, transmittals regular. The Local Inspector visits every quarter. The committals correct, but a prisoner lately discharged not yet entered in the Registry, because the constable had most improperly left the bridewell without signing his name to the date of lodgment. *Dietary*—Indian meal stirabout, potatoes, and new milk. Cost per head per day, 4½d. Salary of keeper, £15.

Newcastle.

Newcastle.—One male prisoner; 59 in the last quarter, of whom 23 were drunkards. The building clean and orderly, but, no improvements having been effected, unfit to be used as a prison in consequence of its defective accommodation, insecurity, and want of sewerage and of water on the premises. The effluvium from the privies was most offensive, and pervaded the entire bridewell. Bedding and sheets sufficient, but some blankets very thin. Some buckets wanted. Petty sessions weekly; transmittals regular. Local Inspector visits quarterly. Registry and committals correct. *Dietary*—Indian meal stirabout, bread, and new milk. Cost per head per day, 4½d. Salary of keeper, £25.

Rathkeale.

Rathkeale.—No prisoners; 56 in the last quarter, of whom five were drunkards. The building very clean and orderly, and sufficiently supplied with bedding, blankets, and sheets. The security of the male yard has been improved by altering the pipe noticed in former reports. The female yard is very small. An effective sewer from the male privy, but none from the female. A pump has

lately been erected close to the bridewell. Petty sessions fortnightly; transmittals regular. The Local Inspector visits quarterly. Registry and committals very correct. Dietary and cost as at Glin. Salary of keeper, £25.

Croom.—Two male prisoners; 4 in the last quarter, of whom 1 was a drunkard. The building was in good repair, and very clean and orderly, but the accommodation is miserably inadequate, for there is only one small room for females, and only one yard and one privy for both sexes. There is no water on the premises or close at hand, and although the sewerage was said to be effective, the smell from the privy was most offensive. Bedding, blankets, and sheets sufficient. Petty sessions fortnightly; transmittals irregular, four days sometimes elapsing between final committal and transmittal to county gaol. The Local Inspector visits quarterly. Registry and committals correct. Dietary and cost as at Newcastle. Salary of keeper, £15.

Kilfinane.—Two male prisoners; 17 in the last quarter, of whom 4 were drunkards. The building was in good repair, but generally untidy. There is no sewerage, and no water on the premises or close at hand; the cells are small and damp, and grates are required in the day-rooms, and the chimney of the keeper's kitchen smokes badly. Bedding, blankets, and sheets, tolerable only. Petty sessions fortnightly, and transmittals regular. The Local Inspector visits regularly. Dietary and cost as at Newcastle. Salary of keeper, £15.

PELTON F. W. HERVEY, Inspector-General.

CITY OF LIMERICK GAOL.—VISITED THE 5TH AND 6TH OF MAY, 1859.

City of
Limerick
Gaol.

State.

Denomination of Class.	No. in each Class.			No. Sick in Hospital.		
	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.
Master Debtors, ...	2	—	2	—	—	—
Pauper Debtors, ...	6	—	6	—	—	—
UNTRIED.						
For Felony, ...	—	1	1	—	—	—
„ Misdemeanors, ...	1	2	3	—	—	—
Deserters, ...	4	—	4	—	—	—
TRIED.						
<i>Cases disposed of at Assizes and Sessions.</i>						
<i>Of Felony or Larceny:—</i>						
To Imprisonment, ...	4	6	10	—	1	1
Of Misdemeanors, &c., . . .	2	—	2	—	—	—
<i>By Courts-Martial.</i>						
Military Offenders, ...	1	—	1	—	—	—
<i>Disposed of Summarily.</i>						
For Larceny, ...	11	6	17	—	1	1
Offences under Larceny Act, .	6	7	13	—	—	—
In default of Bail, ...	3	—	3	—	—	—
Other Misdemeanors, ...	8	3	13	1	—	1
Vagrants, ...	—	1	1	—	—	—
Gross Totals, ...	48	28	76	1	2	3

Offences, &c., of Juveniles Classified at the time of Inspection.

Summary Convictions—16 years and above 10—4 males.

Total number of all classes in gaol on the day of inspection, and on the corresponding day for the three preceding years:—

	M.	F.	Total.		M.	F.	Total.
1859, ...	48	28	76	1857, ...	71	35	104
1858, ...	42	33	77	1856, ...	77	41	118

South District.		Committals, Re-committals, and Averages.				
City of Limerick Gaol.		From 1st January to 31st December, 1858.		From 1st January to day of Inspection, 1859.		
		M.	F.	M.	F.	
Committals—Debtors,		96	5	Committals—Debtors,	30	2
Criminals,		1,003	654	Criminals,	369	248
Vagrants,		11	12	Vagrants,	5	3
Drunkards,		310	189	Drunkards,	72	44
Lunatics,		1	—	Lunatics,	—	—
Total,		1,421	851	Total,	476	297
Re-committals—Once,		56	26	Re-committals—Once,	16	4
Twice,		30	19	Twice,	4	1
Thrice,		14	5	Thrice,	4	—
Four times and more,		6	—	Four times and more,	—	—
Total,		106	50	Total,	24	5
Average daily number,		56½	32	Average daily number,	61	33
Highest at any one time,		81	42	Highest at any one time,	82	31
Lowest ditto,		38	30	Lowest ditto,	44	27
Average daily number in Hospital,		2	1	Average daily number in Hospital,	1	1

The above returns show an extraordinary reduction in crime in the city of Limerick during 1858; for the committals of males in that year, as compared with 1857, decreased 40 per cent., and of females 47 per cent. The daily average of males fell from 68 to 56, and of females from 51 to 32; and in the re-committals also of both sexes there was considerable improvement.

It is, moreover, gratifying to find that the returns for the first four months of the current year give promise of a continuance during 1859 of this reduction, which has affected all classes of offenders, criminals as well as vagrants and drunkards, and especially juveniles, whose numbers have very much diminished.

This latter circumstance is of peculiar importance, for the large number of boys (many being from the workhouse) formerly always present in this gaol, could not be properly treated in an establishment, the accommodation of which did not even permit of their being kept wholly apart from adults; and consequently it was much to be feared that these juveniles left the prison more depraved than they entered it.

The extent, however, of the decrease in crime in this locality of late years may best be estimated by a consideration of the fact that the highest number in custody at any one time in 1858 was 81 males and 42 females, and that on the 3rd of June, 1852, there were 202 males and 99 females in the gaol.

Number sentenced during the year to whipping—males, 52.

Escapes during the Year.—Patrick Lemon, aged 32, charged with desertion, confined with others; escaped August 12; retaken. John Mulcahy, aged 24, charged with desertion; confined with others; escaped August 12; retaken.

Accommodation.

	M.	F.		M.	F.
Wards,	6	4	School Rooms,	1	1
Yards,	7	4	Workshops,	33	—
Day Rooms,	6	4	Kitchens,	1	—
Solitary Cells,	6	3	Store Rooms,	7	1
Single Cells, not less than 9 feet long, 6 feet wide, and 8 feet high—432 cubic feet,	38	31	Laundries,	—	1
Cells to contain three persons,	17	—	Lavatories,	1	1
Sleeping Rooms,	20	6	Baths,	4	1
No. of Beds in such Rooms,	51	22	Privies,	9	3
Hospital Rooms,	2	2	Water-closets,	2	2
Chapels,	1	1	Pumps and Wells,	2	—
			Tread-wheels,	1	—

The roof of the kitchen was out of repair, and the bread-store was very damp in consequence of leaks in the roof and outside wall. The rest of the building had lately been painted and whitewashed, and was in fair repair, clean, well

SOUTH
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ventilated, and abundantly supplied with good water, which is raised by the tread-wheel, and distributed by pipes throughout the prison. The security of the building had been improved by the erection of a *château-de-frise* in the vagrant yard, as recommended by my colleague last year.

The sewerage is effective; the bedticks and sheets were sufficient, but some blankets were very thin and worn, and the male clothing, especially the trousers, was very indifferent. There was, however, a supply of frieze in store, which, I was assured, was about to be made up into clothing immediately.

Stock at the time of Inspection.

<i>Male Clothing.</i>		<i>Female Clothing.</i>	
Pairs Blankets, . . .	161	Shifts, . . .	47
Pairs Sheets, . . .	152	Gowns, . . .	51
Rings, . . .	90	Petticoats, . . .	49
Hammocks or Cots, . .	63	Pairs Shoes, . . .	27
Bed-ticks, . . .	128		
Shirts, . . .	71		
Jackets, . . .	57		
Trowsers, . . .	55		
Cups, . . .	54		
Pairs Shoes, . . .	45		

No change has been made in the accommodation since the last inspection, so that all the defects so often noticed, and which prevent the possibility of the maintenance of the discipline and classification which alone can make a prison deterrent and reformatory, still remain. There are a sufficient number of cells for males so long as the present reduction in crime continues; but these cells are so badly arranged, the buildings are so crowded together, and the yards are so few, so small, and so inconvenient, that prisoners of all classes cannot but have frequent opportunities of communication and association. The female prison does not even contain enough cells for the present diminished number, and its general arrangements are even worse than those of the male prison. In fact, the structural defects of this gaol are such, and the space on which it stands is so confined, that it is not possible to make much improvement in it; and if the local authorities desire to have a sufficient prison they must either build an entirely new one, or incorporate their establishment with that of the county prison under the provisions of the 19 & 20 Vic. c. 68.

There is neither reception-room nor drying-room, the laundry is small and inconvenient, and is not partitioned, and there is but one yard for master and pauper debtors. Those who require it are washed on admission in baths placed in the hospitals. There are no covered lavatories, but tubs, soap, and towels are supplied in the open yards for daily personal ablution.

The prisoners are thus classified, exclusive of debtors:—

Males.—1. Untried. 2. Vagrants and drunkards. 3. Tried felons. 4. Tried misdemeanants. 5. Petty larceny cases.

Females.—1. Untried. 2. Tried. 3. First convictions, and others who behave well.

This classification, which is the utmost the accommodation will allow, is obviously very imperfect, and does not even go to the extent of the limited prescriptions of the Prisons Act; indeed there is nothing in it to prevent juveniles being associated with adults, and those who have never before been in gaol, and who may prove to be wholly innocent, with hardened and habitual offenders awaiting their twentieth conviction.

All the males, whenever their numbers permit, sleep and take their meals in separate cells. The two first classes of females do so also; the third class take their meals and sleep in association.

I observed a very gratifying improvement in the discipline maintained. There appeared to be more order and subordination both among officers and prisoners, and the new Governor is deserving of credit for this change, and for his anxious attention to his duties, in learning which he has received great assistance from the active and efficient Local Inspector. The lock-up is attended by the Governor. A watchman and one turnkey are on patrol at night, and their vigilance is tested by a tell-tale clock.

Punishments for Prison Offences.

<i>From 1st January to 31st December, 1858.</i>				<i>From 1st January to day of Inspection, 1859.</i>			
	M.	F.			M.	F.	
Punishment Cells, . . .	53	15		Punishment Cells, . . .	11	5	
Other Punishments, . . .	—	—		Other Punishments, . . .	—	—	
Total, . . .	53	15		Total, . . .	11	5	

SOUTH
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City of
Liverpool
Gaol.

Three of the punishments for the first four months of 1859 were ordered by the Board for more serious offences. It is desirable that the Punishment Book should be submitted to the Board and signed by the Chairman at each meeting.

Employment on day of Inspection.
Industrial Labour.

MALES.		FEMALES.	
Breaking Stones, ...	21	Knitting, ...	7
Shoemaking, ...	2	Sewing, ...	6
Tailoring, ...	2	Washing, ...	4
In Cook-house, ...	2	Prison Duties, ...	5
Prison Duties, ...	7	Sick, ...	2
Sick, ...	1	Unemployed, ...	4
Unemployed, ...	13		
Total, ...	48	Total, ...	28

Of the above number, 12 were on tread-wheel for 2 hours, and 12 at school for 2 hours.

Of the above number 9 were at school for 2 hours.

The tread-wheel is partitioned, and stone-breaking is generally carried on in a shed divided into stalls; but at the time of my visit the prisoners were breaking stones in association in one of the yards, the stones being said to be too big to be broken in the stalls.

Endeavours are made to carry on industrial employment and handicrafts, but the shortness of the majority of the sentences, and the want of turnkeys qualified to teach, much impede the accomplishment of this laudable object.

Total net profit produced by articles disposed of outside the gaol for the last two years:—

1857, . . £18 10s. 7d. | 1858, . . £14 12s. 11d.

Schools.

School-hours.—Males, 1 to 3 o'clock. Females, 12 to 2 o'clock.

	M.	F.
Number of individual prisoners attending school during the year 1858, ...	41	24
Average number attending daily, ...	13	8

The males are instructed by the clerk, and the females by the assistant matron, in reading, writing, and arithmetic daily, at the above-mentioned hours. All are admitted to the school who are not too old to learn, and whose stay in the gaol will not be less than a month. The schools are well conducted, and both teachers are very efficient.

Proper Registries of Progress are kept, and the Chaplains are said to visit the schools every week; but I found no records of such visits in the column in the registry provided for that purpose.

Dietary.

Breakfast.—Class 1—6 oz. of Indian meal, 2 oz. of rice, and $\frac{1}{2}$ pint of new milk. Class 2—3 oz. Indian meal, 2 oz. of rice, and $\frac{1}{2}$ pint of new milk. Class 3—4 oz. of Indian meal, 1 oz. of rice, and $\frac{1}{2}$ pint of new milk. Dinner.—Class 1—14 oz. bread made of 2nd quality flour, and 1 pint new milk. Class 2—12 oz. bread made of 2nd quality flour, and $\frac{1}{2}$ pint of new milk. Class 3—8 oz. bread, and 4 oz. for supper, made of 2nd quality flour, and 1 pint of oatmeal gruel. All prisoners whose term of imprisonment does not exceed one month, get gruel for dinner in lieu of milk. Gruel is also given two evenings in the week to all prisoners in lieu of milk.

Contracts.—Bread, per lb., 1s. 4d.; oatmeal, per cwt., 12s.; Indian meal, per cwt., 7s. 3d.; rice, per cwt., 17s.; meat, per lb., 6d.; new milk, per gallon, 7d.; salt, per cwt., 1s. 6d.; coals, per ton, 18s. 6d. and 21s.; candles, per lb., 6d.; soap, per cwt., 22s.

Net cost of dietary per day for each prisoner on the day of inspection, and on the corresponding day in the three preceding years:—

1859, . . 2 $\frac{1}{2}$ d. | 1858, . . 2 $\frac{1}{2}$ d. | 1857, . . 2 $\frac{1}{2}$ d. | 1856, . . 2 $\frac{1}{2}$ d.

There were no complaints of the provisions, which are regularly inspected by the Chaplains, who discharge this duty by alternate months, and record the result of their inspections in a proper Inspection of Provisions Book.

Books and Accounts.

SOUTH DISTRICT.
City of Limerick Gaol.

The registries, books, and accounts, are kept with praiseworthy care and accuracy. Gate-books for extern and intern officers, showing the hours of egress and ingress, are kept; but the Governor and Clerk must in future enter their names in the same manner as other resident officers. The Local Inspector, Surgeon, and Governor keep journals, and the Chaplains' "Provisions Books" are called journals, and as such are submitted to and initialed by the Board at each meeting; but their journals ought to be quite distinct from the Provisions Book. The Daily Employment of Prisoners Books are very satisfactory.

Total net cost of gaol, including dietary and salaries, for the three preceding years:—

1856, . £1,763 7s. 2d. | 1857, . £1,494 7s. 8d. | 1858, . £1,460 19s. 7d.

Officers and Salaries.

Capt. Griffin, Local Inspector, ...	£30	James Hartigan, Turnkey, ...	£28
Rev. M. T. De Burgh, Protestant Chaplain, ...	40	Thomas Gloster, do. Shoemaker, 26	
Very Rev. Dean Butler, R.C. Chaplain, 40		Daniel B. Shino, do.	26
R. R. Gelsion, M.D., Surgeon, ...	40	James Murphy, do.	26
J. B. Bouchier, Apothecary, ...	16	Patrick Bowes, do.	26
John O'Farrell, Governor, ...	80	Margaret Fitzgerald, Matron, ...	40
Jn. Hurley, Clerk and Schoolmaster, 86		Anne Gaynor, Assistant Matron and Schoolmistress, ...	35
Edward Ryan, Turnkey, ...	30	Julia Sullivan, Hospital Nurse, £23 8s.	
Robert R. Drought, do.	28		

Since the last inspection Mr. John O'Farrell has been appointed Governor, vice Mr. Moore superannuated, and three turnkeys have been appointed in the place of one dismissed and two resigned.

The visiting officers and the clerk are paid half-yearly, the Governor quarterly, the matron monthly, and the other officers weekly. The turnkeys are supplied with uniforms and arms; some receive rations or allowances. Since my last inspection I have learned with great pleasure that the salary of the Governor, which was utterly inadequate for an officer charged with such duty and such responsibility, has been raised to £120.

Officers' Visits.

	From 1st Jan. to 31st Dec. in the Year 1858.	From 1st Jan. up to day of Inspection, 1859.
Local Inspector, ...	182	72
Surgeon, &c., ...	138	40
Protestant Chaplain, ...	188	55
Roman Catholic Chaplain, ...	190	51
Apothecary, ...	107	39

The number of visits paid by the officers is very satisfactory.

Hospitals.

The hospital was clean and orderly, and contains two airy rooms, furnished with baths and water-closets for each sex, but accessible only by a common staircase. The health of the gaol had been very good.

	No. in Hospital.	No. of Days.	Cost of Medicine.	Deaths.
1856, ...	114	345	£30	1
1857, ...	116	353	30	1
1858, ...	87	292	30	1

Board of Superintendence.

Mich. R. Ryan, esq., Mayor.	L. Quinlan, Alderman, J.P.	William Phayer, T.C.
H. Watson, Alderman, J.P.	E. O'Callaghan, J.P.	Jn. T. M'Sheehy, T.C.
Dr. Kane, J.P. and T.C.	J. R. Flinsley, Alderman.	Francis Ward, T.C.
T. McDonnell, Aldm., J.P.	Daniel Cullen, T.C.	Robert Keays, T.C.

The Board meets every fortnight. Contracts are paid quarterly by a cheque for aggregate amount given to the Local Inspector, who pays bills, and returns receipts. Small bills are also paid from time to time by the Local Inspector out of £50 which he is allowed to keep in hand, and for which he accounts at each meeting of the Board.

FELTON F. W. HENYEX, Inspector-General.

SOUTH
DISTRICT.Queen's
County
Gaol.QUEEN'S COUNTY GAOL, AT MARYBOROUGH.—VISITED THE 15TH DECEMBER,
1859.

Stats.

Designation of Class.	No. in each Class.			No. Sick in Hospital.		
	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.
Master Debtors, ...	1	—	1	—	—	—
UNTRIED.						
For Felony, ...	3	—	3	—	—	—
„ Larceny, ...	—	2	2	—	1	1
TRIED.						
<i>Cases Disposed of at Assizes and Sessions.</i>						
Of Felony or Larceny:—						
To Imprisonment, ...	5	2	7	—	—	—
<i>Disposed of Summarily.</i>						
For Larceny, ...	1	1	2	—	—	—
In default of Bail, ...	1	—	1	—	—	—
Other Misdemeanors, ...	17	3	20	—	—	—
Under Revenue Laws, ...	1	—	1	—	—	—
Drunkards, ...	1	—	1	—	—	—
Dangerous Lunatics, ...	1	—	1	—	—	—
Gross Totals, ...	31	8	39	—	1	1

There were no prisoners in custody whose age did not exceed sixteen years.

Total number of all classes in gaol on the day of inspection, and on the corresponding day for the three preceding years:—

	M.	F.		M.	F.		M.	F.		M.	F.
1856, .	36	13	1857, .	31	17	1858, .	26	3	1859, .	31	8

Committals, Re-committals, and Averages.

From 1st January to 31st December, 1858. From 1st January to day of Inspection, 1859.

		M.	F.			M.	F.
Committals—Debtors, ...	5	1	Committals—Debtors, ...	3	—		
Criminals, ...	334	80	Criminals, ...	247	71		
Vagrants, ...	1	—	Vagrants, ...	1	1		
Drunkards, ...	81	6	Drunkards, ...	97	31		
Lunatics, ...	3	5	Lunatics, ...	7	4		
Total, ...	324	92	Total, ...	355	87		
Re-Committals—Once, ...	13	4	Re-Committals—Once, ...	15	10		
Twice, ...	6	1	Twice, ...	6	2		
Thrice, ...	1	—	Thrice, ...	3	2		
Total, ...	20	5	Total, ...	24	14		
Average daily number, ...	30	11	Average daily number, ...	22	7		
Highest at any one time, ...	49	25	Highest at any one time, ...	39	11		
Lowest ditto, ...	19	3	Lowest ditto, ...	10	3		
Average daily number in Hospital, ...	1	1	Average daily number in Hospital, ...	1	1		

The committals of each sex in 1858 were less than in 1857, by the same number, 37, the proportionate reduction in female crime being thus much greater than in male; whilst the daily average of males decreased from 32 in 1857 to 30 in 1858, and of females from 19 to 11; in this respect also the latter sex having the advantage. The committals of males in 1859 were considerably more numerous than in 1858, whilst those of females were slightly less; but

there was a large decrease in the daily average of both sexes, so that the committals must have been for short periods, and, inferentially, for minor offences.

It is worthy of notice, as showing the decrease in crime in this county in the last six years, that in 1853 there were at one time in the gaol 109 males and 55 females, and in 1859 the highest number in custody at any one time was 39 males and 11 females.

Juvenile crime has much diminished, and vagrancy has almost disappeared from the registry. There were no sentences to solitary confinement or whipping in 1859.

SOUTH
DISTRICT.
—
Queen's
County
Gaol.

Accommodation.

	M.	F.		M.	F.
Wards, ...	6	2	Bakery, ...	1	—
Yards, ...	13	5	Store Rooms, ...	2	1
Day Rooms, ...	8	4	Laundries, ...	—	1
Solitary Cells, ...	4	4	Drying Rooms, ...	—	1
Single Cells, not less than 9 feet long, 6 feet wide, and 8 feet high—432 cubic feet, ...	67	50	Lavatories, ...	6	12
Cells to contain three persons, ...	15	4	Baths, ...	2	1
Hospital Rooms, ...	2	2	Privies, ...	12	2
Chapel, ...	1	—	Waterclosets, ...	4	2
Workshops, ...	10	4	Fumigating Rooms, ...	1	—
Workshops, ...	12	—	Reception Rooms, ...	2	2
Kitchens, ...	2	—	Pumps and Wells, ...	2	—
			Tread-wheels, ...	1	—

The building was throughout in excellent repair, secure, dry, well ventilated, very clean, and abundantly supplied with water, which is raised by the tread-wheel. The sewerage is very effective. The bedding, sheets, and clothing were sufficient, but some of the blankets, especially those furnished in the marshalsea, were very thin.

Stock at the time of Inspection.

		<i>Male Clothing.</i>	<i>Female Clothing.</i>
Pairs Blankets, ...	219	Shirts, ... 91	Capes, ... 135
Pairs Sheets, ...	108	Jackets, ... 82	Shifts, ... 85
Rugs, ...	206	Trowsers, ... 82	Gowns, ... 68
Hammocks or Cots, ...	169	Caps, ... 113	Petticoats, ... 73
Bed-ticks, ...	209	Socks or Stockings, ... 12	Shoes, ... 37
		Pairs Shoes, ... 54	

No change has taken place since the last inspection in the accommodation, which is ample in every respect. The heating apparatus and bells of the new female prison were in perfect working order, and the only improvement I would suggest in this prison is that the lavatories should be partitioned.

In the male prison there are no covered lavatories, but tubs, towels, and soap are furnished in every yard. There are baths for each sex, in which all are washed on admission, and subsequently as occasion requires. The kitchen, bakehouse, stores, &c., are sufficient.

Separation in its integrity is carried out with all criminal classes of females, the laundry being partitioned, and other employment being carried on in the cells.

Classification amongst males is carefully attended to, in accordance with the directions of the Prisons Act, and the juveniles are kept apart from the adults. Very praiseworthy efforts are made to maintain approximative separation, all sleeping and taking their meals in single cells, and the tread-wheel being fitted with partitions, so as to impose wholesome restrictions upon association and communication during the hours of labour.

No classification, however, can supply the place of individual separation, the success of which system has been so fully proved in the female side of this prison; the daily average of females in the gaol of the Queen's County having sunk to 7, or to one-third of that of the males, 22; and it being notorious that this enormous and disproportionate reduction is in great measure owing to the introduction of separation, which has freed the female prison of the presence of those habitual and recurrent inmates, for whom an associative prison, which affords them opportunities of obtaining recruits, has no terrors, but who regard with the utmost dread the reduction of one under the separate system.

It is to be hoped, therefore, that at no distant period the male prison may be

SOUTH
DURHAM.
—
Queen's
County
Gaol.

adapted to separation, so that the entire gaol may be under an uniform system, for the administration of which the zealous and efficient Governor has shown such capability.

The lock-up is attended by the Governor or his deputy, and a watchman patrols at night, whose vigilance is tested by two tall-tale clocks placed in different parts of the prison.

Punishments for Prison Offences.

<i>From 1st January to 31st December, 1858.</i>			<i>From 1st January to day of Inspection.</i>		
	M.	F.		M.	F.
Punishment Cells, ...	2	—	Punishment Cells, ...	2	—

These punishments were ordered by the Governor, who is deserving of much credit for the maintenance of strict discipline with so little punishment. I minutely inspected the punishment cells and found them in excellent order. The Punishment Book is duly submitted to the Board at each meeting.

Employment.—Positive Labour.

MALES.			FEMALES.		
Tread-wheel, ...	8		Washing and Cleaning, ...	1	
Prison Duties, ...	6		Prison Duties, ...	2	
			In Hospital, ...	1	

Industrial Labour.

MALES.			FEMALES.		
Shoemaking, ...	2		Spinning and Carding, ...	2	
Tailoring, ...	2		Knitting, ...	1	
Mat-making, ...	6		Embroidery and Plain-work, ...	1	
Brush-making, ...	2				
Weaving Linen, ...	1				
Matting and Frieze, ...	2				
Smith-work, ...	2				

When the number of hard-labour prisoners is sufficient to work the tread-wheel, they are worked on it for three-and-half hours daily. When the tread-wheel can not be worked, water is raised by a hand-pump. The great reduction in the number of hands has much restricted the amount of industrial labour performed, and of profits derived by the sale of articles manufactured, but very creditable endeavours are made to instruct in handicrafts, and to supply prison necessities by prison labour.

The number of females barely suffices to wash and mend for the prison.

Total of net profit produced by articles disposed of outside the gaol for the last two years:—

1857, ...	£33 5s. 1d.	1858, ...	£18 14s. 11d.
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Schools.

School hours.—Males—From 4 to 5 p.m. in winter, and from 5 to 6 p.m. in summer. Females—From 4 to 5 p.m. in winter, and from 5 to 6 p.m. in summer.

	M.	F.
Number of individual prisoners attending school during the year 1858, ...	308	68
Average number attending daily, ...	15	8

The males are instructed in reading, writing, and arithmetic, for an hour daily, by the turnkeys in their respective classes. The matron devotes a great portion of the day to the instruction of the females in their cells, for each of which reading and copy-books are furnished. The turnkeys were reported to me by the Governor to be competent to teach, but I am of opinion that the appointment of a trained schoolmaster, who might also teach the females in presence of the matron, is very desirable, for the present salaries are not sufficient to insure the services of persons competent to act as schoolmasters, as well as to discharge the duties of discipline officers.

Proper registries of progress are kept, and I was informed that the Chaplains visited the schools frequently, but I found no entries of such visits in the column provided in the registries for that purpose.

Dietary and Contracts.

SOUTH
DISTRICT.
—
Queen's
County
Gaol.

Males.—Breakfast—3 oz. meal, in stirabout, and $\frac{1}{2}$ pint new milk. Dinner—14 oz. brown bread and 1 pint new milk.

Females.—Breakfast—7 oz. meal, in stirabout, and $\frac{1}{2}$ pint new milk. Dinner—12 oz. brown bread and $\frac{1}{2}$ pint new milk.

Juveniles.—Breakfast—3 oz. meal, in stirabout, and $\frac{1}{2}$ pint new milk. Dinner—8 oz. brown bread and 1 pint of soup. Supper—4 oz. bread.

N.B.—Male and female adults whose imprisonment does not exceed a month, instead of milk receive—the males 1 pint and the females $\frac{1}{2}$ pint soup for dinner.

Contracts.—Bread, baked in the prison; oatmeal, per stone, 2s.; Indian meal, per ton, £5 5s.; potatoes, per stone, 4d.; meat, per lb., 6d.; new milk, per gallon, 4 $\frac{1}{2}$ d.; buttermilk, per gallon, 2 $\frac{1}{2}$ d.; salt, per cwt., 2s.; coals, per ton, 19s.; turf, per hundred, £5; straw, per cwt., 1s. 6d.; candles, per doz. lbs., 5s. 6d.; soap, per cwt., 27s.

Net cost of dietary per day for each prisoner on the day of inspection, and on the corresponding day in the three preceding years:—

1846, . . . 3d. | 1857, . . . 2 $\frac{1}{2}$ d. | 1858, . . . 3d. | 1859, . . . 3d.

The bread is baked in the prison. There were no complaints of the provisions, which are regularly inspected by the Chaplains, who should be supplied with "Inspection of Provision Books," in which to record their opinions of the quality of each article of food issued.

Books and Accounts.

The various registries and books relating to statistics of crime, discipline, and finance are kept with great care and accuracy. The forms recommended by the Inspectors-General have been adopted with three exceptions, "Inspection of Provisions Book," "Extra Diet Book," and "Visitors to Prisoners Book."

The Chaplains' journals are duly submitted to the Board, and the Governor's journal is very satisfactory. The entries of the duration of visits are not made with due regularity in the extern officers' gate-book, especially in the cases of the Surgeon and Roman Catholic Chaplain. The accounts are very clear and explicit.

Total net cost of gaol, including dietary and salaries, for the three preceding years:—

1846, . . £1,451 6s. 4d. | 1857, . . £1,363 14s. 2d. | 1858, . . £1,305 18s. 1d.

Officers and Salaries.

	£	s.	d.		£	s.	d.
Rev. J. Harpur, Local Inspector,	60	0	0	William Sythes, 5th Turnkey,			
Rev. W. Goodwin, P. Chaplain,	40	0	0	Mat-maker,	27	10	0
Rev. J. Taylor, R.C. disto,	40	0	0	Richard Temant, 6th Turnkey,			
John Jacob, Surgeon,	—			Stone-mason,	25	0	0
Thos. Pilsworth, Apothecary,	20	0	0	James Heenan, 7th Turnkey,			
James Young, Governor,	200	0	0	Stone-mason,	25	0	0
David Weir, Deputy Governor,	60	0	0	Thomas Donovan, 1st Watch-			
Thomas Cobbe, Gate Porter,	30	0	0	man, Baker,	25	0	0
Wm. Whistfield, 1st Turnkey,				Henry Sythes, 2nd Watch-			
Shoemaker,	30	0	0	man, Shoemaker,	25	0	0
Henry Dawson, 2nd Turnkey,	30	0	0	Mary Anne Sythes, 1st Ma-			
Abraham Case, 3rd Turnkey,	30	0	0	tron,	21	0	0
Robert Bryan, 4th Turnkey,				Mary Anne Nicholls, 2nd Ma-			
Weaver,	27	10	0	tron,	17	10	0
				Anne Dawson, Nurse,	21	0	0

The extern officers receive their salaries at Assizes, the intern monthly—none get rations. The turnkeys are supplied with uniforms. The Governor informed me that the Board intended not to fill up the vacancies which would shortly occur by the superannuation of two turnkeys, and represented that the discipline of the gaol would suffer by such a decrease in the number of his officers. I think that the number of turnkeys might be reduced by one but not by two.

SOUTH
DUMFRIES.Queen's
County
Gaol.

Officers' Visits.

	From 1st Jan. to 31st Dec. in the year 1853.	From 1st Jan. up to day of inspection, 1853.
Local Inspector, ...	109	108
Surgeon (in person), ...	50	38
Protestant Chaplain, ...	175	156
Roman Catholic Chaplain, ...	137	125
Surgeon (by substitute), ...	65	76

The visits of the Surgeon and the Roman Catholic Chaplain do not reach the minimum number prescribed by section 69 and 72 of 7 Geo. IV. cap. 74. The Surgeon had not visited in person even once a week, although he is required to visit twice at least in every week; nor does the Prisons Act empower him to depute another surgeon to perform his duties.

Hospitals.

There is sufficient and distinct accommodation for the sick of each sex. The hospital was clean and airy, and contains baths and water-closets.

	1856.	1857.	1858.
Number in hospital, ...	19	25	20
Number of days in hospital, ...	536	630	539
Number of deaths, ...	1	2	1
Cost of medicine, ...	£8 12s. 1d.	£5 4s. 4d.	—

Board of Superintendence.

Viscount De Vesel.	William W. Despard, esq.	Lewis Moore, esq.
George Adair, esq.	M. S. Cassan, esq.	R. J. Hawkesworth, esq.
Chidley Coote, esq.	Rev. J. T. Moore.	Henry White, esq.
Allen J. Walsh, esq.	Thomas Kemmis, esq.	Major Carden.

The Board meets regularly once a month. All bills are paid monthly by cheque for aggregate amount given to Governor, who returns the receipts at the next meeting of the Board.

Bridewells.

Bridewells.

The Grand Jury, at the Summer Assizes of 1859, passed a resolution recommending the abolition of the three bridewells of this county.

I regret, however, to state that the Privy Council considered such abolition incompatible with the prescription of the Prisons Act, that bridewells should be built in all towns in which Quarter Sessions are held, and did not deem it expedient to remove all the Quarter Sessions to Maryborough.

The recommendation of the Grand Jury was consequently not adopted, but I trust that a Consolidated Prisons Bill, which passed a second reading in the first Session of 1859, may be reintroduced this year and become law; and that as it removes the necessity of building bridewells in all Quarter Sessions towns, there may be no longer any obstacle to the closing of these defective and unnecessary prisons, the want of accommodation and faults in the construction of which are shown in the annexed tabular statement.

STATE OF BRIDEWELLS.

SOUTH
DISTRICT.
Queen's
County.
Bridewells.

	Borris-in-Omory.		Straitally.		Abbeylax.	
	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.
No. of Commitments in past year, ...	20	12	35	9	65	28
Of whom were Drunkards, ...	1	—	1	—	26	—
No. of Commitments in the quarter preceding Inspection, ...	1	—	2	1	16	9
Of whom were Drunkards, ...	—	—	—	—	5	3
Petty Sessions and Transmittals.	Fortnightly; regular.		Fortnightly; regular.		Fortnightly; regular.	
Commitments, ...	Correct.		Correct.		Correct.	
Registry, ...	Correct.		Correct.		Correct.	
Repairs and Order, ...	Good.		Good.		Tolerable.	
Security, ...	Indifferent.		Yard very insecure.		Indifferent.	
Accommodation, ...	Very insufficient; only one yard.		Very insufficient; only one yard.		Very bad and insufficient.	
Furniture, Bedding, and Utensils.	Sufficient.		Sufficient.		Sufficient.	
Water, ...	Pump on premises.		Pump on premises.		Pump had been dry for six months.	
Sewerage, ...	Effective.		Effective.		No sewer from privy; very offensive.	
Cleanliness, Dryness, and Ventilation.	Satisfactory.		Satisfactory.		Clean, but damp, dark, and close.	
Cost of Dietary per head per day.	Males, 4d.; females, 3½d.		6d.		Males, 4½d.; females, 4d.	
Salary of Keeper, ...	£25.		£25.		£25.	
Whether Keeper follows any other employment.	None.		None.		None.	
Remarks, ...	—		—		—	

FELTON F. W. HERVEY, *Inspector-General.*

SOUTH
DISTRICT.COUNTY OF TIPPERARY (NORTH RIDING) GAOL, AT NENAGH.—VISITED THE
3RD AND 7TH OF MAY, 1859.County of
Tipperary
(North
Riding)
Gaol.

State on the 3rd.

Denomination of Class.	No. in each Class.			No. Sick in Hospital.		
	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.
Pauper Debtors, ...	1	—	1	—	—	—
UNTRIED.						
For Felony, ...	6	—	6	1	—	1
Deserters, ...	1	—	1	—	—	—
TRIED.						
Cases Disposed of at Assizes and Sessions.						
Of Felony or Larceny:—						
To Imprisonment, ...	19	12	31	1	1	2
Of Misdemeanors, &c., ...	1	—	1	—	—	—
Disposed of Summarily.						
For Larceny, ...	6	7	13	—	—	—
Non-payment of Fines and Penalties, .	1	—	1	—	—	—
Vagrants, ...	1	—	1	—	—	—
Dangerous Lunatics, ...	17	3	20	5	5	6
Gross Totals, ...	53	22	75	7	4	11

Offences, &c., of Juveniles Classified at the time of Inspection.

	16 Years and under.		16 Years and above 10.		20 Years and above 16.	
	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.
Felons convicted, ...	—	—	1	—	—	—
Misdemeanants convicted, ...	—	—	—	—	—	—
Committed for trial at Assizes and Sessions—Felons, ...	—	—	2	—	—	—
Summary Convictions, ...	—	—	—	—	—	—
Offenders on leaving Workhouse, .	—	—	—	—	—	—
Twice imprisoned, ...	—	—	—	—	—	—
Five times imprisoned, and upwards, .	—	—	—	—	—	—

Total number of all classes in gaol on the day of inspection, and on the corresponding day in the three preceding years:—

	M.	F.		M.	F.
May 3rd, 1859, ...	53	22	May 3rd, 1857, ...	65	22
Do. 1858, ...	65	18	Do. 1856, ...	61	29

Committals, Re-Committals, and Averages.

From 1st January to 31st December, 1858.			From 1st Jan. to day of Inspection, 1859.		
	M.	F.		M.	F.
Committals—Debtors, ...	9	—	Committals—Debtors, ...	8	—
Criminals, ...	253	169	Criminals, ...	71	26
Vagrants, ...	18	9	Vagrants, ...	3	1
Drunkards, ...	155	29	Drunkards, ...	81	9
Lunatics, ...	23	6	Lunatics, ...	10	2
Total, ...	458	153	Total, ...	168	40
Re-Committals—Once, ...	21	13	Re-Committals—Once, ...	—	—
Twice, ...	4	3	Twice, ...	2	—
Thrice, ...	2	—	Thrice, ...	1	—
Four times and more, ...	1	1	Four times and more, ...	1	—
Total, ...	28	17	Total, ...	4	—

Committals, Re-Committals, and Averages—continued.

From 1st January to 31st December, 1858. From 1st January to day of Inspection, 1859.

	M.	F.		M.	F.
Average daily number, .	62 $\frac{2}{3}$	22 $\frac{1}{3}$	Average daily number, .	57 $\frac{1}{2}$	23 $\frac{1}{2}$
Highest at any one time, .	83	38	Highest at any one time, .	65	31
Lowest ditto, .	48	15	Lowest ditto, .	30	22
Average daily number in Hospital, .	61 $\frac{1}{2}$	23 $\frac{1}{2}$	Average daily number in Hospital, .	54 $\frac{1}{2}$	24 $\frac{1}{2}$

SOUTH DISTRICT.
County of Tipperary (North Riding) Gaol.

The committals of both sexes in 1858 were fewer than in 1857, but the decrease was much greater in the male than in the female.

In the re-committals there was no change in the male, and a slight decrease in the female, and in the daily average there has been a progressive decrease in both sexes during the years 1856, 1857, and 1858.

The numbers in custody on the 3rd of May, for four successive years, have not varied much.

As regards the nature of crime larcenies have considerably diminished, and the number of drunkards committed to this gaol has much decreased.

Juvenile offences also have much diminished.

Of the 75 in custody, 20, viz., 17 males and 3 females, were dangerous lunatics. It is universally admitted, and has been frequently stated in preceding reports, that the care of these unfortunate beings occupies so large a portion of the time and attention of the officers and the same prisoners as to interfere most prejudicially with the maintenance of due classification and discipline, and, moreover, that the detention of lunatics in prisons, none of which are provided with the appliances requisite for, or with officers experienced in their treatment, cannot but tend to decrease the chances of their recovery, and I trust that at no distant period a legislative enactment will carry out the recommendations of the Royal Commissioners, and relieve the gaols of the presence of the insane.

There were no sentences to solitary confinement or whipping in 1858.

Accommodation.

	M.	F.		M.	F.
Wards, ...	8	4	Workshops, ...	3	—
Yards, ...	10	6	Kitchens, ...	1	—
Day Rooms, ...	11	4	Bakery, ...	1	—
Solitary Cells, ...	4	4	Store Rooms, ...	8	2
Single Cells, not less than 9 feet long, 8 feet wide, and 8 feet high, = 432 cubic feet, ...	—	—	Laundries, ...	—	2
Single Cells of smaller size, ...	122	18	Drying Room, ...	—	1
Cells to contain three persons, ...	37	14	Lavatories, ...	1	—
Sleeping Rooms, ...	14	5	Baths, ...	7	4
No. of Beds in such Rooms, ...	14	5	Privies, ...	17	10
Hospital Rooms, ...	5	3	Water-closets, ...	1	—
Chapels, ...	1	1	Reception Rooms, ...	1	1
School Rooms, ...	1	1	Pumps and wells, ...	2	—
Workshops, ...	8	2	Tread-wheels, ...	1	—
			Crank-mill, ...	1	—
			Other Machines for Labour, ...	1	—

The building was throughout in good repair, well ventilated, clean, dry, and orderly, with the exception that I found several tobacco-pipes concealed in the cells of one class. As I distinctly perceived the smell of smoking before the pipes were discovered, and called attention to it, the turnkey in charge had clearly neglected his duty.

The supply of water, now generally raised by the hand-pump, is sufficient, and the sewerage effective and frequently flushed. The bedding, blankets, and sheets were sufficient, and adequate prison clothing is regularly issued.

Stock at the time of Inspection.

Pairs Blankets, ...	373	Rings, ...	272	Bed-ticks, ...	276
Pairs Sheets, ...	230	Hammocks or Cots, ...	12		
<i>Male Clothing.</i>					
Shirts, ...	53	Trowsers, ...	65	Pairs Shoes, ...	40
Jackets, ...	61	Caps, ...	44		
<i>Female Clothing.</i>					
Caps, ...	27	Gowns, ...	55	Stockings, ...	34
Shifts, ...	39	Petticoats, ...	52	Shoes, ...	27

SOUTH
DISTRICT.
County of
Tipperary
(North
Riding)
Gaol.

No change had taken place in the accommodation up to the time of my visit, but one section of the male, and one of the female prison, which are already heated with hot water, were about to be adapted to separation, and I feel confident that the success which will attend the introduction of the separate system, efficiently administered, as it will be by the experienced Governor, will induce the local authorities ultimately to establish it throughout the entire prison. In company with some members of the Board I examined carefully the sections proposed to be altered. We considered that boards should be substituted for the stone flagging in the cells, the doors made to open inwards, so as to give more room for passing along the galleries, and water-closets erected on each story; and of course bells must be put up in each cell. The Governor, who has successfully conducted many similar works, undertook to execute these alterations for the most part with prison labour, and I have since been informed that they are actually in progress.

It is very desirable that cots, which may be either removed from the cells or turned up during the day, should be substituted for the fixed iron bedsteads, which occupy much space, and moreover afford opportunities for lounging.

This gaol is well provided with storerooms, bakery, kitchen, workshops, and baths, and there are lavatories attached to each section.

There are five classes of males (exclusive of debtors) and four of females, but the necessity of employing prisoners to attend upon the large number of lunatics always present in this gaol very much interferes with the classification.

The females, however, are subjected to approximative separation, and all of both sexes, except the lunatics and their attendants, sleep and take their meals in single cells.

The Governor usually attends the lock-up, and there is a nightly patrol (a watchman, and a turnkey by rotation of all, on alternate nights), but there is no toll-tale clock to test their vigilance.

Punishments for Prison Offences.

From 1st January to 31st December, 1858.		From 1st Jan. to day of Inspection, 1859.	
	M. F.		M. F.
Punishment Cells, ...	—	Punishment Cells, ...	—
Other Punishments, ...	31 5	Other Punishments, ...	8 2

All the above punishments, small in number, although strict discipline is maintained, were inflicted by order of the Governor.

Employment on day of Inspection.

<i>Positive Labour.</i>		<i>Industrial Labour.</i>	
	M. F.		M. F.
Stone-breaking, ...	4	Carpenters, ...	2
Grinding Oars, ...	14	Shoemakers, ...	1
Tread-mill & Force-pump, ...	6	Tailors, ...	2
Unemployed and Sick, ...	11	Tinman, ...	1
Prison Duties, ...	6	Weavers and Winders, ...	2
Bake-house, ...	1	Mat-making & teasing Fibre, ...	3
Prison Duties, ...	—	Washing, ...	4
Unemployed and Sick, ...	7	Mangling, ...	2
	—	Needlework, ...	4
Total, ...	42 9	Knitting, ...	1
		Spinning, ...	2
		Total, ...	11 13

This department continues to be conducted with very creditable activity. The above return shows that industrial employment is still extensively carried on, notwithstanding the reduction in the number of available hands, caused partly by the decrease in crime, and partly by the increase in the number of lunatics to be attended upon. The turnkey who instructs in weaving had lately broken his leg, and consequently several looms were idle at the time of my visit.

The females wash for the prison, and for the public at remunerative prices.

All the prison necessaries, including clothing, are supplied by prison labour.

Total of net profit produced by articles disposed of outside the gaol for the last two years:—

1857, £43 14s. 6d.; 1858, £35 15s. 3d.

Schools.

	M.	F.	Sourc District.
Number of individual prisoners attending school during the year 1836,	152	102	County of Tipperary (North Riding) Gaol.
Average number attending daily,	21	13	
<i>School-hours.</i> —10 to 11 o'clock, a.m., and 5½ to 6½ o'clock, p.m.			

The males are instructed in reading, writing, and arithmetic, by a duly qualified turnkey, and the females by the matron. Satisfactory registries of progress are kept. The Roman Catholic Chaplain frequently visits the school and reports very favourably of its conduct in the column of registry headed "Remarks," as suggested by my colleague last year.

Dietary and Contracts.

Males.—Breakfast—8 oz. of oatmeal with ½ pint of new milk. Dinner—14 oz. of bread with 1 pint of new milk.
Females.—Breakfast—7 oz. of oatmeal with ½ pint of new milk. Dinner—12 oz. of bread with ¾ pint of new milk.
Oatmeal groed two days each week, and to prisoners whose imprisonment does not exceed one month, daily for dinner only.

Contracts.—Bread, baked in gaol at 3d. per 4 lb. loaf; oatmeal, per cwt., 14s.; meat, per lb., 4d.; new milk, per gallon, 7d.; buttermilk, per gallon, 3d.; coals, per ton, 23s. 6d.; candles, per lb., 6d. and 7d.; soap, per cwt., 22s. 9d.

Net cost of dietary per day for each prisoner, on day of inspection, and on the corresponding day in the three preceding years:—May 3rd, 1839, 3½d.; 1838, 3½d.; 1837, 3½d.; 1836, 3½d.

There were no complaints of the provisions, which are regularly inspected by the Chaplains, but it is necessary that an "Inspection of Provisions Book" should be established, according to the Form furnished, in which these officers should enter their opinion of the quality of each article of food examined. The bread, which is baked in the prison, was as usual excellent.

Books and Accounts.

The registries, books, and accounts, are kept with great care and accuracy, and afford the minutest information upon all subjects, whether relating to the statistics of crime, finance, or discipline.

The Local Inspector, Chaplains, Surgeon, and Governor, keep journals, which are duly submitted to the Board, at each meeting. The gate-books, both for intern and extern officers, are carefully kept, and the work accounts are peculiarly satisfactory, and indicate how each prisoner was employed every day. The issues of extra diet are now properly restricted and recorded.

Total net cost of gaol, including dietary and salaries, for the three preceding years:—

1836, £2,229 8s. 9d.; 1837, £2,077 13s. 3d.; 1838, £1,917 1s. 6d.

Officers and Salaries.

T. T. Abbott, Local Inspector,	£100	Wm. Roberts, Painter,	£36
Rev. W. B. Chester, Protestant Chaplain,	50	Geo. Robinson, Tailor,	36
Rev. J. Scanlan, R. C. Chaplain,	50	Robert Parker, Weaver,	36
George Frith, Surgeon,	60	Thomas Pyke, Shoemaker,	36
Francis Cahlan, Apothecary,	25	Edw. Greene, Miller,	36
Thomas Rock, Governor,	275	Henry Alcock, Turnkey in charge of Bake-house,	36
James Going, Head Turnkey and Clerk,	60	James Plesse, Watchman,	36
John Ryan, Gatekeeper,	40	Eliza Betty, Matron,	48
Philip Hemy, Carpenter,	40	Honoria Partill, Assistant,	24
Robert Hawkey, Smith and Schoolmaster,	40	Mary Partill, Landdress,	24
		Mary Galbraith, Nurse,	24
		Bridget Kelly, Nurse,	24

The extern officers and Governors are paid half-yearly, the other officers monthly. All the interns, except the Governor, receive two pounds of white bread and one quart of new milk daily. The turnkeys, most of whom are handicraftsmen, are supplied with suitable uniforms and arms.

South
Dumfries.County of
Tipperary
(North
Hiding)
Gaol.

	Officers' Visits.	
	From 1st Jan. to 31st Dec in the Year 1836.	From 1st Jan. up to day of Inspection, 1837.
Local Inspector, ...	317	106
Surgeon, &c., ...	300	101
Protestant Chaplain, ...	128	50
Roman Catholic Chaplain, ...	238	79

Hospitals.

There are distinct and sufficient hospitals for each sex.

These buildings were clean and airy, but have not yet been provided with baths or water-closets.

There were no patients except lunatics. The gaol had been very healthy and free from epidemic.

Number in hospital, total number of days and cost of medicine, and number of deaths for the last three years; each separately:—

	1835.	1837.	1836.
Number in hospital, ...	33	61	55
Number of days in hospital, ...	2,294	3,142	3,399
Cost of Medicine, ...	£39 6s. 3d.	£11 3s. 8d.	£14 8s.
Number of Deaths, ...	3	5	1

Board of Superintendence.

J. R. Minnit, esq.	R. E. Phillips, esq.	Captain Carroll.
John Going, esq.	Sir W. Osborne, bart.	Captain Bayly.
Caleb Golog, esq.	Richard Gason, esq.	Captain Holmes.
Thomas Sadler, esq.	Major Jackson.	Henry O. Saunders, esq.

The Board always meets once a month, and oftener, if summoned for special business.

All accounts are paid monthly by separate cheques to each creditor, signed by three members of the Board.

I beg leave to recommend that at each meeting of the Board a member should be deputed to inspect the gaol throughout.

Bridewells.

Bridewells.

Borrisokane.

Borrisokane.—No prisoners in custody. Twenty in the last quarter, of whom four were drunkards. This small and inconvenient bridewell has not been improved in any respect. The accommodation for prisoners consists of merely one cell and one small day-room, and one yard, for each sex, and the keeper has but one miserable little room, which he and his family use for day-room, sleeping-room, and kitchen. The pump was, as in 1837, in an unfinished and useless state, and the yards are quite insecure.

The building, however, was clean and orderly, and sufficiently supplied with bedding, blankets, and sheets.

Petty Sessions are held fortnightly; transmittals immediate; registry and committals correct. The Local Inspector visits regularly.

Dietary.—Oatmeal stirabout and new milk for breakfast, white bread and buttermilk for dinner; cost, 4d. per head per day.

Salary of keeper, £30.

Roscrea.

Roscrea.—No prisoners. Seventy in the last quarter, of whom forty-nine were drunkards. The building was throughout in good repair, clean, and orderly. *There is no water on the premises, and no sewerage*, the privies being only clearable by carrying out the soil through the house. The yards insecure, owing to the projection at base of house and position of the windows. The nuisance of the open ash-pit in the male yard continues. Some new bed-ticks and blankets required, and a few spare sheets. Petty Sessions are held weekly, and transmittals regular. Registry and committals very correct. The Local Inspector had not visited in the first quarter of 1839.

Dietary.—Stirabout, bread, and milk. Cost per head per day—males, 2½d.; females, 2½d.

Salary of keeper, £30.

Templemore.

Templemore.—Two male prisoners. Forty-seven in the last quarter, of whom twenty-four were drunkards. This bridewell was clean and orderly, but was in

want of considerable repair. The walls required to be thoroughly repaired, the furniture to be mended, and the woodwork to be painted. No repairs, however, can make this building a good prison. The accommodation is quite inadequate, the yards are very insecure, and prisoners can without difficulty communicate with persons outside, as the windows of the sleeping cells open immediately into the street.

Water is supplied from a pump in the male yard, and the sewerage is effective. A few new blankets wanted; bedding and sheets sufficient. Petty Sessions weekly, transmittals regular, registry and committals correct. The Local Inspector had not visited in the first quarter of 1859.

Dietary as at Roscrea. Cost per head per day—males, 2½d.; females, 2½d.

Salary of keeper, £30.

Thurles.—One male and one female in custody. One hundred and twelve in the last quarter, of whom seventy-five were drunkards. This bridewell contains sufficient accommodation, and was in a very creditable condition. Water is supplied from good pumps on the premises. The sewerage is imperfect, the sewers being on too high a level. Bedding and blankets sufficient, but a few more spare sheets required. Petty Sessions weekly, transmittals regular, registry and committals very correct.

Dietary—Stout and milk, bread and gruel. Cost per head per day—males, 2½d.; females, 2½d.

Salary of keeper, £50, having lately been raised £10.

N.B.—It is desirable that a space in front of this bridewell should be enclosed with an iron railing to prevent persons outside overhearing all that passes in the keeper's room, in which investigations are sometimes held by the Magistrates.

FELTON F. W. HERVEY, *Inspector-General.*

COUNTY OF TIPPERARY (SOUTH RIDING) GAOL, AT CLONMEL.—VISITED THE 16TH AND 17TH OF AUGUST, 1859.

County of
Tipperary
(South
Riding)
Gaol.

State on the 16th.

Denomination of Class.	No. in each Class.			No. Sick in Hospital.		
	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.
Pauper Debtors, ...	1	—	1	—	—	—
UNTRIED.						
For Felony, ...	1	—	1	—	—	—
„ Larceny, ...	—	1	1	—	—	—
TRIED.						
Cases Disposed of at Assizes and Sessions.						
Of Felony or Larceny:—						
To Imprisonment, ...	16	12	28	—	—	—
Of Misdemeanors, &c., ...	12	—	12	—	—	—
Disposed of Summarily.						
For Larceny, ...	2	10	12	—	—	—
In default of Bail, ...	2	5	7	—	—	—
Other Misdemeanors, ...	10	5	15	—	—	—
Under Revenue Laws, ...	—	1	1	—	—	—
Drunkards, ...	4	1	5	—	—	—
Dangerous Lunatics, ...	8	7	15	—	1	1
Gross Totals, ...	56	42	98	—	1	1

SOUTH
DISTRICT.

Offences, &c., of Juveniles Classified at the time of Inspection.

County of
Tipperary
(South
Riding)
Gaol.

	10 Years and under.		16 Years and above 10.		20 Years and above 16.	
	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.
Committed for trial at assizes and Sessions—Felons, . . .	—	1	1	—	—	—
Summary Convictions—Vagrants, . . .	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other Offences, . . .	—	—	1	—	—	—
Three times imprisoned, . . .	—	—	1	—	—	—

Total number of all classes in gaol on the day of inspection, and on the corresponding day for the three preceding years—

	M.	F.		M.	F.
1859, . . .	56	43	1857, . . .	102	51
1858, . . .	65	33	1856, . . .	102	45

Committals, Re-committals, and Averages.

From 1st January to 31st December, 1857.

	M.	F.		M.	F.
Committals—Debtors, . . .	13	—	Re-committals—Once, . . .	12	11
Criminals, . . .	798	437	Twice, . . .	6	3
Vagrants, . . .	75	29	Thrice, . . .	—	—
Drunkards, . . .	602	90	Four times and more, . . .	—	5
Total, . . .	1,488	546	Total, . . .	18	19

	M.	F.
Average daily number, . . .	106 $\frac{2}{3}$	56 $\frac{2}{3}$
Highest at any one time, . . .	141	70
Lowest ditto, . . .	73	31
Average daily number in hospital, . . .	4 $\frac{1}{3}$	2 $\frac{2}{3}$

From 1st January to 31st December, 1858. From 1st January to day of Inspection, 1858.

	M.	F.		M.	F.
Committals—Debtors, . . .	12	2	Committals—Debtors, . . .	8	1
Criminals, . . .	565	370	Criminals, . . .	268	253
Vagrants, . . .	31	12	Vagrants, . . .	5	4
Drunkards, . . .	532	99	Drunkards, . . .	230	64
Lunatics, . . .	16	5	Lunatics, . . .	4	5
Total, . . .	1,146	488	Total, . . .	315	327
Re-committals—Once, . . .	35	32	Re-committals—Once, . . .	14	12
Twice, . . .	11	6	Twice, . . .	7	9
Thrice, . . .	2	2	Thrice, . . .	10	6
Four times and more, . . .	12	6	Four times and more, . . .	6	13
Total, . . .	60	46	Total, . . .	37	41
Average daily number, . . .	69 $\frac{1}{3}$	41 $\frac{1}{3}$	Average daily number, . . .	84	38
Highest at any one time, . . .	102	65	Highest at any one time, . . .	81	51
Lowest ditto, . . .	47	29	Lowest ditto, . . .	50	22
Average daily number in hospital, . . .	2	1	Average daily number in hospital, . . .	21 $\frac{1}{4}$	14 $\frac{1}{4}$

A comparison of the returns of 1858 with those for 1857 shows a very considerable reduction in the amount of crime. In the committals of both sexes the decrease is very striking, and is peculiarly observable under the headings "Criminals" and "Vagrants;" but it is to be noted that male crime has diminished to a far greater extent than female. As to the re-committals, the return for 1857 is believed to be incorrect, so that no reliable comparison between the two years can be made in that particular. The reduction in the daily average, the surest test of the rise and fall of crime, in 1858, is very large as to males, and considerable as to females; and the return for the first seven months and a half promises a progressive decrease under this heading for 1859; and in esti-

matings the decrease in the amount of crime in this district during the last seven years, it must be borne in mind that on the 6th of June, 1852, there were 542 males and 230 females in this gaol, and that the highest number in custody at any one time in 1858 was only 102 males and 65 females.

Juvenile offenders have much decreased; but the presence of "Dangerous Lunatics" continues to be a great burden upon this prison. On the day of inspection there were fifteen of this unfortunate class, with respect to whom it is again necessary to remark, that gaols are not furnished with the appliances necessary for their treatment, or with officers skilled in their management, and that their presence much interferes with discipline and classification.

There were no sentences to solitary confinement or whipping in 1858.

Accommodation.

	M.	F.		M.	F.
Wards, ...	34	4	Workshops, ...	10	4
Yards, ...	18	3	Worksheds, ...	27	—
Day Rooms, ...	10	4	Kitchens, ...	1	—
Solitary Cells, ...	8	2	Store Rooms, ...	5	—
Single Cells, not less than 9 feet long, 6 feet wide, and 8 feet high, = 432 cubic feet, ...	100	40	Laundries, ...	1	1
Single Cells of larger size, ...	39	—	Drying Rooms, ...	1	2
Cells to contain three persons, ...	57	—	Lavatories, ...	8	2
Sleeping Rooms, ...	6	4	Baths, ...	7	1
No. of Beds in such Rooms, ...	25	30	Privies, ...	18	3
Hospital Rooms, ...	10	4	Water-closets, ...	1	1
Chapels, ...	2	1	Reception Room, ...	1	—
School Rooms, ...	1	1	Pumps and Wells, ...	10	1
			Tread-wheels, ...	2	—

The prison was throughout in good repair, dry, and well ventilated. With the exception of one range in the House of Correction, in which some untidiness was observable, the building was in a very creditable condition of order and cleanliness. An abundant supply of water is raised by the tread-wheels, and distributed, by pipes, throughout the prison; it is also daily applied to flushing the sewers, which are thoroughly effective. Some of the blankets were very thin, but there was a large supply of them, admitting of their being doubled when required. The bed-ticks, sheets, and prison clothing generally, were sufficient; but some shirts were very ragged.

Stock at the time of Inspection.

<i>Male Clothing.</i>			<i>Female Clothing.</i>		
Pairs Blankets, ...	300		Caps, ...	57	
Pairs Sheets, ...	230		Shirts, ...	57	
Bugs, ...	243		Gowns, ...	56	
Hammocks or Cots, ...	388		Petticoats, ...	54	
Bed-ticks, ...	448		Stockings, ...	14	
			Pairs Shoes, ...	53	
Shirts, ...	126				
Jackets, ...	110				
Trowsers, ...	150				
Caps, ...	108				
Socks or Stockings, ...	18				
Pairs Shoes, ...	108				

No alteration or improvement has been made in the accommodation since the last inspection. It was in contemplation to adapt the female prison to separation, but I fear this project has been abandoned. I would, however, express a hope that it may be again entertained, for experience has shown, as stated by my colleague in his last report, that this system of prison discipline has a great superiority over all others, and is peculiarly suited for females, to whom a gaol, in which they are constantly in association, is little irksome. It is, moreover, an undeniable fact, that the "system of individual separation," even if its efficiency in bringing about reformation be questioned, has this great merit, that prisoners cannot leave a prison where it exists worse members of society and more accomplished criminals than when they entered it; whereas it is notorious, that in associative prisons, notwithstanding the most careful classification, the youth committed for some trifling misdemeanour has frequently been instructed by old criminals in the arts of crime, and has emerged from gaol a confirmed thief.

This is a contingency against which those charged with the management of prisons are bound to provide; and upon those grounds I would earnestly urge the local authorities of this county to establish the separate system in their gaol, which possesses ample facilities for its introduction.

A reference to the accommodation return will show that the male cells far

SOUTH
DISTRICT.
—
County of
Tipperary
(South
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Gaol.

exceed in number existing requirements, whilst the female are not more than sufficient. The Marshalsea is adequate, and the exercising yards, workshops, kitchen, stores, &c., are good. The laundry is now very commodious, but ought to be fitted with partitions to prevent unrestricted communication between the women during the hours of labour.

In the House of Correction there are lavatories in each range, and in the other portions of the prison tubs are provided for the daily personal ablution of the prisoners.

There are good baths, in which all are washed on admission.

The males are supposed to be classified according to the prescriptions of the Prisons Act, but I found felons and misdemeanants in the same class, and also a boy who was to be transmitted to a reformatory at the expiration of his sentence in the gaol classed with adult felons. As there are ten day rooms and eighteen yards for males, this most undesirable mixture of felons and misdemeanants, and adults and juveniles need not occur. The tread-wheels and stone-breaking sheds are partitioned; but at industrial labour and at school the males are more or less congregated.

The females are in two classes, exclusive of lunatics, for whom accommodation, quite apart from the others, is provided.

In one class are untired and drunkards, in the other are those convicted of criminal offences. It is needless to comment upon the utter insufficiency of this classification, which permits an innocent girl to be associated with an abandoned prostitute reeking from the stews of Clonmel. It is, however, but just to state, that the females are employed as much as possible separately, in their cells; but still are congregated at school and in the laundry.

All of both sexes, except debtors and lunatics, sleep and take their meals in separate cells.

The lock-up is attended by the Governor. Two turnkeys, by rotation of all, are on patrol at night; one from 10 P.M. to 2 A.M.; the other, from 2 to 6 A.M.; and their vigilance is tested by three tell-tale clocks.

Punishments for Prison Offences.

<i>From 1st January to 31st December, 1858.</i>			<i>From 1st Jan. to day of Inspection, 1859.</i>		
	N.	F.		N.	F.
Punishment Cells, ...	11	7	Punishment Cells, ...	23	9
Other Punishments, ...	4	7	Other Punishments, ...	5	7
Total, ...	15	14	Total, ...	28	16

The above punishments were all ordered by the Governor. The Punishment Book is duly submitted to, and signed by, the Chairman at each meeting of the Board.

I found a lunatic female locked up in an ordinary cell. I was informed that she had been reported as refractory to the Governor, who, although on leave of absence, had visited the gaol on the day preceding my visit, and that he had ordered her to be thus treated. I was assured that this treatment was not intended as a punishment, because it was not entered in the Punishment Book; but it certainly was a most improper course to pursue towards a lunatic, the more particularly as the surgeon, under whose immediate care the lunatics are, had not been informed of the circumstance, and stated that he would never have sanctioned such a proceeding.

Employment on day of Inspection.

Penitential Labour.

8 Males at Tread-wheel.

Industrial Labour.

MALES.	FEMALES.
3 Shoemakers.	4 Plain work.
4 Weavers.	10 Washing.
9 Scouring.	2 Knitting.
6 Stone-breaking, &c.	2 Spinning.
8 Lunatics.	10 Prison Duties.
	6 Nurses.
	7 Lunatics.
	1 In Hospital.

All the males sentenced to hard labour are worked for four hours per day on the tread-wheel, which is partitioned, and by which water is raised for the supply of the gaol, and for flushing the sewers.

Very creditable attention is paid to industrial labour—weaving, shoemaking, and tailoring being carried on under the superintendence of turnkeys skilled in these handicrafts. Considerable and profitable employment is also afforded by the washing for the barracks, which is done by the male prisoners. The females are usually employed as in the above schedule. Washing for the public, at remunerative prices, is done by them.

Total of net profit produced by articles disposed of outside the gaol for the last two years—

1857, .	£139 11s. 0d.		1858, .	£154 12s. 4d.
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Schools.

School-hours.—Males, from 10 to 12 o'clock; females from 10 to 12 o'clock.

	N.	F.
Number of individual prisoners attending school during year 1858,	261	180
Average number attending daily, 1858,	8	6

Educational instruction is given to the males by the schoolmaster turnkey, and to the females, by the assistant matron, daily, at the above-mentioned hours. Due attention is not paid to teaching writing, for which purpose copybooks and pens and ink, instead of slates, ought to be provided.

The registries of progress are of a bad form, and do not exhibit the graduated advance of the pupils in knowledge. The Chaplains frequently visit the school and enter their comments respecting it in a book kept specially for that purpose.

Dietary and Contracts.

Breakfast.—Males—8 oz. oatmeal in stirabout and $\frac{1}{2}$ pint new milk. Females—7 oz. oatmeal in stirabout and $\frac{1}{2}$ pint new milk. Juveniles—5 oz. oatmeal in stirabout and $\frac{1}{2}$ pint new milk.

Dinner.—Males—14 oz. bread and 1 pint new milk. Females—12 oz. bread and 1 pint new milk. Juveniles—8 oz. bread and 1 pint new milk.

Supper.—Juveniles—4 oz. bread.

Gruel in lieu of milk on Tuesdays and Fridays.

Contracts.—Bread, 4 $\frac{1}{2}$ d. per 4lbs.; oatmeal, 14s. per cwt.; meat, 4 $\frac{1}{2}$ d. per lb.; new milk, 8 $\frac{1}{2}$ d. per gallon; salt, 3 $\frac{1}{2}$ d. per stone; coals, 16s. 8d. per ton; candles, 6 $\frac{1}{2}$ d. per lb.; soap, 27s. per cwt.

Net cost of dietary per day for each prisoner on the day of inspection, and on the corresponding day in the three preceding years.

1859, .	3s. 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ d.		1858, .	3s. 7 $\frac{1}{2}$ d.		1857, .	3s. 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ d.		1856, .	3s. 4 $\frac{1}{2}$ d.
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There were no complaints of the provisions, which are inspected twice a week, by alternate weeks, by the Chaplains, who ought to be supplied with an "Inspection of Provisions Book," in which they should enter their opinion of the quality of each article of food issued.

Books and Accounts.

The books, registries, and accounts are kept with very creditable care and accuracy. The Chaplains' Journals are duly submitted to the Board, and the Local Inspector, Surgeon, and Governor also keep journals.

There was no book showing the duration of the extern officers' visits, and the Governor's and Clerk's names had not been entered in the intern officers' Gate-book, although an express order was made by the Court of Queen's Bench on the subject.

A "Visitors to Prisoners' Book" is also much required. The attention of the Board is requested to these omissions, and to the copy of forms of gaol-books supplied by my colleague and myself, which have already been adopted in the great majority of the gaols. The daily employment of male prisoners is carefully recorded, but not that of females, although it is quite as necessary for the one sex as the other. The Medical Officer's books are peculiarly satisfactory, and are worthy of general adoption.

Total net cost of gaol, including dietary and salaries, for the three preceding years—

1853, .	£3,737 10s. 10d.		1857, .	£3,299 12s. 1d.
1856, .	£3,075 7s. 7d.		1858, .	£3,100 1s. 11 $\frac{1}{2}$ d.

SOUTH
DISTRICT.

County of
Tipperary
(South
Riding)
Gaol.

SOUTH DISTRICT.		Officers and Salaries.								
		£	s.	d.				£	s.	d.
County of Tipperary (South Riding) Gaol.	Rev. James Morton, Local Inspector.	150	0	0	Richard Walsh, Turnkey.	40	0	0		
	Rev. Henry Fry, Protestant Chaplain.	50	0	0	Henry Boshell, do., Weaver.	40	0	0		
	Rev. Michael Bourke, Roman Catholic Chaplain.	50	0	0	Nathaniel Russell, do., Shoemaker.	40	0	0		
	Wm. James Sheill, Surgeon.	74	0	0	Humphrey Jessop, Turnkey.	40	0	0		
	Isaac Strahan, Governor.	250	0	0	John Whetstone, do.	40	0	0		
	Richard Legge, Clerk to Board.	30	0	0	Joseph Kingsley, do.	40	0	0		
	Robert Grubb, Clerk.	100	0	0	Thomas Summers, do., Hospital.	40	0	0		
	Joseph M'Caffrey, Turnkey.	40	0	0	Susan Woods, Matron.	45	0	0		
	James Quinn, do.	40	0	0	Anne Donnelly, Turnkey.	25	0	0		
	Philip Shea, do.	40	0	0	Amelia Nash, do.	22	0	0		
	Edmond Power, do., Schoolmaster.	40	0	0	Catherine Bergin, Hospital Nurse.	22	0	0		
					Ellen Caser, Lunatic Nurse.	26	0	0		

The office of Deputy Governor has been abolished; John Sandford, head turnkey and stockkeeper, and John Fisherston, turnkey, have been placed on a retiring pension; Robert Grubb, late Deputy Governor, has been appointed in the room of John Sandford; Susan Woods appointed matron, vice Frances Bell, resigned; Anne Donnelly to be first female turnkey, vice Woods; Amelia Nash to be second turnkey, vice Cooney, resigned.

From the above it will be seen that Mr. Robert Grubb, formerly Deputy Governor, at a salary of £120 a-year, has been appointed Clerk at £100 a-year; but although styled Clerk he is also required to act as Head Turnkey; and at the time of my visit, the Governor being absent on leave, was in charge of the gaol. Virtually, he has now the same duties to perform as when he was Deputy Governor, together with his new duties as Clerk; and yet, although his work has been doubled, his salary has been reduced by £20 a-year. I cannot refrain from expressing my opinion that this is very harsh treatment of a long-abled and efficient officer, and not calculated to induce gaol officials to be zealous and active, in the full confidence that their exertions will not be overlooked by their employers.

The extern officers and the Governor receive their salaries after each assizes. The other officers monthly. None receive rations. The turnkeys are supplied with uniforms and arms.

Officers' Visits.

	From 1st Jan. to 31st Dec. in the year 1856.	From 1st Jan. up to day of inspection, 1856.
Local Inspector,	296	191
Surgeon, &c.,	270	167
Protestant Chaplain,	169	103
Roman Catholic Chaplain,	217	132

The number of visits paid by all the officers is very satisfactory.

Hospitals.

There is a good hospital for each sex. These buildings are airy, commodious, and excellently managed. They are furnished with baths, but not with water-closets. The health of the gaol had been very good.

Number in hospital, total number of days and cost of medicine, and number of deaths for the last three years—

	1856.	1857.	1858.
Number in Hospital,	169	182	158
No. of days in do.,	1,733	2,301	1,674
No. of Deaths,	1	2	2
Cost of Medicine,	£13 9s.	£10 6s. 11d.	£13 3s. 1d.

Board of Superintendence.

Stephen Moore, esq., J.P.	Samuel Riell, esq., J.P.	Richd. W. Barley, esq., J.P.
Earl of Donoughmore.	John Bagwell, esq., M.P.	Edward Phelan, esq., J.P.
William Quin, esq., J.P.	S. H. G. Adams, esq., J.P.	Percy Gough, esq., J.P.
William H. Riell, esq., J.P.	Joseph Grubb, esq.	Joseph Kenny, esq., J.P.

The Board meets regularly once a month. At each meeting all accounts, except the salaries of the superior officers, are discharged; the payments, unless the amounts be very small, being made by cheques to each creditor.

South
District.

Tipperary
(South
Riding).

Bridewells.

The annexed table is compiled from the notes taken at our respective visits by myself and the Local Inspector, who pays great attention to the condition of these minor prisons.

Bridewells.

STATE OF BRIDEWELLS.

	Carrick-on-Suir.		Tipperary.		Caher.	
	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.
No. of Committals in past year, ...	-	-	-	-	-	-
Of whom were Drunkards, ...	-	-	-	-	-	-
No. of Committals in the quarter preceding inspection, ...	95	27	205	30	63	27
Of whom were Drunkards, ...	70	6	131	18	40	9
Petty Sessions, ...	Fortnightly.		Weekly.		Fortnightly.	
Transmittals, ...	Regular.		Immediate.		Regular.	
Committals, ...	Correct.		Very correct.		Correct.	
Registry, ...	Correct.		Very correct.		Correct.	
Repairs, ...	Good.		Very good.		Good.	
Security, ...	Satisfactory.		Satisfactory.		Satisfactory.	
Accommodation, ...	Sufficient.		Ample.		Sufficient; except no drunkards' cell.	
Furniture, Bedding, and Utensils, ...	Blankets very bad; some night buckets wanted.		Sufficient.		Sufficient.	
Water, ...	Supplied by pump on premises.		Pump.		Contract.	
Sewerage, ...	Tolerable.		Effective.		Good.	
Cleanliness, Dryness, and Ventilation, ...	Satisfactory.		Very satisfactory.		Satisfactory.	
Cost of Dietary per head per day, ...	Males, 4d.; females, 3½d.		3d.		3½d.	
Salary of Keeper, ...	£35 0 0		£40 0 0		£35 0 0	
Whether Keeper follows any other employment, ...	None.		Court keeper		None.	
Remarks, ...	—		—		—	

STATE OF BRIDEWELL.—continued.

SOUTH
DISTRICT.Tipperary
(South
Riding).

Bridewells.

	Clogheen.		Cashel.		Newbirmingham.	
	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.
No. of Commitments in past year, ...	—	—	—	—	—	—
Of whom were Drunkards, ...	—	—	—	—	—	—
No. of Commitments in the quarter preceding Inspection, ...	44	1	117	22	16	1
Of whom were Drunkards, ...	37	1	96	10	9	—
Petty Sessions, ...	Fortnightly.		Weekly.		Fortnightly at Ballynooty.	
Transmittals, ...	Regular.		Regular.		Regular.	
Commitments, ...	Correct.		Correct.		Correct.	
Registry, ...	Correct.		Correct.		Correct.	
Repairs, ...	Good; windows of cells have been glazed.		Good.		Good.	
Security, ...	Indifferent.		Satisfactory.		Indifferent.	
Accommodation, ...	Limited.		Sufficient.		Fair.	
Furniture, Bedding, and Utensils, ...	Sufficient.		Blankets and rugs bad.		Sufficient.	
Water, ...	Contract.		Pump useless; new well ought to be sunk.		Contract.	
Sewerage, ...	Bad.		Fair.		Fair.	
Cleanliness, Dryness, and Ventilation, ...	Satisfactory.		Satisfactory.		Satisfactory.	
Cost of Dietary per head per day, ...	2½d.		3½d.		Males, 6d.; females, 4d.	
Salary of Keeper, ...	£35 0 0		£40 0 0		£25 0 0	
Whether Keeper follows any other employment, ...	None.		Court keeper.		None.	
Remarks, ...	—		—		—	

FELTON F. W. HERVEY, Inspector-General.

COUNTY OF WATERFORD GAOL.—VISITED THE 15TH AUGUST, 1859.

SOUTH DISTRICT.

County of Waterford Gaol.

State.

Designation of Class.	No. in each Class.			No. Sick in Hospital.		
	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.
For Contempt of Court, . . .	1	—	1	—	—	—
UNTRIED.						
For Felony, ...	2	—	2	—	—	—
„ Larceny, ...	1	—	1	—	—	—
„ Misdemeanors, ...	1	—	1	—	—	—
TRIED.						
Cases disposed of at Assizes and Sessions.						
Of Felony or Larceny:—						
To Imprisonment, ...	5	4	9	1	1	2
Of Misdemeanors, &c., ...	1	—	1	—	—	—
Disposed of Summarily.						
For Larceny, ...	1	1	2	1	—	1
Other Misdemeanors, ...	2	—	2	—	—	—
Vagrants, ...	—	1	1	—	—	—
Dangerous Lunatics, ...	1	—	1	—	—	—
Gross Totals, ...	15	6	21	2	1	3

Offences, &c., of Juveniles Classified at the time of Inspection.

—	10 Years and under.		16 Years and above 10.		20 Years and above 16.	
	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.
Felons convicted, ...	—	—	2	—	—	—
Twice imprisoned, ...	—	—	1	—	—	—

Total number of all classes in gaol on the day of inspection and on the corresponding day for the three preceding years:—

pendent day for the three preceding years:—											
	M.	F.		M.	F.		M.	F.		M.	F.
1856, .	33	25	1857, .	38	15	1858, .	19	21	1859, .	15	6

Committals, Re-committals and Averages.

From 1st January to 31st December, 1857.

	M.	F.		M.	F.
Committals—Debtors, ...	2	1	Re-committals—Once, ...	30	11
Criminals, ...	106	92	Twice, ...	3	1
Vagrants, ...	38	1	Thrice, ...	1	—
Drunkards, ...	10	13	Total, ...	24	12
Total, ...	216	107			

Average daily number, ...	34	17
Highest at any one time, ...	69	54
Lowest ditto, ...	54	38
Average daily number in hospital, ...	1	2

From 1st January to 31st December, 1858. From 1st Jan. to day of Inspection, 1859.

	M.	F.		M.	F.
Committals—Debtors, ...	4	2	Committals—Debtors, ...	6	1
Criminals, ...	121	69	Criminals, ...	37	10
Vagrants, ...	15	4	Vagrants, ...	4	5
Drunkards, ...	10	15	Drunkards, ...	6	2
Lunatics, ...	4	3	Lunatics, ...	4	1
Total, ...	154	91	Total, ...	77	26

SOUTH
DISTRICT.*Commitments, Re-commitments, and Averages—continued.*

County of Waterford Gaol.	From 1st January to 31st December, 1858.		From 1st Jan. to day of Inspection, 1859.	
	M.	F.	M.	F.
Re-commitments—Once	4	5	Re-commitments—	
			Four times and more,	1
Average daily number,	25½	15½	Average daily number,	20½ 8½
Highest at any one time,	40	23	Highest at any one time,	33 14
Lowest ditto,	23	6	Lowest ditto,	10 7
Average daily number in hospital,	12½ 4½		Average daily number in hospital,	11½ 11½

The decrease in crime in 1858, under all the above headings, was very remarkable, but was larger as regards males than females. In the first eight months and a-half of 1859, the decrease was even greater than in 1858, and the reduction both in the commitments and daily average of females was quite extraordinary, and considerably larger than in those of the other sex. Vagrancy has much diminished, and juvenile offences have become very rare. It will be observed that on the day of inspection there were only 16 males and 6 females in custody, and that the highest number of prisoners at any one time in 1859, up to that date, had been—males, 35; females, 14. These figures show that the amount of crime in the county of Waterford is very small in proportion to the population, and has diminished to an almost unprecedented extent; inasmuch as in 1852, there were at one time 108 males and 88 females in custody. There were no sentences to solitary confinement or whipping in 1858.

Accommodation.

	M.	F.		M.	F.
Yards,	7	2	Workshop,	1	—
Day Rooms,	6	2	Kitchen,	1	—
Solitary Cells,	2	—	Store Rooms,	2	—
Single Cells of large size,	57	16	Laundries,	1	1
Cells to contain three persons,	8	—	Drying Rooms,	2	—
Sleeping Rooms,	8	1	Lavatories,	3	1
No. of Beds in such Rooms,	6	3	Privies,	7	2
Hospital Rooms,	6	4	Baths,	5	1
Chapel,	1	—	Reception Room,	1	—
School Room,	1	—	Pumps and Wells,	6	1
Workshop,	1	—	Tread-wheel,	1	—

The building was in good repair (with the exception of the chapel, which was in a very bad condition), clean, orderly, and secure.

The supply of water is abundant; but the sewerage is very defective, it being necessary that all the soil should be carried out through the front gate. The bedding, blankets, sheets, and clothing were sufficient.

Stock at the time of Inspection.

		Male Clothing.		Female Clothing.	
Pairs Blankets,	145	Shirts,	127	Caps,	60
Pairs Sheets,	113	Jackets,	111	Shifts,	37
Rugs,	181	Trowsers,	85	Gowns,	60
Bed-ticks,	161	Caps,	46	Petticoats,	33
		Pairs Shoes,	54	Pairs Stockings,	3
				Pairs Shoes,	31

I had hoped, when I wrote my report in 1857, that the project of building a joint gaol for the County and City of Waterford would have been carried into effect before my next visit, inasmuch as the agreements and plans for that purpose had actually been approved by the two Grand Juries.

In the following Spring, however, the Grand Juries rejected the plans on the grounds of the accommodation provided by them being greater than was required by the decreased number of prisoners; but they at the same time intimated their willingness to adopt plans at a lesser cost than £21,000. Considerable delay subsequently occurred; but I am happy to be able to state that plans, which will afford adequate accommodation for county and city, have passed two Presentment Sessions and the Grand Juries at the Summer Assizes, and now

only require approval from the latter bodies at the next Spring Assizes, and final official sanction from the Lord Lieutenant; and I therefore venture to hope that no further obstacle will occur to prevent the completion of a project which the condition, construction, and deficient accommodation of the Waterford gaol renders so desirable.

Under these circumstances it is unnecessary that I should describe the many deficiencies of this building, and the impossibility of carrying out in it that individual separation, which alone can secure that prisoners shall not leave the gaol worse than they entered it, and to which well-trying system the new prison will be adapted.

The males are classified according to the directions of the Prisons' Act. For the females, scarcely any classification can be said to exist, owing to the want of accommodation.

All, except the lunatics and their attendants, sleep in single cells; but the meals are taken in the day-rooms.

The Governor usually attends the lock-up; and a watchman patrols at night, to test whose vigilance a tell-tale clock had lately been procured.

Punishments for Prison Offences.

From 1st January to 31st December, 1858.				From 1st Jan. to day of Inspection, 1859.			
		M.	F.			M.	F.
Punishment Cells, ...		2	2	Punishment Cells, ...		2	-

The punishments, happily very few in number, although strict discipline is maintained, were ordered by the Governor.

The Punishment Book is very properly submitted to the Board at each meeting.

Employment.

Positive Labour.

MALES.		FEMALES.	
7 Treadmill, from 7 to 9 a.m.	}	None.	}
1 Cleaning.			
2 Hospital.			
1 Debtor.			
4 Untried.			

Industrial Labour.

MALES.		FEMALES.	
From 12 to 3 p.m.		4 Washing.	}
4 Weaving.	}	1 Ironing.	
2 Winding.			
1 Tailoring.			
1 Shoemaking.			

The amount of industrial labour performed by the small number of hands now available is very creditable. The chief profit is derived from the washing done by the male prisoners for the barracks. Efforts are made to supply prison necessities by prison labour. The small number of females barely suffices to wash and mend for the prison.

Total of net profit produced by articles disposed of outside the gaol for the last two years:—

1857, . . £122 12s. 11d. | 1858, . . £159 17s. 1d.

Schools.

		M.	F.
Number of individual prisoners attending school during the year 1858,		95	31
Average number attending daily,		134½	7½
School-hours.—Males, 10 to 12, a.m. Females, 4 to 6, p.m.			

The males are instructed daily in reading, writing, and arithmetic by the schoolmaster turnkey, and the females by the assistant matron.

The Chaplains frequently visit the schools, and enter their comments in the column provided for that purpose in the "Registries of Progress," which, however, are not quite of the right form, and are not kept by dates, so as to show the graduated advance of each pupil.

SOUTH
DISTRICT.
—
County of
Waterford
Gaol.

SOUTH
DISTRICT.County of
Waterford
Gaol.

Dietary and Contracts.

Breakfast.—Males, 6 oz. Indian meal, 2 oz. rice, into stirabout, and $\frac{1}{2}$ pint new milk. Females—5 oz. Indian meal, 2 oz. rice, into stirabout, and $\frac{1}{2}$ pint new milk. Third class—4 oz. Indian meal, 1 oz. rice, and $\frac{1}{2}$ pint new milk.

Dinner.—Males—14 oz. bread and 1 pint new milk. Females 12 oz. bread and $\frac{1}{2}$ pint new milk. Monthly prisoners get 1 pint of gruel for dinner. Third class, 8 oz. bread, and 1 pint of vegetable gruel.

Supper.—Third class, 4 oz. bread.

Contracts.—Bread, per 4 lbs., 6d.; oatmeal, per cwt., 16s.; Indian meal, per cwt., 10s.; rice, per cwt., 10s.; new milk, per gallon, 3 $\frac{1}{2}$ d.; salt, per cwt., 1s. 6d.; coals, per ton, 16s. 6d.; candles, per lb., 7d.; soap, per cwt., £1 8s.

Net cost of dietary per day for each prisoner on the day of inspection, and on the corresponding day in the three preceding years:—

1856. . 3 $\frac{1}{2}$ d. | 1857. . 3 $\frac{1}{2}$ d. | 1858. . 3 $\frac{1}{2}$ d. | 1859. . 4 $\frac{1}{2}$ d.

There were no complaints of the provisions which are regularly inspected by the Chaplains, who duly record their opinions of the quality of each article of food issued in an "Inspection of Provisions' Book."

Books and Accounts.

The various books and registries relating to statistics of crime, discipline, and finance are kept with very praiseworthy care and accuracy.

The system of accounts and of procedure by the Board, organized by the very zealous and efficient Local Inspector, is worthy of general adoption.

All the forms (with the exception of "Daily Employment of Prisoners Book" about to be established) recommended by the Inspectors-General have been introduced. The Chaplains' journals are duly submitted to the Board at each meeting.

Total net cost of gaol, including dietary, salaries, for the three preceding years:—

1856. . £1,316 15s. | 1857. . £1,223 7s. 4d. | 1858. . £1,204 1s. 7d.

Officers and Salaries.

	£	s.	d.		£	s.	d.
Very Rev. Dean Hoare, Protestant Chaplain,	40	0	0	John Parslow, Turnkey, Shoemaker,	30	0	0
Rev. M. Flynn, R.C. Chaplain,	40	0	0	Walker Foley, do. Weaver,	30	0	0
Lieut.-Colonel Roberts, Local Inspector,	80	0	0	John Troy, do. Schoolmaster,	30	0	0
W. C. Tripcock, Governor,	200	0	0	Robert Howard, do.,	27	10	0
William Carroll, M.D.,	65	0	0	John Connors, Watchman,	18	5	0
Thomas Sinnott, Accountant,	60	0	0	Margaret O'Neill, Matron,	40	0	0
Patrick Walsh, Turnkey,	30	0	0	Margaret O'Neill, Jan.,			
Michael Murphy, do. Tailor,	30	0	0	Assistant,	25	0	0
				Ellen Grant, Nurse,	20	0	0

The extern officers are paid at Assizes; the Governor half-yearly; the other officers monthly.

All the intern officers now receive rations of 2 lbs. of bread and a quart of milk daily.

The turnkeys are supplied with uniform and arms.

Visits of Extern Officers.

	From 1st Jan. to 31st Dec. in the Year 1859.	From 1st Jan. up to day of Inspection, 1859.
Local Inspector,	153	101
Surgeon, &c.,	187	125
Protestant Chaplain,	152	109
Roman Catholic Chaplain,	221	157

Hospitals.

There is sufficient accommodation for the sick of both sexes. The hospitals were clean and orderly, but do not contain baths or water-closets; the health of the gaol had been excellent.

	1856.	1857.	1858.
Number in hospital,	97	87	58
Number of days in hospital,	1,133	909	708
Deaths,	1	—	—
Cost of Medicine,	£14 1s. 3d.	£14 10s. 5d.	£15 8s. 7d.

Board of Superintendence.

Sir Robert Paul, bart., J.P.	Wm. Christmass, esq., J.P.	Fitzmaurice Bloomfield, esq., J.P.
Sir Nugent Humble, bart., J.P.	M. D. Hassard, esq., M.P., J.P.	Edmond Power, esq., J.P.
Major Wm. Villiers Stuart.	Samuel King, esq. J.P.	James Kearney, esq., J.P.
James Anderson, esq., J.P.	Edward Roberts, esq.	John Medlycott, esq., J.P.

SOUTH DISTRICT.
County of Waterford
Good.

The Board meets once a month with great regularity. All accounts are paid monthly by cheque for aggregate amount given to the Local-Inspector, who is required to produce the receipts at the next meeting.

Bridewells.

Bridewells.

The ventilation of the bridewell at Lismore has been slightly improved, but that building is still very defective in accommodation and construction.

STATE OF BRIDEWELLS.

	Lismore.		Dungarvan.	
	N.	F.	N.	F.
No. of Commitments in past year, .	20	23	243	86
Of whom were Drunkards, .	44	-	63	2
No. of Commitments in the quarter preceding inspection, .	23	3	47	4
Of whom were Drunkards, .	9	-	19	-
Petty Sessions and Transmittals,	Fortnightly; regular.		Weekly; regular.	
Commitments, ...	Correct.		Correct.	
Registry, ...	Correct.		Correct.	
Repairs and Order, . .	Good.		Good.	
Security, ...	Tolerable		Satisfactory.	
Accommodation, . . .	Very indifferent.		Sufficient.	
Bedding and Furniture, .	Sufficient.		Sufficient.	
Water, ...	None on premises, but supplied by contract.		None on premises, but supplied by contract.	
Sewerage, ...	Effective.		Effective.	
Cleanliness, Dryness, and Ventilation.	Clean and dry: ventilation improved.		Good.	
Cost of Dietary per head per day,	Males, 3½d.; females, 3½d.		Males, 3½d.; females, 3d.	
Salary of Keeper, . . .	£20.		£40; matron, £15.	
Whether Keeper follows any other employment.	Sessions Clerk, Town Clerk, Weighmaster, Courthouse Keeper.		Court-house Keeper.	

FELTON F. W. HEAVEY, Inspector-General.

SOUTH
DISTRICT.
—
City of
Waterford
Gaol.

CITY OF WATERFORD GAOL AND HOUSE OF CORRECTION.—VISITED ON THE
15TH OF AUGUST, 1859.

State.—City Gaol.

Denomination of Class.	No. in each Class.			No. Sick in Hospital.		
	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.
Master Debtors, ...	1	—	1	—	—	—
TRIED.						
Cases disposed of summarily.						
In default of Bail, ...	1	—	1	—	—	—
Dangerous Lunatics, ...	1	—	1	—	—	—
Gross Totals, ...	3	—	3	—	—	—

State.—House of Correction.

Denomination of Class.	No. in each Class.			No. Sick in Hospital.		
	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.
UNTRIED.						
For Larceny, ...	—	2	2	—	—	—
TRIED.						
Cases disposed of at Assizes and Sessions.						
Of Felony or Larceny:—						
To Imprisonment, ...	3	2	5	—	—	—
Disposed of summarily.						
For Larceny, ...	—	3	3	—	—	—
Other Misdemeanors, ...	—	3	3	—	—	—
Drunkards, ...	—	2	2	—	—	—
Gross Totals, ...	3	12	15	—	—	—

Total number of all classes in gaol on the day of inspection, and on the corresponding day for the three preceding years:—

City Gaol.

1856, ...	M. 12	F. 13	1857, ...	M. 13	F. 17	1858, ...	M. 17	F. 3
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House of Correction.

1856, ...	M. 11	F. 18	1857, ...	M. 13	F. 19	1858, ...	M. 11	F. 18	1859, ...	M. 3	F. 12
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Committals, Re-committals and Averages.

City Gaol.

From 1st January to 31st December, 1858.				From 1st January to day of Inspection, 1859.			
	M.	F.			M.	F.	
Committals.—Debtors, ...	12	1		Committals.—Debtors, ...	7	1	
Criminals, ...	101	—		Criminals, ...	51	—	
Drunkards, ...	158	—		Drunkards, ...	51	—	
				Lunatics, ...	5	—	
Total, ...	271	1		Total, ...	124	1	
Re-committals.—Once, ...	7	—		Re-committals.—Once, ...	8	—	
Twice, ...	4	—		Twice, ...	2	—	
Thrice, ...	5	—		Thrice, ...	1	—	
Four times and more, ...	2	—		Four times and more, ...	—	—	
Total, ...	18	—		Total, ...	11	—	
Average daily number, ...	10	—		Average daily number, ...	8	—	
Highest at any one time, ...	17	—		Highest at any one time, ...	14	—	
Lowest ditto, ...	3	—		Lowest ditto, ...	2	—	

Commitments, Re-commitments, and Averages—continued.

House of Correction.

SOUTH
DUBLIN.

City of
Waterford
Gaol.

From 1st January to 31st December, 1858. From 1st January to day of Inspection, 1859.

	M.	F.		M.	F.
Commitments—Criminals,	56	336	Commitments—Criminals,	36	100
Vagrants,	6	—	Vagrants,	3	5
Drunkards,	24	175	Drunkards,	3	146
Total,	86	511	Total,	42	251
Re-commitments—Once,	7	11	Re-Commitments—Once,	6	10
Twice,	2	3	Twice,	—	6
Thrice,	—	5	Thrice,	—	4
Four times and more,	—	27	Four times and more,	—	21
Total,	9	46	Total,	6	41
Average daily number,	10	21	Average daily number,	8	16
Highest at any one time,	16	33	Highest at any one time,	13	35
Lowest ditto,	2	4	Lowest ditto,	3	5

In the City Gaol, to which no females, except debtors, are committed, the commitments of males sank from 306 in 1857 to 271 in 1858, and their daily average from 14 to 10.

In the House of Correction the commitments of males sank from 117 in 1857 to 86 in 1858, whilst those of females rose from 481 to 511; and the daily average of both sexes remained unchanged.

The returns from both prisons for the first seven months and a-half of 1859 promise a considerable reduction in the commitments and daily averages of both sexes for the entire year as compared with 1858.

As regards the nature of crime, the number of male drunkards in the City Gaol and of female in the House of Correction decreased in 1858; whilst the number of "criminal" females—i.e., those charged with felonies and misdemeanours—in the House of Correction increased very considerably. Juvenile offenders have much diminished. There were no sentences to solitary confinement or whipping in either prison in 1858.

Accommodation.
City Gaol.

	M.	F.		M.	F.
Wards,	5	—	Hospital Rooms,	3	—
Yards,	4	—	Chapels,	1	—
Day Rooms,	5	—	Kitchens,	1	—
Solitary Cells,	1	—	Store Rooms,	1	—
Single Cells, not less than 9 feet long, 6 feet wide, and 8 feet high, = 432 cubic feet,	16	—	Baths,	1	—
Sleeping Rooms,	6	—	Privies,	5	—
No. of Beds in such Rooms,	10	—	Waterclosets,	1	—
			Reception Room,	1	—
			Pumps and Wells,	3	—

House of Correction.

	M.	F.		M.	F.
Wards,	2	2	Store Rooms,	1	—
Yards,	3	2	Lavatories,	1	—
Day Rooms,	2	2	Baths,	2	1
Solitary Cells,	1	1	Privies,	4	2
Single Cells of smaller size,	20	20	Pumps and Wells,	2	2
Chapels,	1	—	Tread-wheels,	1	—
Kitchens,	1	—	Other Machines for Labour—Shot-drill.	—	—

Both prisons were in fair repair, clean, orderly, and well-supplied with water and effective sewerage. In both prisons the bedding, blankets, and sheets were sufficient. The clothing in the House of Correction was adequate; but the supply in the City Gaol was very scanty and in very bad condition.

SOUTH
DISTRICT.

Stock.

City Gaol.

<i>City of</i>	Pairs Blankets, ...	26	Bed-ticks, ...	23	Trowsers, ...	12
<i>Waterford</i>	Pairs Sheets, ...	12	Shirts, ...	16	Caps, ...	6
<i>Gaol.</i>	Rugs, ...	9	Jackets, ...	12	Pairs Shoes, ...	6

House of Correction.

Male Clothing.			Female Clothing.		
Pairs Blankets, ...	33	Shirts, ...	20	Caps, ...	39
Pairs Sheets, ...	36	Jackets, ...	17	Shifts, ...	32
Hags, ...	20	Trowsers, ...	13	Gowns, ...	28
Hammocks or Cots, ...	40	Caps, ...	20	Pericosts, ...	65
Bed-ticks, ...	40	Pairs Shoes, ...	9	Pairs Shoes, ...	12

No change has been made in either building since the last inspection.

In the City Gaol the males are divided into four classes—debtors, drunkards, untried, convicts. In the House of Correction there are two classes, according to character, for each sex.

All sleep in single cells; but the meals are taken in the day-rooms. The Governors attend the lock-ups of their respective prisons; but the number of officers is insufficient to furnish a night-patrol, although such supervision is very necessary, especially in the House of Correction, which is very insecure.

Punishments for Prison Offences.

City Gaol.

From 1st January to 31st December, 1858.			From 1st January to day of Inspection, 1859.		
	M.	F.		M.	F.
Punishment Cells, ...	1	-	Punishment Cells, ...	-	-

House of Correction.

From 1st January to 31st December, 1858.			From 1st January to day of Inspection, 1859.		
	M.	F.		M.	F.
Punishment Cells, ...	12	6	Punishment Cells, ...	2	10

The punishments, very few in number, were all ordered by the Governors.

Employment.

City Gaol.

Neither punitive nor industrial labour is carried on here. All prisoners sentenced to hard-labour are confined in the House of Correction. The sole occupation for the prisoners is sweeping, cleaning, and whitewashing the prison.

House of Correction.

Punitive Labour.

3 Males, shot-drill, picking oakum, and 2 cooking a portion of the day.

Industrial Labour.

12 Females, picking oakum, knitting, and spinning.

The tread-wheel, which is partitioned, had not been worked latterly, owing to the paucity of prisoners sentenced to hard-labour. No industrial labour is provided for males. The females are chiefly engaged in knitting, and washing, and mending for the prison.

Total of net profit produced by articles disposed of outside the gaol for the last two years:—

1857, ...	£8 14s. 3d.	1858, ...	£4 14s. 9d.
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Schools.

No educational instruction is given in either prison.

Dietary and Contracts.

City Prison.

Breakfast—6 oz. Indian meal and 2 oz. rice, in stirabout, and $\frac{1}{2}$ pint new milk. Dinner—14 oz. bread and 1 pint new milk.

Males under 15 years.—Breakfast—6 oz. Indian meal and rice and $\frac{1}{2}$ pint new milk. Dinner—8 oz. bread and 1 pint soup. Supper—4 oz. bread.

One pint of gruel issued for dinner instead of milk twice per week. Prisoners whose term of imprisonment does not exceed one month receive 1 pint gruel for dinner in lieu of milk.

Contracts.—Bread, per 4 lbs., 6d.; oatmeal, per cwt., 13s. 6d.; Indian meal, per cwt., 10s.; rice, per cwt., 15s. 6d.; potatoes, per stone, 3½d.; new milk, per gal., 6d.; buttermilk, per gal., 3½d.; salt, per stone, 3½d.; coals, per ton, 15s. 9d.; straw, per ton, 5s.; candles, per lb., 7d.; soap, per stone, 3s.

House of Correction.

For prisoners whose imprisonment does not exceed one month.—Breakfast—6 oz. Indian meal, 2 oz. rice, and ½ pint new milk, for males; 1 oz. less of Indian meal for females. Dinner—14 oz. bread and 1 pint oatmeal gruel for males; 2 oz. less for females.

For prisoners whose imprisonment exceeds one month, on Mondays and Fridays same as above, and on Tuesdays and Saturdays all prisoners get potatoes and skim milk for dinner; males, 4 lbs.; females, 3½ lbs.

Male and female prisoners whose imprisonment exceeds one month get new milk on Sundays, Wednesdays, and Thursdays; males, 1 pint; females, ½ pint.

Prisoners under 15 years.—Breakfast—3 oz. meal and ½ pint milk. Dinner—8 oz. bread and 1 pint gruel. Supper—4 oz. bread.

Net cost of dietary per day for each prisoner on the day of inspection, and on the corresponding day in the three preceding years:—

1856, . 2½d. | 1857, . 3½d. | 1858, . 3½d. | 1859, . 3d.

There were no complaints of the provisions, which are regularly inspected by the Chaplains at the City Gaol, but not at the House of Correction, where, for instance, ten days in the month of July, 1859, had elapsed without any such inspection having been recorded.

Proper "Inspection of Provisions Book" had been established in each prison.

Books and Accounts.

In both prisons the four books ordered by the Court of Queen's Bench are now kept with care and accuracy; and the Chaplains' journals are duly submitted to the Board at each meeting. Both the Governors keep journals.

An "Extern Officer's Gate-book," showing the duration of visits, has been established at the House of Correction; but the visits are not regularly entered. The accounts for both prisons are carefully kept by the Governor of the City Gaol.

Total net cost of the two prisons, including dietary and salaries, for the three preceding years:—

1856, . £1,078 11s. 1d. | 1857, . £1,019 17s. 7d. | 1858, . £872 6s. 5d.

Officers and Salaries.

City Gaol.		
Sir Benjamin Morris, Local Inspector, ...	£90	Robt. J. Burdett, Physician, ... £30
Very Rev. The Dean of Waterford, Protestant Chaplain, ...	40	James G. Palmer, Apothecary, ... 20
Rev. John Crotty, R. C. Chaplain, ...	40	William Wright, Governor, ... 25
		James Walsh, Turnkey, ... 25
		Edmond P. Jackson, Turnkey, ... 25

House of Correction.

Marcus Jackson, ...	£80	Mary Fitzgerald, ... £25
John Jackson, ...	25	Maria Walker, ... 15
John Walker, ...	25	Margaret Neville, ... 10

The extern officers are paid at assizes; the interns, monthly. None of the officers are supplied with rations except the matron. The turnkeys are not furnished with uniforms.

Officers' Visits.

City Gaol.		
From 1st Jan. to 31st Dec. in the year 1858.		From 1st Jan. up to day of inspection, 1859.
Local Inspector, ...	129	84
Surgeon, &c., ...	135	83
Protestant Chaplain, ...	156	114
Roman Catholic Chaplain, ...	123	86

SOUTH
DISTRICT.City of
Waterford
Gaol.

House of Correction.

From 1st Jan. to 31st Dec.
in the year 1858.From 1st Jan. up to day
of Inspection, 1859.

Local Inspector, . . .	100	75
Surgeon, &c., . . .	109	79
Protestant Chaplain, . . .	102	98
Roman Catholic Chaplain, . . .	101	98

The visits of the Chaplains to the House of Correction fall far below the minimum number required by sec. 69 of 7 Geo. IV., cap. 74.

Hospitals.

The hospital for the sick of both prisons is in the City Gaol. It is of sufficient size, but is badly ventilated, inconveniently placed, and contains neither baths nor water-closets.

	No. of Patients.	No. of Days.	Cost of Medicine.	Deaths.
			£ s. d.	
1856, . . .	7	152	7 3 3	—
1857, . . .	8	427	4 15 6	1
1858, . . .	—	—	4 19 9	—

Board of Superintendence.

The Mayor.	Wm. M. Ardagh, esq., J.P.	Peirse Cox, esq., J.C.
Michael D. Hassard, esq., M.P.	Owen Carroll, esq., J.P.	Josh. S. Richardson, esq.
John A. Blake, esq., M.P.	Henry Davis, esq., J.P.	Matthew Slaney, esq.
James Keatinge, esq., J.P.	Henry Galloway, esq., J.C.	Jacob Penrose, esq.

The Board meets once a month for the transaction of general business and the payment of all accounts, except the salaries of the superior officers.

Their meetings are held in the Town Hall; and I find, with regret, that the members very rarely visit either prison. It is of the utmost importance that institutions should, from time to time, be visited by the persons charged with their government.

General Observations.

I have refrained from commenting upon the utter insufficiency of these prisons in point of accommodation, classification, employment, in fact, of all the requirements of such institutions, because I believe that, notwithstanding the many vexatious delays which have occurred, plans for building a joint gaol for the county and city of Waterford, at a cost of £14,000, will finally pass the Grand Juries at the next Spring Assizes. My colleague and I have so frequently represented the advantages which will result from an amalgamation that will substitute one commodious gaol, on the separate system, for three institutions, in which young and old, tried and untried, innocent and guilty, are necessarily associated, that I need not dilate upon the topic. I will, therefore, merely express my earnest hope that neither of us may again have to report upon any of these prisons except as mere temporary places for the incarceration of prisoners until the completion of the new joint-gaol.

FELTON F. W. HERVEY, Inspector-General.

COUNTY OF WEXFORD GAOL, AT WEXFORD.—VISITED THE 12TH AND 13TH OF AUGUST, 1859.

SOUTH
DUNSTON,
County of
Wexford
Gaol.

State on the 13th.

Denomination of Class.	No. in each Class.			No. Sick in Hospital.		
	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.
Master Debtors, ...	1	—	1	—	—	—
Pauper Debtors, ...	—	—	—	—	—	—
UNTRIED.	5	—	5	—	—	—
For Felony, ...	1	4	5	—	—	—
" Larceny, ...	—	—	—	—	—	—
THIRD.	—	—	—	—	—	—
Cases disposed of at Assizes and Sessions.	—	—	—	—	—	—
Of Felony or Larceny:—	11	10	21	—	—	—
To Imprisonment, ...	5	2	7	—	—	—
Of Misdemeanors, &c., ...	—	—	—	—	—	—
Disposed of Summarily.	—	—	—	—	—	—
For Larceny, ...	4	2	6	—	—	—
Other Misdemeanors, ...	3	5	8	—	—	—
Dangerous Lunatics, ...	26	5	31	2	—	2
Gross Totals, ...	50	20	70	2	—	2

Offences, &c., of Juveniles Classified at the time of Inspection.

	10 Years and under.	16 Years and above 10.	20 Years and above 16.
Felons Convicted, ...	—	3	—
Summary Convictions, ...	—	1	—
Five times imprisoned and upwards, ...	—	1	—

Total number of all classes in gaol on the day of inspection, and on the corresponding day for the three preceding years:—

	M.	F.	1856.	M.	F.
1856, ...	62	41	103	58	23
1857, ...	73	33	106	50	29

Committals, Re-committals, and Averages.
From 1st January to 31st December, 1857.

	M.	F.
Committals—Debtors, ...	18	1
Criminals, ...	278	108
Vagrants, ...	12	16
Drunkards, ...	110	17
Total, ...	418	202
Re-committals—Once, ...	26	19
Twice, ...	6	4
Three, ...	—	3
Four times and more, ...	—	4
Total, ...	32	30
Average daily number, ...	71½	30½
Highest at any one time, ...	94	50
Lowest ditto, ...	55	24
Average daily number in Hospital, ...	2½	1½
		Y 2

SOUTH DISTRICT. County of Wexford Gaol.	Committals, Re-committals, and Averages—continued.			From 1st Jan. to day of Inspection, 1850.		
	From 1st January to 31st December, 1858.	M.	F.	From 1st Jan. to day of Inspection, 1850.	M.	F.
Committals—Debtors,	14	—	—	Committals—Debtors,	9	3
Criminals,	171	140	—	Criminals,	85	68
Vagrants,	15	16	—	Vagrants,	7	2
Drunkards,	125	41	—	Drunkards,	40	12
Lunatics,	12	4	—	Lunatics,	9	3
Total,	337	209	—	Total,	150	87
Re-committals—Once,	25	18	—	Re-committals—Once,	4	10
Twice,	5	8	—	Twice,	—	4
Thrice,	2	3	—	Thrice,	—	—
Four times and more,	1	5	—	Four times and more,	—	—
Total,	33	34	—	Total,	4	14
Average daily number,	48.47	32.44	—	Average daily number,	44.31	29.11
Highest at any one time,	61	48	—	Highest at any one time,	56	40
Lowest ditto,	35	22	—	Lowest ditto,	45	22
Average daily number in Hospital,	1.47	1.77	—	Average daily number in Hospital,	2.11	1.77

In the total of committals of 1858 as compared with 1857 there was a considerable decrease as to males, and a very slight increase as to females; but it is to be remarked that under the head of "Criminals" there was a decrease in both sexes, and under that of "Drunkards," an increase; the decrease in the one case being much larger, and the increase in the latter much less as regards males than females. In the re-committals there was little change; but in the daily average of males there was a very large, and in that of females a considerable reduction, which had still further progressed during the period of 1859 (seven months and a-half), antecedent to my inspection.

The extent, however, of the decrease in crime during the last seven years is best shown by the fact that the highest number in custody at any one time in 1852 was 220 males and 114 females; and in 1858, only 61 males and 48 females.

Juvenile delinquencies have also much diminished, and committals for vagrancy continue to be very rare.

Of the seventy-nine prisoners in custody, two were debtors and no less than twenty-five dangerous lunatics, thus leaving only fifty-two criminal prisoners in the gaol. With reference to the latter of these two classes, I can only repeat the regret expressed in former reports, that these afflicted beings should be detained in goals in which appliances for their treatment, and officers skilled in their management are wanting, and where their presence interferes most prejudicially with the discipline and classification of the other inmates.

Number sentenced during the year 1858 to whipping.

		Accommodation.			
Yards,	M.	F.	Workshops,	M.	F.
Day Rooms,	11	7	Kitchens,	2	1
Solitary Cells,	7	4	Store Rooms,	1	—
Single Cells, not less than 9 feet long, 6 feet wide, and 8 feet high—432 cubic feet,	4	2	Laundries,	4	1
Single Cells of larger size,	—	—	Drying Rooms,	—	1
Cells to contain three persons,	91	64	Lavatories,	—	3
Sleeping Rooms,	3	4	Baths,	6	3
No. of Beds in such Rooms,	7	3	Privies,	1	1
Hospital Rooms,	9	9	Water-closets,	18	7
Chapels,	3	2	Fumigating Rooms,	7	3
School Rooms,	1	—	Reception Room,	1	—
Workshops,	1	1	Pumps and Wells,	1	—
	10	—	Crank-mill,	13	—
				1	—

The gaol was throughout in good repair, secure, very clean, and abundantly supplied with water, which is raised by hand-pumps.

The ventilation is now satisfactory, having lately been much improved, and the male cells are now free from the close, oppressive smell which formerly was observable in them when constantly occupied.

The sewerage in the new prison is effective, and an improvement has also been made in that of the old building. Cots have been provided in twenty-six of the male cells, instead of the large, fixed, iron bedsteads which occupy nearly half the cell, and moreover afford opportunities for lounging. It is to be hoped, therefore, that ere long all the cells may be furnished with cots.

The bedding, blankets, sheets, and prison clothing were sufficient, and are regularly issued.

SOUTH DISTRICT.

County of Wexford Gaol.

Stock at the time of Inspection.

		Male Clothing.		Female Clothing.	
Pairs Blankets, ...	330	Shirts, ...	241	Caps, ...	32
Pairs Sheets, ...	183	Jackets, ...	122	Shifts, ...	170
Rugs, ...	20	Trowsers, ...	125	Gowns, ...	97
Hammocks or Cots, ...	22	Caps, ...	72	Petticoats, ...	119
Bed-ticks, ...	250	Socks or Stockings, ...	12	Stockings, ...	10
		Clogs, ...	144	Clogs, ...	106

Since the last inspection three lavatories and three water-closets have been erected in the female prison, the cells of which have, moreover, been fitted with bells. I was consequently enabled to certify, under the 3 and 4 Vic. cap. 44, that the new male prison, which had previously been similarly fitted up, containing sixty-six cells, and the female containing forty-seven cells, were fit for carrying out separation amongst all criminal classes of prisoners; and I, at the same time, submitted, for the approval of the Lord Lieutenant, a code of by-laws legalizing the individual separation of prisoners under the above-named Act, which had been prepared by the Board of Superintendence and approved by the Grand Jury. These by-laws have subsequently received the necessary sanction, and have been transmitted to the Local Inspector, so that the goal of Wexford may now be considered to be under the separate system, a fact upon which I beg leave to congratulate the local authorities, inasmuch as experience has shown that this system, when well administered, as it will undoubtedly be in this instance by the very efficient, active, and zealous Local Inspector and Governor, not only acts as a deterrent, and effectually prevents the possibility of the hardened offender corrupting his comparatively innocent companion, but affords opportunities of reflection and self-examination not unfrequently leading to thorough reformation.

Some few additional improvements are still required to carry out thoroughly the principle of non-association, viz.:—partitions in the lavatories, school-rooms, and laundry; these, however, I have no doubt, will shortly be effected. Besides the new prison, above treated of, the old prison affords ample accommodation for debtors, lunatics, and such prisoners as the Medical Officer may consider unfit for separation.

Good reception wards have been organized, and there are baths, supplied with hot water, in which all are washed on admission. The kitchen and stores are sufficient, and there are convenient workshops, which were about to be altered and improved. Classification, always carefully attended to in this prison, has now merged into individual separation, except in the case of debtors, lunatics, and those physically unfit for such treatment.

Daily exercise in the open air is given without fail to all, discipline is strictly but temperately enforced, and the mode in which it is carried out, and the general management of the prison, gave me great satisfaction, and reflect much credit upon the officers.

The Governor attends the lock-up.

One turnkey, by rotation of all, is on patrol at night; but a tell-tale clock is much required to test his vigilance.

Punishments for Prison Offences.

From 1st January to 31st December, 1858.		From 1st Jan. to day of Inspection, 1859.	
M.	F.	M.	F.
Punishment Cells, ...	22	1	
Other Punishments, ...		16	1

Southern
District,
County of
Wexford
Gaol.

These punishments were all ordered by the Governor, except one case of a more serious offence dealt with by the Board; to whom the Punishment Book is only submitted at each meeting.

Employment on day of Inspection.

Punitive Labour.

MALES.			FEMALES.		
Stonebreaking,	.	11	Wardswomen,	.	6
Wardsmen,	.	6			
Cooks,	.	3			
Pumping water,	.	1			

Industrial Labour.

Weaving,	.	3	Sewing,	.	8
Painting,	.	2	Spinning,	.	4
Tin smith,	.	1	Knitting,	.	6
Carpenter,	.	1			
Tailoring,	.	1			

All the males under sentence of hard labour are employed for two hours and a-half at hard labour, which consists of pumping water, turning the crank-wheel whereby the carding and spinning machine is worked, and stonebreaking—the sheds for the latter purpose being partitioned.

After the hard labour is performed, those who are fit are, as well as those under simple sentences of imprisonment, employed at various handicrafts—the remainder being made to pick oakum in their cells. The females are chiefly employed at washing and mending for the prison. The presence of such a large number of lunatics, requiring to be attended by sane prisoners, leaves very few hands available for industrial occupations; but as regards the males, very creditable activity prevails in this respect; although I am of opinion that more employment might be given to the females.

Total of net profit produced by articles disposed of outside the gaol, for the last two years:—

1857,	£15 2s. 1d.		1858,	£10 16s. 0d.
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Schools.

School Hours—Males, 2½; Females, 2¼.

Number of individual prisoners attending school during the year 1858,	M.	F.
Average number attending daily,	28	28
	9	8

The juveniles of both sexes—the females, of course, in the presence of a matron—are instructed by a competent schoolmaster in reading, writing, and arithmetic daily for the length of time above stated. Adults are not excluded, if able and willing to learn. Proper registries of progress are kept, and the Chaplains are said to visit the schools; but it is very desirable that they should enter their comments upon the conduct of the schools in the columns provided in the registries for that purpose.

Dietary and Contracts.

Class 1st.—Males—Breakfast—8 oz. meal in stirabout, and 1 pint of sour milk. Dinner—14 oz. brown bread, and 1 pint of new milk.

Class 2nd.—Females—7 oz. meal in stirabout, and 1 pint of sour milk, for breakfast. Dinner—12 oz. brown bread, ½ pint new milk.

Class 3rd.—Males under fifteen years—Breakfast—5 oz. meal in stirabout, and 1 pint of sour milk. Dinner—8 oz. brown bread, and 1 pint of vegetable gruel. Supper—4 oz. brown bread.

Class 4th.—Females under fifteen years—Breakfast—5 oz. meal in stirabout, and 1 pint of sour milk. Dinner—8 oz. brown bread, and ½ pint of vegetable gruel. Supper—4 oz. brown bread.

For prisoners confined one month and under.—Class 1.—Breakfast—Males—8 oz. meal in stirabout, and 1 pint of sour milk. Dinner—16 oz. barley and rye bread, and 1 pint oatmeal gruel.

Class 2.—Females—Breakfast—7 oz. meal in stirabout, and 1 pint sour milk. Dinner—14 oz. barley and rye bread, ½ pint oatmeal gruel.

Class 3.—Males under fifteen years.—Breakfast—5 oz. meal in stirabout, and 1 pint sour milk. Dinner—8 oz. barley and rye bread, and 1 pint oatmeal gruel.

Supper—4 oz. barley and rye bread.

Class 4.—Females under fifteen years.—Breakfast—5 oz. meal in stirabout and 1 pint of sour milk. Dinner—8 oz. barley and rye bread, and $\frac{1}{2}$ pint of oatmeal gruel.

Supper—4 oz. barley and rye bread.

On Tuesdays and Fridays gruel and barley and rye bread are given to full diet prisoners in place of brown bread and milk.

Contracts.—Bread, white, 2d.; brown, 1½d.; barley rye, 1½d.; oatmeal, per cwt., 14s.; Indian meal, per ton, £8 6s. 8d.; meat, per lb., 7d.; new milk, per gal., 6½d.; buttermilk, per gal., 2½d.; salt, per cwt., 1s. 8d.; coals, per ton, 17s. 8d.; straw, per ton, £1 10s.; candles, per lb., 6½d.; soap, per cwt., £1 4s.

Net cost of dietary per day for each prisoner on the day of inspection, and on the corresponding day in the three preceding years:—

1859, . 4½d. | 1858, . 4½d. | 1857, . 4½d. | 1856, . 5½d.

There were no complaints of the provisions, which appeared to be excellent, and which are regularly inspected by the Chaplains. It is important, however, that these officers should be provided with "Inspections of Provision Books," in which they should record their opinion of each article of food supplied.

Books and Accounts.

The various registries and records of consumption, discipline, and finance, are kept with praiseworthy care and accuracy. The Chaplains' journals are duly submitted to the Board, and the journal of the Governor is peculiarly satisfactory. Extern and intern officers' gatebooks, of the approved forms, are regularly kept, as are also the Work Accounts and Extra Diet Books. Daily Employment of Prisoners' Books had lately been procured. The system of all books of discipline being submitted to and initialed by the Board, here followed, is worthy of general imitation.

Total cost of gaol, including dietary and salaries, for the three preceding years, separately:—

1856, £2,237 12s. | 1857, £2,364 11s. 4d. | 1858, £2,191 15s. 1d.

Officers and Salaries.

Rev. B. W. Elgee, Local Inspector, £100	William Foley, Turnkey, £30
Samn, Protestant Chaplain, . 50	Lake Walsh, do. Shoemaker, . 30
Rev. James Roche, R. C. Chaplain, . 50	William Martin, do. . 30
H. H. Boxwell, esq., M.D., . —	James Turner, do. . 25
Mr. John E. Hadden, Apothecary, . 30	Edward Cox, do. Tailor, . 25
Mr. Joseph Gladwin, Governor, . 100	Patrick Burgess, Schoolmaster, . 30
Mr. John Murphy, Deputy-Governor, . 60	Mary Needham, Matron, . 45
Wm. Craig, Turnkey, Shoemaker, . 40	Lydia Roberts, Assistant do. . 15
Robert McCall, do. do. . 30	Mary Lane, 2nd do. do. . 15
Nathaniel Crampton, do., . 30	Mary Anne Whitty, Hospital Nurse, 12

Since the last inspection the Rev. James Roche has been appointed R.C. Chaplain, vice Rev. L. Kirwan, resigned; and Edward Cox, turnkey, vice Maguire, dismissed.

The extern officers receive their salaries at assizes, the intern, monthly. All the interns get rations, and the turnkeys are supplied with uniforms and arms.

The salary of the Governor is very low, lower, indeed, than in any county similarly circumstanced; and I am bound to say that I know of no officer whose services more deservedly require adequate remuneration.

Officers' Visits.

	From 1st Jan. to 31st Dec. in the year 1858.	From 1st Jan. up to day of inspection, 1859.
Local Inspector, .	181	109
Surgeon, &c., .	140	57
Protestant Chaplain, .	156	95
Roman Catholic Chaplain, .	148	106

SOUTH
DISTRICT.
County of
Wexford
Gaol.

Hospital.

Number in hospital, total number of days and cost of medicine, and number of deaths for the last three years:—

	1881.	1887.	1888.
Number in Hospital,	55	40	20
Number of days in Hospital,	1,382	910	854
Number of Deaths,	5	5	1
Cost of Medicine,	£17 5s. 3d.	£16 7s. 8d.	£8 12s. 1d.

The sick of both sexes are in the same building, with a common stairs. This hospital was clean and airy, but contains neither baths nor water-closets. The health of the gaol had been very good.

Board of Superintendence.

C.A. Walker, esq., J.P., D.L. (Lieut.-Col. Wm. Toole, J.P.) John Gordon Hatton, esq.
Major J. Doran. (Wm. A. Armstrong, esq., J.P.) F. J. Connell, esq., J.P.
George Le Hunte, esq., J.P. Charles Fuson, esq. J.W.C. Redmond, esq., J.P.
Major J. Harvey, J.P. Isaac Cornock, esq., J.P. Rt. Hon. Sir Th. Esmonde, bt.

The Board meets very regularly every month. Constabulary accounts and minor salaries are paid monthly, all other accounts quarterly, by a cheque for the aggregate amount, signed by three members, and given to the Local Inspector, who pays the bills and returns receipts at the next meeting of the Board.

General Observations.

I have already expressed my entire satisfaction with the general management of this prison; but I could not but remark the superiority of the male over the female department; and I trust that greater activity and an increased desire to carry out the amended system of discipline may, before my next visit, be observable in the female prison.

Bridewells.

The subjoined return of the condition of the bridewells will show that they are capable of much improvement.

The Local Inspector is most regular and careful in his inspections, and furnishes the Inspectors-General with the fullest information as to these prisons.

STATE OF BRIDEWELLS.

SOUTH
DISTRICT.
County of
Wexford.
Bridewells.

	Gorey.		Enniscorthy.		New Ross.	
	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.
No. of Committed in past year, . . .	49	26	77	85	115	21
Of whom were Drunkards, . . .	28	—	7	2	57	2
No. of Committed in the quarter preceding inspection, . . .	11	4	23	20	43	5
Of whom were Drunkards, . . .	4	1	5	—	25	—
Petty Sessions, . . .	Fortnightly.		Weekly.		Fortnightly.	
Transmittals, . . .	Regular.		Immediate.		Regular.	
Committeds, . . .	Correct.		Very correct.		Correct.	
Registry, . . .	Correct.		Very correct.		Correct.	
Repairs, . . .	Fair.		Paint required to all the woodwork.		Good.	
Security, . . .	Yards very insecure.		Fair.		Very defective	
Accommodation, . . .	Very inadequate; yards miserably small.		Adequate.		Adequate.	
Bedding, furniture, and utensils, . . .	Sufficient; except some blankets, thin and moth-eaten.		More sheets required, and some blankets moth-eaten.		More sheets required, and some blankets too thin for winter use.	
Water, . . .	Supplied by pump lately erected.		Well on premises; but dry at the time of my inspection, and generally so in summer.		Supplied from pump on premises.	
Sewerage, . . .	Tolerably effective.		Defective.		None.	
Cleanliness, dryness, and ventilation, . . .	Building clean; but damp, dark, and badly ventilated.		Satisfactory.		Very clean, and fairly ventilated; but female sleeping room very damp.	
Cost of Dietary per head per day, . . .	sd.		sd.		males 5½d.; females 5d.	
Salary of Keeper, . . .	£30 0 0		£30 0 0		£30 0 0	
Whether Keeper follows any other employment, . . .	None.		None.		None.	
Remarks, . . .	—		—		—	

FELTON F. W. HEAVY, Inspector-General.

SUBUR DISTRICT. COUNTY OF WICKLOW GAOL.—VISITED 29TH OCTOBER AND 9TH NOVEMBER, 1859.

County of
Wicklow
Gaol.

State on 29th October.

Denomination of Class.	No. in each Class.			No. Sick in Hospital.		
	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.
Pauper Debtors, ...	2	—	2	—	—	—
UNTRIED.						
For Larceny, ...	1	—	1	—	—	—
TRIED.						
<i>Cases Disposed of at Assizes and Sessions.</i>						
<i>Of Felony or Larceny:—</i>						
To Imprisonment, ...	5	1	6	—	—	—
Of Misdemeanors, &c., ...	3	1	4	—	—	—
<i>Disposed of Summarily.</i>						
Larceny, ...	—	1	1	—	—	—
Offences under Larceny Act, . .	2	—	2	—	—	—
Non-payment of Fines and Penalties, .	—	2	2	—	—	—
Under Poor Law Act, ...	—	1	1	—	—	—
Dangerous Lunatics, ...	5	3	8	—	—	—
Gross Totals, ...	18	9	27	—	—	—

Total number of all classes in gaol on the day of inspection, and on the corresponding day in the three preceding years:—

	M.	F.		M.	F.		M.	F.		M.	F.
1856, ...	25	14	1857, ...	28	8	1858, ...	15	9	1859, ...	18	9

Committals, Re-committals, and Averages.

From 1st January to 31st December, 1858. From 1st January to day of Inspection, 1859.

	M.	F.		M.	F.
Committals—Debtors, ...	5	—	Committals—Debtors, ...	4	—
Criminals, ...	114	43	Criminals, ...	102	34
Vagrants, ...	2	—	Vagrants, ...	2	—
Drunkards, ...	91	—	Drunkards, ...	75	1
Lunatics, ...	6	3	Lunatics, ...	2	6
Total, ...	218	46	Total, ...	192	41
Re-committals—Once, ...	3	2	Re-committals—Once, ...	4	—
	—	—	Twice, ...	—	2
Average daily number, ...	20	9	Average daily number, ...	18	6
Highest at any one time, ...	33	13	Highest at any one time, ...	28	12
Lowest ditto, ...	11	3	Lowest ditto, ...	12	3

The decrease of crime in both sexes in 1858, as compared with 1857, is very considerable both in the committals and daily averages, whilst the paucity of re-committals is truly remarkable. The daily average for the first ten months of 1859 is even lower than in 1858, but it is probable that the committals for the entire year will be more numerous. The reduction in female crime is very striking, there having been only 46 committals of persons of this sex in 1858, and of these 2 were committed twice, so that only 44 females were committed to the county gaol in the entire year. The committals of males are five times as numerous, but still are not in excess of those in other counties of similar area and population, whilst the fact that their daily average sank in 1859 to 18, shows that their committals were for short periods, and by inference for trifling offences. The highest number in custody at any one time in 1852 was, males 28, females 48; in 1858, males 33, females 13. This fact shows the great diminution in crime in the last seven years.

SOUTH
DISTRICT.
County of
Wicklow
Gaol.

There were no prisoners in custody whose age did not exceed sixteen years, and indeed juvenile offenders have become very rare. Of the 27 prisoners on the day of inspection, 8 were dangerous lunatics and 2 were debtors, so that there were only 17 criminal prisoners in the gaol. With regard to the lunatics, it is to be hoped that some legislative enactment may ere long relieve gaols of the presence of these unfortunate beings, for whose treatment such institutions were not intended, and who much interfere with discipline and classification.

Number sentenced during the year to solitary confinement, . . . M. 12 F. -

Accommodation.

	M.	F.		M.	F.
Wards, ...	5	2	Workshops, ...	1	-
Yards, ...	5	2	Kitchens, &c.	1	-
Day Rooms, ...	5	2	Store Rooms, ...	2	1
Solitary Cells, ...	1	-	Laundries, ...	-	1
Single Cells, not less than 9 feet long, 6 feet wide, and 8 feet high = 432 cubic feet, ...	56	23	Drying Rooms, ...	-	1
Sleeping Rooms, ...	2	1	Lavatories, ...	2	-
No. of Beds in such Rooms, ...	2	1	Baths, ...	2	1
Hospital Rooms, ...	2	1	Privies, ...	2	2
Chapels, ...	1	1	Water-closets, ...	2	-
School Rooms, ...	1	1	Fumigating Rooms, ...	1	-
			Pumps and Wells, ...	2	1
			Tread-wheels, ...	1	-

The building was throughout in good repair, secure, clean, dry, well ventilated, and sufficiently supplied with water, which is raised by a hand-pump. The sewers are effective and are frequently flushed. The bedding, blankets, sheets, and clothing were sufficient in quality and quantity, and are regularly issued.

Stock at the time of Inspection.

		Male Clothing.	Female Clothing.
Pairs Blankets, ...	90	Shirts, ... 81	Caps, ... 46
Pairs Sheets, ...	90	Jackets, ... 105	Shifts, ... 50
Rugs, ...	91	Trowsers, ... 70	Gowns, ... 25
Bed-ticks, ...	136	Caps, ... 45	Petticoats, ... 50
		Pairs Shoes, ... 47	Shoes, ... 19

It is in contemplation to fit the laundry with partitions, and to erect lavatories and water-closets for the females, between the back range of the female prison and the hospital. This range contains fifteen cells, already heated and fitted with bells, so that so soon as this improvement shall have been completed, there will be sufficient accommodation adapted to separation to admit of that system being carried out with all the criminal classes of females—the highest number of females in custody at any one time in the last two years having been only thirteen. But in order to legalize separation it is necessary that the code of by-laws, which now applies solely to males, should be extended to females, and after approval by the Grand Jury be submitted to the Lord Lieutenant for his final approval. The new male prison contains forty cells fitted in every way for separation, but although a code of by-laws directing strict separation for this sex is in force, its directions are not strictly observed—occasional association, which is most objectionable, being permitted. It is, however, right to mention, that this deviation from the principle of strict separation is in great measure occasioned by the presence of the lunatics, upon whom it is necessary that some sane prisoners should attend, so that the number left to whom separation can be applied is extremely small. All of both sexes, except the lunatics, sleep and take their meals in single cells.

The males are divided into three classes, and the females into two and sometimes three, according to character. It is very desirable that the female cells should be furnished with cots instead of the large iron bedsteads which occupy much of the space of the cells, and moreover, afford opportunities for lounging. The Governor usually attends the lock-up. One turnkey patrols at night, but his vigilance is not tested by a tell-tale clock.

SOUTH
DISTRICT.
County of
Wiltshire
Gaol.

Punishments for Prison Offences.

From 1st January to 31st December, 1858. From 1st January to day of Inspection, 1859.

	M.	F.		M.	F.
Punishment Cells, . . .	18	3	Punishment Cells, . . .	4	11
Total, . . .	18	3	Total, . . .	4	11

The above punishments, with one exception of fourteen days' solitary ordered by the Board, were inflicted by the Governor. The Punishment Book ought to be submitted to the Board at each meeting.

Employment.—Punitive Labour.

MALES.		FEMALES.	
Cooking, . . .	1	Prison duties, . . .	2
Shoemaking and white-washing, . . .	1		
Wardsmen and tailoring, . . .	1	Total, . . .	2
Wardman and attending furnace, . . .	1		
Cleaning prison (Saturday), . . .	2		
Total, . . .	6		

Industrial Labour.

MALES.		FEMALES.	
Shoemaking, . . .	1	Sewing, . . .	3
Mending lunatics, . . .	1	Mending lunatics, . . .	1
White-washing, . . .	1	Lunatics, . . .	3
Sick, . . .	1		
Wardman, . . .	1	Total, . . .	7
Lunatics, . . .	5		
Poor debtor, carpenter work, . . .	1		
„ wardman, . . .	1		
Total, . . .	12		

The paucity of hands renders it very difficult to carry out punitive labour, the number under sentence of hard labour being insufficient to work the tread-wheel. Creditable endeavours are made to maintain industrial employment, which consists of mending and making prison necessities and washing for the prison. No articles have been manufactured for sale outside during the last two years.

Schools.

School Hours.—Males, from 1 to 3 o'clock daily; Females, from 12 till 2 o'clock daily.

	M.	F.
Number of individual prisoners attending school during the year 1858, . . .	111	40
Average number attending daily, 1859, . . .	12	3

Instruction in reading, writing, and arithmetic is given to the males by the schoolmaster turnkey in the chapel (partitioned), and to the females by the matron in the day-rooms, daily, at the above-named hours.

These schools are well conducted, and are frequently visited by the Protestant Chaplain, who duly enters the notes of his visits in the Registries of Progress, which are of the right form and well kept.

Dietary and Contracts.

Return of diet at present supplied in this gaol—

Class 1.—Males.—Breakfast, 8 oz. meal, in stirabout, and $\frac{1}{2}$ pint new milk. Dinner, 14 oz. brown bread and 1 pint new milk.

Class 2.—Females.—Breakfast, 7 oz. meal, in stirabout, and $\frac{1}{2}$ pint new milk. Dinner, 12 oz. brown bread and $\frac{1}{2}$ pint new milk.

Class 3.—Males and females under fifteen years.—Breakfast, 5 oz. meal, in stirabout, and $\frac{1}{2}$ pint new milk. Dinner, 8 oz. brown bread and 1 pint new milk. Supper, 4 oz. brown bread.

One pint of oatmeal gruel is substituted for milk at dinner on two days in each week.

Dietary for prisoners whose period of imprisonment does not exceed one calendar month—

Class 1.—Males.—Breakfast, 8 oz. meal, in stirabout, and $\frac{1}{2}$ pint new milk. Dinner, 14 oz. brown bread and 1 pint oatmeal gruel.

SOUTH
DISTRICT.
—
County of
Wicklow
Gaol.

Class 2.—Females.—Breakfast, 7 oz. meal, in stirabout, and $\frac{1}{2}$ pint new milk. Dinner, 12 oz. brown bread and $\frac{1}{2}$ pint oatmeal gruel.

Class 3.—Males and females under fifteen years.—Breakfast, 5 oz. meal, in stirabout, and $\frac{1}{2}$ pint new milk. Dinner, 8 oz. brown bread and 1 pint oatmeal gruel. Supper, 4 oz. brown bread.

The stirabout is composed of half oatmeal and half Indian meal. The bread consists of half Indian meal and half second flour.

Contracts.—White and brown bread, 1d. per 4 lbs. under Dublin price; oatmeal, 16s. per cwt.; Indian meal, 9s. per cwt.; new milk, 6 $\frac{1}{2}$ d. per gallon; coals, 15s. per ton; candles, 8d. per lb.; soap, 5s. per stone.

Net cost of dietary per day for each prisoner on the day of inspection, and on the corresponding day in the three preceding years:—

1856, . . . 3d. | 1857, . . . 3d. | 1858, . . . 2 $\frac{1}{2}$ d. | 1859, . . . 2 $\frac{1}{2}$ d.

There was one complaint of the bread, which I considered to be groundless. The provisions are regularly inspected by the Chaplains, who record their opinion of the quality of the food in proper "Inspection of Provisions Book."

Books and Accounts.

The various registries and books relating to statistics of crime, discipline, and finances, are kept with a care and accuracy not exceeded in any prison under my inspection. All the forms recommended by my colleague and myself have been introduced. The Chaplains' journals are duly submitted to the Board, and there are proper extern and intern officers' gate-books. It is, however, necessary to mention that the absence of the female officers must be recorded as well as those of the male.

The accounts, which are kept by the Local Inspector, are very clear and explicit.

Total net cost of gaol, including dietaries and salaries, for the three preceding years:—

1856, . . £1,140 7s. 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ d. | 1857, . . £1,338 7s. 5d. | 1858, . . £1,306 1s. 7 $\frac{1}{2}$ d.

Officers and Salaries.

	£	s.	d.		£	s.	d.
William Nolan, esq., Local Inspector, ...	96	18	0	4th Turnkey, Edwd. Storey, Shoemaker, Storekeeper, and Acting Clerk, . . .	35	0	0
Andrew Nowlan, esq., Surgeon, ...	63	0	0	5th do. Robert Graham, Shoemaker and teaching in school, ...	30	0	0
Rev. Henry Rooke, Protestant Chaplain, ...	46	3	1	6th Assist. Turnkey, Wm. Quin, jun., teaching in school, ...	18	5	0
Rev. John Grant, Roman Catholic Chaplain, ...	46	3	1	Mrs. Mary Storey, Matron, ...	30	0	0
Robert Barry, Governor, ...	150	0	0	Miss Elizabeth McPhail, Deputy Matron, ...	25	0	0
1st Turnkey, William Quin, Tailor, ...	40	0	0	No resident Hospital Nurse, but a person will be called in when her services may be required.			
2nd do. John Carolin, teaching in school, ...	35	0	0				
3rd do. John Pepper, Painter, ...	30	0	0				

The extern officers and the Governor are paid at each Assizes—the others monthly. All receive allowance of coals and candles, but none rations. The turnkeys are supplied with uniforms and arms. The Local Inspector and Governor expressed themselves well satisfied with the conduct and efficiency of the officers.

Visits paid by Officers.

	From 1st Jan. to 31st Dec., in the year 1858.	From 1st Jan. up to day of inspection, 1858.
Local Inspector, ...	111	110
Surgeon, &c., ...	168	172
Protestant Chaplain, ...	172	134
Roman Catholic Chaplain, ...	295	223

Hospitals.

The accommodation for the sick is very limited, consisting of only one room for each sex under the same roof, and with a common entrance. The building was clean, orderly, and well ventilated, and contains a bath, but no water-closets. The health of the gaol had been very good.

SOUTH
DUMFRIES.
County of
Wicklow
Gaol.

	1855.	1857.	1858.
Number in hospital, ...	6	6	3
Number of days in hospital, ...	303	181	42
Number of deaths, ...	2	1	1
Cost of medicine, ...	£2 17s. 1d.	£3 4s. 6d.	£3 9s. 8d.

Board of Superintendence.

Sir George Hodson, bart., D.L., J.P.	John Edwards, esq., J.P.	Robert D. Barry, esq.
Charles Tottenham, esq., M.P., J.P.	James W. DeMott, esq.	Major Robert A. Gun Cunningham, J.P.
Francis Synges, esq., D.L., J.P.	Rev. Thomas Green.	Rev. J. Drought.
Hugh Eccles, esq.	Thomas S. Dennis, esq., J.P.	
	Henry Carroll, esq., D.L., J.P.	

The Board meets once a month, with rare exceptions. The smaller accounts are paid monthly by the Local Inspector, and accounted for to the Board at each meeting; the larger are discharged at Assizes.

Bridewells.

STATE OF BRIDEWELLS.

	Bellingham (District Bridewell.)		Thames.	
	M.	F.	M.	F.
No. of Commitments in past year, ...	54	24	28	14
Of whom were Drunkards, ...	11	1	-	-
No. of Commitments in the quarter preceding inspection, ...	12	2	6	2
Of whom were Drunkards, ...	4	-	2	-
Petty Sessions, ...	Fortnightly.		Fortnightly.	
Transmittals, ...	Regular.		Regular.	
Commitments, ...	Correct.		Correct.	
Registry, ...	Correct.		Correct.	
Repairs and Order, ...	Door of male day-room in want of repair.		Good.	
Security, ...	Satisfactory.		Very faulty.	
Accommodation, ...	Sufficient.		Quite insufficient.	
Bedding and Furniture, ...	Sufficient.		Sufficient.	
Water, ...	Pumps on premises, but supply of water short.		None.	
Sewerage, ...	Indifferent and offensive.		Effective.	
Dryness, Ventilation, and Cleanliness, ...	Clean, but damp, and badly ventilated.		Satisfactory.	
Cost of Dietary, per head, per day, ...	3d.		Males, 5d.; females, 4d.	
Salary of Keeper, ...	£30; of turnkey, £25.		£25.	
Whether Keeper follows any other employment, ...	-		Court-keeper.	

FELTON F. W. HENRY, Inspector-General.

DUBLIN DISTRICT.

DUBLIN
DISTRICT.County of
Dublin
Gaol.COUNTY OF DUBLIN GAOL, AT KILMAINHAM.—VISITED THE 2ND OF
DECEMBER, 1859.

State.

Denomination of Class.	No. in each Class.			No. Sick in Hospital.		
	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.
Master Debtors, ...	8	5	13	—	—	—
UNTRIED.						
For Felony, ...	4	—	4	—	—	—
„ Larceny, ...	2	1	3	—	—	—
„ Misdemeanors, ...	2	1	3	—	—	—
TRIED.						
<i>Cases disposed of at Assizes and Sessions.</i>						
<i>Of Felony or Larceny:—</i>						
To Imprisonment, ...	—	1	1	—	—	—
<i>Disposed of Summarily.</i>						
For Larceny, ...	3	—	3	—	—	—
Offences under Larceny Act, ...	—	4	4	—	—	—
In default of Bail, ...	—	3	3	—	—	—
Non-payment of Fines and Penalties, ...	—	11	11	—	—	—
Other Misdemeanors, ...	6	5	11	—	—	—
Dangerous Lunatics, ...	2	3	5	2	3	5
Totals, ...	27	34	61	2	3	5

Offences, &c., of Juveniles Classified at the time of Inspection.

	10 Years and under.		16 Years and above 10.		20 Years and above 16.	
	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.
Summary Convictions—Vagrants, ...	—	—	—	—	—	—
„ Other offences, ...	—	—	3	—	—	—
Twice imprisoned, ...	—	—	1	—	—	—

Total number of all classes in gaol on the day of inspection, and on the corresponding day for the three preceding years:—

1856.		1857.		1858.		1859.	
M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.
64	41	61	55	18	36	27	34

Committals, Re-committals, and Averages.

From 1st January to 31st December, 1858.				From 1st Jan. to day of Inspection, 1859.			
		M.	F.			M.	F.
Committals—Debtors, ...		37	10	Committals—Debtors, ...		44	10
Criminals, ...		419	362	Criminals, ...		375	356
Vagrants, ...		28	41	Vagrants, ...		34	52
Drunkards, ...		81	124	Drunkards, ...		67	133
Lunatics, ...		15	14	Lunatics, ...		11	10
Total, ...		570	551	Total, ...		534	569

The accommodation consists of—

	M.	F.		M.	F.
Wards, ...	4	3	Chapels, ...	1	—
Yards, ...	4	2	Workshops, ...	1	—
Day Rooms, ...	3	2	Kitchens, ...	1	—
Solitary Cells, ...	—	1	Store Rooms, ...	5	1
Single Cells, not less than 9 feet long, 6 feet wide, and 8 feet high—434 cubic feet, ...	—	—	Laundries, ...	—	1
Single Cells of larger size, ...	25	8	Drying Rooms, ...	—	2
Cells to contain three persons, ...	7	20	Lavatories, ...	1	—
Sleeping Rooms, ...	4	1	Baths, ...	1	1
No. of Beds in such Rooms, ...	8	3	Privies, ...	3	1
Hospital Rooms, ...	1	1	Water-closets, ...	3	2
			Pumps and Wells, ...	1	1

DUBLIN DISTRICT.
County of Dublin Gaol.

Stock at the time of Inspection.

		Male Clothing.	Female Clothing.
Pairs Blankets, ...	154	Shirts, ... 100	Caps, ... 80
Pairs Sheets, ...	201½	Jackets, ... 132	Shifts, ... 80
Rugs, ...	126	Trowsers, ... 128	Gowns, ... 111
Bed-ticks, ...	104	Caps, ... 51	Petticoats, ... 34
		Pairs Shoes, ... 112	Pairs Shoes, ... 43

The works referred to in the last Report, as having been commenced, have advanced towards completion, though their progress has been arrested by combination among the trades, by disappointment in the supply to the contractor of materials for which he was necessarily dependent upon others, and by the inclemency of the weather.

The newly-erected portion of the building contains ample cellular accommodation for the males, to whom alone in the first instance the "separate system" is to be applied; and consequently the quarters hitherto occupied by these latter will be rendered available for the reception of the females, and can be readily adapted for the enforcement of the same admirable form of discipline, which has been found especially efficacious in dealing with this sex, when isolation is fully carried out at the periods allocated to industrial labour by means of stalls and partitions, in order to prevent all undue intercourse and communication.

I found the gaol at my visit in as orderly a condition as is compatible with the extensive alterations, and the necessary suspension of many of the regulations for classification, discipline, and employment.

The repair of the older portion is generally sound, with the exception of the roof over the chapel and marshalsea; the supply of water is abundant, and the sewerage is about to be extended in connexion with the new plans; little in fact is required in addition to this, for which provision is already made, as hereafter the hospital accommodation will be adequate.

I have alluded above to the necessity of furnishing the means of separation for females when engaged in industrial tasks, such as washing, which would embrace a laundry and a drying and an ironing room thus fitted; and I would submit that the number of baths is insufficient, both for the criminals and debtors. It would be desirable in order to obviate the present insecurity of the building in the female yard, which adjoins the circuit wall, that the front wall of it should be raised, and a gutter formed behind it, with a discharge and down-pipe, to carry off the water externally without risk of escapes.

These suggestions would involve but an inconsiderable outlay, and I entertain no doubt that the very energetic and conscientious Board will take means for putting these into execution, as the circumstances of gaols in respect of expenditure are now on a better footing than formerly.

The establishment of reformatories has already relieved, and will to a much greater extent relieve them of the constantly recurrent class of juvenile delinquents, and, what is of far greater financial importance, the large proportion borne by the Consolidated Fund as a subsidy towards the cost of maintenance, &c., of all tried prisoners, except the minor cases of summary jurisdiction, will place the counties and boroughs in a position to contribute liberally, at a less annual disbursement than heretofore, to the general improvement of the prisons sever-

DUBLIN
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ally belonging to them, especially as such disbursement will be further diminished by the institution of "separation," the invariable effect of which is proved by experience to be a reduction in the aggregate of offenders.

The locks are good, and the amount of beds, bedding, blankets, and sheets, is adequate, but I would again urge the introduction of cots in lieu of bedsteads, in order to obtain more free space in the cells, and to check a disposition to lounge, which the facility for indulging it will not fail to suggest to the inmates.

The stock of prepared clothing was not large, but there was raw material in store ready to be worked up. In shoes however there was a deficiency.

The classification of the males is now restricted to the tried and the untried; and the females are placed in two divisions, the vagrants and prostitutes constituting one, according to circumstances; and both sexes sleep and take their meals in single cells when the numbers permit. At present the quarters assigned to the mistress debtors is very limited, consisting of one room only for all purposes, in which I found no less than five congregated.

The lock-up is attended by the Governor or his deputy, and the vigilance of the nightly patrol is intended to be tested by a toll-tale clock, which is now too easily accessible, and therefore liable to be tampered with. No escapes took place in the past year; and the punishments, amounting to sixty-eight, and recorded in a book, which is submitted to the Board at each meeting, and initialed by the Chairman as an evidence of cognizance, were all inflicted by the sole authority of the Governor.

Punishments for Prison Offences.

From 1st January to 31st December, 1856.			From 1st Jan. to day of Inspection, 1859.		
	M.	F.		M.	F.
Punishment Cells, . . .	52	14	Punishment Cells, . . .	40	28
Total, . . .	52	14	Total, . . .	40	28

Employment.—Industrial Labour.

MALES.		FEMALES.	
Picking Oakum and Cocoon Fibre, . . .	8	Needlework, . . .	6
Tailoring, . . .	1	Picking Oakum, . . .	8
Cooking and Prison Duties, . . .	6	Washing and Mangling, . . .	6
Debtors not employed, . . .	8	Prison duties, . . .	4
Lunatics do., . . .	2	Sick and Lunatics, . . .	3
Cripples, each having lost an arm, . . .	2	Debtors not employed, . . .	5
		Discharged this morning, . . .	2
Total, . . .	27	Total, . . .	34

The abnormal condition of the prison during the continuance of the works has of course necessarily affected, and partially suspended, industrial, as well as punitive labour.

Total of net profit produced by articles disposed of outside the gaol, and return of same for the last two years, separately:—

1858.	£	s.	d.	1859.	£	s.	d.
Mats, . . .	17	0	7	Mats, . . .	6	11	3
Oakum, . . .	10	4	6	Oakum, . . .	0	6	0
Broken stone, . . .	1	15	8	Broken stone, . . .	5	7	4
Needlework and Washing, . . .	2	0	5	Needlework and Washing, . . .			
	31	10	2		12	4	7

Schools.

	M.	F.
Number of individual prisoners attending school during the year 1859, . . .	60	20
Average number attending daily, . . .	4 1/2	4 1/2

School-hours.—Males and Females.—From twelve till two o'clock daily.

The school has doubtless been influenced in some degree by the same cause, which has interfered with employment, but latterly it has been reduced almost to a nullity. For instance, on the day which I have selected for the record of my inspection, there being no juveniles confined in the prison, the sole class which receives educational instruction, it was closed; and on the female

side, in consequence of the frequent changes among the matrons, a similar discontinuance had taken place. It would be very desirable that all adults capable, and desirous of learning should participate in this important element of reformation. The registry recommended by the Inspectors-General is in use, and the Chaplains occasionally visit and examine the pupils.

DUBLIN DISTRICT.
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Dietary and Contracts.

Males.—Breakfast—2 oz. rice and 6 oz. Indian meal, made into stirabout, and $\frac{1}{2}$ pint new milk. Dinner—14 oz. brown bread, and 1 pint new milk.

Females.—Breakfast—1 $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. rice and $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. Indian meal, made into stirabout, and $\frac{1}{2}$ pint new milk. Dinner—12 oz. brown bread, and $\frac{1}{2}$ pint new milk.

Prisoners committed for one month and under—1 pint gruel in lieu of milk.

Males and Females under 15 years of age.—Breakfast, 1 oz. rice and $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. Indian meal, made into stirabout, and $\frac{1}{2}$ pint new milk. Dinner—8 oz. brown bread, and 1 pint gruel. Supper—4 oz. brown bread.

Contracts.—White bread, per lb., 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ d.; brown bread, per lb., 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ d.; oatmeal, per cwt., 17s.; Indian meal, per cwt., 11s. 6d.; rice, per cwt., 14s.; meat, per lb., 6 $\frac{1}{2}$ d.; new milk, per gallon, 5 $\frac{1}{2}$ d.; buttermilk, per gallon, 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ d.; salt, per cwt., 1s. 6d.; coals, per ton, 14s. 6d.; straw, per cwt., 2s. 6d.; candles, per dozen lbs., 6s. 8d.; soap, per cwt., 24s.

Net cost of dietary per day for each prisoner on the day of inspection, and on the corresponding day in the three preceding years:—

1856, . 2 $\frac{1}{2}$ d. | 1857, . 3 $\frac{1}{2}$ d. | 1858, . 2 $\frac{1}{2}$ d. | 1859, . 2 $\frac{1}{2}$ d.

There were no complaints of the diet on the part of the prisoners. The Chaplains, who inspect the provisions regularly, though not in the form suggested by my colleague and myself, had taken frequent exception to some of the items of consumption in the earlier part of the year, but latterly very few objections were recorded.

Books and Accounts.

The several books embracing all matters of criminal registration, of financial expenditure, and of official duty, are kept with very praiseworthy fulness and clearness.

The Chaplains are furnished with journals, but not the Local Inspector or the Surgeon; the latter however proposes to provide a book for this purpose, in addition to the several entries and forms which he already observes.

The daily record of the prison kept by the Governor is highly creditable. Total net cost of gaol, including dietary and salaries, for the three preceding years, separately:—

1857, . £2,361 5s. 11 $\frac{1}{2}$ d. | 1858, . £2,372 17s. 7d. | 1859, . £2,174 12s. 1d.

Officers and Salaries.

Captain Langrishe, Local Inspector,	£100 0 0	James Reynolds, 2nd Class Turnkey, Tailor, and Schoolmaster,	£20 0 0
Rev. Robert Fleming, Protestant Chaplain,	55 7 8	William Bigger, 2nd Class Turnkey and Weaver,	30 0 0
Rev. Samuel Simpson, Presbyterian Chaplain,	55 7 8	Daniel B. Mathews, 2nd Class Turnkey,	30 0 0
Rev. Edward Kennedy, Roman Catholic Chaplain,	55 7 8	John Barry, 2nd Class Turnkey,	30 0 0
Doctor William Thornhill, Surgeon,	80 0 0	Christopher Dunne, Cook,	30 0 0
Mr. Robert Allison, Governor,	250 0 0	John McLoughlin, Hospital Turnkey,	30 0 0
Thos. Flawett, Head Turnkey, Clerk, & Storekeeper,	60 0 0	Elizabeth M. Boone, Matron,	22 10 0
Micah Doyle, 1st Class Turnkey and Carpenter,	52 0 0	Mary Jane Dyer, Assistant Matron,	25 0 0
Richard O'Neill, 1st Class Turnkey,	52 0 0	Frances Wood, Hospital Attendant,	12 0 0
James Gordon, 1st Class Turnkey and Shoemaker,	52 0 0		

Since the last inspection Mrs. Ridgeway, matron, having resigned, was succeeded by Mrs. Boone, promoted from the rank of assistant-matron, and Mrs. Archer was appointed to the office thus vacated; she having subsequently

DUBLIN
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resigned, Mrs. Dyer has taken her place. The second class turnkeys and the female officers are supplied with gaoil allowances, and all the turnkeys with uniforms and firearms. The interns receive their salaries monthly, except the Governor, who, as well as the externs, is paid quarterly.

I fully concur with my colleagues in the favourable opinion of Mr. Flewett, the Deputy Governor, put forward in his last report, and I have learned with regret that no addition to his salary has been awarded; the great increase of labour however, which the keeping of the records of the prisoners, towards whose maintenance, &c., the State contributes, will hereafter necessarily entail upon him, will doubtless be duly recompensed.

Officers' Visits.

	From 1st Jan. to 31st Dec. in the year 1858.	From 1st Jan. up to day of Inspection, 1859.
Local Inspector, ...	104	97
Sergeon, ...	143	129
Protestant Chaplain, ...	150	143
Presbyterian or Dissenting Chaplain, ...	153	137
Roman Catholic Chaplain, ...	167	148

Hospitals.

As remarked above the hospital accommodation will be fully adequate. The prison had been free from all epidemic disease, and at my visit there was not a single patient properly so called, the quarters assigned to the sick being occupied solely by dangerous lunatics.

Number in hospital, total number of days, and cost of medicine, and number of deaths, for the last three years, each year separately :—

	1856.	1857.	1858.	1859.
Number in Hospital, ...	180	104	114	85
Number of days in Hospital, ...	4,435	5,104	3,331	2,075
Deaths, ...	1	3	1	3
Cost of Medicine, ...	£16 10s. 7d.	£17 12s. 5d.	£11 5s. 8d.	£9 4s. 3d.

Board of Superintendence.

Sir John J. Coghill, bart.	Chas. Vesey Colclhurst, esq.	Richard Manders, esq.
James H. Hamilton, esq. M.P.	William Caldwell, esq.	Phineas Riell, esq.
Alexander Kirkpatrick, esq.	Thomas Baker, esq.	Captain Lindsay.
Henry J. McFarlane, esq.	Robert Chambers, esq.	Ralph S. Gussack, esq.

The Board is convened monthly, and in the event of any failure in attendance assembles in the ensuing week. The payment of all bills, cheques, &c., except the salaries referred to above, takes place quarterly.

J. CORRY CONNELLAN, *Inspector-General*.

RICHMOND BRIDEWELL.—VISITED THE 24TH OF JANUARY, 1860.

DUBLIN DISTRICT.

Richmond Bridewell.

State.

Denomination of Class.	No. in each Class.			No. Sick in Hospital.		
	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.
UNTRIED.						
For Felony, ...	2	—	2	—	—	—
„ Larceny, ...	15	—	15	1	—	1
„ Misdemeanors, ...	4	—	4	—	—	—
Deserters, ...	1	—	1	1	—	1
TRIED.						
<i>Cases disposed of at Assizes and Sessions.</i>						
Of Felony or Larceny:—						
To Penal Servitude, ...	5	—	5	—	—	—
To Imprisonment, ...	34	—	34	6	—	6
Of Misdemeanors, &c., ...	23	—	23	1	—	1
<i>Disposed of Summarily.</i>						
For Larceny, ...	28	—	28	5	—	5
In default of Bail, ...	16	—	16	2	—	2
Non-payment of Fines and Penalties, ...	6	—	6	—	—	—
Other Misdemeanors, ...	23	—	23	3	—	3
Under Poor Law Act, ...	2	—	2	—	—	—
Under Revenue Laws, ...	2	—	2	—	—	—
Vagrants, ...	12	—	12	3	—	3
Drunkards, ...	6	—	6	1	—	1
Dangerous Lunatics, ...	19	—	19	19	—	19
Gross Total, ...	198*	—	198	42	—	42

Offences, &c., of Juveniles Classified at the time of Inspection.

	10 Years and under.		15 Years and above 10.		20 Years and above 16.	
	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.
Felons convicted, ...	—	—	4	—	—	—
Misdemeanants convicted, ...	—	—	4	—	—	—
Committed for trial at assizes and sessions—Felons, ...	—	—	5	—	—	—
Summary convictions—Vagrants, ...	—	—	1	—	—	—
Other offences, ...	—	—	10	—	—	—
Workhouse offenders, ...	—	—	5	—	—	—
Offenders on leaving Workhouse, ...	—	—	1	—	—	—
Twice imprisoned, ...	—	—	1	—	—	—
Three times imprisoned, ...	—	—	2	—	—	—
Four times imprisoned, ...	—	—	1	—	—	—
Five times imprisoned and upwards, ...	—	—	2	—	—	—

Total number of all classes in gaol on the day of inspection, and on the corresponding day for the three preceding years:—

1857, ... 291 | 1858, ... 261 | 1859, ... 230† | 1860, ... 198*

* 5 County Dublin prisoners not included. † 15 County Dublin prisoners not included.

DUBLIN
DISTRICT.

Commitments, Re-commitments, and Averages.

Richmond
Bridewell.

From 1st January to 31st December, 1858.

From 1st January to 31st December, 1859.

	N.
For Further Examination, Discharged, for Trial, Not Convicted, and Deserters,	610
Criminals,	1,447
Vagrants,	74
Drunkards,	385
Lunatics,	41
Total,	2,557
Re-commitments of Criminals—Once,	137
Twice,	31
Thrice,	6
Four times and more,	1
Total,	165
Average daily number,	290
Highest at any one time,	284
Lowest ditto,	160
Average daily number in Hospital,	35

	N.
For Further Examination, Discharged, for Trial, Not Convicted, and Deserters,	590
Criminals,	*1,408
Vagrants,	112
Drunkards,	498
Lunatics,	40
Total,	*2,648
Re-commitments of Criminals—Once,	98
Twice,	19
Thrice,	6
Four times and more,	1
Total,	124
Average daily number,	309
Highest at any one time,	264
Lowest ditto,	163
Average daily number in Hospital,	36

An examination of the schedules of commitments during the years 1858 and 1859 shows, that although the total for the latter somewhat exceeds that of the preceding year, such excess is to be found among the vagrants and drunkards, while there is a diminution observable in the "criminal" class. Again there is a decrease to be noted in the daily average for 1859; but this is attributable not so much to the decline of offenders, as to the operation of the reformatories upon the juveniles, no less than sixty-two of whom, viz., sixty Roman Catholics and two Protestants, were transmitted during that period to the institutions established under the 21st and 22nd Vic., cap. 103, for the respective persuasions; ten others (all Roman Catholics) were also directed to be detained in reformatories, upon the expiration of their sentences of preliminary imprisonment; but, owing to a want of accuracy in ascertaining their ages, six were rejected as being beyond the statutable age, two for the shortness of term of detention prescribed by the Judges, Chairmen, or Magistrates, and two for bodily infirmities. It is greatly to be regretted that sentences in the alternative cannot now be legally pronounced on juveniles, in the event of the manager of the reformatories being unable, from want of room, or unwilling from any just cause, which may be shown, to receive them, as under the present provisions justice is frequently baffled, and grave offenders escape with wholly inadequate punishments, being entitled to their discharge on the completion of a very brief period of imprisonment.

In the course of the year 1859, twenty-one persons known, and eight suspected to be discharged convicts were committed to the prison.

The lunatics amounted to nineteen; and although here, as well as in the female branch of the City Prison at Grangegorman, every care, consistent with the limited appliances, which are available, is taken of these unhappy beings, the evils, which have been so often the subject of comment and remonstrance by the Inspectors-General, by the Board, and by the Council, remain unabated, to the detriment of discipline, and to the probability of injury as well to the insane as to those who volunteer to superintend them. The surgeon in his report, addressed to the Inspectors-General, notices this latter point:

"There is a subject which calls for remark; I advert to the violent injuries and accidents, to which the lunatics are from time to time exposed, when collected in number in open wards, occasionally suicidal, but more frequently of an aggressive character. The most serious incident of the latter description occurred in the past year 1859 to Joseph Barnes, a ward-man, who was assailed by a lunatic and stabbed in the chest, and the lungs wounded; in the effort to secure the lunatic some others were injured: after a long confinement and much suffering Barnes recovered."

* Including 45 prisoners transferred from county Dublin.

Accommodation.		DUBLIN DISTRICT.	
	M.		M.
Wards, ...	15	Workshops, ...	5
Yards, ...	20	Kitchens, ...	1
Corridors, ...	34	Bakery, ...	1
Solitary Cells, ...	13	Store Rooms, ...	14
Single Cells, not less than 9 feet long, 8 feet wide, and 8 feet high=432 cubic feet, ...	143	Laundries, ...	1
Single cells of smaller size, ...	4	Drying Rooms, ...	1
Cells to contain three persons, ...	115	Lavatories, ...	11
No. of Beds in Hospital Wards, ...	65	Baths, ...	3
Hospital Rooms and Wards, ...	8	Water-closets, ...	38
Chapels, ...	2	Fumigating Room, ...	1
School Rooms, ...	1	Reception Room, ...	1
Workshops, ...	3	Pumps and Wells, ...	3
		Tread-wheels, ...	2
		Capstan Mill, ...	1

At my several visits to the prison I found it in a cleanly and orderly condition. The repair is sound, the ventilation and sewerage effective, the supply of water abundant, and the stock of bedding, blankets, sheets, and clothing adequate.

Stock at the time of Inspection.

Pairs Blankets, ...	4024	Bed-ticks, ...	134	Trowsers, ...	480
Pairs Sheets, ...	7154	Shirts, ...	1,199	Caps, ...	596
Rugs, ...	471	Jackets, ...	353	Pairs Shoes, ...	444
Hammocks or Cots, ...	311				

Since the last inspection, some of the lavatories have been removed from the stove-rooms, and placed in the yards. It is further proposed to enclose the waste ground in the front of the building with an iron railing. The lower prison is unoccupied, there being a sufficiency of cells fitted with all the appliances of "separation" for the reception of the ordinary aggregate of prisoners, when the sick, the lunatics, and those in attendance upon them are deducted. The regulations for carrying out the separate system having been duly approved, are now in force, while at the same time there exists the annexed scale of classification subordinate to, and not in conflict to them; but great care must be taken not to infringe upon the integrity of this invaluable form of discipline, which the Inspectors-General are determined to maintain, sanctioned as it is by the authority of the Executive.

Classification.

- No. 1.—Reception wards.
- No. 2.—Juveniles sentenced to Reformatories.
- No. 3.—For trial and further examination; previously convicted.
- No. 4.—For trial and further examination; not previously convicted.
- No. 5.—First time convicted.—Misdemeanants committed by the Court and summarily; vagrants and felons unfit for hard labour.
- No. 6.—Mixed; chiefly re-convicts. The juveniles wash and exercise by themselves, and the few first convicts wash and exercise with prisoners confined in No. 5 Class.
- No. 7.—Mixed; chiefly tradesmen. Exercise together.
- No. 8.—Re-convicts.—Felons, misdemeanants, and vagrants.
- No. 9.—Tread-wheel Class.—First convicts in the long range; re-convicts in the short range. The last-named exercise with No. 8 prisoners.
- No. 10.—Mixed.—Kitchen and bakery.
- No. 11.—Mixed.—Felons, misdemeanants, and vagrants; coal carrying, labouring, and some infirm vagrants.
- No. 12.—Hospital.—Sick and lunatics.

I think it right to affirm this determination, as an attempt was made at the instance of the Governor to virtually abrogate the principle of "separation," by laying before the Board a rule to the effect that in certain industrial operations, to be approved by them, association might be permitted, on the ground that it would be impossible without such a modification to carry on the mat-manufacture, which constitutes the principal source of profit here. Now even if this result were undoubted, it is to be borne in mind that a prison is not a factory, but an institution, in which the punitive and reformatory elements ought to be para-

DUBLIN
DISTRICT.
—
Richmond
Bridewell.

mount, and in which a penalty for past offences is to be inflicted, while industrial labour is to be considered as wholly subservient to discipline, and as the means only of improvement by preventing idleness, and by training prisoners to an employment, which may enable them to earn their bread honestly, on their restoration to the community at large. If, subject to these considerations, a remunerative return can be attained, so much the better; but if not, all question of gain ought to be postponed to the higher object. Happily, however, this necessity does not exist, for the Board having rejected the rule above referred to, upon my putting the whole case before them, arrangements have been devised by applying the tread-wheel to some of the operations, and by altering the machinery so as to dispense with associated labour in others, for retaining the manufacture in undiminished activity.

The tread-wheel is already partitioned; but it will be necessary to erect stalls in the laundry and school-room, so as to cut off all communication, and to place high seats for the officers in the chapel, in order to give them a commanding view over the prisoners in their charge. I would further urge the extension of gas to the interior of the cells, so as to enable the inmates during the winter months to turn to beneficial account, by reading and working, the long period of darkness now passed in idleness.

The Governor or the Deputy attend the lock-up, from which period until 9 p.m., four warders are on guard, when the supervision of the prison is transferred to a watchman who patrols till the morning, his vigilance being ascertained by a bell-take clock.

The "Punishment Book" is regularly examined at each meeting of the Board. Subjoined is an analysis of all the cases brought under cognizance in the past year.

Number of prisoners reported from 1st January to 31st December, 1859, and nature of the reports:—

No. of Offenders,	473	Damage to Prison Property,	127
Assaults,	5	Various other Offences,	794
Insubordination,	126	Total Reports,	1,062

Punishments and admonitions from 1st January to 31st December, 1859:—

By Magistrates, members of the Board of Superintendence:		By Magistrates, members of the Board of Superintendence:	
Committed for Trial,	2	Admonished,	14
Solitary Confinement—			
Bread and water,	11		
By the Governor:		By the Governor:	
Solitary Confinement—		Admonished,	431
Bread and water, 1 day,	245	Dismissed,	57
" 2 days,	130	Not disposed of,	2
" 3 days,	190	Total Not Punished,	484
Total Punished,	568	Total Reports,	1,062

Employment on day of Inspection.

PUNITIVE LABOUR.		INDUSTRIAL LABOUR.	
Species of Employment.		Species of Employment.	
MALES.		MALES.	
Tread-mill,	21	Baking,	3
Washing in Laundry,	4	Brushmaking,	3
Wardsmen cleaning,	15	Labouring,	2
Whitewashing,	8	Mat-making,	13
In Hospital,	39	Picking Cotton Fibre, &c.,	46
In Reception Ward, &c.,	20	Weaving Linsey, Mats, Matting, &c.,	15
In Solitary,	2	Warping and Winding,	2
		Painting,	2
Industrial Labour,	109	Shoemaking,	1
	89	Smith's Work,	2
Total,	198	Total of Industrial Labour,	89

5 County Dublin prisoners not included in above.

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—
Richmond
Bridenell.

The foregoing schedule accounts for the allocation of the prisoners on the day which I have selected for the record of my inspection. Laudable energy is displayed in maintaining active occupation, but the paucity of handicraftsmen among the officers, as detailed below, necessarily tends to a want of variety in employment. The reduction of prisoners has further led to the discontinuance of the capstan mill, and to the discharge of the miller, whose wages are thus saved; and in connexion with this department I have to state that a proposition, submitted by the Governor, for erecting a steam engine to be applied to working the flour-mill and pumping was referred to a sub-committee, and by them over-ruled as unadvisable on the score of expense.

Total of net profit produced by articles disposed of outside the gaol during the year 1858, £344 13s. 9d.

With regard to prisoners under rule of hard labour I would remark, that a very objectionable practice has prevailed here of not remitting to this portion of their sentence after convalescence such as have been withdrawn by order of the Medical Officers, on the ground of temporary indisposition. Wardens have also been frequently selected from this class of prisoners; and I therefore call the attention of the Board to the necessity of inquiring into the offences and antecedents of the persons chosen by the Governor for this comparatively light duty, as otherwise an opportunity of unjust favouritism is afforded. The number of wardens, further, has hitherto exceeded the requirements, but I am happy to state that a reduction has already been effected.

Schools.

It is to be observed that none but juveniles are placed in the school, and even of these, such as are directed to be detained in reformatories, are not admitted during the very short term of their preparatory imprisonment. It would be preferable that all adults of a suitable age, and disposed to improve themselves, should be instructed; for if, as suggested above, separate stalls were erected, no inducement of association would exist; and those only, who were really desirous of learning, would offer themselves.

The master appears to be efficient, and one boy, who alone had been for some time under tuition, I found to have made a creditable progress.

School return for the year ending December 31, 1859, showing the difference between it and the year ending 1858:—

	1859.	1858.
Remainder at school 1st January, ...	22	22
Admitted during the year, ...	22	162
Total, ...	114	184
Admitted once during the year, ...	107	136
Re-admitted once during the year, ...	7	48
Total, ...	114	184
Confined from 7 days to 14 days included, ...	24	23
Confined from 14 days to 1 month included, ...	33	58
Confined from 1 month to 3 months included, ...	27	70
Confined from 3 months to 6 months included, ...	22	17
Confined from 6 months to 18 months included, ...	8	16
Total, ...	114	184
Ages from 7 years to 10 years included, ...	7	13
Ages from 10 years to 16 years included, ...	107	171
Total, ...	114	184
Protestants, ...	4	13
Catholics, ...	110	171
Total, ...	114	184

DUBLIN
DISTRICT.

TABLE showing the Proficiency of Prisoners attending School.

Richmond
Bridewell.

	No. of Individuals.	Advanced to Spelling, 1st Book, and Tables.	Advanced to Reading 2nd Book, Writing on slates, and first four rules of Arithmetic.	Advanced to Reading 3rd Book, Writing on paper, Parts of Speech, and Geography.	Advanced to Writing from Dictation, Propositions, Parables, and Miscellaneous Geography.	Short Periods.	No. of Individuals who attended School.	Daily Average Attendance.
Began Alphabet.	16	6	1	—	—	9		
Began Spelling, 1st Book, and Tables.	26	—	7	4	—	15		
Began Reading 2nd Book, Writing on slates, and first four rules of Arithmetic.	54	—	—	17	4	38		
Began Reading 3rd Book, Writing on paper, Parts of Speech, and Geography.	18	—	—	—	5	13		
Total for 1859.	114	6	8	21	9	70	107	14
Total for 1858.	184	28	21	29	8	98	160	19
Difference.	70	22	13	8	1	28	53	5

Good registries are kept; and the Chaplains visit and enter their comments. The school is under the supervision of the National Board of Education, but there was no record of any examination by an Inspector since May, 1858, a period of eighteen months.

Dietary and Contracts.

First Class Prisoners.—8 oz. oatmeal in stirabout with $\frac{1}{2}$ a pint of new milk daily for breakfast; 14 oz. wholemeal bread, with a pint of new milk for dinner for two days in each week; the remaining two days, 1 pint gruel made from 1 oz. of oatmeal, in lieu of milk. First-class prisoners whose periods of imprisonment do not exceed one calendar month, receive the same breakfast as above, and for dinner 14 oz. wholemeal bread, with a pint of gruel.

Juveniles, 15 years of age and under, receive 5 oz. oatmeal in stirabout with $\frac{1}{2}$ pint new milk for breakfast daily, and 8 oz. of wholemeal bread with a pint of vegetable soup for dinner, and 4 oz. bread for supper.

Contracts.—Bread, per 4 lbs. 3'3078d.; oatmeal, per cwt., 13s. 6d.; meat, 4½d. per lb.; new milk, per gallon, 5½d.; buttermilk, per gallon, 2d.; salt, per cwt., 2s.; coals, per ton, 14s.; candles, per lb., 6½d.; soap, per cwt., 25s.

Net cost of dietary per day for each prisoner on the day of inspection, and on the corresponding day in the three preceding years:—

1857, 3'4d.; 1858, 3'14d.; 1859, 2'9d.; 1860, 3d.

No complaints were preferred by the prisoners against the provisions, which are duly inspected by the Chaplains, their comments being entered in the prescribed form. The baking of bread within the goal is still maintained, but it is about to be discontinued forthwith, it being intended that the supply shall henceforth be provided by contract. This change involves the discharge of the baker, and the withdrawal of the prisoners, hitherto employed under him, from associated labour.

Books and Accounts.

The registries and the books embracing matters of discipline, consumption, expenditure, and receipts are kept with laudable care, and all the forms suggested by the Inspectors-General are observed, except the "time table showing how prisoners are employed from the opening of the prison to the 'lock-up,' which, however, is about to be procured.

The Local Inspector, the Chaplains, the Medical Officers, the Governor, and the Deputy-Governor are provided with journals, and the subordinates with report books.

Total net cost of gaol, including dietary and salaries, for the three preceding years:—

1856, £5,261 7s. 2d.; 1857, £5,681 18s. 5d.; 1858, £5,204 4s. 3d.

Officers and Salaries.

Charles P. Gavin, Local Inspector, £150	James Corcoran, 1st Class Warder, £36
Anley Banco, Physician, . . . 100	Francis Ormstead, Weaving Master, . 36
Alexander Read, Surgeon, . . . 150	Patrick Duffy, 1st Class Warder, . 56
Rev. James Quinton, Protestant Chaplain, . . 50	John Lennon, ditto, . . . 56
Rev. T. M'Cormick, R.C. Chaplain, 100	John Connor, ditto, . . . 56
Rev. J. W. Hunter, Presbyterian Chaplain, . . £33 6s. 8d.	Thomas Foster, ditto, . . . 56
Dominick Marques, Governor, £400	Nicholas Mangan, Hall-porter, . . 54
Arthur Rawlins, Deputy Governor, 90	William Bell, 2nd Class Warder, . 44
John Whitaker, Registrar and Bookkeeper, . . 90	John Frawley, ditto, . . . 44
Martin Brophy, Assistant Clerk, . 36	John Bolger, ditto, . . . 44
Edward Rothe, Storekeeper, . . 84	George Graham, ditto, . . . 44
Henry J. Philpotts, Chief Warder, 80	William Sleeth, ditto, . . . 44
Michael M'Grath, Schoolmaster, . 64	Edward Gildea, ditto, . . . 44
William Hogan, Master of Works, 64	James Maloney, ditto, . . . 44
John M'Cormick, Gate-keeper, . 56	William Gregory, ditto, . . . 44
Richd. Donnelly, 1st Class Warder, 56	Patrick M'Carthy, Watchman, . 40
	Denis Kelly, ditto, . . . 40
	Michael Murphy, Carter and Messenger, . . . 26

There is but one officer in the prison regularly trained to a handicraft, viz., the weaving master.

One other, however, is capable of superintending tailoring and shoemaking, and a third of teaching the manufacture of mats.

All the officers, except the Chaplains and the Medical Officers, receive their salaries monthly; and all the interns are supplied with an allowance of soap and fuel, with a quart of new milk daily, and with 16 lbs. of bread weekly.

The warders are further provided with fire-arms and uniforms.

Since the last inspection, one warder having resigned in consequence of ill health, and another having been dismissed, the vacancies thus created have not been filled up.

It is to be remarked, that in the above list there appears the designation of "Deputy Governor," with reference to which I would make the following statement. In 1858, the office of Chief Warder having become vacant, the Board of Superintendence for that year, acting under the privilege delegated to them by the Lord Lieutenant, in whom, by the 6 & 7 Will. IV. c. 51, the appointment of the intern officers of the City of Dublin prisons is *absolutely and solely* vested, nominated Mr. Arthur Rawlins to that post, and, upon the expiration of the probationary period of three months, when submitting his name for final approbation, conferred on him the title of Deputy Governor. Under this designation, accordingly, his appointment was confirmed by the Lord Lieutenant; but the Town Council, adopting the Report of a Committee of their body, which was directed to inquire into the change of his title, and also into a proposed increase in his salary, passed, on the 27th of October, 1858, a resolution to the effect that Mr. Rawlins should not be styled Deputy Governor, but *Chief Warder*, and refused to sanction the suggested increase. Mr. Rawlins, consequently, on the 29th of October, 1858, addressed a letter to the Inspectors-General, reciting the foregoing facts, and requesting them to support him in maintaining the position accorded to him by the Lord Lieutenant, a copy of which having been laid before the Board elicited the subjoined resolution:—

"A copy of a letter from Mr. Arthur Rawlins to the Inspectors-General of Prisons, being submitted to the Board by the Local Inspector, in which it is stated that the Town Council, at its meeting on the 27th October last, declined, by a resolution of the House, to recognise his appointment as Deputy-Governor of Richmond Bridewell, the Board, having regard to Mr. Rawlins' appointment by the Lord Lieutenant, in December, 1858, and also to Mr. Rawlins having properly

DUBLIN DISTRICT. discharged the duties of Deputy Governor since his appointment, consider it necessary, for the proper execution of the public service and the discipline of the prison, to continue to recognise him as such officer, until such time as the matter, which is now under the consideration of the Inspectors-General of Prisons, shall have been finally disposed of."

Rickwood
Bridewell.

The Inspectors-General, however, are of opinion that they have no jurisdiction in the matter, the Lord Lieutenant having finally sanctioned the alteration of style, at the instance of the Board, the body to which alone he has delegated a certain portion of his powers, upon conditions, which have been in this case duly fulfilled.

Visits paid by Officers.

	From 1st Jan. to 31st Dec. in the Year 1859.
Local Inspector, ...	263
Physician, ...	210
Surgeon, &c., ...	158
Protestant Chaplain, ...	150
Presbyterian or Dissenting Chaplain, ...	147
Roman Catholic Chaplain, ...	347

The Board have agreed upon the subjoined rule, which will doubtless receive the proper sanction.

"The Medical Officer shall at least three times in each week and oftener, if occasion shall require, visit each prisoner in separate confinement, and shall attend daily between 11 o'clock, A.M., and 12 o'clock, noon, to examine every prisoner committed the day previous, before he is passed to the proper class; and shall give such directions respecting him as shall appear necessary and proper with regard to his health."

Hospitals.

The quarters assigned to the sick are ample and well tended. The lunatics are placed in this department; and, although not amounting to such overwhelming numbers, as are to be found in the female prison, constitute a serious obstruction to the maintenance of regular discipline.

The general sanitary condition of the prison was and had been satisfactory.

	1857.	1858.	1859.
Number in hospital, ...	860	549	568
Total number of days, ...	12,775	12,775	13,140
Number of Deaths, ...	8	8	3
Cost of Medicines, ...	£100	£100	£100

Board of Superintendence for 1859 and 1860.

For 1859.

Rt. Hon. the Lord Mayor (Alderman Lambert).	Councillor Jos. Carson, J.P.	Councillor Wm. White.
Ald. George Roe, D.L., J.P.	Councillor Hy. Price, J.P.	Councillor Martin Burke.
Councillor Sir T. O'Brien, Bart., M.P., J.P.	Councillor Thos. Hutton, D.L., J.P.	Councillor J. O. Bonnell.
	Councillor Patk. McNevin.	Councillor Jas. Plunkett.
		Councillor Jos. McCann.

For 1860.

Alderman George Roe, J.P., D.L.	Councillor Henry Price, J.P.	Counlr. Hon. J.P. Vereker.
Alderman Robert Kinahan, J.P.	Councillor Jermh. Dunne, J.P.	Councillor Wm. Acheson.
Alderman Denis Moylan, J.P.	Councillor John Gray, J.P.	Councillor John Ryan, M.D.
		Councillor John O'Neill.
		Councillor John Draper.
		Councillor Michl. Gavanan.

General Observations.

In closing my report I feel it to be my duty to offer some observations upon the administration of this prison, which I trust will be accepted in the same spirit, in which they are conceived, as having for their sole object the placing of the establishment upon a better footing. It is not for me to discuss the policy of the mode of electing the Board of Superintendence, viz., by ballot; but I

DUBLIN
DISTRICT.
—
Richmond
Bridgell.

cannot withhold my conviction that it necessarily tends to impair the weight and authority of that body, wanting as it is in the stability and continuity, which all other Boards throughout the kingdom possess. In our county and borough galls the Grand Juries and Councils elect, and uninterruptedly re-elect, persons who are capable of giving their constant attendance, and who take a special interest in prison discipline and management, and thus a government is formed, which always contains a certain number of members familiar with the whole subject, and, above all, with the character and conduct of the officers, and which consequently exercises a paramount and unbroken control. But here it frequently happens that a large proportion of the members is derived from those, whose avocations render it impossible to expect that they shall devote their time and attention to a duty, which is new to them, and which, thus fortuitously cast upon them, may not recur again.

This objection, however, would be greatly obviated if here the superior officer, viz., the Local Inspector, who is the confidential servant of the Board, and who is brought into direct communication of a similar character with the Inspectors-General and with the Judges at the Commission, were placed and maintained in his proper position. The late Local Inspector, from age and infirmity, had for a long period prior to his retirement been incapable of discharging his functions, and this condition of affairs not unnaturally induced the Governor to assume a station and a tone far beyond his relative rank, from which, under the circumstances referred to above, it was difficult for the succeeding Local Inspector to reduce him.

This undue assumption of a station, which is not tolerated elsewhere, has unhappily led to very serious results, and has affected injuriously the entire management. The Governor, almost unchecked as he has been, has been during his tenure betrayed into acts, which have more frequently elicited reprimand and condemnatory reports, than the conduct of any other similar officer in this kingdom. The investigations which have been held from time to time have brought to light infractions of discipline, improper employment of, and violent demeanour towards prisoners, and an indisposition to carry out orders, which, had it not been for the activity, which he undoubtedly has always exhibited, must have led to his dismissal. The want of a recognised chief officer over all the resident staff of both prisons (for this remark applies, although in a lesser degree, to Grangegorman Penitentiary), has further produced the suspicion, if not the reality, of favouritism towards prisoners and officers, and has proved detrimental to subordination, and to harmony of action among the latter. I therefore venture to urge the Board to assert their own mastery over every department, and to accord to their Local Inspector the position, which is due not only to his office but to the zeal, and thorough conscientiousness, which, in the opinion of my colleague and myself, after an experience of several years, are his characteristics. If this mode of government be rigidly maintained, a great improvement will unquestionably be effected, and Mr. Marques will have ample opportunity in his own proper sphere, and under salutary repression, of devoting his energy and ability to their service.

It only remains for me to congratulate the Board upon the promptness and vigour displayed by them in passing unanimously the subjoined resolutions, which insure the correct religious designation of all prisoners, and which protect the latter against any attempts (from whatever side they may proceed) to tamper with their religious belief.

"That a rule be made that the Governor shall on the day after the admission of each prisoner, see such prisoner, and satisfy themselves that the registry of the religion of each prisoner is properly made and in accordance with his or her own wish.

"That the officers be cautioned not to tamper in any way with the religion of prisoners, and be informed officially that a rule will be adopted and enforced, that all officers proved guilty of such conduct will in future be dismissed."

J. CORRY CONNELLAN, *Inspector-General.*

DUBLIN
DISTRICT.RICHMOND FEMALE PENITENTIARY, AT GRANGEGGERMAN.—VISITED ON THE
21ST DECEMBER, 1859.Richmond
Female Pen-
itentiary,
Grangegger-
man.

State.

Denomination of Class.	No. in each Class.			No. Sick in Hospital.		
	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.
UNTRIED.						
For Felony, ...	—	8	8	—	—	—
„ Misdemeanors, ...	—	1	1	—	—	—
TRIED.						
<i>Cases disposed of at Assizes and Sessions.</i>						
Of Felony or Larceny:—						
To Penal Servitude, ...	—	3	3	—	—	—
„ Imprisonment, ...	—	28	28	—	5	5
Of Misdemeanors, &c., ...	—	7	7	—	1	1
<i>Disposed of Summarily.</i>						
For Larceny, ...	—	25	25	—	3	3
Offences under Larceny Act, ...	—	12	12	—	1	1
In default of Bail, ...	—	8	8	—	1	1
Non-payment of Fines and Penalties, ...	—	14	14	—	2	2
Other Misdemeanors, ...	—	16	16	—	3	3
Vagrants, ...	—	5	5	—	—	—
Drunkards, ...	—	2	2	—	—	—
Dangerous Lunatics, ...	—	45	45	—	—	—
Gross Total,*	—	174	174	—	16	16

Offences, &c., of Juveniles Classified at the time of Inspection.

	10 Years and under.		16 Years and above 16.		20 Years and above 16.	
	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.
Misdemeanants convicted, ...	—	—	—	3	—	—
Summary Convictions, ...	—	—	—	2	—	—
Twice imprisoned, ...	—	—	—	3	—	—

Total number of all classes in goal on the day of inspection and on the corresponding day for the three preceding years:—

1856, 262 | 1857, 251 | 1858, 237 | 1859, 181

Committals, Re-committals, and Averages.

From 1st January to 31st December, 1858.		From 1st Jan. to day of Inspection, 1859.	
	F.		F.
Committals—Lunatics, ...	59	Committals—Lunatics, ...	53
Criminals, ...	2,559	Criminals, ...	2,642
Vagrants, ...	248	Vagrants, ...	285
Drunkards, ...	1,384	Drunkards, ...	1,384
Total, ...	4,250	Total, ...	4,344

* Exclusive of 7 prisoners transmitted from Kilmainham Gaol, in custody on the day of inspection, viz., 4 for felony, 1 for larceny, and 2 for misdemeanors.

Committals, Re-committals, and Averages—continued.

DUBLIN
DURHAM.

From 1st January to 31st December, 1858.		From 1st January to day of Inspection, 1859.	
	F.		F.
Re-committals—Once, . . .	350	Re-committals—Once, . . .	373
Twice, . . .	165	Twice, . . .	147
Thrice, . . .	81	Thrice, . . .	95
Four times and more, . . .	102	Four times and more, . . .	179
Total, . . .	698	Total, . . .	794
Average daily number, . . .	240	Average daily number, . . .	226
Highest at any one time, . . .	276	Highest at any one time, . . .	291
Lowest ditto, . . .	197	Lowest ditto, . . .	174
Average daily number in Hosp., . . .	15	Average daily number in Hosp., . . .	15
Number sentenced during the year 1859 to solitary confinement, . . .			6

Richmond?
Female Pe-
nitentiary,
Grangegor-
man.

A comparison of the aggregate in custody on the day, which I have selected for the record of my inspection, with the totals on the corresponding days of the three preceding years would lead to the erroneous conclusion that there has been considerable reduction in the year 1859 as contrasted with 1858, whereas, on examining the committals and re-committals, among which were twenty-seven of persons, who had previously received sentences of transportation or penal servitude, we find, that no improvement has taken place; some of the items indeed, evidencing an excess. There is, however, a slight diminution in the daily average, which shows that, though the number of offenders was greater, their sentences—if we are to consider these latter as the measure of a lesser amount of criminality—represent shorter periods of imprisonment *here*; but it is observed on the other hand, that there is an advance in the number of those sentenced to penal servitude, the figures being respectively, 25 for 1858 and 45 for 1859. Among the juveniles, the effect of the establishment of reformatories is already apparent; the supply of the class, which hitherto was constantly recurrent, having been withdrawn. In the course of the year 1859, no less than 33, of whom 2 were Protestants, and the remainder Roman Catholics, were directed by the prescribed authorities to be detained for different periods (after the expiration of their gaol sentences), in the subjoined institutions:—

Number sent to High Park, Drumcondra, . . .	17
Do. Golden Bridge, Kilmashnam, . . .	5
Do. Monaghan (Spark's Lake), . . .	5
Do. Limerick (Good Shepherd), . . .	2
Do. Cork-street Protestant Reformatory, . . .	3
Remaining, . . .	1
Total, . . .	33

Age of these 33 children—1, 9 years; 2, 10 years; 3, 11 years; 1, 12 years; 8, 13 years; 4, 14 years; 8, 15 years; 6, 16 years.

I regret to state that the presence of lunatics continues unabated, and must remain so until a change in legislation (of which there appears to be no immediate prospect), or adequate provision for dealing with them in asylums specially adapted to curative treatment, shall relieve the prisons of these injurious and deeply injured inmates, whose presence is alike subversive of discipline (especially of the "separate system"), and of the chances of recovery, which might be expected from the application of proper appliances. I am bound, however, to report that great vigilance and humanity are displayed here in attending this class of prisoners (for prisoners they unhappily must be considered, though morally irresponsible), who are always troublesome and generally disgusting and dangerous, as appears in the subjoined extract from the Surgeon's Report:—

"Injuries and accidents are of frequent occurrence, and occasionally of a serious nature. A very severe instance of this kind occurred in March, 1859. Mary Broton, who had been committed to the prison as a lunatic, unfortunately became engaged in a struggle with a fellow prisoner, and being thrown with great violence, suffered a dislocation of the right thigh, at the hip joint. This poor woman eventually recovered from this severe injury."

DUBLIN
DISTRICT.

Accommodation.

Quarters hitherto occupied by the City prisoners:—

Richmond Female Pen- itentiary, Grangar- more.		M.	F.		N.	F.
Wards,	.	.	15	Workshops,	.	1
Yards,	.	.	15	Kitchens,	.	1
Day Rooms,	.	.	15	Store Rooms,	.	3
Solitary Cells,	.	.	2	Laundries,	.	2
Single Cells, not less than 9 feet				Drying Rooms,	.	2
long, 6 feet wide, and 8 feet				Lavatories,	.	1
high—432 cubic feet,	.	164		Baths,	.	4
Single Cells of larger size,	.	3		Privies,	.	15
Cells to contain three persons;	.	3		Water-closets,	.	8
Sleeping Rooms,	.	4		Fumigating Rooms,	.	1
Hospital Rooms,	.	5		Reception Rooms,	.	1
Chapels,	.	2		Pumps and Wells,	.	2
School Rooms,	.	1		Machines for Labour,	.	5

Quarters lately occupied by Government prisoners:—

- 82 Cells.
- 6 Day Rooms.
- 6 Closets, for use of the Class Matrons.
- 1 Bath Room, in which there are three very good baths.
- 1 Kitchen, with boilers and pumps.
- 2 Store Rooms.
- 6 Yards, in five of which there are shadded lavatories for personal ablution.
- 6 Privies, with flushing tanks.
- 1 Laundry, with sixteen washing troughs, a furnace, a pump, four drying horses, and machinery.
- 2 Solitary Cells.

Throughout the corridors in this department of the prison gas lights are in course of erection.

Stock at the time of Inspection.

Pairs Blankets,	390	Bed-ticks,	407	Jackets,	731
Pairs Sheets,	361	Cups,	879	Postcoats,	795
Rugs,	408	Suits,	647	Pairs Shoes,	321

I found the gaol, except certain portions of the quarter hitherto tenanted by the Government prisoners, in good repair, clean, airy, well ventilated, and sufficiently stocked with bedding, blankets, sheets, and clothing. Some of the cells, however, allocated to nurses with their children were rather offensive, but it is almost impossible to maintain cleanliness in this class of occupants. The heating apparatus was reported to me as having worked efficiently during the very severe weather which prevailed at the close of the past year. The sewerage and supply of water are also adequate, and a large tank capable of containing 16,000 gallons, and available in case of fire, has lately been constructed.

Since the last inspection a sum of £400 has been presented for the construction of the above work; for repairs of the boundary wall; and for extending gas (which hitherto has been used only in the laundry, kitchen, reception-ward, and hospital) to every part of the prison, with a provision for lighting the cells hereafter, a very desirable improvement.

During the same period the Directors of Convict Prisons, having surrendered the quarter held by them, the Board claimed the sum of £200, estimated to be the amount required for making good certain damages, and memorialized the Treasury that these moneys should be handed over to them, on the condition of their adapting the gaol to the separate system. The claim and the prayer were both acceded to; and I am happy to state, that the present Board feel themselves bound to carry out the intention of their predecessors, and to apply this subsidy and the profits of prisoners' labour to the establishment of this invaluable system of discipline, which affords the sole means of dealing effectively with females.

The accommodation is shown in the preceding Schedule to be ample, and the proposed advantages can be obtained at an expense inconsiderable, when weighed against the certain results; while it is to be borne in mind that the great diminution of prisoners as compared with former years, and the repayment on the part of the Treasury of the cost of maintaining a very large portion of them, place

the rate-payers in an highly favourable position for contributing towards this vital improvement.

In addition to the preparation of the cells, 121 of which are already fitted, the chief requirements are the substitution of cots for the iron bedsteads, and the division by stalls of the lavatories, the laundry, drying and ironing-room, and the school-room, so as to maintain separation in its integrity, and to obviate the palpable evils arising from the association of large masses, which has hitherto prevailed, especially in the washing department, despite an otherwise careful system of classification, which is as follows:—

1. Tried misdemeanants, in two divisions.
2. Nurses and vagrants.
3. Felons recommitted, in three divisions.
4. Felons on first committals.
5. Lunatics, in three divisions.
6. Untried prisoners, in two divisions, according to first and second committals.
7. The reformatory class, containing juveniles, who are sentenced to a short preliminary imprisonment before removal to reformatory schools, and who are kept in strict separation, most properly, during this period; a water-closet and lavatory for their use having been provided.

All sleep in single cells, and take their meals there, except those engaged in the laundry and kitchen, and the attendants on the lunatics.

The matron or her chief assistant attends the lock-up, and two matrons have been appointed to patrol, as soon as the gas-fittings shall be completed. A night watchman, whose vigilance and regularity are ascertained by a tell-tale clock, is on duty until morning.

The punishments, which are duly recorded in a book submitted to the Board at each meeting, and initiated by the Chairman, as an evidence of cognizance, amounted to 146 from the 1st of January to the day of inspection, and were all inflicted by the sole authority of the Governor, except in a few cases, in which magisterial intervention was found necessary.

Punishments for Prison Offences.

<i>From 1st January to 31st December, 1858.</i>			<i>From 1st Jan. to day of Inspection, 1859.</i>		
	<i>£.</i>			<i>£.</i>	
Dark Cells, ...	16		Dark Cells, ...	15	
Other Punishments, ...	133		Other Punishments, ...	133	
Total, ...	169		Total, ...	164	

Employment on day of Inspection.

<i>PUNITIVE LABOUR.</i>			<i>INDUSTRIAL LABOUR.</i>		
	<i>£.</i>			<i>£.</i>	
Laundry, ...	42		Sewing, ...	15	
Cleaning, ...	10		Cooking, ...	6	
			Nursing, ...	10	
Total, ...	52		Total, ...	31	

The above Schedule shows that a considerable proportion is engaged in washing, which indeed constitutes the chief employment and source of remuneration. A contract with the garrison has been renewed for a term of three years, for this purpose, and for mending such articles as require repair.

Total of net profit produced by articles disposed of outside the gaol, and return of the same for the three preceding years:—

1856, . . £156 13s. 1d. | 1857, . . £113 10s. 10d. | 1858, . . £137 13s. 1½d.

Schools.

School-hours.—From 10 a.m. to 3 p.m. in winter; and from 10 a.m. to 5 p.m. in summer.

Number of individual prisoners attending School during the year, ... 551
Average number attending daily, ... 20

DUBLIN
DISTRICT.

Richmond
Female Pen-
itentiary,
Grangegorse.

There were no prisoners at my inspection who had been confined for a sufficiently long period to enable me to test the efficiency of the teacher. The school is placed under the supervision of the National Board, and the reports of the Inspector are tolerably satisfactory. The form of registry suggested by my colleague and myself is observed, and is noted from time to time with observations by the Protestant Chaplain. As soon as "separation" is applied here the pupils will doubtless be no longer assembled in their criminal classification, but taught according to their educational proficiency.

Dietary and Contracts.

Breakfast.—7 oz. oatmeal made into stirabout, with $\frac{1}{2}$ pint new milk. Dinner.—12 oz. wholemeal bread, and $\frac{1}{2}$ pint milk; 1 pint gruel in lieu of milk given to each prisoner committed for one month and under.

Contracts.—Bread, per lb., 1½d.; oatmeal, per cwt., 13s. 6d.; meat, per lb., 4½d.; new milk, per gallon, 5½d.; buttermilk, per gallon, 2d.; salt, per cwt., 2s.; coals, per ton, 14s.; straw, per cwt., 2s. 6d.; candles, per doz. lbs., 5s. 9d.; soap, per cwt., 25s.

Some complaints were preferred by the prisoners of the stirabout, as being rather thin, which was attributed to the newness of the meal. The Chaplains regularly examine the provisions, and enter their observations in the form recommended by the Inspectors-General. Some exceptions were taken to the bread supplied by the late contractor, but the present one appears to give satisfaction. I found, upon tasting them, the bread to be good, the gruel excellent, and the milk of fair quality, the season of the year being taken into consideration.

Net cost of dietary per day for each prisoner on the day of inspection, and on the corresponding day in the three preceding years:—

1856, . 3d. | 1857, . 2½d. | 1858, . 2½d. | 1859, . 2½d.

Books and Accounts.

The Chaplains, the Medical Officers, the Governor, and Matron are provided with journals, which are duly submitted to the Board, and all the forms recommended by the Inspectors-General are observed, except the "Record of Visitors admitted to Prisoners," and the "Time Table showing how the Prisoners are Employed from the opening of the Prison until the Lock-up."

The other books, embracing all matters of discipline, expenditure, and criminal statistics, are carefully kept, with the important exception of registration, of the neglect of which a flagrant instance fell under the cognizance of my colleague and myself. Two juveniles having been convicted before the Recorder, the latter inquired of the Governor what religion they professed, with the view of ascertaining the proper reformatory to which they should be consigned, and was informed by him that they were Roman Catholics, a statement which was immediately contradicted by the Matron in charge, who affirmed them to be Protestants, and showed that they had attended the Protestant worship during the fortnight which intervened between their committal and trial. It appeared on investigation that it was very doubtful whether the girls had been asked to what persuasion they belonged on their committal, but they were found to be entered in the registry as Roman Catholics, though upon being placed in their class they at once declared themselves to be Protestants, and were permitted accordingly to attend the service of the Established Church. The entire absence of due examination and of previous communication between the Governor and the subordinate officials, having thus produced an unseemly altercation in open Court, and having nearly misled the presiding Judge into an act of unintentional injustice; the Board at our instance immediately took measures to prevent the possibility of the recurrence of such a scandal, and to insure the ascertainment of the creed of every prisoner.

In this particular instance there does not appear to exist any ground for suspecting a desire to tamper with, or wilfully misrepresent the religious belief of the juveniles in question, but the utmost care must be taken to avoid even the colour of sectarian interference in a place of confinement, the inmates not being free agents; and the Board have accordingly passed a resolution, which is recited in my Report upon Richmond Bridewell, to the effect, that the proof

of any such interference on the part of an officer, will be justly visited with the highest penalty, viz., instant dismissal.

Total net cost of gaol, including dietary and salaries, for the three preceding years:—

1856, £5,308 12s. 1½d. | 1857, £5,143 3s. 2½d. | 1858, £4,832 11s. 8½d.

Officers and Salaries.

Local Inspector, . . .	£150 0 0	Kitchen Matron, . . .	£40 0 0
Physician, . . .	100 0 0	Laundry do., . . .	40 0 0
Surgeon, . . .	150 0 0	Four 1st class do., each, . . .	40 0 0
Protestant Chaplain, . . .	30 0 0	Eleven 2nd class do., each, . . .	30 0 0
Presbyterian do., . . .	33 6 8	Clerk, . . .	90 0 0
Roman Catholic do., . . .	100 0 0	Assistant do. and Store-keeper, . . .	60 0 0
Governor, . . .	200 0 0	Court Registrar, . . .	100 0 0
Head Matron, . . .	300 0 0	Hall Porter, . . .	40 0 0
Deputy do., . . .	80 0 0	Four Guardsmen, each, . . .	40 0 0
Store do., . . .	70 0 0	Two Servants, each, . . .	12 0 0
School do., . . .	40 0 0		
Hospital do., . . .	40 0 0		

Since the last inspection the Court Registrar and one class-matron have been superannuated, but no successors have been appointed—one of the *guardsmen* has in the interim acted as Court Registrar, to the important duties of which, demanding as they do much higher qualifications than he possesses, he appears to be, as detailed above, quite unequal. It is further to be remarked, that the preparation of the accounts to be submitted to the Treasury for the reimbursement of the local authorities for the maintenance, &c., of the prisoners, specified in the schedule supplied by the Inspectors-General for this object, will impose great additional labour and require constant attention.

Two matrons have been appointed to perform night duty, and one night watchman.

All the intern officers are paid monthly, and are supplied with the gaol allowance.

Officers' Visits.

	From 1st Jan. to 31st Dec. in the Year 1858.	From 1st Jan. to 31st Dec. in the Year 1859.
Local Inspector, . . .	158	151
Surgeon, &c., . . .	163	150
Protestant Chaplain, . . .	204	168
Presbyterian or Dissenting Chaplain, . . .	160	131
Roman Catholic Chaplain, . . .	251	291
Physician, . . .	225	237

Hospitals.

The quarters assigned to the sick are spacious and airy, and furnished with baths and water-closets. Those of the inmates who are epileptic and feeble, are also placed here. The general health of the prisoners was, and had been satisfactory.

	1856.	1857.	1858.	1859.
Number in hospital, { Interns, . . .	365	387	316	373
{ Externs, . . .	2,369	1,927	2,191	2,325
Deaths, . . .	7	8	2	14
Cost of medicine, . . .	£100	£109	£100	£100

The Board of Superintendence nominated by the Council exercises jurisdiction over this prison as well as over Richmond Bridewell.

J. CORMY CONNELLAN, *Inspector-General.*

DUBLIN
DISTRICT.

Richmond
Female Pen-
itentiary,
Grangegreen.

DUBLIN
DISTRICT.Four
Courts
Marshalsea

FOUR COURTS MARSHALSEA.—VISITED 30TH NOVEMBER, 1859.

	Males.	Females.	Total.
Prisoners in custody on 31st December, 1858, ...	30	3	39
Committals from 1st January, 1859, to 8th November, 1859, ...	208	12	220
	244	15	259
Discharged from 1st January, 1859, to 8th November, 1859, ...	205	10	215
Prisoners in custody on 8th November, 1859, ...	39	5	44
Greatest number in custody from 1st Jan., 1859, to 8th Nov., 1859, ...	47	2	49
Lowest number in custody for like period, ...	34	3	37
Greatest number of females in custody for like period, ...	—	6	—
Lowest number of females in custody for like period, ...	—	2	—
Average number in custody from 1st Jan., 1859, to 8th Nov., 1859, ...	41	3	44
Average of pauper prisoners for like period, ...	23	2	25
Pauper prisoners in custody on 31st December, 1858, ...	23	2	25
Pauper prisoners in custody on 8th November, 1859, ...	19	4	23
Greatest number of pauper prisoners in custody from 1st January, 1859, to 8th November, 1859, ...	27	3	30
Lowest number of pauper prisoners in custody for like period, ...	18	1	19
Total pauper prisoners committed from 1st January, 1859, to 8th November, 1859, ...	63	5	68

NOTE.—Fourteen of those in custody on 1st January, 1859, still remain.

Classification of Prisoners in Custody on day of Inspection, 30th November, 1859.

Class.	Male.	Fem.	Total.	Male.	Fem.	Total.
1.—In furnished rent rooms, paying rent, ...	14	—	14			
In unfurnished rent rooms, paying rent, ...	1	—	1			
In furnished free rooms, under remand and contempt, ...	1	—	1			
In unfurnished free rooms, under rules of 1831, ...	1	—	1			
			17	—	—	17
2.—In furnished common halls, ...	8	—	8			
In unfurnished common halls, ...	2	—	2			
			10	—	—	10
3.—In pauper-building, ...	10	3	13			
In hospital (paupers), ...	9	—	9			
			19	3	—	22
Total in custody, ...			46	3	—	49

Prisoners committed to the Punishment Cells from 1st January.

Date.	Name.	Class.	Offence.	Weeks.
Mar. 7,	Joshua Mackillo,	Pauper,	Being drunk and outrageous in his room,	Room.
" 8,	Same, ...	"	Maliciously destroying the close stool in his cell, ...	10½
" 11,	Richard White, ...	"	Assaulting another prisoner, ...	7
May 25,	Adam J. Ledwich,	Commonhall,	Committing a wanton and outrageous assault upon another prisoner, ...	24
Aug. 5,	Richard White, ...	Pauper,	Disorderly conduct, and telling the storekeeper he would kick him and the Local Inspector, ...	8
Sept. 28,	William O'Ryan,	Rent room,	Assaulting another prisoner, ...	9

Resident Officers and Salaries.

	£	s.	d.	DUBLIN DISTRICT.
Edward Houston, Marshal,	742	8	8	Four Courts Marshals
Richard John Pilkington, Deputy Marshal,	150	0	0	
James Houston, Chief Hatchman in charge of P. building, and store-keeper,	100	0	0	
Eliza McGinty, Matron,	31	0	0	
John Skelton, Hatchman,	52	0	0	
John Armstrong, do.,	52	0	0	
William Davis, do.,	52	0	0	
John McElveny, Night Watchman,	35	0	0	
Martin Quirk, Messenger,	35	0	0	

Non-resident Officers and Salaries.

John Francis Teeling, Local Inspector,	100	0	0
Charles Benson, Physician,	114	18	0
David Lyon, Apothecary,	30	0	0
Rev. James Daniel, Roman Catholic Chaplain,	60	0	0
Rev. J. H. Le Fanu, Protestant Chaplain,	55	7	8
Rev. W. B. Kirkpatrick, Presbyterian Chaplain,	36	18	5

Non-resident Officers' Visits from 1st January, 1859, to 8th November, 1859.

Local Inspector,	108	Protestant Chaplain,	85
Surgeon and Physician,	134	Presbyterian do.,	70
R. C. Chaplain,	99		

In the upper yard there are thirty-seven rooms, three of which are occupied by the chief hatchman, who resides in the prison; and one, which is furnished by the Government, by the hatchman on duty and the messenger. The guard-room facing the entrance to the prison is used by the watchman at night, and one of the lower rooms has been appropriated to the prison servants, in which there has been a kitchen range with a boiler lately fitted up; two (or a double room), are held by a prisoner under the old rule, who pays no rent; one by a prisoner under Chancery attachment for contempt, who pays no rent; and eleven by prisoners paying Government rent of 2s. 6d. weekly, leaving seventeen rooms available for first-class debtors, of which six are small inner rooms, accessible only through the outer rooms.

Eleven of the prisoners in this yard are provided with the furniture and attendance supplied by the Government, for which they pay 5s. 6d. per week each, and two only use their own furniture, which they had procured previously to the Government furniture being supplied in September, 1858. There are at present fifteen rooms furnished in this yard, and there is a sufficiency of furniture in store for eleven more rooms, whenever it may be necessary to issue it.

Lower Yard.—There are four common hall rooms, two of which are furnished by the Government, and contain four beds each; in these rooms there are six male prisoners, who pay 4s. each, per week, for furniture and attendance; one room is occupied by two male prisoners, who have their own furniture, and one is used as a visiting room for females to pauper debtors. There is furniture in store for two more rooms, of four beds each, for this class, which can be taken into use when required.

The pauper building consists of six rooms, one of which is a store-room for this class; one is at present used as a carpenter's shop; the remainder are furnished to accommodate six men each, and are partly occupied.

Letter E, the Hospital Department, consists of six rooms, of which two are occupied by hospital patients, and two by the matron and her family, and the other is a store-room for the spare furniture, bedding, &c., of the upper yard.

Letter F, the Female Ward, consists of six small rooms, one of which is fitted up and used as a dispensary, having a door leading to the hospital; two are occupied by four female pauper prisoners; one by an hospital patient; the other two are vacant, and can be appropriated as female common halls, or used for female pauper prisoners when required.

The church is in this yard, between letters E and F, and the Roman Catholic chapel is adjacent to the pauper building in the same yard.

DUBLIN
DISTRICT.
Four
Courts
Mairies

Government Allowances to Pauper Prisoners and Resident Officers.

Each pauper prisoner receives 2 lbs. of first quality bread, and $1\frac{1}{2}$ pint of sweet milk daily, and 3 oz. of soap and 1 candle (four to the pound) weekly. Their bedding consists of three single blankets, a rug, two linen sheets, and a bed-tick and bolster, filled with straw once a month. The allowance of coal during the winter half-year is $2\frac{1}{2}$ cwt. weekly to each room where pauper debtors lodge, and $1\frac{1}{2}$ cwt. during the summer half-year, from 1st May to 1st November—this supply is sometimes increased in the month of October when specially ordered.

The marshal receives 3 tons of coals yearly for his office; the deputy marshal 10 tons; the chief hatchman in charge of the pauper department, the matron, the watchman for the guard-room, receive each 5 tons yearly. Five tons are also allowed for the hatchman's sleeping room.

There is a further allowance of $1\frac{1}{2}$ lb. of candles weekly during the winter half-year, and $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. in the summer half-year to resident hatchmen.

Report of the Medical Officer.

During the past year the health of the prison was very good; but there was, as usual, a considerable number of persons who came in with chronic diseases, and some with broken constitutions, and advanced in years.

The hospital, which contains eight beds, was occupied almost constantly with such invalids who required both medical care and some extra allowances of meat, porter, milk, rice, &c.

Very few cases of acute disease occurred, and not one of infectious disease throughout the year.

There was only one death in the year, that of a man about eighty years of age, who had been some years in the hospital, labouring under double hernia and disease of the prostate gland: his name, Brown.

CHARLES BENSON, M.D., F.R.C.S.I.,
Physician and Surgeon to the Prison.

The prison has undergone considerable repairs and improvements since the last inspection. All the rooms in the upper yard have been painted and white-washed, and in many cases where the walls were damaged they have been scraped and newly plastered.

The windows in this yard generally required repairs, which has been effectually executed; new slips and weights having been attached to many of them. Room No. 2, in letter C, has been allocated to the prison servants as a kitchen, where a large grate and boiler have been set, so that the servants can obtain a constant supply of hot water, and are enabled to wash all the delft, glass, &c., used by the prisoners occupying the furnished rooms, an arrangement which is very conducive to the cleanliness of the latter.

The pump in this yard has been thoroughly renewed from the foundation, and is now in excellent working order. This yard has been recently paved and gravelled, which adds very much to the neat and cleanly appearance of this portion of the prison.

The bath-house has also been repaired during the year, and a new metal cistern has been erected, so that any prisoner requiring either a hot or cold bath can be accommodated in a few minutes.

The sewers in the upper yard, as well as in the several other yards of the prison, have been all newly trapped and cleaned; a very necessary measure, as previously they emitted occasionally an offensive and unwholesome effluvia, which is now checked.

The buildings in the lower yard, which comprises the common halls, pauper department, and hospital, have also undergone general repairs and painting; the staircase of the pauper building has been coloured in oil, which is a useful improvement, as heretofore, when the walls were whitewashed, it was very difficult to keep them clean, subject as they are to be damped and splashed during the process of washing. The windows in the several buildings in this yard have also been repaired, and a new or additional window inserted in the rear wall of the hospital, which adds very much to the ventilation and pure air, the want of which had been much felt. All the windows in the prison are now cleaned every two months.

The surgery, or dispensary attached to the hospital, is at present in process of alteration and improvement, and some new furniture, comprising a compounding table and other requisites, have been supplied.

Several of the bedsteads in the hospital, and other portions of the building, require to be replaced; but the Local Inspector has applied (in his annual estimate of supplies) for a sufficient number.

The privies in the female yard were in a very defective state; but this evil has been obviated by the erection of two excellent water-closets, with a never-failing flow of water; a new main-water pipe having been laid in the lower yard, as the one heretofore in use did not afford a sufficient supply. The paving of this yard is at present in progress.

I found on my inspection of this prison a very striking change for the better, both in its material and moral condition. The works already completed, or in progress as detailed above, have contributed largely to the decent appearance of the building, and to the substantial comfort of the inmates. The supply of bedding and other prison requisites was sufficient, and the only important defect appeared to be the disrepair of the racket-court, for the re-adjustment of which, as an useful and almost indispensable means of healthful exercise, measures will be taken in a more fitting season.

It is proper to remark that the greater part of the repairs and improvements referred to are of a permanent, and not of a recurrent character, and that consequently a large reduction in the annual expenditure may be calculated upon for a considerable period. On the other hand, I am happy to state that a much more rigid observance than formerly of the rules is now maintained. The greatest diligence, however, is demanded to effect this result, as there are always some individuals confined in the prison, who too gladly avail themselves of any opportunity to subvert order and regularity. The chief evil, and the most fertile source of trouble and annoyance, has been nearly overcome, namely, drunkenness; as, on reference to the list of punishments, it will be seen there has been only one case of this offence since the first of January, a period of eleven months.

The introduction of the Government furniture and attendance has been very instrumental in establishing this great amelioration, which has taken place in the conduct and discipline of the prisoners, during the last year. Under the old system, when the prisoners were compelled to provide furniture for themselves from brokers (at a most usurious rate), it was almost impossible to enforce the rules, as the Marshals were constantly infested with filthy and disorderly women as attendants on the prisoners; and notwithstanding the efforts that were made to exclude drink, still a considerable quantity was from time to time surreptitiously conveyed by these women, who were irresponsible parties, not being under the control of the prison authorities. This system is, however, now at an end, and the prisoners are supplied with respectable servants, and with good and clean furniture, at little more than half the cost to which they were formerly liable.

These changes have necessarily increased the duties of the Local Inspector, and of the Deputy Marshal largely; the accounts to be kept by the Local Inspector, who transacts all the financial business of the prison have been very greatly multiplied, he also, in addition to his former duties, superintends and inspects the various articles of furniture, linen, bedding, &c., and from time to time checks and marks off every item, thus keeping up a proper supply, as occasion may require. On him also rests the duty of selecting the prison servants; a duty which requires great caution, in order that none but women of the best character may be admitted; he has also to see that they perform their duties in a regular and proper manner, and with due respect and attention towards the prisoners whom they are appointed to attend; in fact on him devolves the entire responsibility of the superintendence of the furniture and servants.

The duties of the Deputy Marshal, as already stated, have also been much augmented, as over and above his former requirements he superintends the collection of the payments from the prisoners for furniture and attendance, and keeps detailed accounts of the same for the Local Inspector. He has also to see that each prisoner on his committal is supplied with the necessary furniture, &c., and to recover them on his discharge, and to take care that no articles are lost or broken, without being replaced or paid for. These duties require close attention and care, as any irregularity would cause great confusion and loss.

I have previously stated that, for the reasons assigned, a lesser annual outlay

DUBLIN
DISTRICT.

Four
Courts
Marshals

DUBLIN DISTRICT. will be necessary; and I would further add that a much larger remunerative return, in proportion to the numbers confined, may be equally expected in consequence of the zeal, attention, and prudence with which the Local Inspector and the Deputy Marshal discharge the onerous functions imposed upon them in maintaining the recently introduced system, which has now taken root, and is already bearing the fruits recorded above.

Four
Courts
Marshals

The increase of labour, and the justice of rewarding it, have been already recognised in the case of one of their subordinates, viz., the store-keeper, whose salary has been advanced; and I would, therefore, submit that the merits of these two superior officers strongly entitle them to the favourable consideration of the Executive and the Treasury.

J. CORY CONNELLAN, *Inspector-General*.